MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XI-NEW SERIES. MILWAUKEE, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 25, 1855. WHOLE NUMBER 5008.

Milwaukee Daily Sentinel.

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,) BY

RUFUS KING & CO.,

AT THE OFFICE,
Nos. 205 & 207 EAST WATER STREET,
CORNER OF WISCONSIN STREET,
IN THE SECOND, THIRD, AND FOURTH STORIES OF LUDINGTON'S NEW BRICK BLOCK.

TERMS: FROM AND AFTER JULY 1, 1854.

THE DAILY SENTINEL will be left at the door of City Subscribers at Six Dollars a year, payable Quarterly invariably in advance.

The WEEKLY SENTINEL.—Three Dollars and Fifty Cents a year, invariably in advance, and the paper discontinued when the period for which it is paid, expires.

WEEKLY PAPER—One Dollar a year, invariably in advance, and the paper discontinued when the period for which it is paid expires.

Rates of Advertising from and after June 1st.

1 square,	per year,	$1[illegible] 00	1 square,	2 weeks,	$3 00
1 "	6 months,	1[illegible] 00	1 "	1 "	2 00
1 "	3 "	12 00	1 "	5 times,	1 75
1 "	2 "	10 00	1 "	4 "	1 50
1 "	1 "	8 00	1 "	3 days,	1 25
1 "	6 weeks,	6 00	1 "	2 "	1 00
1 "	4 "	5 00	1 "	1 "	0 75
1 "	3 weeks,	4 00			

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One Square, changeable quarterly if desired $16. Two Squares, ... each additional Square $10.

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Marriages and Deaths, 25 cents each.

All advertisements for public institutions, Fire Companies, Wards and other Public Meetings, will be charged half the regular rates.

☞ All Transient Advertisements to be paid for in advance.

The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to their own regular business and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons as well as all Legal Advertisements and advertisements of Auction sales sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates.

Advertisements not accompanied by written directions, will be inserted until forbid and charged accordingly.

Publishers not accountable for Legal Advertisements beyond the amount charged for their publication.

RUFUS KING & CO,
S M BOOTH,
WM E CRAMER,

Milwaukee May 1 1854

BUSINESS CARDS.

J. FOOTE, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office in Juneau Block, over Albert Smith's Justice Office. dec20 tf

JOHN McCULLOUGH, NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER, At the Office of the Milwaukee Gas Co, corner of East Water and Wisconsin Streets. oct24 dtf

DRUGS. W. L. HOPKINS & CO., 88 East Water Street, Milwaukee, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Glass Ware, Perfumery. Also, Patent Medicines and every variety of Goods pertaining to the drug business. All orders from the Country promptly attended to and Goods carefully packed.
W L Hopkins J F Hopkins A Bryant

DIGHTON CORSON, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery, Juneau Block, East Water St, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. jy19 d3m

STEWART & BLOODGOOD, Attorneys at Law—No 171 East Water Street, Arcade Buildings. jly11
[illegible] STEWART FRANCIS BLOODGOOD

RANDALL & BUTTRICK. Attorneys at Law, [illegible] Block, East Water St, Milwaukee.
[illegible] RANDALL E L BUTTRICK my4d6mo

WISCONSIN LAND AGENCY. [illegible] Established in 1836. The subscriber attends to the Purchase and Sale of Real Estate, Payment of Taxes, Negotiation of Loans, &c, &c. Taxes paid in all parts of the State. Land Warrants Bought and Sold. County, Town, and City Orders Bought and Sold. Immigrants may find it for their interest to examine some choice tracts of unimproved lands, located expressly for farming purposes. These lands (about 60,000 acres) are situated mostly in the Counties of Fond du Lac, Calumet, Manitowoc and Sheboygan and may be had at low prices. Satisfactory terms of payment will be granted to persons becoming immediate settlers. ☞ Office in Otten's Brick Block, Eighth Street. ap25 1yr GEO C COLE

A. W. PAINE. ATTORNEY AT LAW, - - Fond du Lac, Wis. Has an abstract of all the recorded land titles in the county and the original entries at the land office, showing the original purchaser, and the present owner of any description of lands or lots in the county. Attends to the investigation of titles. apl7dly

AUSTIN & LEWIS, Attorneys and Counsellors. Mr Lewis having purchased the interest of J. Davis Dunn in the Abstract formerly owned by Austin & Dunn the new Firm will furnish Abstracts of Title of all Lands and Lots in this City and County.
[illegible] ALLISON LEWIS
February 21, 54. febd

COLLINS, SMITH & KEYES, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Madison Wisconsin.
A. L. COLLINS, GEO B SMITH, E W KEYES aug6

MARTIN L. KIMBALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Berlin, Marquette County Wisconsin. my31 1yr

MAY, NEWHALL & SPANGENBERG, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law and Solicitors in Chancery. Office in Kneeland's Block, No. 217 East Water Street, Milwaukee Wisconsin.
A. C. MAY, [illegible] NEWHALL, EMILIUS SPANGENBERG mar16—yr

P. YATES, Attorney, Counsellor and Solicitor, has resumed in earnest and will continue permanently and exclusively the practice of his profession in all the various Courts in the State. Office [illegible] Cross, Esq., Wisconsin Street, Milwaukee. apr29-d1yr

WM HENRY WRIGHT, Attorney, Solicitor and Counsellor, 171½ East Water Street. jan15

WELLS & BRIGHAM. ATTORNEYS AT LAW. MILWAUKEE, . . . WISCONSIN. Office in Phoenix Building, over the O'Reilly Telegraph Office.
CHAS E WELLS JEROME R BRIGHAM v29

D. A. J. UPHAM, Attorney, Solicitor and Counsellor, Office in the Law Buildings, Wisconsin st, Milwaukee. apr18-1yr

EMMONS & VAN DYKE, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office [illegible] East Water street, corner of Wisconsin street— Martin's Block. aug7
[illegible] EMMONS JOHN H. VAN DYKE

McGREGOR & TENNEY, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law. Office removed to Farwell's Buildings, nearly opposite the Bank. [illegible]

BROWN & OGDEN, Attorneys and Counsellors at Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office up Wisconsin street, over the Post Office. April 26

J. M. [illegible]EAU, Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Commissioner of Deeds for Ohio, Kentucky and other Western States, (late of Cincinnati,) will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care. Office No 1 Wall Street, NEW YORK. apr30

WATKINS & STARK, Attorneys, Solicitors and Counsellors. Office, Wisconsin street corner of Main.
CHAS E WATKINS JOSHUA STARK jy14d&f

L. WYMAN, Attorney and Counsellor at Law—Office over Store [illegible] East Water street.

MARSHALL & ILSLEY, Bankers and Exchange Dealers, 134 U S Block, East Water street, Milwaukee.

[illegible] & [illegible], [illegible] Foundry, West Water street Milwaukee.

JOHN COLGATE, DEALER IN SHELF HARDWARE, [illegible] STEEL, NAILS, MECHANICS' TOOLS, &c, &c., NO 111, EAST WATER STREET, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. my14

THROOP & BAILEY, HAT, CAP AND FUR MANUFACTURERS, MUFFS, BUFFALO ROBES, OVERSHOES, Gloves, [illegible] Canes, Umbrellas, Silk Handkerchiefs and Cravats. ☞ Hats and Caps made to order on short notice. [illegible] ATTENDED TO. Cash paid for Furs and Skins. 178 East Water street. mr27 ly Milwaukee

John Plankinton & Co. SUCCESSORS TO H. S. BURTON, MANUFACTURERS OF SOAP AND CANDLES. FACTORY in the FOURTH WARD, near the M & M R R Depot. The highest price paid for Tallow and Soap Grease. Milwaukee, [illegible] 1854

SAMUEL J. HOLLEY, PRODUCE, COMMISSION AND Shipping Merchant, Consignments of Wheat, Corn, Rye, Oats and Barley for sale in this Market, or Shipment Further East, will receive prompt attention. OSWEGO, N Y. [illegible]

Cigars and Tobacco. H. STRAUSS, IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER, DEALER IN CIGARS AND TOBACCO. HAVING A LARGE STOCK, CONSISTING [illegible] by importation from Havana, is able to sell at cheaper rates than other establishments in this City. 216 East Water Street, Milwaukee. jeddlyr

BUSINESS CARDS.

P. L. MOSSIN, ENGRAVER IN METALS AND WOOD, No 8 Wisconsin st, corner of Water opposite Stage Office. Executes Official Seals, Notarial Seals, Seal Stamps for Societies, etc. Also Stencils and Brands, and every other work in his line. Milwaukee, Feb 21 1852

The Wisconsin Leather Co., HAVE REMOVED FROM THE OLD STAND OF ALLIS & ALLEN, TO THEIR NEW FOUR STORY BRICK STORE, NO. 80, EAST WATER STREET, SECOND BLOCK BELOW THE U S HOTEL. [illegible] Jan 1st 1853

JAMES W. CULBERT & CO., PLAIN AND FANCY PAPER BOX MAKERS, No 71 Lake Street, Third Story Chicago, Illinois. Orders from the Country promptly attended to.
JAMES W CULBERT [oct28 d3m] F WEIBLE

UPMANN & LORENZEN, Real Estate and Money Brokers, Office, Prentiss Block, Milwaukee. aug3d6mo

HAVEN POWERS, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE. Birchard's Block Cor Spring and West Water-Sts. Office hours—9 to 12 and 2 to 5 1-2. ☞ COURT DAYS—TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS. my6 1yr

CITY LEATHER STORE AND TANNERY. G. PFISTER & CO., No 149 EAST WATER STREET, In the Store formerly occupied by Allis & Allen. Have constantly on hand a superior article of SOLE, UPPER, HARNESS, BRIDLE AND COLLAR LEATHER, All of their own manufacture. Also a good assortment of Eastern Sole Leather, French and Philadelphia Calf Skins, And a variety of SHEEPSKINS & FINDINGS. ☞ The highest price, in Cash, paid for Hides, Calf and Sheep Skins, and Wool, at their Store, and at the CITY TANNERY, on the Menomonee River, Walker's Point. April 6

MAHLER & WENDT, GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN WINES, BRANDIES, LIQUORS, AND CIGARS, NO. 88, EAST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE, . . . WISCONSIN. AGENTS for the sale of Longworth's, Zimmermann's dry and sparkling Catawba Wines. M & W will also take orders for the importation of Wines, Liquors, etc., from all parts of Europe, to be delivered to the purchaser under Custom House Bond. A superior brand of RECTIFIED WHISKEY constantly on hand. EXCHANGE on Germany bought and sold. sep1

Groceries & Provisions. MORSE'S Cheap Cash Store, Corner West Water and Spring Sts, Milwaukee. DEALERS IN Flour, Pork, Fish, Salt, Sugars, TEAS, COFFEES, And Groceries and Provisions of all kinds. Cash paid for all kinds of Country Produce. je23 1yr

WISCONSIN TRUNK MANUFACTORY, 131 ... EAST WATER STREET, ... 131, MILWAUKEE, - - WISCONSIN, AND **PREMIUM TRUNK STORE,** 23 Clark Street, Chicago, HAVING RECEIVED THE SILVER MEDAL AT THE ILLINOIS STATE FAIR. W. & G. WRIGHT have a general assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Travelling Trunks, of all prices, constantly on hand, consisting of Sole Leather Trunks and Valises, Ladies Hat Boxes, Wood Frame Folios, Packing Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c, which will be sold as low as at any other establishment west of New York, at Wholesale and Retail. feb25d

EDWIN D. BAKER & CO., IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c. ALSO—Rectifiers of a SUPERIOR ARTICLE of WHISKEY. 79 EAST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN. WHISKEY by the single or hundred barrels constantly on hand.
EDWIN D BAKER, F HAY ISHAM dec1

BROWN'S DAGUERREIAN GALLERY. MARTIN'S BLOCK, 201 East Water St., MILWAUKEE. ESTABLISHED IN 1847. First class Pictures taken—Gold Lockets for sale. Operators furnished with stock of all kinds.

ENGRAVING

N. B. WILCOX, DESIGNER AND ENGRAVER. Portraits, Buildings, Views, Bill-Heads, Business Cards, Seals, Book Illustrations, Ornamental Designs, &c., ENGRAVED IN THE BEST STYLE. DRAWINGS TAKEN OF MACHINERY FOR PATENTS. Juneau Block, Third Floor, 214 East Water Street, Milwaukee Wisconsin. oct21 tf

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!! VICTOR SCHUETTE'S Grocery and Provision Store, MARKET SQUARE, Corner of Nunnemacher's Brick Block. MY FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY are hereby notified that I have just opened, at the Corner Store of Nunnemacher's Brick Block, on Market Square, in the First Ward, a GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE. My Goods are all New and Fresh, and having bought them, and always buying them cheap, for Cash, it is my intention to sell them at all times as Cheap, if not Cheaper than my Competitors and I hereby respectfully invite the public to call and convince themselves of this fact personally. ☞ COUNTRY PRODUCE of every kind always bought for Cash or in Trade, at the current Market Prices. jly17 VICTOR SCHUETTE

LAGER BEER HALL! Charles Best & Co. THE subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and the Public generally, that they have bought the store formerly occupied by John Hickey, two doors south of Mahler & Wendt, on East Water Street, and at the solicitation of many have resolved to open there on Tuesday April 25th, a LAGER BEER HALL. The room is peculiarly adapted to such a business and has been magnificently fitted. Our Lager Beer is well known as the best in the city. Patronage respectfully solicited. ap24 CHARLES BEST & CO

BILLECART SALMON'S VERZENAY CHAMPAIGN, MAREUIL, SUR AY. SOLE IMPORTER ... J MEYER, Jr, N Y, Agent: HENRY WILD, Milwaukee, Wis. A new supply of this favored Brand just received by Express. Orders to be left at the Beer Hall of CHARLES BEST & CO, Market Square. nov24tf

Wines, Liquors & Segars. THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the public to their Large and Extensive Stock of WINES, LIQUORS AND SEGARS, which, having been bought in large quantities from first hands, and prior to the rise, enables them to compete with any establishment in this city. The season for Festivities is at hand, and those wishing to purchase for such occasions, as well as for MEDICINAL PURPOSES, can be supplied by applying to EDWIN D. BAKER & CO., Importers and Wholesale Dealers, 79 East Water Street. dec16

Farm Wanted. A SIXTY OR EIGHTY ACRE FARM WANTED IN exchange for a House and Lot pleasantly located in the First Ward of this City. Apply to J. B. CRAMPTON, Real Estate Agt. dec30

TRANSPORTATION.

1854. 52 Miles Shortest Route to Niagara Falls. Only 18½ Hours to Buffalo and Niagara Falls FROM CHICAGO, AND 25½ Running Time from Milwaukee. Only One Change of Cars and Baggage Over the New Short Route, via, MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD, CANADA BROAD GUAGE RAILWAYS, STEAMERS ON LAKE ERIE, In connection with the New York Central, New York and Erie, Buffalo and New York City, and Elmira and Niagara Falls Railroads, to New York, Boston, & all Eastern Thoroughfares from Buffalo & Niagara Falls.

Four Daily Trains Leave Chicago. 1st Cincinnati Express, at 5 A. M., via New Albany and Salem Railroad, through in 15 hours. 2d Express, at 5.45 A. M., connecting at Detroit with the Canada Railways, arriving at Niagara Falls and Buffalo next morning in time for the early Train East. 3d Steamboat Express, at 12 30 M., connecting at Detroit with the North Shore Steamers, arriving in Buffalo next afternoon in time for the 5 P M Train, arriving in New York next morning. Connecting also with steamers for Cleveland and the different lines of Railroads from there next morning to Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, &c. 4th Express, at 7 15 P M., connecting with Canada Railways, arriving at Niagara Falls and Buffalo next afternoon, and New York next morning. Connecting also with steamers for Sandusky. Only one Train Sundays—7.15 P. M.

The New and Mammoth Low Pressure Steamers WESTERN WORLD, C C STANARD, Master, leaves Detroit Tuesdays and Fridays. PLYMOUTH ROCK, G E WILLOUGHBY, Master, leaves Detroit, Wednesdays and Saturdays. MAY FLOWER, T T [illegible], Master, leaves Detroit, Mondays and Thursdays. On the arrival of the Chicago Express, at 10 15 P M., going DIRECT THROUGH without Landing, via North Shore, arriving in Buffalo in time for the 5 P M Train, and New York next morning at 9 15. The two new steamers were built this season at an expense of over half a million of dollars, and have no equal in the world in every respect. Their capacity excels any steamers afloat, having 100 State Rooms, with Double Beds, and can accommodate 830 persons with Berths. Passengers purchasing through Tickets by Railroad all the way, can change them at Detroit and go by steamer, so also, those purchasing Tickets by steamer, can exchange and go by Railroad. Baggage checked through from Chicago to Albany and New York and no extra charge for handling, and no exchange of Checks, as by the Lake Shore Road via Erie and Harbor Creek. ☞ Tickets good for 90 Days, allowing Passengers to stop over on the Route.

Two Boats a Day from Milwaukee. Two of Capt Clement's splendid Low Pressure Steamers leave Milwaukee Daily, in connection with the above route, on the arrival of the Cars from Madison and Janesville.
Morning Boat leaves at . . . 9 00 A M
Evening Boat leaves at . . . 8 30 P M

☞ Be particular and purchase Through Tickets by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE, of the different Agents North and West. ☞ For Tickets apply on board Clement's Line of Steamers, or W W Willson at the Cars.
R. N RICE, Superintendent.
W F TIBBITS, Travelling Agent, Wis aug2

1854. 1854. NEW ROUTE TO THE EAST. THE Great Western Railway of Canada IS NOW OPEN FROM DETROIT TO NIAGARA FALLS! FORMING THE LAST LINK OF THE GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE! BETWEEN Chicago, New York and Boston, Being the Shortest, Quickest and Cheapest Route East! Only One Change of Cars Between Chicago and Niagara Falls.

DAY EXPRESS leaves Detroit, daily (Sundays excepted,) at 9.00 A M. Connecting at Niagara Falls with the New York Central Evening Express, arriving in New York next morning. ACCOMMODATION leaves Detroit daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 30 P M. EVENING EXPRESS leaves Detroit daily, at 5 30 P M. Connecting at Niagara Falls with the New York Central Morning Lightning Express, arriving in New York the same evening. Through from Detroit to Niagara Falls in 8½ hours. Through from Detroit to New York in 24 hours. ☞ Passengers leaving Detroit in the morning arrive at Buffalo the same evening. Through from Chicago to New York in 34 hours.

The Great Western Railway also connects at Niagara Falls with the Canandaigua and Niagara Falls branch of the New York & Erie R R and via Buffalo with the Buffalo and New York City Branch New York & Erie R R—a variety of connections East unequalled by any other route. Baggage Checked through to Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Albany, or New York. This route offers great inducements to travelers, by the great distance saved, over any other route. THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY passes through the most interesting and highly cultivated portion of Canada, affording a variety of scenery, of unsurpassed beauty and grandeur, including the two greatest wonders of the world—the Falls of Niagara, and the Railway Suspension over Niagara River. For through tickets, apply at the office of the Michigan Central Railroad, opposite the United States Hotel, next door to the American Express Co's Office, Huron Street, Milwaukee, or at their Offices at Janesville, Madison and along shore.
C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.
D. S. CRANDALL, General Western Agent.
M. L. VARNEY, Agent, Milwaukee.
January, 1854 feb2dtf

1854. 1854. WM. BROWN & CO., Produce Forwarding and Commission MERCHANTS, Erie St., Foot of Main St., Milwaukee. THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A Copartnership under the name and firm of WM BROWN & CO., in the Produce Forwarding and Commission Business. They have taken the Warehouse and Storage Shed, formerly occupied by Johnson & Co, being the largest and most convenient place on the Lake for Receiving, Storing and Delivering Merchandize. The Warehouse and Shed are below all the Bridges, and have 260 feet of Dock Room. Particular attention to Discharge of Cargoes, and Receiving and Delivery, or Forwarding of Merchandize, Furniture, &c, to city or country. Consignments respectfully solicited. Liberal advances made upon property for sale here or to be forwarded to the East. Consignments to the late firm of BROWN & LARKIN attended to according to their agreements. ☞ Flour, Coal and Water Lime, constantly on hand for Sale.
WM BROWN,
E C JOHNSON, Jr
ROLAND OLMSTED
Milwaukee, July 15, 1854. jly17tf

IN NEW QUARTERS! ON AND AFTER MONDAY, 20th November, I can be found in my New Brick Ware-House, Ready to do all kinds of PRODUCE BUSINESS. Will Buy or Store Grain, on good terms. The danger from Fire is but little, as I keep a faithful man to watch the house, who goes around it every hour during the night. I am now having made an engine to throw water all over the house in five minutes. Orders to buy or store Grain or Flour solicited. DANIEL NEWHALL. Milwaukee, Nov 17, 1854 nov18

1854. 1854. DICKINSON & CO., Produce & Commission Merchants, —AT— Burnham's New Brick Warehouse, WEST WATER STREET, FOURTH WARD, MILWAUKEE.
R. HIBBARD, Milwaukee D O DICKINSON,
T HIBBARD, " Waukegan
Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, Corn, Flour &c BOUGHT AND SOLD. Highest Market Price Paid for Produce. oct14dtf

W. JACKSON & SON, Of the Late Firm of W & N Jackson & Sons, GRATE AND FENDER MAKERS, 246 Front Street, and 238 Broadway, N. Y. KEEP constantly on hand every variety of GRATES and FENDERS. Also CIRCULAR and SQUARE GERMAN SILVER GRATES. Wholesale Dealers supplied. oct17 1yr

CHICAGO Lead Pipe AND SHEET LEAD WORKS! Corner Clinton & Fulton Sts., West Side. THESE WORKS ARE NOW IN OPERATION, and a full supply of all sizes of LEAD PIPE and SHEET LEAD will be constantly kept on hand. All orders will receive our prompt attention. dec28 dly COLLINS & BLATCHFORD.

PLAYING CARDS, Steamboats, Highlanders and Moguls. dec7 ROOD & GOODRICH.

PARLOR BALLS, made of India Rubber, and Dolls, for sale by ROOD & GOODRICH.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the annual meeting of Stockholders of the Milwaukee and Lisbon Plank Road Company, for the election of seven Directors, will be held at the Mansion House, in the Second Ward of the City of Milwaukee, on Monday, the 5th day of February, 1855, at 1 o'clock P. M. By order of the Board of Directors. jan11-d&wtd L. COMSTOCK, Secretary.

TRANSPORTATION.

U. S. Mail and Express Route. CHICAGO AND MISSISSIPPI R. R. Air Line Route to Bloomington, Springfield, Alton and St. Louis. TWO THROUGH PASSENGER TRAINS LEAVE CHICAGO DAILY SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.
Day Express and Mail, at 9.15 A. M.
Night Express, at 10.05 P. M.
Trains pass through the flourishing towns of Bloomington and Springfield (thirty eight miles less distance to Bloomington and fifty eight miles less distance to Springfield than any other route) and connect at Alton with the Company's splendid Steamers [illegible] and Reindeer, through to St Louis (23 miles) without landing. Time from Chicago to St. Louis 16 hours. ☞ Baggage checked through to St Louis, and to way stations. ⁂ Through Tickets to St Louis and to all way stations can be obtained at the Rock Island Passenger Depot and at the Company's Ticket Office, No 48 Dearborn street opposite the Tremont House. nov28 6mo RICHARD P MORGAN, Jr., Supt.

Buffalo, Milwaukee & Chicago. 1854. 1854. FREE TRADE LINE! NO MONOPOLY. THE following first class Propellers will form a line semi weekly, (in opposition to the two lines called the Despatch and People's line) for the transportation of freight and Passengers to and from Buffalo Chicago and Milwaukee and intermediate ports, immediately on the opening of navigation. Western Merchants will find it largely to their interest to call on this Line before making contracts for transportation elsewhere as their rates will be reduced. Leaving their dock foot of Michigan Street Buffalo, every Wednesday and Saturday evenings.
Illinois, Buffalo,
St Joseph, Delaware,
Minnesota, Saginaw,
New Propeller.
For freight or passage, apply on board or to WM MONTEITH, Agent, Coburn Square Buffalo.

N Y & MILWAUKEE TRANSPORTATION 1854. 1854. CLINTON LINE. Wm. Monteith—Proprietor. BUFFALO. THE Clinton Line having largely increased its facilities for transportation from New York to all western ports, is prepared to contract freight from New York to Milwaukee, in connection with the above line of Propellers at reduced rates, and the proprietor flatters himself that he will be favored with a fair share of Milwaukee business.
AGENTS.
HENRY GRINNELL, W H CURTISS } 11 Broadway, 2 doors below Front, N Y,
WM H AINSWORTH 100 Pier Albany
WM. MONTEITH, Coburn square Buffalo
KELLOGG & STRONG, Milwaukee. ap12

WESTERN LAKE BOAT LINE. 1854. 1854. Merchandise forwarded Daily to and from New York Albany and Buffalo to all Ports on the Western Lakes and connecting with Canals and Railroads, with despatch. Without Reshipping at Albany or Troy. Cargoes Insured between New York and Buffalo. WELLS D. WALBRIDGE, Proprietor, Foot of Washington Street, Buffalo.
AGENTS.
F W LAWSON, ALEX H PETERS, JNO M OSBORN } 11 Broad Street, (up stairs,) New York
J. J. TALLMADGE foot of Washington St, Buffalo
BELL & BUTTON, Milwaukee
REFERENCES.
DURAND & LAWRENCE, Milwaukee
I H CORDES, "
SETH JOHNSON, Jr, "
feb18

1854. 1854. FULTON LAKE BOAT LINE. Merchandise forwarded daily to and from New York and Buffalo, and all Ports on the Western Lakes and Canals with Despatch, Without Transhipment at Troy or Albany. Cargoes Insured between New York and Buffalo.
PROPRIETORS:
ELLIS, PETRIE & CO - - - Buffalo
JAMES BELL & CO, - - - New York
A D ELLIS, CHAS D FOLGER
WM PETRIE, JAMES BELL
AGENTS:
Wm H Chase, No 113 Broad st, cor of Front New York
Chas. A Folger & Co, - - - Albany
J W Haskin, J Hadley, } Chequered Warehouse Milwaukee
References—by permission.
SEXTON, WING & Co, - - Milwaukee
T LITTELL, - - - Milwaukee
mr10 1yr

1854. 1854. L. J. HIGBY, FORWARDING, COMMISSION AND PRODUCE MERCHANT, WILL Contract to Forward Goods or Produce to or from any Ports East or West, by Responsible Lines by Railroad or Canal, will attend to Selling Grain or other Produce at the Rail Road Depot here, all which with my NEW WAREHOUSE at the Depot, and Mammoth Pier, give me advantages more convenient to Country Merchants than any other House here. Milwaukee, March 20, 1854 mr21tf

NEW BOOKS.
THE LANDS OF THE SARACEN—by Bayard Taylor
Ruth Hall—by Fanny Fern
Ida May (Twentieth thousand)
Poems of the Orient—by Bayard Taylor
You've Heard of Them—by "Q"
Southward Ho!—New Edition—by W G Simms
Maxims of Washington—Collected by Schroeder
Howard's Practice Reports—Vol IX
The Republican Court
Church Almanac for 1855
Things as they are in America—by Wm Chambers
For sale by ARCHIBALD WILSON, jan4 175 East Water st

FOWLER'S Empire Sky-Light Daguerrean GALLERY! ALL PERSONS WISHING TO get a PERFECT LIKENESS, will please call at Gallery No 291½ East Water Street, Empire Block, where they can get a Likeness with Case for any reasonable price. I have on hand a large assortment of Cases which I will sell at New York prices. Pictures inserted in Rings or Lockets and warranted to please. Mr F keeps constantly on hand DAGUERREOTYPE MATERIALS, comprising all varieties of Plain and Fancy Cases, Gold Lockets &c, which the New York market affords, and at low rates. Daguerreotypists are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere. jan11 ELBERT W FOWLER, Artist.

New Books for Children.
MERRIE ENGLAND—or Travels, Descriptions, Tales and Historical Sketches—by Grace Greenwood. Illustrated
Clovernook Children by Alice Carey
The Forest Exiles or the Perils of a Peruvian Family Amid the Wilds of the Amazon—by Capt M Reid—Illustrated
The Desert Home, or Adventures of a Lost Family in the Wilderness—by Capt M Reid—Illustrated.
The Boy Hunter, by " "
The Young Voyagers, " "
The Wonder Book, by Hawthorne
Adventures in Fairy Land by Stoddard
Jack Halliard in the Arctic Ocean
Emily Herbert, or the Happy Home—by Miss M Intosh
Rose and Lillie Stanhope, or the Power of Conscience—by Miss McIntosh
The Rose and the Ring—by Thackeray
Received and for sale at WILSON'S Bookstore, jan13-d&w 175 East Water st

WATCHES! GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, ranging in price from $5 to $200, and Warranted the best in market. nov13 ROOD & GOODRICH

PREMIUM CUTLERY! F. J. BLAIR HAS FOR SALE A LARGE STOCK OF FINE AMERICAN TABLE CUTLERY, which received the Premium at the late State Fair, consisting of Carved Ivory Handled Table and Desert Knives Carvers and Steels. Plain Ivory Handled Table and Desert Knives and Forks, Carvers and Steels. Cocoa, Buck, Buffalo and Bone Handled Table and Desert Knives and Forks, Carvers and Steels. Also, a large Stock of common English Table Cutlery.

Just Received,
NATURE IN DISEASE, and other writings, by Jacob Bigelow, M D
Poems of the Orient—new supply—by Bayard Taylor.
Goethe's Faust—new edition—translated by A Hayward.
[illegible]—small English Edition, illustrated
[illegible] Before the Mast.
[illegible] Cookery for the People
The London Art Journal, for December
Frank Leslie's Ladies' Gazette, for January
Chemistry of Common Life, part 5th
Sword's Pocket Almanac and Church Register for 1855
For sale by ARCHIBALD WILSON, jan13-d&w 175 East Water st.

TRANSPORTATION.

Milwaukee & Mississippi Railroad. Winter Arrangement. ON AND AFTER NOV 27th, 1854, the Trains will run as follows, (Sundays excepted)—

GOING WESTWARD. A Passenger Train will leave Milwaukee at 8 15 A. M., and arrive at Janesville at 12 M., in time to connect with the 2 P. M. Train at Afton for Chicago, and at Madison at 1 P M. A PASSENGER TRAIN will also leave Milwaukee for Janesville and Madison at 4 P M.

GOING EASTWARD. A PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Madison at 7 15 A. M. and Janesville at 8 A M. A PASSENGER TRAIN will also leave Madison at 3.10 P M., and Janesville at 4 P M. on the arrival of the passengers from Chicago at Afton at 2 P M. FREIGHT TRAINS run daily (Sundays excepted) each way over the entire length of the Road. On and after Tuesday, Dec 14th, 1854, a Train will commence running hereon the M & W R R, which will connect with the Morning and Afternoon Passenger Trains on the M & M R R, at the Junction. By this arrangement, passengers are taken to Watertown, Fond du Lac, Beaver Dam, Horicon, Waupun and Berlin. ☞ Stages run in connection with the Cars, from Janesville and Madison to Fort Winnebago, Baraboo, Sauk, Dodgeville, Mineral Point, Florence, Galena and Dubuque and various other portions of the State. EDWARD H BRODHEAD, Supt and Engineer. dec13

MILWAUKEE & WATERTOWN RAILROAD. FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE, the Cars will commence running as follows:
Leave Milwaukee at 10 A. M.
" " at 5:30 P. M.
Leave Oconomowoc at 7 A. M.
" " at 3 P. M.
THESE TRAINS WILL CONNECT AT THE JUNCTION with all the passenger trains on the M & M R R. EDWARD H BRODHEAD, Eng'r and Supt. Jan3

REED'S Chicago and Lake Superior Line. 1854. ON THE OPENING OF NAVIGATION One of the First Class Steamers of the above Line will Leave Chicago on Monday & Friday Evenings Of each week during the season of navigation, connecting with the SAM WARD, of Ward's Lake Superior Line, Leaving Sault Ste. Marie every Thursday, at 2 o'clock P M. The other connecting with the steamer BALTIMORE, of McKnight's Lake Superior Line, leaving Sault Ste Marie every TUESDAY, returning will leave Sault Ste Marie every THURSDAY morning at 8 o clock, and on TUESDAY at 8 o'clock A. M. The Line from CHICAGO TO SAULT STE. MARIE, Will be made up with the Low Pressure Steam Palaces QUEEN CITY AND TROY. The ST [illegible] leaves Chicago on Wednesday of each week. Returning leaves Sault St Marie every Sunday Morning at 8 o'clock. Connects at Sault St Marie with the steamer [illegible] for all Ports on Lake Superior. ☞ The above Boats will leave regularly on their advertised days, from Reed's Warehouse and Docks, foot of [illegible] Street. A T SPENCER & CO., Agents. Chicago, March 20, 1854 mr29tf

1854. 1854. WELLS & HILL, Produce & Commission Merchants, MILWAUKEE, . . . WISCONSIN. DANIEL WELLS, Jr . . . HORATIO HILL.
Wheat, Barley, Corn, Oats, Wool,
Pork, Lard, Flour, Salt, Dried Fruits;
Pig Iron, Shot, Lead, Coal, Water Lime.
Liberal cash advances made on produce, now or to be shipped [illegible] or by our agents at Buffalo, New York and Boston.

1854. 1854. J. W. HASKIN, Produce, Forwarding and Commission MERCHANT, AT THE CHEQUERED WAREHOUSE, NEAR THE FOOT OF EAST WATER STREET, MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN. HAVING a commodious Ware-House, advantageously situated, we are prepared to transact every variety of our business with promptness and despatch, and liberal Cash Advances will be made, if desired, on Property, in store, for Sale or Shipment. We are prepared to contract freights to and from Boston and New York, at the lowest rates. Please call on us before completing business arrangements. J W HASKIN, ap13 J HADLEY

1854. BELL & BUTTON, PRODUCE, FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, AT THE WARE HOUSE formerly occupied by D. NEWHALL, on Walker's Point, will make liberal cash advances on property in Store, for sale here, or shipment East. April 6, 1854 my11dtf

1854. 1854. NICHOLS, BRITT & CO., Produce, Forwarding and COMMISSION MERCHANTS, DEALERS IN COAL, SALT, FLOUR, CHEESE, DRIED FRUIT, Lime, &c. Liberal Cash Advances made on Property for Sale in this or any of the Eastern Markets. BROWN WAREHOUSE, - - - ERIE STREET, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Also Agents for the sale of all kinds of Country Produce, Wool and all other Property, and will endeavor at all times to obtain the best Market Rates and make prompt returns. Office at the Depot of the M & M, Rail Road Co! We are also Agents for the Troy & Erie Line. Consignments for the Cities on the line of the Rail Road and from the Country generally respectfully solicited. Merchandise consigned to us will receive prompt attention. Thankful for the patronage and favors extended to us the past year, we shall endeavor by a prompt attention to business to merit a continuance.
Y S NICHOLS, O E BRITT, H A NICHOLS.
REFERENCES:
ALEX MITCHELL, President Wis M & F Ins Co Bk,
E CRAMER, President State Bank, Wisconsin,
DAVID FERGUSON, Cash Wis M & F Ins Co Bank
S S SCOTT, Cashier State Bank of Wisconsin mr6

1854. 1854. KELLOGG & STRONG, Forwarding and Commission Merchants, Middle Pier, Foot of Huron Street. Agents for Clement's Line of Steamers on Lake Michigan (running in connection with M S and M C R R) and American Transportation Co on the Erie Canal. All Property Consigned to us for the City, or upon the Line of Railroads leading West will be Forwarded without Delay. Milwaukee, February 16, 1854 feb17

WM. B. ALVORD, Produce Commission MERCHANT, HIGBY'S BROWN WAREHOUSE, West Water Street, MILWAUKEE, - - WISCONSIN.
REFER TO
A MITCHELL, Esq., Pres Wis Marine & Fire Insurance Co Bank, } Milwaukee.
M S SCOTT, Esq, Cashier State Bank Wisconsin, } Milwaukee
Messrs KNEELAND & BULL, Bankers, Milwaukee
Messrs H W WILLARD & CO, 9 Central Wharf, Buffalo, and 113 Broad Street New York
Messrs MANN VAIL & CO., Buffalo
Messrs THAYER, RICE & CO., Boston

Le Salon De Danse! AT CONCERT HALL, MILWAUKEE. MR. G. H. DAVIS, IN RETURNING HIS SINCERE THANKS TO THE Citizens of Milwaukee for the very liberal patronage thus far bestowed upon him, and hoping by strict attention to his business to merit a continuance of the same, would respectfully announce that he is yet on hand, with Mr ARNOLD, to give instructions in the fashionable art of Dancing, such as Quadrilles, Contra Dances, Reels, Spanish Dances, Polka Waltz, Polka, Reel, Hop Waltz, German Waltz, Redowa, Mazurka, Gorlitza, Bolero, Varsovianna, Esmeralda Schottisch, New Half Schottisch, Catarino, Zingarilla, Valse a Cinq Temps, The Tempetes, Tarantella, Waltzes in two, three, four and five steps. Private Lessons given when not otherwise engaged. MR D ARNOLD, Musician, with New Music, and Prompter in the new and fashionable changes of Dancing, furnishes Music for Parties, Public or Private. Terms liberal. All orders left at the Hall, or Dr Shepherd's Main-st., or by Mail, promptly attended to. N B.—The Wednesday Evening Soirees are under the special supervision of a Committee of Gentlemen appointed for that purpose. jan11-tf

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S are at hand and we are prepared to furnish all kinds of traps at cheap rates. dec14 ROOD & GOODRICH.

MISCELLANEOUS.

At Blake's Millinery Establishment, MAY BE FOUND THE LARGEST STOCK OF EMBROIDERED MUSLIN GOODS WEST OF NEW YORK!
DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS in great variety
Bonnet Ribbons, the newest styles
Black Mantilla Velvets all silk
Bonnet Velvets, in all shades
Royal Velvets for Ladies
Hats, the newest goods out
Bonnet Satins, in all shades
Ladies' and Children's Gloves
Hosiery suitable for the season
10 doz Ladies black and drab spun Silk Hose, all qualities
50 doz Ladies' Dress Caps and Mohair Head Dresses
Gent's Gloves and Hosiery, a good article
Infants' Hoods, Robes, Waists, Socks, and all of the little fixings.
[illegible] cases Ladies' Castor Hats, received this day by express. nov11

MRS. NEVIEU, Milliner and Dress Maker, Wisconsin Street, Opposite Young's Hall, WOULD INFORM HER FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC generally, that she is now prepared to furnish everything in the Millinery and Dress Making line, of the LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES, And upon the shortest notice. She also keeps constantly on hand every variety of FANCY GOODS, Consisting in part of the following styles: LADIES' SILK HATS, LADIES' STRAW do, Ribbons of every description, some very rich styles, LADIES' KID GLOVES, Embroidery Goods, Dress Trimmings, Flowers, Buttons, NEEDLES, &c, &c. To which she invites the inspection of those wishing to purchase, confident that she will be able to suit them from her large and well selected stock. oct13tf

Henry Niedecken Charles Geisberg

Henry Niedecken & Co. WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THEIR Friends and the public generally, that they are now receiving the best and most carefully selected stock of Staple and Fancy Stationery, AND BOOK BINDERS' STOCK, That ever has been brought to this City. Our BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY AND Book Bindery Is the most extensive establishment in the State, and our facilities for executing orders are greater than those of any other house in the North West. Our Blank Book Work has received the Prize at every State Fair held in this State. Particular attention paid to Sets of Books for Banks, Insurance Co.'s Rail Road Companies, FORWARDERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, &C. Every Pattern of RULING, Done with more accuracy or neatness than anywhere else. State, County and City Officers, Are particularly requested to examine our Stock and the Job Work done at our establishment before purchasing elsewhere. sep28tf

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!! AT WHOLESALE! 109 EAST WATER ST., 109 LITTELL & BAKER, Are now Receiving their Fall Stock OF GROCERIES!! THEIR Stock is complete and very large. The subscribers have been engaged in the Wholesale Grocery Business for the past four years, and feel confident that their facilities for buying Goods in their line are not surpassed by any House in the West, and will guarantee to duplicate any Retail Dealer's order purchased in New York, adding necessary expenses. Their Stock consists, in part, as follows:
50 Hhds, Brown Sugar, Various Grades.
25 Bbls CLARIFIED SUGAR.
50 Bbls CRUSHED, GROUND AND LOAF, DO.
250 Bags Rio, Laguayra and Java Coffee!
25 HHDS. MOLASSES. 50 BBLS. DO.
100 Bbls. Stewart's Syrup!
300 BOXES OF SARDINES—100 do CASTILE, BROWN & PALE SOAP.
Pepper, Spice, Nutmegs, Indigo, &c.
Also on hand, Plows, Harrows, Thermometers, Churns together with a full assortment of Agricultural and Horticultural implements from the celebrated Manufactory of Ruggles, Nourse Mason & Co, and others. Also agent E I Du Pont, De Nemours & Co's celebrated Powder, in Kegs, Canisters and Safety Fuse, in large or small quantities, always on hand and for sale cheap. The subscribers would tender their thanks for the liberal manner they have been patronized for the last four years, and hope to merit a continuation by strict attention to the wants of their customers. October 7, 1854 oct7d&w

LIQUORS! LIQUORS!! J. W. HOYT, No. 179 East Water Street, MILWAUKEE, WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of those that are desirous of SAVING MONEY in making purchases, to the fact that I have now in Store and to arrive, an Immense Stock of Imported BRANDIES, WINES, &c., Together with a General Assortment of WINES AND LIQUORS, which we shall sell, as heretofore, At the Very Lowest Rates! Among our BRANDIES may be found the following favorite brands:

United Vineyard Proprietors,	Cognac
Otard, Dupuy & Co.,	do
London Dock,	do
A Seignette,	do
Paul do	do
Pinet, Castillon & Co,	do

ALSO, A LARGE QUANTITY OF Bottled Wines & Liquors, OF THE "CHOICEST QUALITY" DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKY, Constantly on hand. [nov1] J W HOYT

New Books!
BANCROFT'S 6th Volume, of the History of the U S
The Boyhood of Great Men, Illustrated
Footprints of Famous Men, do
Hills, Lakes and Forest Streams, by S H Hammond,
Poems and Ballads, by Gerald Massey, containing several new Poems never before published
Garden of Eden, or Pictures of Cuba,
Life of John Chrysostom, based on the Investigations of Neander, Bohringer and others
A Popular Account of the Ancient Egyptians, 2 vols, by Sir J G Wilkinson. Illustrated with 500 wood cuts
Life's Lesson—a tale
Illustrations of Genius, by Henry Giles
Thoughts and Things at Home and Abroad, by Elihu Burritt
Substance and Shadows, or Phases of Every Day Life
Travels in Armenia, a Year on the Frontiers of Russia, Turkey and Persia, by the Hon Robert Curzon
Wood's Illustrated Natural History
The Singers Companion, a choice selection of songs, &c
"The City Side, or Passages from a Pastor's Portfolio"
New "Tale of a Tub," An Adventure in verse
A Manual for the use of Notaries Public
A Complete Manual for the Cultivation of the Strawberry
Bertha and Lily, or the Parsonage of Beech Glen
Memoirs of Celebrated Characters, by A D Lamartine, 2 vols.
Memorable Women, the story of their lives
The Spirit Rapper, by O A Benson
Specimens of English Dramatic Poets, with Notes by Chas Lamb London Edition
Thomas Wm Parsons' Poems,
A Complete Treatise on Artificial Fish Breeding
Just received and for sale at 175 East Water street.
nov11-d&w ARCHIBALD WILSON

City Auction Room. I AM NOW PREPARED and am ready at all times to advance money on Dry Goods, Groceries, Furnitures, &c, &c, and also to continue to receive and sell Goods on Commission, on fair terms. I will advance fifty per cent on any Goods left with me, and my charges shall and will be moderate. CALEB WALL, nov13 Law Buildings

City Land and Brokers' Office. PERSONS wishing to borrow money, or sell Mississippi Railroad Stock, or short time Notes, can find a few thousand dollars at my office, Law Buildings, Wisconsin street. nov16 CALEB WALL

Homœopathic Works.
MANUAL OF HOMŒOPATHIC PRACTICE FOR the use of Families and Private Individuals, by A E Small, M D
The Homœopathic Materia Medica, arranged systematically and practically, by A. Teste, translated from the French, by C J Hempel.
Hull's Laurie's Homœopathic Practice of Physic.
The Philadelphia Journal of Homœopathy, two vols.
Organon of Specific Homœopathy, by C J Hempel
Laurie's Parents Guide, edited by H Williamson, M D.
Complete Homœopathic Domestic Physician, with 36 illustrations, edited by [illegible]
Materia Medica of American Provings, collected and arranged by the American Institute of Homœopathy.
Diseases of Females and Children and their Homœopathic Treatment, by H Williamson, M D.
Homœopathic Treatment of Indigestive Consumption.
Kreussler's Therapeutics of Acute and Chronic Diseases.
Diseases of the Sexual System, by F Humphrey, M D.
Hand Book to Veterinary Homœopathy, by John Rush.
The Sides of the Body and Drug Affinities, edited by Hempel.
Received and for sale by ARCHIBALD WILSON, nov6-d&w 175 East Water-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP, LOTS 8 9 10 IN BLOCK 6 2nd Ward. Apply to J. B. CRAMPTON, Real Estate Agt.

N. Y. ADVERTISEMENTS.

CRANE & CO'S ADVERTISING HOUSE, No. 102 Nassau Street, New York, AND No. 57 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

B. T. Babbitt's Potash in Tin Cans OF 33⅓—12—lbs each assorted, 145 lbs in a case, warranted equal to any in use at about the same price as that in casks, with full directions for use printed on each can, being in a much more portable condition for retailing. Any person desirous to try it will please remit the dollars in a letter to my risk, or through some friend in this place, and I will forward one case as above, 145 lbs. This article has been in use for the last three years and gives the best of satisfaction to all who have used it. Also, Super Carbonate Soda, Soap Powder, Yeast Powder, Castile Soap, Cream Tartar, Candles of all kinds, and the best Saleratus, in pound papers, 60 in a case, or other packages. B T BABBITT, Nos 68 & 70 Washington Street, New York. dec14 3mosC&L

MISCELLANEOUS.

EXPRESS ARRIVAL! CITY CASH CLOTHING STORE. MAGIE & SWAIN, INVITE ATTENTION TO AN ENTIRE New Stock of Over-Coatings, PLUSH & VELVET VESTINGS, AND FRENCH CASSIMERES, Just from New York and Boston, which we are prepared to make up, at the Shortest Notice, in the LATEST AND MOST APPROVED STYLES. The Workmanship is Warranted in every case to surpass any Establishment in the West. All Garments Warranted to Fit the first time, or no Sale. Our Ready-Made Clothing Stock, IS NOW FULL UP TO THE HANDLE, WHICH WE OFFER AT Wholesale and Retail, At prices that will induce those to purchase that are in want of the Fall and Winter supply. Our Ready-Made Clothing is made under our own supervision and warranted to surpass any Stock offered in this or any other Market in the West. Our Furnishing Goods. Consist of a great variety of New Styles of CRAVATS, TIES, STOCKS, Silk Wrappers and Drawers, Of a very heavy quality, for Winter wear. Other and other styles of FUR GLOVES AND GAUNTLETS, Of the First Quality. BOY'S CLOTHING In great variety of styles, which we offer at the lowest Prices. Also in store some desirable styles of Goods for Boy's Clothes, which we make up as usual in the Latest Fashions for the little Gents. Fall Fashion Plates for Sale.
J MAGIE J A SWAIN
Milwaukee November 28, 1854 no 29

The Banks have nearly all Failed! SO FAR AS SPECIE PAYMENT IS CONCERNED, AND ALL IN CONSEQUENCE OF Gold Coin being worked up into Fine Jewelry. **A. B. VAN COTT** HAS THE LARGEST STOCK OF Watches, Jewelry, Fancy Goods, AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, EVER BROUGHT TO THIS WESTern Country and as to quality and price he CHALLENGES COMPETITION. A day will be well spent in looking over his MAMMOTH STOCK, even should you not wish to purchase. He proposes to sell every article in his line at lower prices for the quality than any other house this side of New York. ☞ All Goods warranted as recommended, or money refunded. In addition to the goods for sale, he has twelve men in his employ, manufacturing all kinds of FINE JEWELRY! His men to handle Fine Watches are the best Watch makers in the West, and as good as those are anywhere in the East. Precious Metals worked up to order, or the highest price paid in Cash. This Museum of fine things is under the Town Clock, Corner East Water and Wisconsin Sts., Kirby's Old Stand, enlarged by taking in another Store. dec9 A B VAN COTT

MILWAUKEE ENGLISH AND COMMERCIAL SCHOOL, OPPOSITE YOUNG'S HALL, WISCONSIN ST. THE Fall term of this School will commence on Monday, December 18, 1854. This Institution has been in successful operation for four years, and at present enjoys an encouraging degree of prosperity. The School is designed to accommodate youth of both sexes, who wish to acquire a complete ENGLISH and COMMERCIAL Education with a thorough discipline of the mind. Classes in the English Department will be conducted as formerly. GERMAN CLASS by Prof WALTER, at 4 P M. FRENCH CLASS by Prof LARIGO, at 6 P M. EVENING CLASS, in Writing and Book-Keeping, from 7 to 10. N B.—BOOK KEEPING, WRITING and Arithmetic are thoroughly and efficiently taught by Prof Larigo. Gentlemen conversant with business may attain a masterly knowledge of double entry in two or three weeks. The Principal gives good assurance that he and his assistants will continue to labor incessantly for the mental and moral culture of those committed to their charge. Tuition as heretofore. See Circular. C F LARIGO, Principal. Milwaukee, December, 18, 1854 dec18

German Reform Paper. FROM THE SEVENTH OF OCTOBER, 1854, WILL be published at Milwaukee, **Der Corsar** (THE CORSAIR,) A Weekly Paper, established to forward political reforms, edited by BERNHARD DOMSCHKE, with Mr L WITTIG, as a regular contributor. "Der Corsar" will adhere to the principles set down in the Madison Platform, of the 13th July, 54 and be of course, opposed to those parties who prefer slavery to reform, and slavery to freedom. And those who take a warm interest in the contest against the reactionary parties and the demagogues, that lead and control them, and in the realization of genuine Republican principles, are invited to subscribe to "Der Corsar." "Der Corsar" will be published every Saturday at the price of $2,00 per year, payment in advance every six months. In as much as "Der Corsar" will be widely circulated within the State of Wisconsin as well as abroad, it is well adapted to advertisements, which will be inserted at the usual rates. Office 219 East Water Street, 2d Story above the Germania Bank, adjoining Mr Starr's Job Printing Office. oct5

NORVAL'S BITTERS. Containing neither Arsenic, Calomel, nor Quinine. AND ONE OF THE BEST, SUREST AND SAFEST Remedies yet discovered for the following diseases, arising from an improper action of the LIVER and KIDNEYS.
Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Intermittent, and Remittent, Indigestion,
Dyspepsia, Diarrhea, Dysentery, Jaundice, Debility, Weakness &c., &c.
Liver Complaints, Loss of Appetite, Sick Headache, Cold Sweats, Female Complaints,
For the latter it is one of the best and safest medicines before the public. A trial of this medicine will convince the most skeptical of its Great Virtues. Sold by EDWIN D BAKER & Co Importers and dealers in Wines, Liquors &c No 79 East Water St Milwaukee. jy27dtf

NOW ARRIVING At 88 East Water Street,
2,000 LBS. SUP CARB ACID,
2,500 lbs Cr Tartar,
5000 lbs. Sal Soda,
115 barrels Copperas,
10 do Sulphur,
15 do Ep Salts,
25 do Alcohol,
19 do Furniture Varnish,
2 cases Indigo,
40 gross Durkee's Baking Powder,
1 case Phosphorus,
10 tons White Lead—oil,
2 " " " dry,
1000 boxes Glass, from 7 by 9 to 30 by 40,
10 Carboys Oil Vitriol,
5 bbls Lampblack,
10 " White Chalk,
25 kegs Ground Ginger,
50 bbls Spirits Turpentine
10 barrels Alum,
20 do Logwood,
10 do Brimstone,
10 do Glauber Salts,
100 do Lamp Oil,
5 do Coach Varnish,
6 tons Putty,
oct26 W L HOPKINS & CO.

TO RENT. TWO ROOMS, SUITABLE FOR OFFICES, in Ludington's Block, Second Story. Enquire of E L BUTTRICK or A R R BUTLER, Ludington's Block, East Water st. nov18-tf

DAVIS' STABLES. Corner Main and Huron Sts. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING COMPLETED AND moved into their New Brick Stables, are now fully prepared to furnish FIRST CLASS LIVERY, on reasonable terms. The patronage of the Public is respectfully solicited. S. B. & J. DAVIS. N. B.—Particular attention will be given to Funerals. Milwaukee, Dec. 5, 1854 dec8-tf

Steam Boilers for Sale! THREE SECOND-HAND STEAM BOILERS of the capacity of thirty horse power or ten horse power each, will be sold separately or together. Possession given on the first of March next. Enquire at the Milwaukee Steam Planing Mill. J. R. SMITH. Milwaukee, Dec 15th, 1854. dec 16-tf

GOLD BAND CHINA. DINING, TEA AND TOILET SETS, Vases, Candlesticks, &c, &c., for sale by S. J. MATHER. dec9

INSURANCE OFFICES.

Highly Important to Farmers. The only Exclusive Farmers' Insurance Company in the West, **THE MADISON MUTUAL,** Located at Madison, Wisconsin. THIS COMPANY CONTINUES TO TAKE RISKS upon Farm Property only, consisting of buildings of all kinds (belonging to farmers,) household furniture, grain in barns, live stock, &c., from one to five years, at lower rates than most other responsible Companies. All losses promptly paid at the office as soon as proof is made thereof. [illegible] It is for the interest of the farmers to insure by themselves, as their property being less hazardous than [illegible] you will have no losses, and your own on the same class, and all will be on an equal footing. Experience has shown that two thirds if not three fourths of all the fires that occur are upon stores, taverns, mills, shops and such like property. In this Company, all such property is rejected POSITIVELY BY [illegible]. Farmers look to your own interest, and insure in a Farmers Company. We have been doing business a little over three years, and we have not been obliged to assess our premium notes, and in the last fourteen months we have not had a single dollar loss, though doing a large and prosperous business, which we believe to be without a parallel in the history of insurance. The best of references given as to the responsibility of the Company. Travelling Agents wanted in Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Illinois, Indiana and Michigan.
N. W. DEAN, President.
D F HOPKINS, Secretary.
C C OLIN, General Agent.
L J FARWELL, Treasurer. aug1d&w1yr

ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY —OF— HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT. Capital 300,000 Dollars, Agent's Office, No 9 Martin's Block, Milwaukee, WISCONSIN. THIS COMPANY was organized in the year 1819, under a perpetual Charter, and insures against loss or damage by fire, including Houses, Stores, Manufacturing Establishments, Household Furniture and Merchandise in general, on terms as liberal as a sound and healthy condition will warrant.
THOMAS K BRACE, President
T. C. RIPLEY, Secretary
WILLIAM J. WHALING, Agent.

[illegible] MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY. Office in Martin's Block, Milwaukee. Capital over $165,000—in Cash and Premium Notes. THIS Company offers mutual facilities for the insurance of Buildings and Personal Property against fire. The advantages offered are secured, beyond the reach of circumstances, as the real estate insured is by law bound for the assessment made to cover losses beyond the power of evasion. Every person insured is a member of the Company, and entitled to one vote. The cost of insurance does not exceed one third as much as in Stock Companies, saying nothing of the increased security and the incomparable ease with which losses are settled. During the last five years this Company has issued 2000 Policies, and [illegible] property insured, not exceeding two mills on the dollar. Its business is principally confined to this State.
P B HILL, Sec. S S DAGGETT, Pres't
G J. FOWLER - - CITY AGENT
F. M. WALLACE, Travelling Agent
ap.9

THE UNITED STATES LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK, JOSEPH B COLLINS, - - - - President.

"Princes and Peers may flourish and may fade,
A breath can make them, as a breath hath made,
But LIFE INSURANCE, noble, great and grand,
Has now its blessings over many a land,
Relieve the [illegible], dry the ORPHAN'S tear,
And the sad mourning WIDOW'S heart shall cheer."

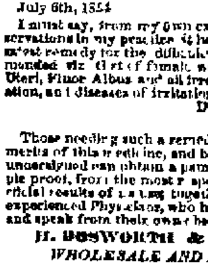
SAMUEL L. [illegible], Attorney at Law, General Agent for Wisconsin,
oct13 1yr Under Juneau Block

BERKSHIRE COUNTY Mutual Life Insurance Company, PITTSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS, INCORPORATED IN 1849. Original Capital, - - $100,000.
Ex Gov GEORGE N BRIGGS, President
Hon Thos F Plunkett, Vice President.
B F Johnson, Secretary
John C Smith, General Western Agent
J P Brooks, Agent at Chicago, Illinois
R B [illegible], Agent at St Louis
Milwaukee Office, No. 4 Juneau Block,
JOHN C SMITH, ANDREW J AIKENS } Agents
THIS Company claims no competition for Business, nor does it propose to make large dividends, but based as it is on rates that have sustained other Companies for a long period of years and being Mutual in its principles, what profits there may accrue after a safe and actual calculation will be divided among the holders of Life Policies every five years. Persons wishing a Life Insurance are requested to examine the terms of this Company. au23tf

NEW AMSTERDAM FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEW YORK CITY. CAPITAL $200,000. Offices, 7 Wall-st., and 269 Greenwich-st., NEW YORK.

DIRECTORS.
DAVID S. MANNERS, President.
Charles Shields, A B Wallis, Francis Mann, John Westall, Wm E [illegible], Peter I. Ryno, Claus D Fisher, Henry [illegible], Cornel I. Breslaw, James G. Powers,
J. H. Fisher, [illegible] Newman, John Wheaton, [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], [illegible], Wm L Wallace, Elijah Fisher,
Theodore Martine, Herman H Brungers, James B Dennis, H M Katzenbor, F C Kerner, Herman Lohmeyer, Frantz Boding, Henry J Beers, John H Drake.
WILLIAM DUSENBERY, Secretary
D R DOREMUS Surveyor
A. WHEELER, Agent. Office, No 3 [illegible] Exchange Bank, corner East Water and Huron Streets. nov

DR. J. B. MARCHISI'S CELEBRATED CATHOLICON, For the Relief and Cure of Suffering Females.



IT STANDS PREeminent for its curative powers in all the diseases for which it is recommended, usually called Female Complaints. Of these are Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Fluor Albus, or Whites, Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb, Incidental Hemorrhage or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, &c, with all their accompanying evils, (Cancer excepted) no matter how severe or how long standing. This Catholicon far surpasses other remedies, in being more certain, less expensive, and leaving the system in a better condition.

I have no hesitation in saying Dr Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon is invaluable in uterine diseases generally. I have used it in Fluor Albus, Amenorrhoea, Prolapsus Uteri, and in cases of extensive ulceration of the vagina and os uteri. It is worthy of the notice of the Faculty. JOHN C ORRICK, M. D., Baltimore, Md.

This Catholicon is doing good service here. All the patients that have tried the medicine have been benefited but one, and that one nothing will help. Truly Yours, WM LAIRD HAZLETT, M D., July 6th, 1854. New Philadelphia, Ohio.

I must say, from my own experience and personal observations in my practice it has proved to be the best and safest remedy for the difficulties for which it is recommended, viz: all of female weakness, such as Prolapsus Uteri, Fluor Albus and all irregular and painful menstruation, and diseases of irritation of the female organs. D Y FOOTE, M.D., Syracuse, N Y.

Those needing such a remedy should inquire into the merits of this medicine, and by calling at the store of the undersigned can obtain a pamphlet (free) containing ample proof, from the most respectable sources, of the beneficial results of its use together with letters from highly experienced Physicians, who have used it in their practice, and speak from their own observations.
H. BOSWORTH & SONS, Druggists, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENTS, Milwaukee, Wis.
J B MARCHISI & CO., Proprietors, Central Depot, 204 Broadway, N. Y. dec2-6mos

PAINTING. [illegible], House, Sign and Ornamental Painter, Glazier, Paper-Hanger, &c. HAVING RESUMED MY OLD BUSINESS, AND purchased of Wm Whitnall my former Partner, his entire stock in Trade, would solicit a share of patronage. Work done with promptness and at prices as low as the lowest. Also, all kinds of Mixed Paints and Oils, White Lead, Brushes, Glass, Sash, &c, constantly on hand, at my shop No. 271 Third Street, Nearly opposite Meyer's Drug Store, Kilbourntown. aug14-1yr

CROCKERY, CHINA AND GLASS WARE! THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS METHOD of returning his thanks to his numerous Customers for their patronage and to inform them that he has now on hand, the Largest and Best Stock of Goods WEST OF NEW YORK! And they will be sold 25 per cent Cheaper than they can be bought for at any other House. S J MATHER, 86 East Water Street. ☞ Goods delivered in any part of the City free of charge. dec8

MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

VOLUME XI-NEW SERIES. MILWAUKEE, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 25, 1855. WHOLE NUMBER 5008.

Milwaukee Daily Sentinel.

PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED,) BY

RUFUS KING & CO.,

AT THE OFFICE,

Nos 205 & 207 EAST WATER STREET,

CORNER OF [illegible] STREET,

IN THE SECOND, THIRD, AND FOURTH STORIES OF LUDINGTON'S NEW BRICK BLOCK.

TERMS: FROM AND AFTER JULY 1, 1854.

THE DAILY SENTINEL will be left at the door of City Subscribers at Six Dollars a year, payable Quarterly [illegible] IN ADVANCE

THE WEEKLY SENTINEL—THREE DOLLARS AND FIFTY [illegible] IN ADVANCE, AND THE PAPER [illegible] FOR WHICH IT IS PAID, [illegible]

WEEKLY [illegible] ONE DOLLAR A YEAR, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE [illegible] PAPER DISCONTINUED, WHEN THE [illegible] IS PAID EXPIRES

Rates of Advertising from and after June 1st

1 square, per year,	$[illegible]	1 square, 2 weeks,	$3 50
[illegible] 6 months,	[illegible]	1 " 1 "	2 00
[illegible]	12 00	1 " 5 times,	1 75
[illegible]	10 00	1 " 4 "	1 50
[illegible] 2	8 00	1 " 3 days,	1 25
6 weeks	6 00	1 " 2 "	1 00
[illegible]	5 00	1 " 1 "	0 75
3 weeks,	4 00		

☞ [illegible] make a square

Yearly Advertisers $40 per annum, the space not to exceed [illegible] squares at any one time, with changes

[illegible] squares [illegible] quarterly if desired $12 Two squares [illegible] $10

Special [illegible] advertisements of Exhibitions, Concerts &c [illegible] above these rates

[illegible] Marriages [illegible], 25 cents each

All advertisements [illegible] institutions, Fire Companies, Ward and other Public Meetings, will be charged half the regular rates

☞ All Transient Advertisements to be paid for in advance

The privilege of Annual Advertisers is limited to their own regular business and all advertisements for the benefit of other persons as well as all Legal Advertisements and advertisements of Auction sales sent in by them, must be paid for at the usual rates

Advertisements not accompanied by written directions, will be inserted until forbid and charged accordingly

Publishers not accountable for Legal Advertisements beyond the amount charged for their publication

RUFUS KING & CO,
S M BOOTH,
WM E CRAMER,

Milwaukee May [illegible] 1854

BUSINESS CARDS.

I. FOOTE,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law, Milwaukee, Wisconsin Office in Juneau Block over Albert Smith's [illegible] dec20 tf

JOHN McCULLOUGH,

NOTARY PUBLIC AND CONVEYANCER,

[illegible] the Office of the Milwaukee Gas Co, corner of East Water and Wisconsin streets oct24 dif

DRUGS.

W. L. HOPKINS & CO.,

[illegible] East Water Street Milwaukee, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, Glass Ware, [illegible] Also, Patent Medicines and [illegible] of Goods pertaining to the line [illegible] All orders from the Country promptly [illegible] and Goods carefully packed.

W L HOPKINS J F [illegible] A BAYLEY

DIGHTON CORSON,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery [illegible] Block, East Water St, Milwaukee, Wisconsin jy18 d3m

STEWART & BLOODGOOD,

Attorneys at Law—[illegible] East Water Street, An[illegible] jly11

[illegible] STEWART FRANCIS BLOODGOOD

MARSHALL & BUTTRICK,

Attorneys at Law [illegible] Block, East Water St Milwaukee

[illegible] E L BUTTRICK

my4d6mo

WISCONSIN LAND AGENCY.

[illegible] ESTABLISHED IN 1836

The subscriber attends to the Purchase and Sale of Real Estate, Payment of Taxes, Negotiation of Loans, &c &c Taxes paid in all parts of the State, Land Warrants [illegible] and Mortgages, County, Town, and City Orders Bought and Sold

[illegible] may find it for their interest to examine some choice tracts of [illegible] lands, located expressly for farming purposes [illegible] lands (about 90,000 acres) are situated mostly in the Counties of Fond du Lac, Calumet, Sheboygan and Manitowoc and may be had at low prices Satisfactory terms of payment will be granted to persons commencing immediate settlement. ☞ Office in Ottens Brick Block, Eighth Street ap25 1yr GEO [illegible] COLE

A. W. PAINE.

ATTORNEY AT LAW, - - Fond du Lac, Wis

HAS an abstract of all the recorded land titles in the county and the original entries at the Land office, showing the original purchaser, and the present owner of any description of lands or lots in the county Attends to the investigation of titles ap19dly

AUSTIN & LEWIS,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS Mr Lewis having purchased the interest of J [illegible] Dean in the Abstract for [illegible] by A [illegible] & Dean the new Firm will furnish Abstracts of Title of all Lands and Lots in this City and County

[illegible] ALLISON LEWIS

February 21, 1854 feb21

COLLINS, SMITH & KEYES,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, MADISON WISCONSIN

A [illegible] COLLINS, GEO B SMITH, E W KEYES

aug6

MARTIN L. KIMBALL,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, BERLIN, MARQUETTE County Wisconsin my31 1yr

MAY, NEWHALL & SPANGENBERG,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW AND SOLICITORS IN Chancery Office in Kneeland's Block, No 217 East Water Street, Milwaukee Wisconsin

A C MAY [illegible] NEWHALL, EMILIUS SPANGENBERG

[illegible]

[illegible] YATES,

ATTORNEY, COUNSELLOR AND SOLICITOR, HAS RESUMED IN earnest and will continue permanently and exclusively the practice of his profession in all the various Courts in this State Office [illegible] B Cross, Esq, Wisconsin Street, Milwaukee apr29-dlyr

WM HENRY WRIGHT,

ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR AND COUNSELLOR, 171 EAST WATER Street jan15

WELLS & BRIGHAM.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

MILWAUKEE, - - - - WISCONSIN.

Office in Phoenix Building, over the O'Reilly Telegraph Office.

CHAS E WELLS JEROME R BRIGHAM

D A J UPHAM,

ATTORNEY, SOLICITOR AND COUNSELLOR, Office in the Law Buildings, Wisconsin st, Milwaukee [illegible] apr16 1yr

EMMONS & VAN DYKE,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office No [illegible] East Water street, corner of Wisconsin street—Martin's Block aug8

[illegible] EMMONS JOHN H. VAN DYKE

McGREGOR & TENNEY,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW Office removed to [illegible] Buildings, [illegible] opposite the Bank

[illegible]

BROWN & OGDEN,

ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW, Milwaukee, Wisconsin. Office up Wisconsin street, over the Post Office [illegible]

J. M. GILLEAU,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, AND COMMISSIONER OF Deeds for Ohio, Kentucky and other Western States, [illegible] will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care Office No 3 Wall Street, NEW YORK apr50

WATKINS & STARK,

ATTORNEYS, SOLICITORS AND COUNSELLORS OFFICE, Wisconsin street corner of Main

CHAS E WATKINS JOSHUA STARK

ja14dtf

[illegible] WYMAN,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW—Office over More [illegible] East Water street

MARSHALL & ILSLEY,

BANKERS AND EXCHANGE DEALERS, 114 U S Block, East Water street, Milwaukee

[illegible] & SEMOOSE,

[illegible] West Water street Milwaukee

JOHN COLGATE,

DEALER IN

SHELF HARDWARE,

[illegible] STEEL, NAILS,

[illegible] TOOLS, &c, &c,

No 121, EAST WATER STREET,

Milwaukee, Wisconsin. my14

THROOP & BAILEY,

HAT, CAP AND FUR MANUFACTURERS,

[illegible] BUFFALO ROBES, OVERSHOES, [illegible] Canes, Umbrellas, Silk Handkerchiefs and Cravats.

☞ Hats and Caps made to order on short notice. [illegible] promptly attended to.

Cash paid for Furs and Skins.

[illegible] 173 [illegible]

East Water street. apr27 ly Milwaukee

John Plankinton & Co.

[illegible] TO [illegible] BURTON,

MANUFACTURERS OF

SOAP AND CANDLES.

FACTORY in the FOURTH WARD, near the M & M R R Depot

The highest price paid for Tallow and Soap Grease Milwaukee, Aug [illegible] 1854

SAMUEL J. HOLLEY,

PRODUCE, COMMISSION

AND

Shipping Merchant,

[illegible] Consignments of Wheat, Corn, Rye, Oats and Barley [illegible] OSWEGO, N Y

[illegible]

Cigars and Tobacco.

H. STRAUSS,

[illegible]

CIGARS AND TOBACCO.

HAVING A LARGE STOCK [illegible] by importations from Havana, is able to sell at cheaper [illegible] other establishments in this City.

174 East Water Street, Milwaukee. ja6dlyr

BUSINESS CARDS.

F. L. MONSIN,

ENGRAVER IN METALS AND WOOD, No 8 Wisconsin st, corner of Water opposite Stage Office Executes Official Seals, Notarial Seals, Seal Stamps for Societies, etc Also Stencils and Brands, and every other work in his line Milwaukee, Feb 21 1852

The Wisconsin Leather Co.,

HAVE REMOVED FROM THE

OLD STAND OF ALLIS & ALLEN, TO THEIR

NEW FOUR STORY

BRICK STORE,

NO. 80, EAST WATER STREET,

SECOND BLOCK BELOW THE U S HOTEL

[illegible] Jan 1st 1853

JAMES W. CULBERT & CO.,

PLAIN AND FANCY

PAPER BOX MAKERS,

No 71 Lake Street, Third Story Chicago, Illinois

Orders from the Country promptly attended to

JAMES W CULBERT [oct28 d3m] F WRIGLE

UPMANN & LORENZEN,

Real Estate and Money Brokers,

Office, Prentiss Block, Milwaukee.

aug2d6mo

HAVEN POWERS,

JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.

Birchard's Block Cor Spring and West Water-Sts

Office hours—8 to 12 and 2 to 5 1-2.

☞ COURT DAYS—TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

myb 1yr

CITY LEATHER STORE

AND

TANNERY.

G. PFISTER & CO.,

No 149 EAST WATER STREET,

In the Store formerly occupied by Allis & Allen

Have constantly on hand a superior article of

SOLE, UPPER, HARNESS, BRIDLE AND COLLAR LEATHER,

All of their own manufacture Also a good assortment of Eastern

Sole Leather, French and Philadelphia Calf Skins,

And a variety of

SHEEPSKINS & FINDINGS.

☞ The highest price, in Cash, paid for Hides, Calf and Sheep Skins, and Wool, at their Store, and at the CITY TANNERY, on the Menomonee River, Walker's Point. April 8

MAHLER & WENDT,

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN

WINES, BRANDIES, LIQUORS,

AND CIGARS,

NO. 88, EAST WATER STREET,

MILWAUKEE, - - WISCONSIN

AGENTS for the sale of Longworth's, Zimmermann's dry and sparkling Catawba Wines.

M & W will also take orders for the importation of Wines, Liquors, etc, from all parts of Europe, to be delivered to the purchaser under Custom House Bond

A superior brand of RECTIFIED WHISKEY constantly on hand

EXCHANGE on Germany bought and sold sep1

Groceries & Provisions.

MORSE'S

Cheap Cash Store,

Corner West Water and Spring Sts, Milwaukee.

DEALERS IN

Flour, Pork, Fish, Salt, Sugars,

TEAS, COFFEES,

And Groceries and Provisions of all kinds Cash paid for all kinds of Country Produce je23 1yr

WISCONSIN

TRUNK MANUFACTORY,

121 ...EAST WATER STREET,... 121

MILWAUKEE, - - WISCONSIN

AND

PREMIUM TRUNK STORE,

23 *Clark Street, Chicago,*

HAVING RECEIVED THE SILVER MEDAL AT THE ILLINOIS STATE FAIR

W. & C. WRIGHT have a general assortment of Ladies and Gentlemen's Travelling Trunks, of all prices, constantly on hand, consisting of Sole Leather Trunks and Valises, Ladies Hat Boxes, Wood Frame Folios, Packing Trunks, Carpet Bags, &c, which will be sold as low as at any other establishment west of New York, at Wholesale and Retail feb25d

EDWIN D. BAKER & CO.,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Wines, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

ALSO—Rectifiers of a SUPERIOR ARTICLE of

WHISKEY.

79 EAST WATER STREET,

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN

WHISKEY by the single or hundred barrels constantly on hand EDWIN D BAKER,

dec2 F RAY ISHAM

BROWN'S

DAGUERREIAN GALLERY.

MARTIN'S BLOCK,

201 East Water St.,

MILWAUKEE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1847.

First class Pictures taken—Gold Lockets for sale Operators furnished with stock of all kinds

ENGRAVING

N. B. WILCOX,

DESIGNER AND ENGRAVER.

Portraits, Buildings, Views, Bill-Heads, Business Cards, Seals, Book Illustrations, Ornamental Designs, &c,

ENGRAVED IN THE BEST STYLE.

DRAWINGS TAKEN OF MACHINERY FOR PATENTS

Juneau Block, Third Floor, 214 East Water Street, oct21 tf Milwaukee Wisconsin

NEW STORE! NEW GOODS!!

VICTOR SCHUETTE'S

Grocery and Provision Store,

MARKET SQUARE,

Corner of Nunnemacher's Brick Block.

MY FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY are hereby notified that I have just opened, at the Corner Store of Nunnemacher's Brick Block, on Market Square, in the First Ward, a

GROCERY AND PROVISION STORE.

My Goods are all New and Fresh, and having bought them, and always buying them cheap, for cash it is my intention to sell them at all times *as Cheap, if not Cheaper than my Competitors* and I hereby respectfully invite the public to call and convince themselves of this fact personally.

☞ COUNTRY PRODUCE of every kind always bought for Cash or in Trade, at the current Market Prices

jly17 VICTOR SCHUETTE

LAGER BEER HALL!

Charles Best & Co.

THE subscribers respectfully announce to their friends and the Public generally, that they have bought the store formerly occupied by John Hickey, two doors south of Mahler & Wendt, on East Water street, and at the solicitation of many have resolved to open there on Tuesday April 25th, a

LAGER BEER HALL.

The room is peculiarly adapted to such a business and has been magnificently fitted

Our Lager Beer is well known as the best in the city Patronage respectfully solicited

my26 CHARLES BEST & CO

BILLECART SALMON'S

VERZENAY

CHAMPAIGN,

MAREUIL, SUR AY.

SOLE IMPORTER: ... J MEYER, Jr, N Y,

Agent: HENRY WILD, Milwaukee, Wis

A new supply of this favored Brand just received by Express Orders to be left at the Beer Hall of [illegible] nov6tf CHARLES BEST & CO, Market Square

Wines, Liquors & Segars.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY call the attention of the public to their Large and Extensive Stock of

WINES, LIQUORS AND SEGARS,

which, having been bought in large quantities from first hands, and prior to the rise, enables them to compete with any establishment in this city. The season for Festivities is at hand, and those wishing to purchase for such occasions, as well as for

MEDICINAL PURPOSES,

can be supplied by applying to

EDWIN D BAKER & CO,

Importers and Wholesale Dealers,

dec16 79 East Water Street.

Farm Wanted.

A SIXTY OR EIGHTY ACRE FARM WANTED IN exchange for a House and Lot pleasantly located in the First Ward of this City. Apply to

J E CRAMPTON,

dec30 Real Estate Agt.

TRANSPORTATION.

1854.

52 Miles Shortest Route to Niagara Falls.

Only 18½ Hours to Buffalo and Niagara Falls FROM CHICAGO, AND

25½ Running Time from Milwaukee.

Only One Change of Cars and Baggage

Over the New Short Route, via.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD,

CANADA BROAD GUAGE RAILWAYS,

STEAMERS ON LAKE ERIE,

In connection with the New York Central, New York and Erie, Buffalo and New York City, and Elmira and Niagara Falls Railroads, to

New York, Boston, & all Eastern Thoroughfares from Buffalo & Niagara Falls.

Four Daily Trains Leave Chicago

1st Cincinnati Express, at 5 A. M., via New Albany and Salem Railroad, through in 15 hours

2d Express, at 5.45 A. M., connecting at Detroit with the Canada Railways, arriving at Niagara Falls and Buffalo next morning in time for the early Train East

3d Steamboat Express, at 12 30 M., connecting at Detroit with the North Shore Steamers, arriving at Buffalo next afternoon in time for the 5 P M Train, arriving in New York next morning Connecting also with steamers for Cleveland and the different lines of Railroads from there next morning to Pittsburgh Philadelphia, &c

4th Express, at 7 15 P M., connecting with Canada Railways, arriving at Niagara Falls and Buffalo next afternoon, and New York next morning Connecting also with steamers for Sandusky

Only one Train Sundays—7.15 P. M.

The New and Mammoth Low Pressure Steamers

WESTERN WORLD, C O STANARD, Master, leaves Detroit Tuesdays and Fridays

PLYMOUTH ROCK, G E WILLOUGHBY, Master, leaves Detroit, Wednesdays and Saturdays

MAY FLOWER, T T HOODOO, Master, leaves Detroit, Mondays and Thursdays

On the arrival of the Chicago Express, at 10 15 P M, going DIRECT THROUGH without Landing, via North Shore, arriving in Buffalo in time for the 5 P M Train, and New York next morning at 9 15

The two new steamers were built this season at an expense of over *half a million* of dollars, and have *no equal in the world* in every respect Their capacity exceeds any steamers afloat, having 100 State Rooms, with Double Beds, and can accommodate 830 persons with Berths

Passengers purchasing through Tickets by Railroad all the way, can change them at Detroit and go by steamer, so also, those purchasing Tickets by steamer, can exchange and go by Railroad.

Baggage checked through from Chicago to Albany and New York and no extra charge for handling, and no exchange of Checks, as by the Lake Shore Road via *Erie and Harbor Creek*

☞ Tickets good for 90 Days, allowing Passengers to stop over on the Route

Two Boats a Day from Milwaukee.

Two of Capt Clement's splendid Low Pressure Steamers leave Milwaukee Daily, in connection with the above route, on the arrival of the Cars from Madison and Janesville

Morning Boat leaves at . . . . . . 9 00 A M

Evening Boat leaves at . . . . . . 8 30 P M

☞ Be particular and purchase Through Tickets by the GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE, of the different Agents North and West

☞ For Tickets apply on board Clement's Line of Steamers, or to W W Wilson at the Cars

R. N. RICE, Superintendent

W F TIBBITS, Travelling Agent, Wis aug2

1854. 1854.

NEW ROUTE TO THE EAST.

THE

Great Western Railway of Canada

IS NOW OPEN FROM

DETROIT TO NIAGARA FALLS!

FORMING THE LAST LINK OF THE

GREAT CENTRAL ROUTE!

BETWEEN

Chicago, New York and Boston,

Being the Shortest, Quickest and Cheapest Route East!

Only One Change of Cars Between Chicago and Niagara Falls.

DAY EXPRESS leaves Detroit, daily (Sundays excepted,) at 9.00 A M

Connecting at Niagara Falls with the New York Central Evening Express, arriving in New York next morning

ACCOMMODATION leaves Detroit daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 30 P M

EVENING EXPRESS leaves Detroit daily, at 5 30 P M

Connecting at Niagara Falls with the New York Central Morning Lightning Express, arriving in New York the same evening

Through from Detroit to Niagara Falls in 8½ hours.

Through from Detroit to New York in 24 hours

☞ Passengers leaving Detroit in the morning arrive at Buffalo the same evening

Through from Chicago to New York in 34 hours

The Great Western Railway also connects at Niagara Falls with the Canandaigua and Niagara Falls branch of the New York & Erie R R and via Buffalo with the Buffalo and New York City Branch New York & Erie R R.—a variety of connections East unequalled by any other route

Baggage Checked through to Niagara Falls, Buffalo, Albany, or New York.

This route offers great inducements to travelers, by the great distance saved, over any other route

THE GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY passes through the most interesting and highly cultivated portion of Canada, affording a variety of scenery, of un surpassed *beauty and grandeur*, including the two greatest wonders of the world—the Falls of Niagara, and the Railway Suspension over Niagara River

For through tickets, apply at the office of the Michigan Central Railroad, opposite the United States Hotel, next door to the American Express Co's Office, Huron Street, Milwaukee, or at their Offices at Janesville, Madison and along shore

C J BRYDGES, Managing Director.

D. S. CHANDALL, General Western Agent

M. L. VARNEY, Agent, Milwaukee.

January, 1854 feb2dtf

1854. 1854.

WM. BROWN & CO.,

Produce Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANTS,

Erie St., Foot of Main St., Milwaukee.

THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVE THIS DAY FORMED A Copartnership under the name and firm of WM BROWN & CO., in the Produce Forwarding and Commission Business.

They have taken the Warehouse and Storage Shed, formerly occupied by Johnson & Co, being the largest and most convenient place on the Lake for Receiving, Storing and Delivering Merchandise The Warehouse and Shed are *below all the Bridges*, and have 260 feet of Dock Room

Particular attention paid to Discharge of Cargoes, and Receiving and Delivery, or Forwarding of Merchandise, Furniture, &c, to city or country Consignments respectfully solicited Liberal advances made upon property for sale here or to be forwarded to the East

Consignments to the late firm of BROWN & LARKIN attended to according to their agreements

☞ Flour, Coal and Water Lime, constantly on hand for sale

WM BROWN,
E O JOHNSON, Jr
ROLAND OLMSTED

Milwaukee, July 15, 1854. jly17tf

IN NEW QUARTERS!

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, 20th November, I can be found in my

New Brick Ware-House,

Ready to do all kinds of PRODUCE BUSINESS. Will Buy or Store Grain, on good terms

The danger from Fire is but little, as I keep a faithful man to watch the house, who goes around it every hour during the night I am now having made an engine to throw water all over the house in five minutes

Orders to buy or store Grain or Flour solicited.

Milwaukee, Nov 17, 1854 DANIEL NEWHALL nov18

1854. 1854.

DICKINSON & CO.,

Produce & Commission Merchants,

—AT—

Burnham's New Brick Warehouse,

WEST WATER STREET, FOURTH WARD,

MILWAUKEE.

R HIBBARD, Milwaukee D C DICKINSON,

T HIBBARD, " Waukegan

Wheat, Oats, Barley, Rye, Corn, Flour &c

BOUGHT AND SOLD.

Highest Market Price Paid for Produce oct14dtf

W. JACKSON & SON,

Of the Late Firm of W & N Jackson & Sons,

GRATE AND FENDER MAKERS,

246 Front Street, and 230 Broadway, N.Y

KEEP constantly on hand every variety of GRATES and FENDERS. Also CIRCULAR and SQUARE GERMAN SILVER GRATES Wholesale Dealers supplied [illegible] 1yr

CHICAGO

Lead Pipe

AND SHEET LEAD

WORKS!

Corner Clinton & Fulton Sts., West Side.

THESE WORKS ARE NOW IN OPERATION, and a full supply of all sizes of LEAD PIPE and SHEET LEAD will be constantly kept on hand. All orders will receive our prompt attention.

dec28 4y COLLINS & BLATCHFORD.

PLAYING CARDS, Steamboats, Highlanders and Moguls. [illegible] ROOD & GOODRICH.

PARLOR BALLS, made of India Rubber, and Dolls, for sale by ROOD & GOODRICH.

NOTICE

I HEREBY GIVEN, That the annual meeting of Stockholders of the Milwaukee and [illegible] Company, for the election of seven Directors, will be held at the Mansion House, in the Second Ward of the City of Milwaukee, on Monday, the 5th day of February, 1855, at 1 o'clock P. M.

By order of the Board of Directors.

jan11-dtdbb L. COMSTOCK, Secretary.

TRANSPORTATION.

U. S. Mail and Express Route.

CHICAGO AND MISSISSIPPI R. R

Air Line Route to Bloomington, Springfield, Alton and St. Louis.

TWO THROUGH PASSENGER TRAINS

LEAVE CHICAGO DAILY SUNDAYS EXCEPTED

Day Express and Mail, at 9.15 A. M.

Night Express, at 10.05 P. M.

TRAINS pass through the flourishing towns of Bloomington and Springfield (thirty eight miles less distance to Bloomington and fifty eight miles less distance to Springfield than any other route) and connect at Alton with the Company's splendid Steamers *Altoona* and *Reindeer*, through to St Louis (23 miles) without landing

Time from Chicago to St. Louis 16 hours.

☞ Baggage checked through to St Louis, and to way stations

** Through Tickets to St Louis and to all way stations can be obtained at the Rock Island Passenger Depot and at the Company's Ticket Office, No 48 Dearborn street opposite the Tremont House

nov28 6mo RICHARD P MORGAN, Jr, Supt.

Buffalo, Milwaukee & Chicago.

1854. 1854.

FREE TRADE LINE!

NO MONOPOLY.

THE following first class Propellers will form a line semi weekly, in opposition to the two lines called the Despatch and People's line, for the transportation of freight and Passengers to and from Buffalo Chicago and Milwaukee and intermediate ports, immediately on the opening of navigation

Western Merchants will find it largely to their interest to call on this Line before making contracts for transportation elsewhere as their rates will be reduced

Leaving their dock foot of Michigan Street Buffalo, every Wednesday and Saturday evenings

Illinois,	Baltic,
St Joseph,	Delaware,
Minesota,	Brighton

New Propeller

For freight or passage, apply on board or to

WM MONTEITH,

Agent, Coburn Square Buffalo

N Y & MILWAUKEE TRANSPORTATION

1854. 1854.

CLINTON LINE.

Wm. Monteith——Proprietor.

BUFFALO.

THE Clinton Line having largely increased its facilities for transportation from New York to all western ports, is prepared to contract freight from New York to Milwaukee, in connection with the above line of Propellers at reduced rates, and the proprietor flatters himself that he will be favored with a fair share of Milwaukee business

AGENTS.

HENRY GRINNELL } 11 Broad st 2 doors below
W H CURTISS } Front, N Y,
WM H AINSWORTH 100 Pier Albany
WM. MONTEITH, Coburn square Buffalo
KELLOGG & STRONG, Milwaukee
ap12

WESTERN LAKE BOAT LINE.

1854. 1854.

Merchandise forwarded Daily to and from New York Albany and Buffalo to all Ports on the Western Lakes and connecting with Canals and Railroads, with despatch

Without Reshipping at Albany or Troy.

Cargoes Insured between New York and Buffalo

WELLS D. WALBRIDGE, Proprietor,

Foot of Washington Street, Buffalo

AGENTS.

F W LAWSON }
ALEX H PETERS, } 11 Broad Street, (up stairs,)
JNO M OSBORN } New York

J. J. TALLMADGE foot of Washington st, Buffalo

BELL & BUTTON, Milwaukee

REFERENCES

DURAND & LAWRENCE, }
I H CORDES, } Milwaukee
SETH JOHNSON, Jr, }

feb18

1854. 1854.

FULTON LAKE BOAT LINE.

Merchandise forwarded daily to and from New York and Buffalo, and all Ports on the Western Lakes and Canals with Despatch,

Without Transhipment at Troy or Albany.

Cargoes Insured between New York and Buffalo

PROPRIETORS:

ELLIS, PETRIE & CO - - - Buffalo
JAMES BELL & CO, - - - New York
A D ELLIS, CHAS D FOLGER
WM PETRIE, JAMES BELL

AGENTS:

Wm H Chase, No 113 Broad st, cor of Front New York
Chas A Folger & Co, - - - Albany
J W Haskin, } Chequered Warehouse Milwaukee
J Hadley, }

References—by permission.

SEXTON, WING & Co, - - Milwaukee
T LITTELL, - - - Milwaukee
mr16 1yr

1854. 1854.

L. J. HIGBY,

FORWARDING, COMMISSION AND PRODUCE

MERCHANT,

WILL Contract to Forward Goods or Produce to or from any Ports East or West, by Responsible Lines by Railroad or Canal, will attend to Selling Grain or other Produce at the Rail Road Depot here all which with my NEW WAREHOUSE at the Depot, and Mammoth Pier, give me advantages more convenient to Country Merchants than any other House here

Milwaukee, March 20, 1854 mr21tf

NEW BOOKS.

THE LANDS OF THE SARACEN—by Bayard Taylor

Ruth Hall—by Fanny Fern

Ida May (Twentieth thousand)

Poems of the Orient—by Bayard Taylor

You've Heard of Them—by "Q"

Southward Ho!—New Edition—by W G Simms

Maxims of Washington—Collected by Schroeder

Howard's Practice Reports—Vol IX

The Republican Court

Church Almanac for 1855

Things as they are in America—by Wm Chambers

For sale by ARCHIBALD WILSON,

jan4 175 East Water st

FOWLER'S

Empire Sky-Light Daguerrean

GALLERY!

ALL PERSONS WISHING TO get a PERFECT LIKENESS, will please call at Gallery No 201½ East Water street, Empire Block, where they can get a Likeness with Case for any reasonable price

I have on hand a large assortment of Cases which I will sell at New York prices

Pictures inserted in Rings or Lockets and warranted to please

Mr F keeps constantly on hand DAGUERREOTYPE MATERIALS, comprising all varieties of Plain and Fancy Cases, Gold Lockets &c, which the New York market affords, and at low rates

Daguerreotypists are invited to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere

jan11 ELBERT W FOWLER, Artist

New Books for Children.

MERRIE ENGLAND—or Travels, Description Tales and Historical Sketches—by Grace Greenwood Illustrated

Clovernook Children by Alice Carey

The Forest Exiles or the Perils of a Peruvian Family, Amid the Wilds of the Amazon—by Capt M Reid—Illustrated

The Desert Home, or Adventures of a Lost Family in the Wilderness—by Capt M Reid—Illustrated

The Boy Hunter, by " "

The Young Voyagers, " "

The Wonder Book, by Hawthorne

Adventures in Fairy Land by Stoddard

Jack Halliard in the Arctic Ocean

Emily Herbert, or the Happy Home—by Miss M [illegible]

Rose and Lillie Stanhope, or the Tower of Cenci [illegible]—by Miss McIntosh

The Rose and the Ring—by Thackeray

Received and for sale at WILSON'S Bookstore,

jan13-d&w 175 East Water st

WATCHES!

GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, ranging in price from $5 to $250, and Warranted the best in market.

nov18 ROOD & GOODRICH

PREMIUM CUTLERY!

F. J. BLAIR

HAS FOR SALE A LARGE STOCK OF FINE AMERICAN TABLE CUTLERY, which received the Premium at the late State Fair, consisting of

Carved Ivory Handled Table and Dessert Knives Carvers and Steels

Plain Ivory Handled Table and Dessert Knives and Forks, Carvers and Steels

Cocoa, Buck, Buffalo and Bone Handled Table and Dessert Knives and Forks, Carvers and Steels.

Also, a large Stock of common English Table Cutlery.

Just Received,

NATURE IN DISEASE, and other writings, by Jacob Bigelow, M D

People of the Orient—new supply—by Bayard Taylor.

Goethe's Faust—new edition—translated by A Hayward.

Grape Culture—small English Edition, illustrated

[illegible] Before the Mast.

Shepard-Stilling Cookery for the People

The London Art Journal, for December

Frank Leslie's Ladies' Gazette, for January

Checkering of Common Life, part 5th

Seward's Pocket Almanac and Church Register for 1855

For sale by ARCHIBALD WILSON,

jan13-d&w 175 East Water st.

TRANSPORTATION.

Milwaukee & Mississippi Railroad.

Winter Arrangement.

ON AND AFTER NOV 27th, 1854, the Trains will run as follows, (Sundays excepted)—

GOING WESTWARD.

A Passenger Train will leave Milwaukee at 8 15 A M, and arrive at Janesville at 12 M., in time to connect with the 2 P. M. Train at Afton for Chicago, and at Madison at 1 P M

A PASSENGER TRAIN will also leave Milwaukee for Janesville and Madison at 4 P M

GOING EASTWARD.

A PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Madison at 7 15 A. M. and Janesville at 8 A M

A PASSENGER TRAIN will also leave Madison at 3.10 P M, and Janesville at 4 P M. on the arrival of the passengers from Chicago, at Afton, at 2 P M

FREIGHT TRAINS run daily (Sundays excepted) each way over the entire length of the Road

On and after Tuesday, Dec 14th, 1854, a Train will commence running hereon the M & W R R, which will connect with the Morning and Afternoon Passenger Trains on the M & M R R, at the Junction.

By this arrangement, passengers are taken to Watertown, Fond du Lac, Beaver Dam, Horicon, Waupun and Berlin.

☞ Stages run in connection with the Cars, from Janesville and Madison to Fort Winnebago Baraboo, Sauk, Dodgeville Mineral Point, Florence, Galena and Dubuque and various other portions of the State

EDWARD H BRODHEAD,

dec23 Supt and Engineer

MILWAUKEE & WATERTOWN

RAILROAD.

FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE, the Cars will commence running as follows

Leave Milwaukee at 10 A. M.

" " at 5:50 P. M.

Leave Oconomowoc at 7 A. M.

" " at 3 P. M.

THESE TRAINS WILL CONNECT AT THE JUNCTION with the passenger trains on the M & M R R

EDWARD H BRODHEAD,

Jan3 Eng'r and Sup't.

REED'S

Chicago and Lake Superior Line.

1854.

ON THE OPENING OF NAVIGATION

One of the First Class Steamers of the above Line will

Leave Chicago on Monday & Friday Evenings

of each week during the season of navigation, connecting with the SAM WARD, of Ward's Lake Superior Line,

Leaving Sault Ste. Marie every Thursday,

at 2 o'clock P M The other connecting with the steamer BALTIMORE, of McKnight's Lake Superior Line, leaving Sault Ste Marie every TUESDAY, returning will leave Sault Ste Marie every THURSDAY morning at 8 o'clock, and on TUESDAY at 8 o'clock A M The Line from

CHICAGO TO SAULT STE. MARIE,

Will be made up with the Low Pressure Steam Palaces

QUEEN CITY AND TROY.

The SUPERIOR leaves Chicago on Wednesday of each week returning leaves Sault Ste Marie every Sunday Morning at 8 o'clock Connects at Sault Ste Marie with the Steamers Manhattan for all Ports on Lake Superior

☞ The above Boats will leave regularly on their advertised days, from Reed's Warehouse and Docks, foot of [illegible] Street

Chicago March 20, 1854 A T SPENCER & CO., Agents mr29tf

1854. 1854.

WELLS & HILL,

Produce & Commission Merchants,

MILWAUKEE, ... WISCONSIN.

DANIEL WELLS, Jr ... HORATIO HILL

Wheat,	Pork,	Pig Iron,
Barley,	Lard,	Shot,
Corn,	Flour,	Lead,
Oats,	Salt,	Coal,
Wool,	Dried Fruits;	Water Lime

Liberal cash advances made on produce, new or old by them or by our agents at Buffalo, New York and Boston

1854. 1854.

J. W. HASKIN,

Produce, Forwarding and Commission

MERCHANT,

AT THE CHEQUERED WAREHOUSE, NEAR THE FOOT OF EAST WATER STREET,

MILWAUKEE, WISCONSIN.

HAVING a commodious Ware-House, advantageously located, we are prepared to transact every variety of our business with promptness and despatch, and liberal Cash Advances will be made, if desired, on Property, in store, for Sale or Shipment We are prepared to contract freights to and from Boston and New York, at the lowest rates

Please call on us before completing business arrangements

J W HASKIN,

ap13 J HADLEY

1854.

BELL & BUTTON,

PRODUCE, FORWARDING AND

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AT THE WARE HOUSE formerly occupied by D. NEWHALL, on Walker's Point, will make liberal cash advances on property in Store, for sale here, or shipment East.

April 6, 1854 my11dtf

1854. 1854.

NICHOLS, BRITT & CO.,

Produce, Forwarding and

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

DEALERS IN

COAL, SALT, FLOUR, CHEESE, DRIED FRUIT, Lime, &c Liberal Cash Advances made on Property for Sale in this or any of the Eastern Markets

BROWN WAREHOUSE, - - - ERIE STREET

Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

Also Agents for the sale of all kinds of Country Produce, Wool and all other Property, and will endeavor at all times to obtain the best Market Rates and make prompt returns

Office at the Depot of the M & M, Rail Road Co'

We are also Agents for the Troy & Erie Line. Consignments for the Cities on the line of the Rail Road and for the Country generally respectfully solicited Merchandise consigned to us will receive prompt attention

Thankful for the patronage and favors extended to us the past year, we shall endeavor by a prompt attention to business to merit a continuance

S NICHOLS, O E BRITT, H A NICHOLS.

REFERENCES:

ALEX MITCHELL, President Wis M & F Ins Co Bk,
E CRAMER, President State Bank, Wisconsin
DAVID FERGUSON, Cash Wis M & F Ins Co Bank
S SCOTT, Cashier State Bank of Wisconsin mr6

1854. 1854.

KELLOGG & STRONG,

Forwarding and Commission Merchants,

Middle Pier, Foot of Huron Street.

Agents for Clement's Line of Steamers on Lake Michigan (running in connection with M S and M C R R) and American Transportation Co on the Erie Canal

All Property Consigned to us for the City, or upon the Line of Railroads leading West will be

Forwarded without Delay.

Milwaukee, February 16, 1854 feb17

WM. B. ALVORD,

Produce Commission

MERCHANT,

HIGBY'S BROWN WAREHOUSE,

West Water Street,

MILWAUKEE, - - WISCONSIN.

REFER TO

A MITCHELL, Esq., Pres Wis Marine & Fire Insurance Co Bank, } Milwaukee.
H S SCOTT, Esq, Cashier State Bank Wisconsin, } Milwaukee
Messrs KNEELAND & BULL, Bankers, Milwaukee
Messrs H W WILLARD & CO, 9 Central Wharf, Buffalo, and 11 Broad Street New York
Messrs MANN VAIL & CO., Buffalo
Messrs THAYER, RICE & CO., Boston

Le Salon De Danse!

AT

CONCERT HALL, MILWAUKEE.

MR. G. H. DAVIS,

IN RETURNING HIS SINCERE THANKS TO THE Citizens of Milwaukee for the very liberal patronage thus far bestowed upon him, and hoping by strict attention to his business to merit a continuance of the same, would respectfully announce that he is yet on hand, with Mr ARNOLD, to give instructions in the fashionable art of Dancing, such as Quadrilles, Contra Dances, Reels, Spanish Dances, Polka Waltz Polka Reel, Hop Waltz, German Waltz Redowa, Mazurka, Goelitza, Bolero, Varsovianna, Esmeralda Schottisch, New Half Schottisch, Celarius, Zingarilla, Valse a Cinq Temps, The Tempestes, Tarantella, Waltzes in two, three, four and five steps.

Private Lessons given when not otherwise engaged.

MR D ARNOLD, Musician, with New Music, and Prompter in the new and fashionable changes of Dancing, furnishes Music for Parties, Public or Private. Terms liberal

All orders left at the Hall, or Dr Shepherd's Main-st., or by Mail, promptly attended to

N B—The Wednesday Evening Soirees are under the special supervision of a Committee of Gentlemen appointed for that purpose. jan11-tf

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S are at hand and we are prepared to furnish all kinds of traps at cheap rates: dec14 ROOD & GOODRICH.

MISCELLANEOUS.

At Blake's Millinery Establishment,

MAY BE FOUND THE LARGEST STOCK OF EMBROIDERED MUSLIN GOODS

WEST OF NEW YORK!

DRESS AND CLOAK TRIMMINGS in great variety

Bonnet Ribbons, the newest styles

Black Mantilla Velvets all silk

Bonnet Velvets, in all shades

Royal Velvets for Ladies

Hats, the newest goods out

Bonnet Satins, in all shades

Ladies' and Children's Gloves.

Hosiery suitable for the season

10 doz Ladies black and drab spun Silk Hose, all qualities

50 doz Ladies' Dress Caps and Head Dresses

Gent's Gloves and Hosiery, a good article

Infants' Hoods, Robes, Waists, Socks, and all of the little fixings.

40 cases Ladies' Chasse Hats, received this day by express nov11

MRS. NEVIEU,

Milliner and Dress Maker,

Wisconsin Street, Opposite Young's Hall,

WOULD INFORM HER FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC generally, that she is now prepared to furnish everything in the Millinery and Dress Making line, of the

LATEST AND MOST FASHIONABLE STYLES,

And upon the shortest notice She also keeps constantly on hand every variety of

FANCY GOODS,

Consisting in part of the following styles

LADIES' SILK HATS, LADIES' STRAW do,

Ribbons of every description, some very rich styles,

LADIES' KID GLOVES,

Embroidery Goods,

Dress Trimmings, Flowers, Buttons, NEEDLES, &c, &c

To which she invites the inspection of those wishing to purchase, confident that she will be able to suit them from her large and well selected stock oct13tf

Henry Niedecken Charles Geisberg

Henry Niedecken & Co.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THEIR Friends and the public generally, that they are now receiving the best and most carefully selected stock of

Staple and Fancy Stationery,

AND

BOOK BINDERS' STOCK,

That ever has been brought to this City Our

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY

AND

Book Bindery

Is the most extensive establishment in the state, and our facilities for executing orders are greater than those of any other house in the North West Our Blank Book Work has received the Prize at every State Fair held in this State Particular attention paid to Sets of Books for

Banks, Insurance Co.'s

Rail Road Companies,

FORWARDERS,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, &C.

Every Pattern of

RULING,

Done with more accuracy of neatness than anywhere else

State, County and City Officers,

Are particularly requested to examine our Stock and the Job Work done at our establishment before purchasing elsewhere sep26tf

GROCERIES! GROCERIES!!

AT WHOLESALE!

109 EAST WATER ST., 109

LITTELL & BAKER,

Are now Receiving their Fall Stock

OF

GROCERIES!!

THEIR Stock is complete and very large The subscribers have been engaged in the Wholesale Grocery Business for the past four years, and feel confident that their facilities for buying Goods in their line are not surpassed by any House in the West, and will guarantee to duplicate any Retail Dealer's order purchased in New York, adding necessary expenses

Their Stock consists, in part, as follows:

50 Hhds. Brown Sugar, Various Grades.

25 Bbls CLARIFIED SUGAR.

50 Bbls CRUSHED, GROUND AND LOAF, DO.

250 Bags Rio, Laguayra and Java Coffee

25 HHDS. MOLASSES. 20 BBLS. DO.

100 Bbls. Stewart's Syrup!

300 *BOXES OF SARDINES—100 do CASTILE, BROWN & PALE SOAP.*

Pepper, Spice, Nutmegs, Indigo, &c

Also on hand, Plows, Harrows, Thermometers, Churns together with a full assortment of Agricultural and Horticultural implements from the celebrated Manufactory of Ruggles, Nourse Mason & Co, and others Also agent E I Du Pont, De Nemours & Co's celebrated Powder, in Kegs Canisters and Safety Fuse, in large or small quantities, always on hand and for sale cheap

The subscribers would tender their thanks for the liberal manner they have been patronized for the last four years, and hope to merit a continuation by strict attention to the wants of their customers

October 7, 1854 oct7d&w

LIQUORS! LIQUORS!!

J. W. HOYT,

No. 179 East Water Street,

MILWAUKEE,

WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION of those that are desirous of SAVING MONEY in making purchases, to the fact that I have now in Store and to arrive, an

Immense Stock of Imported

BRANDIES, WINES, &c.,

Together with a General Assortment of WINES AND LIQUORS, which we shall sell, as heretofore,

At the Very Lowest Rates!

Among our BRANDIES may be found the following favorite brands.

United Vineyard Proprietors,	Cognac
Otard, Dupuy & Co.,	do
London Dock,	do
A Seignette,	do
Paul do	do
Pinet, Castillon & Co,	do

ALSO, A LARGE QUANTITY OF

Bottled Wines & Liquors,

OF THE "CHOICEST QUALITY"

DOUBLE RECTIFIED WHISKY, Constantly on hand [nov1] J W HOYT

New Books!

BANCROFT'S 6th Volume, of the History of the U S

The Boyhood of Great Men, Illustrated

Footprints of Famous Men,

Hills, Lakes and Forest Streams, by S H Hammond,

Poems and Ballads, by Gerald Massey, containing several new Poems never before published

Garden of Eden, or Pictures of Cuba.

Life of John Chrysostom, based on the Investigations of Neander, Bohringer and others

A Popular Account of the Ancient Egyptians, 2 vols, by Sir J G Wilkinson Illustrated with 500 wood cuts

Life's Lesson—a tale

Illustrations of Genius, by Henry Giles

Thoughts and Things at Home and Abroad, by Elihu Burritt

Substance and Shadows, or Phases of Every Day Life

Travels in Armenia, a Year on the Frontiers of Russia, Turkey and Persia, by the Hon Robert Curzon

Wood's Illustrated Natural History

The Singers Companion, a choice selection of songs, &c

"The City Side, or Passages from a Pastor's Portfolio

New "Tale of a Tub," An Adventure in verse

A Manual for the use of Notaries Public

A Complete Manual for the Cultivation of the Strawberry

Berthe and Lily, or the Parsonage of Beech Glen

Memoirs of Celebrated Characters, by A D Lamartine, 2 vols.

Memorable Women, the story of their lives

The Spirit Rapper, by O A Benson

Specimens of English Dramatic Poets, with Notes by Chas Lamb London Edition

Thomas Wm Parsons' Poems.

A Complete Treatise on Artificial Fish Breeding

Just received and for sale at 175 East Water street.

nov11-d&w ARCHIBALD WILSON

City Auction Room.

I AM NOW PREPARED and am ready at all times to advance money on Dry Goods, Groceries, Furnitures, &c, &c, and also to continue to receive and sell Goods on Commission, on fair terms I will advance fifty per cent on any Goods left with me, and my charges shall and will be moderate CALEB WALL,

nov13 Law Buildings

City Land and Brokers' Office.

PERSONS wishing to borrow money, or sell Mississippi Railroad Stock, or short time Notes, can find a few thousand dollars at my office, Law Buildings, Wisconsin street. nov18 CALEB WALL

Homœopathic Works.

MANUAL OF HOMŒOPATHIC PRACTICE FOR the use of Families and Private Individuals, by A E Small, M D

The Homœopathic Materia Medica, arranged systematically and practically, by A. Teste, translated from the French, by C J Hempel.

Hull's Laurie's Homœopathic Practice of Physic.

The Philadelphia Journal of Homœopathy, two vols.

Organon of Specific Homœopathy, by C J Hempel

Laurie's Parents Guide, edited by R Williamson, M D.

Complete Homœopathic Domestic Physician, with 50 illustrations, edited by [illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] Treatment by H Williamson, M. D.

Homœopathic Treatment of Indigestive Consumption.

Kreuter's Therapeutics of Acute and Chronic Diseases.

Diseases of the Sexual System, by F Humphrey, M D.

Hand Book to Veterinary Homœopathy, by John Rush.

The Sides of the Body and Drug Affinities, edited by Hempel. Received and for sale by

ARCHIBALD WILSON,

nov9-d&w 175 East Water-st.

FOR SALE CHEAP,

LOTS 9 & 10 IN BLOCK 4 2nd Ward. Apply to

J E CRAMPTON

[illegible] Real Estate Agt.

N. Y. ADVERTISEMENTS.

CRANE & CO'S ADVERTISING HOUSE,

No. 102 Nassau Street, New York,

AND

No. 57 South Third Street, Philadelphia.

B. T. Babbitt's Potash in Tin Cans

OF 33½—12—7lbs each assorted, 145 the market price warranted equal to any in use at about the same price as that in casks, with full directions for use printed on each can being in a much more portable condition than that in casks. Any person desirous to try it will please remit ten dollars in a letter to my risk, or through some friend in this place, and I will forward one case as above, 113 lbs This article has been in use for the last three years and gives the best of satisfaction to all who have used it.

Also, Super Carbonate Soda, Soap Powder, Yeast Powder, Castile Soap, Cream Tartar, Candles of all kinds, and the best Saleratus, in pound papers, 60 in a case or other packages.

B T BABBITT,

Nos 68 & 70 Washington Street, New York.

ddc14 3mosC&L

MISCELLANEOUS.

EXPRESS ARRIVAL!

CITY

CASH CLOTHING STORE

MAGIE & SWAIN,

INVITE ATTENTION TO AN ENTIRE

New Stock of Over-Coatings,

PLUSH & VELVET VESTINGS,

AND FRENCH CASSIMERES,

Just from New York and Boston, which we are prepared to make up, at the Shortest Notice, in the

LATEST AND MOST APPROVED STYLES,

The Workmanship is Warranted in every case to surpass any Establishment in the West All Garments Warranted to Fit the first time, or no sale Our

Ready-Made Clothing Stock,

IS NOW

FULL UP TO THE HANDLE,

WHICH WE OFFER AT

Wholesale and Retail,

At prices that will induce those to purchase that are in want of the Fall and Winter supply Our Ready-Made Clothing is made under our own supervision and warranted to surpass any Stock offered in this or any other Market in the West Our

Furnishing Goods.

Consist of a great variety of New Styles of

CRAVATS, TIES, STOCKS,

Silk Wrappers and Drawers,

Of a very heavy quality, for Winter wear Other and other styles of

FUR GLOVES AND GAUNTLETS,

Of the First Quality

BOY'S CLOTHING

In great variety of styles, which we offer at the lowest Prices Also in store some desirable styles of Goods for Boy's Clothes, which we make up as usual in the Latest Fashions for the little Gents

Fall Fashion Plates for Sale.

J MAGIE J A SWAIN

Milwaukee November 28, 1854 no 28

The Banks have nearly all Failed!

SO FAR AS SPECIE PAYMENT IS CONCERNED,

AND ALL IN CONSEQUENCE OF

Gold Coin being worked up into Fine Jewelry

A. B. VAN COTT

HAS THE LARGEST STOCK OF

Watches, Jewelry, Fancy Goods,

AND MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS,

EVER BROUGHT TO THIS WEST-ern Country and as to quality and price he CHALLENGES COMPETITION A single day will be well spent in looking over his MAMMOTH STOCK, even should you not wish to purchase. He proposes to sell every article in his line at lower prices for the quality than any other house this side of New York.

☞ All Goods warranted as recommended, or money refunded

In addition to the goods for sale, he has twelve men in his employ, manufacturing all kinds of

FINE JEWELRY!

His men to handle Fine Watches are the best Watch makers in the West, and as good as those are anywhere in the East Precious Metals worked up to order, or the highest price paid in Cash

This Museum of fine things is under the Town Clock,

Corner East Water and Wisconsin Sts.,

Kirby's Old Stand, enlarged by taking in another store

dec9 A B VAN COTT

MILWAUKEE

ENGLISH AND COMMERCIAL

SCHOOL,

OPPOSITE YOUNG'S HALL, WISCONSIN ST.

THE Fall term of this School will commence on Monday, December 18, 1854 This Institution has been in successful operation for four years, and at present enjoys an encouraging degree of prosperity The School is designed to accommodate youth of both sexes, who wish to acquire a complete ENGLISH and COMMERCIAL Education with a thorough discipline of the mind

Classes in the English Department will be conducted as formerly

GERMAN CLASS by Prof WALTER, at 4 P M

FRENCH CLASS by Prof LARIGO, at 6 P M

EVENING CLASS, in Writing and Book-Keeping, from 7 to 10

N B—BOOK KEEPING, WRITING and Arithmetic are thoroughly and efficiently taught by Prof Larigo Gentlemen conversant with business may all draw a masterly knowledge of double entry in two or three weeks

The Principal gives good assurance that he and his assistants will continue to labor incessantly for the mental and moral culture of those committed to their charge

Tuition as heretofore See Circular

C F LARIGO, Principal

Milwaukee, December, 18, 1854 dec18

German Reform Paper.

FROM THE SEVENTH OF OCTOBER, 1854, WILL be published at Milwaukee,

Der Corsar

(THE CORSAIR,)

A Weekly Paper, established to forward political reforms edited by BERNHARD DOMSCHKE, with Dr L WITTIG, as a regular contributor

"Der Corsar" will adhere to the principles set down in the Madison Platform, of the 13th July, '54 and be of course, opposed to those parties who prefer slavery to reform, and slavery to freedom And those who take a warm interest in the contest against the reactionary parties and the demagogues, that lead and control them, and in the realization of genuine Republican principles, are invited to subscribe to "Der Corsar"

"Der Corsar" will be published every Saturday at the price of $2,00 per year, payment in advance every six months In as much as "Der Corsar" will be widely circulated within the State of Wisconsin as well as abroad, it is well adapted to advertisements, which will be inserted at the usual rates

Office 210 East Water Street, 2d Story above the Germania Bank, adjoining Mr Starr's Job Printing Office.

oct5

NORVAL'S BITTERS.

Containing neither Arsenic, Calomel, nor Quinine.

AND ONE OF THE BEST, SUREST AND SAFEST Remedies yet discovered for the following diseases, arising from an improper action of the LIVER and KIDNEYS

Fever and Ague,	Dyspepsia,	Liver Complaints,
Chill Fever,	Diarrhœa,	Loss of Appetite,
Intermittent, and	Dysentery,	Sick Headache,
Remittent,	Jaundice,	Cold Sweats,
Indigestion,	Debility,	Female Complaints,
	Weakness &c., &c	

For the latter it is one of the best and safest medicines before the public

A trial of this medicine will convince the most skeptical of its *Great Virtue*

Sold by EDWIN D BAKER & Co Importers and dealers in Wines, Liquors &c No 79 East Water St Milwaukee jy27dtf

NOW ARRIVING

At 83 East Water Street,

2,000 LBS. SUP CARB ACID,

2,500 lbs Cr Tartar,

5000 lbs. Sal Soda,		10 barrels Alum,	
115 barrels Copperas,		20 do Logwood,	
10 do Sulpaur,		10 do Brimstone,	
15 do Ep Salts,		10 do Glauber salts,	
25 do Alcohol,		100 do Lamp Oil,	
10 do Furniture Varnish,		5 do Coach Varnish,	
2 cases Indigo,		5 tons Putty,	

60 gross Durkee's Baking Powder,

1 case Phosphorus,

10 tons White Lead—oil,

2 " " " dry,

1000 boxes Glass, from 7 by 9 to 30 by 40,

10 Carboys Oil Vitriol,

5 bbls Lampblack,

10 " White Chalk,

25 kegs Ground Ginger,

50 bbls Spirits Turpentine

oct26 W L HOPKINS & CO.

TO RENT.

TWO ROOMS, SUITABLE FOR OFFICES, in Ludington's Block, Second Story Enquire of

E L BUTTRICK or

A R R BUTLER,

nov18-tf Ludington's Block, East Water st.

DAVIS' STABLES.

Corner Main and Huron Sts.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING COMPLETED AND moved into their New Brick Stables, are now fully prepared to furnish FIRST CLASS LIVERY, on reasonable terms. The patronage of the Public is respectfully solicited S. B. & J. DAVIS.

N. B.—Particular attention will be given to Funerals.

Milwaukee, Dec. 8, 1854 dec9-tf

Steam Boilers for Sale!

THREE SECOND-HAND STEAM BOILERS of the capacity of thirty horse power or ten horse power each, will be sold separately or together. Possession given on the first of March next.

Enquire at the Milwaukee Steam Planing Mill.

J. R. SMITH.

Milwaukee, Dec 15th, 1854. de 16-tf

GOLD BAND CHINA.

DINING, TEA AND TOILET SETS, Vases Candlesticks, &c, &c., for sale by S. J. MATHER dec9

INSURANCE OFFICES

Highly Important to Farmers.

The only Exclusive Farmers' Insurance Company in the West.

THE MADISON MUTUAL,

Located at Madison, Wisconsin.

THIS COMPANY CONTINUES TO TAKE RISKS upon Farm Property only, consisting of buildings of all kinds (belonging to farmers,) household furniture, grain in barns, live stock, &c, from one to five years, at lower rates than most other responsible Companies

All losses promptly paid at the office as soon as proof is made thereof

We [illegible] to be for the interest of the farmers to insure by [illegible] their property being less hazardous than [illegible] have no losses. [illegible] your own or the same class, and all will be on an equal footing

Experience has shown that two thirds if not three fourths of all the [illegible] are upon stores, taverns, mills, shops and [illegible] property In this Company, all such property is [illegible] positively by [illegible]

Farmers look to your own interest, and insure in a Farmers Company

We have been doing business a little over three years, and we have not been obliged to assess our premium notes, and in the last year [illegible] *we have not had a single dollar loss*, though doing a large and prosperous business, which we believe to be without a parallel in the history of insurance

The [illegible] reference given as to the responsibility of the Company

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ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY

—OF—

HARTFORD, CONNECTICUT.

Capital $300,000 Dollars,

Agent's Office, No 9 Martin's Block, Milwaukee,

WISCONSIN.

THIS COMPANY was organized in the year 1819, under a perpetual Charter and insures against loss or damage by fire, Dwelling Houses, Stores, Manufacturing Establishments, Mills, Furniture and Merchandise in general, on terms as favorable as a sound and healthy condition will warrant

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ap19

THE UNITED STATES

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

IN THE CITY OF NEW YORK,

JOSEPH B COLLINS, - - - - President

"Princes and Peers may flourish and may fade,
A breath can make them, as a breath hath made,
But LIFE INSURANCE, noble, great and grand,
Shall bear its blessings over many a land,
Relieve the widow's [illegible], dry the ORPHAN'S tear,
And the sad mourning WIDOW'S heart shall cheer

SAMUEL LOCKWOOD, Attorney at Law,

General Agent for Wisconsin,

oct13 1yr Under Juneau Block

BERKSHIRE COUNTY

Mutual Life Insurance Company,

PITTSFIELD, MASSACHUSETTS,

INCORPORATED IN 1849

Original Capital, - - $100,000.

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B F Johnson, Secretary

John C Smith General Western Agent

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Milwaukee Office, No. 4 Juneau Block.

JOHN C SMITH, }
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THIS Company offers no competition for Business, nor does it propose to make large dividends, but based as it is on rates that have sustained other Companies for a long period of years and being Mutual in its principles, what profits there may accrue after a safe and actual calculation will be divided among the holders of Life Policies every five years Persons wishing a Life Insurance are requested to examine the terms of this Company.

aug23tf

NEW AMSTERDAM

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF NEW YORK CITY.

CAPITAL $200,000.

Offices, 7 Wall-st., and 209 Greenwich-st.,

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P [illegible]	[illegible]	Herman L[illegible]
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Henry L[illegible]	A [illegible] Hoagland	Harry J Beers,
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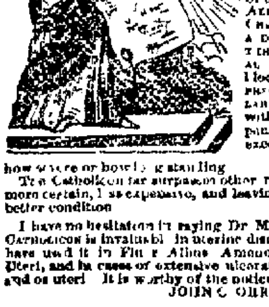
DR. J. B. MARCHISI'S

CELEBRATED CATHOLICON,

For the Relief and Cure of Suffering Females



IT STANDS PREEMINENT for its curative powers in all the diseases for which it is recommended usually called

Female Complaints.

Of these are Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb; Fluor Albus, or Whites; Chronic Inflammation and Ulceration of the Womb; Incidental Hemorrhage, or Flooding, Painful, Suppressed and Irregular Menstruation, &c, with all their accompanying evils, (Cancer excepted) no matter how severe or how long standing

This Catholicon far surpasses other remedies, in being more certain, less expensive, and leaving the system in a better condition

I have no hesitation in saying Dr Marchisi's Uterine Catholicon is invaluable in uterine diseases generally I have used it in Fluor Albus Amenorrhœa, Prolapsus Uteri, and in cases of extensive ulceration of the vagina and os uteri It is worthy of the notice of the Faculty

JOHN C ORRICK, M D,

Baltimore, Md

This Catholicon is doing good service here All the patients that have tried the medicine have been benefited but one and that one nothing will help.

Truly Yours,

WM LAIRD HAZLETT, M D.,

July 6th, 1854 New Philadelphia, Ohio

I must say, from my own experience and personal observation in my practice it has proved to be the best and safest remedy for the difficulties for which it is recommended viz that of female weakness, such as Prolapsus Uteri, Fluor Albus and all irregular and painful menstruation, and diseases of irritation of the female organs.

D Y FOOTE, M.D.,

Syracuse, N Y

Those needing such a remedy should inquire into the merits of this medicine, and by calling at the store of the undersigned can obtain a pamphlet (free) containing ample proof, from the most respectable sources, of the beneficial results of its use together with letters from highly experienced Physicians, who have used it in their practice, and speak from their own observations

H. BOSWORTH & SONS, Druggists,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENTS,

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E. L. WOODWARD,

House, Sign and Ornamental Painter, Glazier, Paper-Hanger, &c.

HAVING RESUMED MY OLD BUSINESS, AND purchased of Wm Whitnall my former Partner, his entire stock in Trade, would solicit a share of patronage Work done with promptness and at prices as low as the lowest

Also, all kinds of Mixed Paints and Oils, White Lead, Brushes, Glass, Sash, &c, constantly on hand, at my shop

No. 371 Third Street,

Nearly opposite Meyer's Drug Store, Milwaukee

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CROCKERY,

CHINA AND GLASS WARE!

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS METHOD of returning his thanks to his numerous Customers for their patronage and to inform them that he has now on hand, the

Largest and Best Stock of Goods

WEST OF NEW YORK!

And they will be sold 25 per cent Cheaper than they can be bought for at any other House

S J MATHER,

85 East Water Street

☞ Goods delivered in any part of the City free of charge. dec8

VOLUME XI. MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL. NEW SERIES.

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

[illegible] Wm. H Watson & John S Fillmore,
PROPRIETORS
[illegible]
RUFUS KING & CO.

Thursday Morning, Jan. 25.

DAILY	$[illegible],00 per annum.
TRI-WEEKLY,	2,50 " "
WEEKLY,	1,00 " "

OUR AGENT.

[illegible] is our authorized Agent to [illegible] subscriptions, collect Monies, &c

R KING & CO

☞ For Telegraphic Despatches, See third Page.

News of the Morning.

Our telegraph despatches give the New York [illegible] of yesterday and sundry items of New [illegible] and Washington news. Our Madison [illegible] this morning are unusually full and in[illegible] and the abstract of yesterday's pro[illegible] show that the Legislature is at work [illegible] Among other good acts passed by [illegible] yesterday was one effectually [illegible] Emigrant Agencies. The vote stood [illegible]

☞ The U S Court, having got through with [illegible] of rescue trials, has concluded to [illegible] adjourned till the first Monday in [illegible]

[illegible] —Both branches of our Legislature [illegible] have instructed our Demo[illegible] and Representatives in Congress [illegible] change in the Naturalization Laws [illegible] thought necessary to instruct [illegible] on this subject and it is hoped [illegible] will obey or resign." It is to be [illegible] that this significant vote will operate [illegible] upon the excited imagination of [illegible] of the News, who has been haunted [illegible] "thing" ghost, ever since the flat [illegible] received for County Treasurer last [illegible]

From Madison.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE SENTINEL

Madison, Jan'y 22, '55

The following statistics, gathered from the [illegible] table in the Assembly will be [illegible] to some of our readers. They relate [illegible] Assembly only, consisting of 82 members [illegible] —Farmers 45, Lawyers 9, Bache[illegible] Physicians 3, Miners 4, Mill[illegible] Contractors 2, Foundryman 1, Clerk 1 [illegible] (Mr Goodall) Mechan[illegible] Canal digger 1 (Mr Martin) [illegible] Shoemakers 2, Surveyor 1, Tailor [illegible] Miller 1, Civil Engineer 1 [illegible] Tutor 1.

[illegible] —From 21 to 25, two; 26 to 30 eleven; [illegible] 30 to 40, eighteen; 41 to 45 [illegible] 45 to 50 eight; 51 to 55 seven; 56 [illegible] to 65 one. The youngest mem[illegible] of Washington Co, 24; the old[illegible] Milwaukee Co, 65. It will be [illegible] that the average of this Assembly is [illegible] 36 being over 40 years of age.

[illegible] TIME IN THE STATE.—1 to 3 years [illegible] 23, 9 to 12 years, 16, 13 to 16 [illegible] 17 to 20 years, 14, 21 to 25 years 1 [illegible] over 3. W W Field, of Grant [illegible] the shortest time in the State, 2 years [illegible] J Juneau the longest time, 33 years [illegible] Milwaukee when it was [illegible]

[illegible] York 27, Vermont 5, Vir[illegible] Hampshire 4, Ohio 3, Kentucky 1 [illegible] Massachusetts 3, Connecticut [illegible] Wisconsin 1, New [illegible] England 3, Scotland 3, Ire[illegible] 5, Canada —total native born [illegible] born 18. Total from New York and [illegible] 19.

[illegible] Assembly was called to order at 2 P M [illegible] not yet in from the east, de[illegible] by snow drifts and there was [illegible] present at the calling of the roll [illegible] sufficient number made their appear[illegible] to form a quorum. However, [illegible] resolved to adjourn, and the House [illegible]

[illegible] met at 3 P M. Mr Bowen intro[illegible] bill to regulate appeals from Justices' [illegible] Taylor a bill authorizing Sheboygan [illegible] town money for harbor purposes,—Mr [illegible] to change the time of holding the [illegible] courts in La Crosse Co —and Mr Dew[illegible] Committee of Corporations, one altering [illegible] of Sheboygan.

[illegible] following bills passed:

Appropriating $20 to P Lee
$268 42 to Lt Gov Lewis.
[illegible] Janesville Collegiate Institute

[illegible] of to day contains a Message, pur[illegible] "unofficial and confidential" [illegible] from the Governor. However much [illegible] the Sentinel may have disagreed as [illegible] Message—and some of the admin[illegible] papers have discovered that fact much [illegible] astonishment, though I think that the [illegible] did not disagree very widely on [illegible] —I think that we shall agree as to the [illegible] irregular message. It is [illegible] however, to be receiv[illegible] an emanation from the admin[illegible] body, however has certainly [illegible] the scenes.

[illegible] been posted, for a meeting of the [illegible] members of the two Houses. They [illegible] have a harmonious time. In [illegible] only one of the small tricks used [illegible] Republican forces. The meeting [illegible] Barstow's room, but he was elect[illegible] Independent.

[illegible] reports are afloat as to the condi[illegible] of U S Senator. The la[illegible] that Mr Kilbourn has the pipes [illegible] nomination by the Democrats in [illegible] I have no faith in the story that the [illegible] will so stultify themselves [illegible] that he will secure a majority [illegible] many who could not [illegible] for him [illegible] reported that [illegible] some of his numerous lobby [illegible] that quite a number of the [illegible] pledged to vote for him, if he [illegible] the vote in full, and rumor fix [illegible] of our Milwaukee members as in [illegible] quite a number. I do not be[illegible] thing—indeed I am sure that [illegible] one of the gentlemen named [illegible] hoped that now, of all times, [illegible] section of the state, will not [illegible] be swayed by local influen[illegible] the prejudice of a good cause [illegible] noticed an article in the Jour[illegible] morning making what purports to be [illegible] error in the Report of Fil[illegible] The Governor's Message [illegible] as relating to the contingent [illegible] Executive Department," but that [illegible] should have read contingent [illegible] the State." It looks like a distinc[illegible] difference. A certain fund is usual[illegible] to the Governor for various ex[illegible] of the state for which ready money is [illegible] being thought better to do this than [illegible] Executive to dip into the treasury [illegible] to keep creditors waiting for their [illegible] This sum I believe has varied from [illegible] 000 but last winter $10 000 was [illegible] the Governor has sent in his [illegible] showing the expenditure of the whole [illegible] $1440 00 over.

[illegible] McManman is on hand to day, and [illegible] doubtless have a demonstration from [illegible] Committee shortly.

[illegible] —The cars from the East, due at [illegible] arrived, and conjecture is [illegible] the cause of the delay, the supposi[illegible] that some of the rails have given way as they did in the intense cold of last winter and let the cars off the track. There must be at least thirty members of the Legislature out taking this pleasant ride on a rail.

The Democratic caucus adjourned to this evening, but it is not probable that anything will be done while so many are absent. W H W

P. S. I open this to state all that is known of the doings of the Whig caucus. Promptly at the hour, Mr Earnest called J H, F[illegible] to the chair and moved that James H Earnest be appointed Secretary, which he carried nem con. Mr Earnest thanked the meeting in appropriate terms, which speech he applauded to the echo. After a brief adjournment for refreshments, the meeting again assembled, and Mr Earnest moved that the Whig party be a unit in the pending conflict and continue to render the regular Democracy all the aid and comfort possible. This was received with tumultuous applause, amidst which the gas was turned off and the caucus adjourned below.

W H W

Madison, Jan 23.

The train from the east, due at noon, arrived at 9 last night, having encountered heavy drifts of snow upon the track. It brought a large delegation of members of the Free Democracy, [illegible] paper mail, but no Milwaukee letter mail. Query—How does it happen that letters between here and our city are sometimes detained three or four days? To day one or two packages of Sentinels is missing.

I learn that the State Treasurer has sent word to the County Treasurers that he will only receive one half of the State taxes in bills of Wisconsin Banks. Why this is does not appear. Our State money is worth more now, in its relation to specie, than it was when he agreed to receive the former for all the taxes.

The bill noticed a day or two since as having been introduced by Mr McIndoe, to change the time of election in his Judicial Circuit, should have been mentioned as a bill for changing the time of holding the Circuit Courts.

I must be brief in my legislative report to day, inasmuch as there are sundry matters which deserve particular attention.

In Senate Mr West made an able Report from a Select Committee, in favor of abolishing the Emigrant Agency, and it is thought the thing will be cut up, root and branch this time. The following Select Committees were announced on portions of the Governor's Message:

Emigrant Agency—West, Hadley, Rolfe
Lunatic Asylum—Howell, Gill, Cobb
Geological Survey—Cobb, Dewey, Gibson
Fox & Wis River Imp —Hadley, Pashford, Roy.

Also one on the subject of the Official Paper.

In Assembly petitions were presented by Mr Davis to authorize a Court House in Baraboo.

By Mr Hull, to prevent banks from issuing any but their own paper. Also the account of W W Roth.

By Mr Randall for extension of time of collecting tax in Waukesha.

The following bills were introduced, and immediately passed, the rules being suspended. (I sent the titles of these bills yesterday, as also the gist of several resolutions adopted.)

The use of the Hall was granted for religious services this evening by Bishop Kemper, of the Prot Episcopal Church.

A resolution was offered by Mr VanNostrand, calling upon the State officers for information as to the condition of things between the Fox and Wisconsin River Improvement Co and the State—the resolution going very much into detail.—After some discussion, it was referred, on motion of Mr Earnest, to the committee on State Affairs.

Mr Conley introduced a bill amending the charter of the Beloit Female Seminary, and Mr Fisher one chartering the Western Wisconsin R R Co.

Under the head of Reports, Mr Davis from the Committee on Incorporations, reported back two or three private charters unfavorably, and favorably, with an amendment on the charter of the Beloit Gas Co. Mr Bennett, from the Committee on claims reported sundry bills and asked to be excused from further consideration of the claim of A Proudfit, State Prison Contractor, because no vouchers were sent in. It was stated that the vouchers were ready and would be presented, and the committee was not excused. Bills were reported back from other committees.

The Governor sent into both Houses a special Message giving, without being called upon, his reason for not receiving the volumes of the Supreme Court Reports as provided for by law. It is [illegible] it might perhaps, have seemed proper for His Excellency to wait until he was called upon for his reasons or until some claim is made upon the state. But as he has not seen fit to do so, it may be as well to state here for the information of members, that there are two sides to the question, and that they will be made aware in the progress of an investigation of the subject of some very small and sharp practice on the part of His Excellency, Gov. Barstow, and his widely varying views of economy in relation to political friends and foes. Enough of this for the present. (By the by, suppose that the publishers should conclude to present the 100 copies to the state, what would the Governor do?)

Information was sent in, in relation to the school money of La Crosse Co. A report came in from the Commissioners of the Lunatic Asylum, which, with all due deference to those officers, did not seem to be any too respectful to the Assembly. It covered however the specifications and contract for the job, and from these we can enable the people to form some idea of the enormous expense which these Commissioners, with the approval of the Governor, have done their best to bring upon the state.

The building then, to give a general idea of its extent, is to be composed of a centre or main building, 65 by 120 feet, with 2 longitudinal and 2 transverse wings on each side, the dimensions of the latter not specified. The entire building to be 4 stories, (respectively 12, 15, 13 and 11 feet) with finished basement; the longitudinal wings 4 stories and the transverse wings 3 full stories with another 7 ft at the eaves and 10 ft inside. The cellar to be 8 ft deep under the whole—a dome on the centre building—a base of hammer dressed stone around the whole building as a sill for the basement windows—the steps, caps, sills, of the whole and the ornamental work of the centre building to be of cut stone. The walls of the basement to be 3 feet thick—those of the centre building to the 2d story 2 feet 6, the next story 2 ft 3, and 2 feet above, the walls of the wings to be 20 inches and 18 inches. All the outside windows to have iron grates, the upper sashes of the cells, dormitories, bath rooms, &c to be of cast iron, wrought iron guards to all the windows in the corridors, iron balusters to the stairs—(there is a profusion of iron bars, 1½ and 1½ inches thick, everywhere.) All the windows in the main building to have inside shutters, &c, &c.

I have selected above a few of the general dimensions and details, upon which men who are accustomed to calculate these things, may base their own estimates of the cost of the building at the prices of the contract with Mr Proudfit, which run as follows. [illegible]

Excavation of earth 3[illegible]c per square yard
Excavation of rock 1,50 per square yard
Rubble and rough mason work $3 60 per perch
Cut stone work $[illegible] 50 per perch
Brick $12 50 per m
Cast iron 12c per lb
Wrought 16c per lb
Locks, $2,50 each. Bolts [illegible] each. Nails 7c per lb.
Pine lumber, $34,75 ⅌ m [illegible] do $22,50 ⅌ m
Lathing and plastering 3 coats 56c ⅌ square yard
Rough casting and pencilling with composition 45c per square yard
Glass $9 50 ⅌ box—with numerous other items after the same sort, and then follow specific estimates besides the above for painting, joiner work and extras, amounting to about $50,000!

There are rumors afloat as to especial care or great neglect having been exercised or suffered by the Commissioners in relation to the specifications, so that several persons who desired to bid were not able to see them; but supposing everything to have been done in a correct manner, is it not clear that the Commissioners had no business to enter into this contract—involving the State to the amount of perhaps $200,000, without consulting the Legislature? And $200 000 will not cover the expense of it, by a great deal, as I firmly believe. Consider what a building of the above dimensions would cost, if built by a private person, at ordinary prices, and then look at the prices above. This contract will be broken if it can be done, so as to save the State, and it ought to be broken.

The Joint Resolution from the Senate against a change of the naturalization laws came up in Assembly this morning. Mr Gunn moved an amendment adding instructions on the subject of Harbor Improvements, the Fugitive Act, Slave Territory &c. Mr Rogan, Mr Earnest, Mr Hull, and Mr Boyd, all spoke, at greater or less length, and with more or less horror and indignation at this highly improper conduct. Mr Gunn defended his position stoutly. Messrs Randall and Bennett both spoke in favor of the principle of the amendments but desired to vote upon them separately, and Mr Gunn withdrew the amendment. The resolution then passed unanimously, Sam not being seen about the Hall anywhere, although one member declares that he saw him vanish from the bar-room-door as the last name was called!

In the afternoon, Messrs Hull, Moshir and DeWolf were announced as the select committee on the Georgia Memorial, and Messrs Gary, Vliet, Earnest, Rogan, and Pratt upon the memorial of Prof Daniels.

The House went through the bills in Committee of the whole, and afterwards killed one bill and tabled another for the charter of private corporations. Mr Davis from the Committee gave article IX Sec 1 of the Constitution (against special charters) as the guide of the Committee in their unfavorable report upon these bills, and Mr Ebbets moved to strike out the enacting clause of the first one. The Committee is unanimous upon the subject—and so we really have a Constitution, and a House which seems ready to sustain them. Good!

The bill changing J K Pergstrasser's name to J K Bergsser passed, and the bill repealing all Emigrant Agency Laws was ordered engrossed, with scarcely a dissenting voice.

The Free Democrat which comes to day, shows that its editor is touched upon some sore spot by my reference to the language and tenor of a late article in that paper. The perverse habit in which Mr Booth indulges of publishing doubtful scraps of private conversation, and of giving a personal turn to everything which does not suit him, shall not tempt me to turn aside from my course an inch, and he may be assured that if as before I shall be again requested to correct any misrepresentations or errors of his paper in regard to the condition of feeling among the Republicans I shall do it. If he has any personal grievances to work out, it cannot be bad advice to recommend him to keep them out of his paper. This being a free country, I presume that I am at liberty to wish him at home or in Asia if I like, but the public would scarcely be edified by hearing of it.

The Secretary of State's Report is laid upon our table this morning. It is quite interesting, contains many valuable tables, estimates, &c, some of which were used by the Governor in his special plea in the Message, in relation to the relative expenditures of different years. I will make an abstract of it for our readers. One item among the estimates for the current year is sufficiently startling. Under the miscellaneous items we find but $17 138 72 is stated as the indebtedness for State Prisoners and $78 000 as indebtedness for the South Wing of the Prison Building—making $95,138 72 for which the Legislature is expected to provide. For arrearages, $10 000 is added for support of prisoners for 1855.

W H W

Abstract of Wednesday Morning's Proceedings

SENATE —10 A M 24th. The following bills passed:

Extending time for collecting taxes in Janesville, Waukesha and Kenosha.
[illegible] State roads from Newport to [illegible]ville.
Chartering [illegible] Academy. Charter of How[illegible] and Oconto Plank Road Co.
Amending Charter of Sheboygan.
Changing name of J K Bergstrasser.
Ceding lighthouse site at Fond du Lac.
Authorizing special tax in Watertown.
Vacating plat of Hamilton, Marquette Co.
Changing time of courts in Portage & Marathon Co.
State road from Fountain City to Chip. Falls.
Declaring Waumandee river a highway.
Appropriating $129 60 to Geo Williams.
Vacating part of plat of Manitowoc.
Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY, 10 A M —State Treasurer reported $1,519 74 as received from collection of fines.

Bills passed: Changing time of holding Circuit Courts in Marathon and Portage Counties.
Abolishing all Emigrant Agency Laws—7[illegible] to 5.
Amending charter of Manitowoc & Calumet Plank Road Company.
Vacating part of plat of Manitowoc.
Appropriating $139 09 to G Williams.
Suspending sales of school lands except to settlers.
Placing witnesses' certificates on same footing as those of jurors.
Amending charter of Symphony College.
Declaring the Waumandee river a public highway.
Laying out state road from Fountain City to Chippewa Falls.
Appropriating $242,84 to acting Gov Lewis.
$200 to heirs of R Jenkinson.
Adjourned.

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.—The Madison Journal of yesterday thus disposes of some weak inventions of the enemy, as to the want of harmony among our Republican friends in the Legislature:

> There is not a Republican in the Legislature who will not vote for Durkee should he receive the nomination, nor one who will refuse to vote for the nominee of the Republican caucus because he may have been a whig formerly.

Right! If Mr Durkee be the Republican nominee for U S Senator, he should receive, as he deserves, the vote of every man in the Legislature who calls himself a REPUBLICAN. Or should Mr COLE, or any other true man be agreed upon, he too is entitled to the unbroken Republican vote. Let our friends stand fast and stand together and all will be well.

ANNUAL BANK STATEMENT.—We publish this morning the report of the Bank Comptroller, of the resources, liabilities &c, of the Banks of this State. The table is an interesting one for reference and preservation.—[Sentinel.

And, by the way, you were indebted for it to the Argus & Democrat.—[Madison Democrat.

If we had been, we should have given credit accordingly. Our copy was furnished us from Madison, and not in the Argus & Democrat.

GOING TO LEAVE.—We understand that quite a party of young men, some of them with families, are about to leave this city for Wisconsin—to select new homes in that growing State. They are residents of the North end, and most if not all of them, ship carpenters. They intend to locate somewhere upon the Lake shore where they can take up lands and become farmers, or pursue their business of ship building, as will be most for their interest.—[Newburyport Herald.

Come along friends! There is room and welcome and work for all of you within the borders of Wisconsin.

"BIRDS OF A FEATHER."—The Wisconsin, the Madison Democrat and Judge Miller's "Court, Officers and Jurors" continue to sympathize together in the matter of the sneaking presentment offered, but not acted upon, against the Sentinel and Free Democrat. They constitute an exceedingly select circle.

☞ The Potosi Republican, a democratic paper, speaking of the reported nomination of Mr COLE by the Republicans of the Legislature as a candidate for U S Senator, says:

> The choice of the "Republicans" for this important office, made at an adjourned caucus on Monday, was the Hon. CHARLES COLE, of this place, and in the event of an election this winter he will undoubtedly be the man. So far as sterling ability is concerned, they have not a better man in their ranks.

☞ The snow storm which raged so violently here Sunday, commenced at St. Louis at 3 P M Saturday—12 hours in advance of its commencement here.

SPEECH OF BYRON PAINE,

In Defence of S. M. Booth, [illegible] for Aiding in the Escape of a Fugitive Slave, Joshua Glover.

Delivered before the U. S. Court, Jan. 12 1855.

[CONTINUED.]

But they claim that the defendant sent for a team to take Glover away! To prove this the testimony of Mr Roberts and Mr Heath are relied on. Upon this, gentlemen, I have to remark that it is a very improbable story on its face.—Mr Heath tells us he had never seen the defendant before that day. It is true, he says, he was introduced to him before that, but we all know how soon a person we see in a crowd passes from our remembrance unless there is something to impress his image particularly upon our minds. And yet according to the account of Mr Roberts and Mr Heath the defendant called on Heath, an entire stranger, to send to Oakley's after a team, when according to all rational presumption he had no reason to believe that Heath knew where Oakley's was, and when there were hundreds around him whom he well knew and who were ready to do any thing he wished done that was lawful and just. I say this story is improbable on its face. And in addition to this improbability, we have the fact that Mr Heath appears here as an accomplice testifying against others under the hope of favors for himself. Gentlemen, I am not going to say anything against Mr Heath. He came here bent and broken on the government wheel, and I am sorry for him.—Stronger men than he might not have been able to well stand its terrors. I pity him more than I blame. But in weighing his testimony we must remember that he is an accomplice and testifies with the hope of saving himself by fastening conviction on the chosen victim of the prosecution. I will read to you the rule which the wisdom of experience has established for weighing the evidence of accomplices.

Mr Ryan here asked—"Mr Paine, whose accomplice do you claim Mr Heath to be?"

I claim him, sir, to be an accomplice in the offence which you charge upon the defendant. And in doing so, I by no means admit that the defendant was connected with him, but only that such is the account your witness gives of it.

I read to you, gentlemen, from the 1st of Greenleaf's Evidence, 483:

"The case of *accomplices* is usually mentioned under the head of infamy, but we propose to treat it more appropriately when we come to speak of persons disqualified by interest, since accomplices generally testify under a promise or expectation of pardon, or some other benefit."

Again, on page 485:

"The *degree of credit* which ought to be given to the testimony of an accomplice, is a matter exclusively within the province of the jury. It has sometimes been said that they ought not to believe him unless his testimony is corroborated by other evidence, *and without doubt great caution in weighing such testimony is dictated by prudence and good reason.* But there is no such rule of law, it being expressly conceded that the jury may, if they please, act upon the evidence of the accomplice without any confirmation of his statement. But on the other hand Judges in their discretion, will advise a jury not to convict of felony upon the testimony of an accomplice alone and without corroboration, and it is now so generally the practice to give them such advice, that its omission would be regarded as an omission of duty, on the part of the Judge."

In addition then, to the improbability of the story and the fact that it is sustained only by the testimony of accomplices,—for Mr Roberts if not an actual accomplice, was certainly very near one—we have the testimony of Mr Walter Babcock, who gives an entirely different account of the matter. He says that while Mr Booth was talking with some man on the other side of the horse, a thick-set man with sandy whiskers came up to him and asked for his horse to go to the American. Mr Booth at first hesitated, but when the request was repeated, he got off and the man mounted and rode away. Now that story looks natural,—the other does not.

The two accounts are entirely different. The one presents the defendant as having conceived the purpose of sending for a team to take Glover away, and calling on Heath to execute it; the other shows that the design was conceived by some one else, and that the only connection of the defendant with it, was to let somebody have his horse to go to the American. And the latter view of it is strongly corroborated by Heath himself. He was compelled to admit that it was his impression that somebody did call for the defendant's horse to go to the American. This shows the defendant as the lender of his horse, to accomplish some purpose with which he was not made acquainted, and not as the sender of an agent on his horse, to accomplish a purpose of his own. Because if the defendant conceived the design, then it is very improbable that somebody else called for his horse, as Mr Heath had an impression that somebody else called for his horse. Then it is improbable that the defendant called on Heath in the manner pretended. So that the conclusion to which my mind comes upon this matter is that there is some mistake or confusion in the memory of the witnesses for the prosecution, and that Mr Babcock's account is the true one. You all saw the weight which Mr Ryan gave to his testimony, by the rigid cross-examination which he gave him. But the young man maintained his position clearly, intelligently, and consistently to the last.

But certain it is, at all events, that no wagon was procured by Heath, and there is not a particle of evidence connecting the defendant with the procurement of the one in which Glover was carried away.

But Gentlemen great stress is laid by the prosecution on the fact that the defendant followed the wagon down to the Walker's Point Bridge. Upon this point the testimony is conflicting.—One of the witnesses for the prosecution says he started with the wagon on horseback, that he rode by it down Jackson street and was very near it all the way to the bridge, and there acted as the medium of communication between the two wagons. One other witness swears also that he saw him not more than four or five rods behind the wagon, on Jackson street. But a number of witnesses for the defense and some of those for the prosecution show that this might have been utterly impossible. After the wagon started, Mr Blair saw the defendant in the square on foot. All the evidence shows that the wagon was driven rapidly. It went but a short distance on Jackson street, and it would have been impossible for a man to have been in the square after it started, and to have gone out, unhitched his horse, tied up the halter, mounted and come up within three or four rods of it, while it was on Jackson street. Mr Mallory, also one of the witnesses for the prosecution, saw the defendant in the square after the wagon started, but he was not certain whether it had gone out of sight. A number of other witnesses also swear that they saw the wagon go down Jackson street but that the defendant was not near it. Then we have the evidence of Mr Clark that he was the man who rode down Jackson street near the wagon—that after that he rode from eight to ten rods behind it all the way to the bridge, except on Wisconsin street, and that the defendant was not near it and could not have been there without the witness seeing him. He swears that he was the man who went to Messenger's wagon and that the defendant did nothing of the kind, and in fact did not come up until several minutes after the wagons had stopped, and as Glover was about getting out from the one into the other.

As you observed, Gentlemen, the testimony of Mr Clark produced a great disturbance in the minds of the prosecutors and they were preparing to come down on his offending head with their whole power. But immediately after, [illegible] we called Mr Gardner, who followed the wagon from Young's Hall to the bridge, eight or ten rods behind it, saw nothing of the defendant near it, and shows positively that he could not have been near it, because he saw him come up several minutes after they had stopped, and saw him do nothing after he did come up. This corroborates Mr Clark fully and shows that there must have been a mistake on the part of the witnesses for the prosecution. A mistake which can the more readily be believed from the fact that some men are so filled with prejudice and hate against the defendant, as to believe he did and was responsible for all that was done by four or five thousand people on that day.

But he did go down there,—all the witnesses agree in that? Why did he do it? We say, admitting our theory of the defence to be true,—and that he was opposed to all violence and the breaking of the jail, that still it was perfectly natural for the defendant to go down there as he did. He went down out of curiosity, as did hundreds of others, to see what became of the man. And is this to be attributed to him as a crime? Could Captain Jennings, one of the witnesses for the prosecution, run some distance on foot, and then jump into a wagon and hurry the driver to keep up with the fugitive merely to gratify his curiosity—could Mr Hoye, another of these witnesses, do the same thing—could Mr Gardner who met the crowd turn and follow on merely to get sight at the man,—could every body else hurry after to see what was done, and all be held innocent, and yet this defendant be held guilty for doing the same thing? I trust not, gentlemen—but that you will give him as good a right as other men to gratify his curiosity and see what is going on.

The conclusion, therefore, to which I come, and to which I think you must come from the whole evidence, is that the defendant cannot be held responsible for the breaking of the jail and the rescue of Glover, because he took no part in it, and it was done against his advice.

But I judge from some intimations that have been made during the trial, that you will be told by the Court that the defendant having called the meeting, was responsible for all that was done afterwards, by any of them. I do not so understand the law, Gentlemen. It is true that if a number of men enter into a common design to accomplish an unlawful act, each is afterwards responsible for the acts of all, in furtherance of that common design. But before any man can be so held, the common design must be established. Nor is it true that if a man call a meeting for a lawful purpose he is responsible for acts of violence done by those who may have been at the meeting, unless he is connected with the violence. And can any of you entertain for a moment the idea that there was a common design among those who composed the meeting called by the defendant and presided over by Gen Walcott, to rescue Glover from the jail?—Such a pretence would be an absurdity. The whole proceedings and efforts of the meeting show that there was no such design, but that they only designed to pursue the remedies known to the law. The whole evidence shows that violence was not thought of till just as it occurred, and that it was then a movement of impatience on the part of a portion who were there, the exciting cause of which was an announcement that the writ of *habeas corpus* would be disregarded.—And no man who took part in the meeting can be held responsible for that violence unless it be shown that he participated in, or sanctioned it.

I have now, gentlemen, gone through the evidence relied on to connect the defendant with this rescue, and have endeavored to show that your verdict must be not guilty, even if breaking the jail were sufficient to constitute the crime for which he is indicted. But that is not so. Yet I believe there are many who are watching these proceedings with deep interest that have fixed it in their minds that you are trying the issue whether Mr Booth broke the jail and aided in the escape of Joshua Glover. They think if this is established then the verdict must be guilty. I do not know but there may be some such among you, gentlemen. But if so you are greatly mistaken. We might throw away the evidence to the contrary, and admit that the defendant did break the jail, that he took out Glover with his own hands, and yet all this does not constitute the offence with which he is charged. In almost every crime there are a number of separate and distinct facts necessary to constitute the offence. And although they all be proved but one, yet if the proof of that one fail, the defendant must go acquit. And so it is in this case.

We have thus far been considering whether the defendant had anything to do with the breaking of the jail. Let us now take up the indictment and see what is the offence charged, and what else must be shown to warrant a conviction.—There are five counts in the indictment. The first three are framed upon one of the sections of the Act of 1790, which punishes resisting, obstructing or opposing an officer in serving, or attempting to serve, or execute process. These three counts charge the defendant with knowingly and wilfully obstructing, resisting and opposing Charles C. Cotton, a Deputy Marshal, in serving and attempting to serve or execute process. Now I ask you, gentlemen, in all candor, if there is a syllable of evidence before you to sustain this charge. If there is, where is it?—I have not heard it. When did Charles C Cotton attempt to serve process and meet with resistance? Who resisted or obstructed him? We asked Mr. Cotton if anybody obstructed or resisted him that day in doing whatever he pleased, and the other side objected at first, seeming to fear that he might have been resisted without knowing it. He finally answered that he was *not* directly resisted or obstructed by anybody. And is it not a very strange idea that an officer may be resisted without knowing it?

In order to make out the offence charged in these three counts, there must be proof that an officer of the United States had some legal process, and attempted to serve or execute it, and was resisted or obstructed in doing so by the defendant. Now what process did Mr Cotton have? It will be said he had the warrant on which Glover was arrested. And if the Fugitive Law is to be held constitutional, which [illegible] without doubt, that was a process within the meaning of the act. But where was this process? Glover had been arrested and lodged in jail, and we at first endeavored to show that the warrant was left there with him and remained there till the next Monday. The testimony on that point was conflicting. Mr Conover's impression was very strong that it was left there till the next Monday, and that then Mr Cotton came after it and said he wanted to make a return. This was Mr. Parsons's impression also. But Mr Cotton and Mr Cogswell both say that Cotton had the warrant at the Marshal's office on the 11th and made his return. But, Gentlemen, you must have observed that their testimony as to how and when it got from the jail to the Marshal's office, was very confused and uncertain.

Our object in cross-examining was to show that the warrant was left in jail and that Cotton did not have it nor attempt to serve it or to do anything with it on that day. But to save us further trouble and to make the matter sure, the prosecutor here read a memorandum on the back of Garland's complaint, which proved to be in the handwriting of the Marshal, saying "at 2 o'clock P M on the 11th warrant returned." This answered our purpose far better than it would to have had it in the jail. It [illegible] that the warrant was returned to the judge about the very time when the meeting was organized, and there is no evidence that Cotton had it in his hands again that day.—Those therefore who broke the jail did not resist or obstruct Charles C. Cotton, in attempting to serve process, for he did not attempt to serve any. The warrant was in Court, and Cotton might have been asleep in his bed, resting after his night's ride, for aught that appears here, when the jail was broken. And to pretend that an officer may be resisted in serving process, when he has no process, and does not attempt to serve any, is in my judgment a very great absurdity. I admit that if Cotton or any other officer had got the warrant again and gone after Glover to bring him down for a hearing, and had been resisted or obstructed in attempting to do so, that would have amounted to the offence. But there is no such evidence. And the fact that he may have gone up the next week and found his prisoner gone, cannot supply the deficiency.

I have several times heard this denominated the offence of resisting or obstructing process. But this is not so. The offence is for resisting and obstructing an *officer* in serving process. And to my mind there is a very clear distinction between the two expressions. I hold that a man may do an act that may hinder the execution of process and yet not amount to a resistance or obstruction of an officer in executing it. As, for instance, if an officer has a writ of replevin commanding him to take certain property, and before he comes where it is, a person conceals the property, to keep it out of his way—this would not amount to a resistance of the officer, and yet it would prevent the due execution of the process. So if he had replevied the property and placed it some place for safe keeping, and a man should go secretly in the night and steal it, that would prevent the process from being carried out, but it would not be a resistance of the officer. So in this very case suppose that Glover had been left in the jail over Saturday night, and that at the hour of midnight when all was still, Mr Conover had opened the door and told his prisoner to go. It would be absurd to say that this was resisting or obstructing Mr Cotton in serving process. And yet it would prevent his finding the prisoner there when he went after him. It was just the same with the acts of those men who broke the jail. They effected the escape of the prisoner so that Mr Cotton did not find him when he went after him, but they did not resist or oppose him in serving process or in doing whatever he pleased. To constitute that offence the act of the defendant must be directed at the personal operations of the officer, and tend in some way to resist or obstruct his operations personally, in executing his process,—and an act which in the absence of the officer, and while he is not attempting to do any anything, merely removes or conceals the subject matter to which his process attaches, does not amount to this offence. You see therefore, Gentlemen, that even though the defendant broke the jail he did not resist, obstruct or oppose Charles C. Cotton in serving or attempting to serve process, for the manifest reasons that the process was in Court, that he did not serve or attempt to serve it, and that he was not obstructed by any body in doing whatsoever he pleased that day. You see, therefore, whatever effect you may give to the evidence as connecting the defendant with the breaking of the jail, that you cannot convict him of the offence charged in the first three counts.

Let us now come to the other two. And concerning them I say to you that they are entirely defective, and charge upon the defendant no crime known to the laws. They are framed, or pretended to be framed, under the 7th Section of the Fugitive Act of 1850. What is the offence created by that Act? Let us look at its provisions and see. The Act was passed to provide for the reclamation of fugitives from labor. The sixth section provides that when any person held to service in any State under its laws escapes into another State, the master may pursue and arrest him, with or without process, &c. By the 7th section it is made an offence to rescue such fugitive, or to aid, abet or assist such person *so owing service or labor as aforesaid* to escape from the custody of the claimant, his Agent, Attorney or other person lawfully authorized to assist him. The offence created by the Act therefore, is the aiding in the escape of an *actual* fugitive from labor. The offence charged in these Counts is the aiding in the escape of a person *arrested* as such fugitive, but who may in fact have been as free as any of us. There is no allegation in these Counts that Glover was a person owing service or labor, and there is not a particle of proof before you that he was such. I shall ask the Court, therefore, to charge you that there can be no conviction on these Counts, because they are essentially defective, and do not charge the offence created by the Act.

And now, may it please the Court, I will say at the outset of the argument upon this point, that we believe it almost too plain for argument, and that a clearer truth was never advanced in a Court of Justice, than that these two counts are utterly and essentially bad. But as there is some attempt made to set up a different doctrine in these cases, I shall endeavor to fortify my position by authorities from which there is no escape.—And in the first place, though it would seem to be unnecessary, let us recur to the old rule, established more strongly perhaps than any other, that in indictments on statutes the language of the Statutes must be pursued, the offence must be described in the words of the act. This rule is laid down in the first volume of Chitty's Criminal Laws, on pages 231—2, as follows:

"It is a general rule that all indictments upon statutes, especially the most penal, must state all the circumstances which constitute the definition of the offence in the act *so as to bring the defendant precisely within it.* * * * And not even the fullest description of the offence, even in the terms of a legal definition, would be sufficient without keeping close to the expressions of the statute."

Again on page 235:

"It is in general necessary not only to set forth on the record all the circumstances which make up the statutable definition of the offence, but also to pursue the precise and technical language in which they are expressed."

The same rule is thus laid down in Archbold's Criminal Pleading, page 20:

"Lastly, as to the indictments for offences created by statute:—the Statute contains a definition of the offence, and the offence consists of the commission or omission of certain acts under certain circumstances, and in some cases with a particular intent. An indictment therefore for an offence against the statute, must with certainty and precision charge the defendant to have committed or omitted the acts, under the circumstances and with the intent mentioned in the statute, and if any one of these ingredients be omitted the defendant may demur, move in arrest of judgement, or bring a writ of error."

The author proceeds to cite illustrations of the rule as follows:

"Thus an indictment upon stat 5 Eliz c 11 s 2 (which makes it high treason to clip, round or file any of the coin of the realm, 'for wicked lucre or gain's sake') must charge the offence to have been committed for the sake of wicked lucre or gain, otherwise it would be bad. 1st *Hale* 220. So an indictment on that part of the black act which made it felony 'wilfully and maliciously' to shoot at any person in a dwelling house or other place, was holden bad because it charged the offence to have been done '*unlawfully and maliciously*,' omitting the word 'wilfully.'

* * * * *

"So where an indictment on Stat 14 G 2 c 34 [illegible] 14 G 2 c 6, (which made it felony without benefit of clergy to steal any cow, ox, heifer &c) charged the defendant with stealing a cow, and in evidence it was proven to be a heifer, this was holden to be a fatal variance, &c."

There are probably more authorities establishing this rule in this country, than any other that could be named. In the 2nd Vol U S Digest, page 528, a number of such authorities are cited. Thus:

245. "An indictment brought under a statute must follow the words of the statute; nothing can be taken by intendment. *State vs O'Bannon*, 1st *Bailey* 144.

246. Indictments framed upon statutes must conform strictly to the words of the enactment. Where by statute it was made a capital offence "to steal slaves out of or from the possession of the master or overseer," an indictment for the offence must allege that they were so stolen.—*State vs Brown* 4th part 410.

247. An indictment founded on statute must follow the statute. *Hamilton vs Commonwealth*, 3 Pennsylvania, 14.

248. An indictment for a statute offence should be in the words of the statute. *State vs Casados* 1 N & M 91.

249. An indictment under a special statute should follow the statute strictly. *Updegraff vs Commonwealth*, 6th S & R 5.

But it is needless to pursue the matter. The rule has never been questioned. The utmost relaxation from it that ever received any countenance, in any court, was that in some cases indictments have been sustained, that described the offence not in the identical words of the Act, but in words of precisely the same meaning.

What then becomes of these counts when this rule is applied to them? They fall at once, and it is beyond the power of human ingenuity to sustain them. Are they drawn in the words of the act? Nobody pretends it. The words of the act make it an offence to "aid, abet or assist such person *so owing service or labor, as aforesaid* to escape." There is in them no allegation that Glover was such a person. Nothing that shows him to belong to the class of persons, the aiding of whom by the act constitutes the offence. No such allegation is attempted, either in the words of the Act, or in other words equivalent to them. The whole description in the Act is entirely left out and disregarded.

Let the Court bear in mind that it is not [illegible] variation or omission that we complain of. We do not object that the very words of the Act are not used, but that no words at all are used, to show that the person aided in this case belonged to that class described in the statute, and the aiding of whom it punishes. How then are these counts to be sustained? It is impossible, unless this old and safe rule of law is to be overthrown, and we are to begin now on the practice that where a statute punishes one act, a man may be indicted under it for another.

I will read an authority from the Supreme Court of the United States which is directly in point, and the force of which it is impossible to evade. It is in the case of the United States vs Gooding, 12th Wheaton 460. It was an indictment for fitting out a vessel to employ in the slave trade. The point will appear from the language of the Court. They say:

"The sixth instruction is that which has presented the most difficulty. It embraces two propositions: the first is that the second, fifth and sixth counts in the indictment ought to have contained an averment that the vessel was built, fitted out, &c, within the jurisdiction of the United States; the second, that the fifth and sixth counts *do not allege the offence in the words of the statute*, those words being 'with intent to employ the vessel in the slave trade, &c.,' whereas each of these counts avers 'with intent that the said vessel should be employed,' in the slave trade, which imports a very different state of facts. In order to understand these exceptions it is necessary to attend carefully to the very words of the act of Congress. The second section enacts 'that no citizen or citizens, &c shall after the passing of this act as aforesaid, for himself, themselves, or any other person or persons whatsoever, either as master, factor or owner, build, fit, equip, load or otherwise prepare any ship or vessel, in any port or place whatsoever within the jurisdiction of the United States, nor cause any such ship or vessel to sail from any port or place whatsoever, within the jurisdiction of the same, for the purpose of procuring any negroes, &c, to be transported, &c., as slaves.'

"The third section enacts that every person or persons so building, fitting out, equipping, loading, or otherwise preparing or sending away, or causing any of the acts aforesaid to be done, with intent to employ such ship or vessel in such trade or business after the passing of this act, contrary to the true intent and meaning thereof, or who shall in anywise be aiding or abetting therein, shall severally on conviction thereof, by due course of law forfeit, &c &c.

"The first point turns upon the interpretation of the words 'such ship or vessel' in each of these sections. To what do they refer? The only ship or vessel spoken of in either section, is such as have been built, fitted out &c, in some port or place of the United States. 'Such ship or vessel' must, therefore, refer to a ship or vessel so built, fitted out, &c, as its antecedent, or the relative 'such' can have no meaning at all.—[illegible] *and it is the duty of the Court when it can to give effect to every word in every enactment, if it can be done* without violating the obvious intention of the legislature. This is a penal act, and is to be construed strictly, that is, with no intendment or extension beyond the import of the words used. There is no certainty that the legislature meant to prohibit the sailing of any vessel on a slave voyage which had not been built, fitted out, &c, within the jurisdiction of the United States.

* * * *

"But it is sufficient to say that the word 'such' has an appropriate sense, and can be reasonably referred only to the ship or vessel previously spoken of, and such ship or vessel is not merely one built, fitted out, &c., but one built, fitted out, &c, in a port or place within the United States. THE WHOLE DESCRIPTION MUST BE TAKEN TOGETHER. If we were to adopt any other construction we should read the words as if 'such' were struck out and the clause stood 'any ship or vessel.' Such a course would not be defensible in construing a penal statute."

Here then the Supreme Court holds that it is the duty of Courts to give effect to every word in an enactment. I ask this Court, if these Counts are to be sustained, what effect is given to the words "*so owing service or labor as aforesaid*" in the Statute? None at all. It is construed not only as though they were stricken out, but as though the whole clause were remodelled so as to punish the aiding in the escape of a person arrested as a fugitive, instead of punishing the aiding of an actual fugitive as it now is. Under the authority of this decision, if the person aided were described in the seventh section merely as "such fugitive," the word "such" would require the Court to go back to the 6th section, and require in an indictment allegations to show that the party aided belonged to the class there described. For as it was held that "such vessel" meant a vessel described in a previous section, fitted out *in a port or place in the United States*, so under this Act, the words "such fugitive," if used in the 7th section, would have meant the fugitive described in the 6th section, that is, a person held to service or labor under the laws of a State, who had escaped therefrom into another State. So that if such had been the language of the statute, under this decision, these counts could not be sustained for want of allegations showing Glover to have been a fugitive from labor.

But to place the matter beyond the possibility of a question, the descriptive words are repeated in the seventh section, and the offence is to aid, abet or assist *such person so owing service or labor as aforesaid*, to escape, &c. How, then, can these counts be sustained? Under decisions that effect must be given to every word, will the court disregard a whole clause? Under decisions that the whole description must be taken together, will the court disregard the whole? In no other way can this indictment stand.

But the Court in this case, in relation to the other point alluded to, proceeded:—

"The other point is equally fatal. There is a clear distinction between causing a vessel to sail, or be sent away, with intent to employ her in the slave trade, and with intent that she should be employed in that trade. The former applies to the intent of the party causing to act, the latter to the employment of the vessel, whether by himself or a stranger. The evidence may truly support these counts and yet may not constitute an offence within the Act of Congress; for the employment by a mere stranger would not justify the conviction of the party charged with causing her to sail, or to be sent away, with intent to employ her in the slave trade as owner or [illegible] *There is no reason in criminal cases why the Court should help any such defective allegation. The words of the Statute should be pursued.*"

We say in this case that the distinction is equally clear between aiding in the escape of a fugitive from labor and aiding in the escape of a person *arrested* as such fugitive. The latter may be a free man; the former cannot. The latter is not the offence described in the Act; the former is. And we say also here "that the evidence may truly support these counts and yet may not constitute an offence within the Act of Congress." And unless this case is to be utterly disregarded these counts must fall.

But they tell us it is wrong to rescue a prisoner from legal custody, and that no man has a right thus to take the law into his own hands. Admit it, and it is no answer to our position.—That is not the question, whether the act *charged on* the defendant was wrong, or whether it be equally mischievous with the offence punished by the statute. The question is whether it is the offence punished by the statute, and that is the only question, and so the Supreme Court of the United States tells us.

It tells us so in the case of the United States vs Sheldon, 2 Wheaton 119. One question that arose in the case was whether the *driving* of living fat cattle from the United States to Canada was a "transportation" of them within the meaning of the act, punishing any person who should "transport, or attempt to transport, over land or otherwise, in any wagon, cart, sleigh, boat or otherwise, naval or military stores, arms or [illegible] provisions, &c." The court held that it was not, and in giving its opinion said:

"It may be admitted that the mischief is the same whether the enemy be supplied with provisions in the one way or the other, but this affords no good reason for construing a penal law by equity, so as to extend it to cases not within the correct and ordinary meaning of the expressions of the law, particularly when it is confirmed by the interpretation which the legislature has given to the same expressions in the same law."

I have another decision of the same court, given by Chief Justice Marshal, which fully and clearly sustains this position. It was in the case of the United States vs Wiltberger, 5th Wheaton 76. It was an indictment for manslaughter under the Act punishing any seaman or other person who "shall commit manslaughter on the high seas." The verdict found that the offence was committed on board a ship, thirty five miles up the river Tigris, and the question was whether this was on the "high seas" so as to give the court jurisdiction. The court, in treating of the construction of penal laws, say: "The rule that penal laws are to be construed strictly, is perhaps not much less old than construction itself. It is founded on the tenderness of the law for the rights of individuals, *and on the plain principle that the power of punishment is vested in the legislative, not in the judicial department. It is the legislature, not the court, which is to define a crime and ordain its punishment.*

"It is said that notwithstanding this rule, the intention of the law maker must govern in the construction of penal, as well as other statutes. This is true. But this is not a new independent rule which subverts the old. It is a modification of the ancient maxim, and amounts to this, that although penal laws are to be construed strictly, they are not to be construed so strictly as to defeat the obvious intention of the Legislature.

"The maxim is not to be so applied as to narrow the words of the statute to the exclusion of cases which those words, in their ordinary acceptation, or in that sense in which the legislature has obviously used them, would comprehend. The intention of the legislature is to be collected from the words they employ. Where there is no ambiguity in the words there is no room for construction. [illegible] The case must be a strong one indeed which would justify a court in departing from the plain meaning of words, especially in a penal act, in search of an intention which the words themselves did not suggest. To determine that a case is within the intention of a statute, its language must authorize us to say so. *It would be dangerous indeed to carry the principle that a case which is within the reason or mischief of a statute, is within its provisions, so far as to punish a crime not enumerated in the statute because it is of equal atrocity or of kindred character with those which are enumerated.*"

I ask the prosecution then, not to tell us that the defendant did wrong, but to show us that he has violated this statute.

[TO BE CONCLUDED TO-MORROW.]

CITY MATTERS.

CHEAP NOVELTY.—A party of ladies assembled on Tuesday last at the Young America Saloon on Main street and amused themselves with the game of ten pins for some time, to the great satisfaction of the present. Mr Burse, the proprietor, advertises in our columns that on application on the preceding day the alleys will be reserved the next day exclusively for ladies, and no person admitted except friends of those engaging the alleys.

Police Court—Jan. 24.

BEFORE CLINTON WALWORTH ESQ POLICE JUSTICE.

BUYING STOLEN PROPERTY, &c.—Blaine Tollstein was brought down from jail by officer Beel, and examined on a charge of buying fifty seven brass keys knowing them to be stolen property of Williams & Hibbard. The testimony of the witnesses was strong against the defendant, he having admitted to the officer that he believed the keys were stolen at the time he bought them. The defendant offered the keys to Mr Shumacher for 7 cents, who informed the Sheriff, which led to his arrest. The keys were stolen from the Brick Hotel, "way down on de rib her." The man claimed to have bought them from an Irish woman, who lives next door to the hotel, and it appears that whoever took them from the hotel must have forced an entrance in the building. The defendant was required to give bail for his appearance at the next term of the Circuit Court in the sum of $300. The punishment under the Statute makes this offence a State Prison matter, and while we have seen, in this Court, boys and girls brought up for petit larceny, convicted, sentenced, and incarcerated in the loathsome jail on the hill, those who had purchased the articles stolen had encouraged the thieves, for if there was no person to buy stolen property, the reasonable supposition is, there would be none to steal. Had he escaped arrest, much less conviction, we could not but feel glad that one of that class among the most dangerous in the community had at last been overtaken and would be punished; but while the receiver of the stolen property is punished, ought the thief to go free? This, as the Police Justice remarked, was the first case of the kind coming before him in a period extending back seven years.

The case of the State vs John Gallagher was adjourned to January 27th by consent of parties.

BITING HIS NOSE OFF.—A man named Patrick Finnegan, who was a candidate for Sheriff at the late election, obtained a warrant against Edward Dillon, Patrick Hoy and Patrick Hurley for assault and battery upon him on the 20th January. The complainant had the end of his nose bitten almost off—the piece being held on by straps of plaster. The warrant was issued upon the recipe of District Attorney.

OIL PAINTINGS AT AUCTION.—J. H. CRAMPTON will sell at Auction this evening, corner of East Water and Wisconsin Streets, a large number of choice Oil Paintings, comprising landscape, marine and other scenes; several of the paintings are by renowned masters. A rare opportunity is offered to persons wishing to decorate the walls of their dwellings. Sale positive—commencing at 7 o'clock, precisely. The paintings can be seen through the day.

☞ The Opera at Young's Hall last night, drew another good house and delighted all who heard it.

ALL CLEAR.—The Rail Road trains arrived and departed, on time, yesterday, and the eastern mail got along in good season.

CLEAR THE SIDE WALKS!—The City Marshal announces his intention to prosecute all violations of the Ordinance in regard to side-walks. Let householders and others, whose walks are obstructed by ice or snow, take notice accordingly.

☞ A large party of ladies and gentlemen came up from Racine, in a four horse sleigh, last evening to attend our Milwaukee Opera. We do not doubt that they were repaid for the journey.

☞ The February number of Putnam's Monthly, the best Magazine in America, has been received and is for sale at WILSON'S, East Water Street.

"OLD AMERICA."—One of the regular series of parties, given by the "Old folks" at Concert Hall, came off on Tuesday evening last. It was very well attended, admirably managed, and heartily enjoyed. The supper, provided by Messrs. SMITH and SPIER, was excellent.

RIGHT COURSE.—A number of mechanics of Newburyport, Mass, have resolved to emigrate in a colony to the Western Shore Lake region, for a broader field of labor. The Boston Journal says it has good authority for stating that it is in contemplation to establish societies on a very extended scale, in the large cities and towns of Massachusetts, among the foreign population, for the purpose of mutually aiding each other to emigrate to Canada or the great West.

☞ The *News* of yesterday comments, with just severity, upon the Governor's late application of a part of his $10 000 contingent fund, and says:

> If the present Legislature does its duty to the people of the State, it will adopt some stringent measures to prevent such drafts upon the Treasury, and endeavor to make our State Government an honest and economical one.

M. & M RAIL ROAD.—The Grant Co Herald of Monday last says:

> At a meeting, a few days since, at Prairie du Chien, an additional sum of $100,000 was raised by subscription to aid in building the M. & M Railroad. This, it is thought, will enable the Company to secure what money they want to build the road; the people of Prairie du Chien have no longer any doubts about having a Railroad.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.—A Mrs. Wate had just taken the seat in the New York and Erie cars at Jersey City, in company with her children, when on looking out of the window to ask about her baggage, her head was caught between the cars, slowly moving, and a post, and so badly crushed as to kill her instantly. The post was within *three inches* of the side of the car.

Dannan Monument Fund.

Amounts previously acknowledged	$690 15
Sabbath S S Wheatland, Kenosha Co	1,83
Rock Valley S S, Adams Co	2,00
Congregational S S, Waukesha	4,00
Total	$697,98

HERBERT REED, Treasurer
Milwaukee, Jan 24, 1855

DIED.

In this city on Tuesday, Jan 23d, of consumption, SARAH A., daughter of Dr A., and ELIZA B BLANCHARD, aged 16 years.

During a long and weary illness, and through much suffering, she exhibited a fortitude, a cheerfulness and patience almost unexampled. Dearly loved and cherished, her removal has left a void in the circle of her home and friends that must be deplored without hope of reparation. Her character was marked with all the purity of thought, truthfulness and justice. She was truly one of whom we may say in perfect faith, "The pure in heart shall see God."

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, at the residence of her father, on Friday, at 11 o'clock A M.

COMMERCIAL.

THE MARKETS.

OFFICE DAILY SENTINEL, }
Milwaukee, January 25, 1855. }

RECEIPTS BY M & M RAIL ROAD, Jan 23d—2278 bus wheat, 146 do oats, 20 do barley, 366 bbls flour, 68 do dried fruit, 156 sacks do, 151 hogs.

RECEIPTS BY M & W RAILROAD, Jan 23—4[illegible] bus wheat, 70 do barley, 365 bbls flour.

Receipts of Produce light, the roads being still obstructed by snow. Market for Grain and Pork active at steady rates. We hear of the sale of 1 800 bbls Flour superfine [illegible], in three lots at $6,75. We quote:

Wheat—1,10@1,20 Spring Club, 1,25@1,35 good to choice Winter.

Barley—83@90 for good samples, and occasionally $1 for prime lots to brewers.

Oats—taken for city trade at 33@35.

Rye—in steady request, at 75@80.

Corn—nominal 45@[illegible].

Pork—active, at 3 65@3 75 for light, and 3 95@4,00 for heavy and extra hogs.

FREIGHTS.—We hear of the charter of the brig *D. Ferguson* for the first trip to Buffalo, at 16c ⅌ bus, with wheat.

Weather very fine yesterday, and sleighing improving as the roads wear smooth.

Cincinnati Market—19th.

Flour dull and unchanged. Hogs firm but sales few. Bulk shoulders offered at 4c, and sides at 5c, but no sales. Mess pork held at $11, without sales. Clover Seed advanced, with sales of 30 bbls at $6 75; little to be had below $7.

There is a better feeling in money affairs.

HEAVY OPERATIONS IN TRADE.—We were informed late last evening that an extensive pork packing concern, on Main st. have accepted proposals from an Eastern house for the purchase of the entire product of fifty thousand hogs or thereabouts. Should the report prove correct, it is probably the heaviest transaction in trade ever effected by a St. Louis firm, and perhaps in the whole West.—*St Louis Repub. 20th.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CARD.

THE MANAGERS OF THE MILWAUKEE ORPHAN Asylum gratefully acknowledge the receipt of the following donations, from several citizens of East Troy, viz:—3 barrels Flour, 1 barrel Corn Meal, 3 barrels Potatoes, 100 pounds Pork, 6 Chickens, 1 bush 1 Beans. j25 1t

Increase of Cash Capital
TO HALF A MILLION OF DOLLARS.

THE ÆTNA INSURANCE CO., of Hartford, Conn., having complied with the law to regulate Insurance Agencies of Companies incorporated by other States, passed May 1st, 1854, by the Ohio Legislature, the following as required thereby, prepared in that State, the original statement being on file in the State Auditor's office.

It is a full and true statement, and is published so the community may know the character of the corporation by letting its condition speak for itself.

BY STATE AUTHORITY.

Statement on January 1st, 1855.

The name of the Corporation is ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, located at Hartford, Conn., chartered 1819.

The Capital is Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, and is paid up.

The Assets of the Company are:

Cash on hand, in Bank, and in the hands of Agents or other persons			$112,546 44
Real Estate unincumbered			16,073 05
7? Mortgage Bonds, 6 and 7 per cent interest payable semi annually			72,000 00
Debts due the Company secured by Mortgage			7,813 17
Bills Receivable, amply secured and payable at Bank			103,500 38
Bills Receivable Premium Notes			22,791 79
All other securities, viz:			
500 shares	Hartford & N Haven R R Co	$57,500	
315 "	Hartford & Providence "	16,750	
107 "	Boston & Worcester "	10,165	
4 "	N Albany & Salem "	100	
250 "	Connecticut River "	14,000	97,615 00
200	Phœnix Bank of Hartford,	34 000	
38 "	Exchange Bank,	17,864	
2[illegible]0 "	Far's & Merch's Bank	24,000	
50 "	Connect River	6,750	
200 "	Hartford	35 000	
73 "	State	9 052	
100 "	City	11 600	
75 "	Bank of Hartford Co.	7 950	149,216 00
36 "	Eagle Bank, Providence R I		1,800 00
100 "	Bank of America, New York	10 [illegible]	
100 "	N America	10 400	
40 "	Commonwealth	4,500	
150 "	Republic	15 [illegible]	
480 "	Broadway Bank	13,5[illegible]	
150 "	People's	4 400	
90 "	Hanover	9 000	
400 "	Mechanics	10 800	
100 "	N Y Life and Trust Co	15,000	94 200 00
100 "	Stafford Bank, Conn, 1st and 2d instalments paid in,		2,000 00
50 "	Conn River Company,		1,250 00
			$ [illegible]73,378 43

The amount of liabilities due or not due to Banks or other creditors—nothing.

Losses adjusted and due—none.

Losses adjusted and not due	$139,519 22
Losses adjusted and in suspense, waiting for further proof	61,837 63

All other claims against the Company are small, such only as printing, &c.

Agents instructed to take no risk over $10,000.

The amount insured in any city, town or village, depends on the character, material and construction of buildings, the width of streets, the supply of water, condition of the fire department, and other circumstances.

The amount insured in blocks of buildings varies; the design is to limit the loss by any one fire to $10,000 or less.

The act of incorporation is the same as filed in July, 1854.

THOS A ALEXANDER, Secretary.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, } ss. Hartford, January, 1855.
Hartford County, }

Personally appeared Thomas A. Alexander, Secretary of the Ætna Insurance Company, and made oath that the foregoing statement, by him subscribed, is true according to his best knowledge and belief.

HENRY FOWLER, Justice of the Peace.

All that have property to Insure, will please inspect and scrutinize the preceding reliable exposé of this old and long tried Corporation. For usefulness, security and promptitude it has ever stood first in its line of transactions—and for ability and means will attract the [illegible] of the insuring public to confirm their confidence [illegible] The statement is so prepared any one can contrast its condition with local and State Insurance offices, if so disposed. Its investments are of that solid character as not to be materially affected by the late depression in that class of [illegible]

The increase of its capital stock to $500,000, is a bona fide investment for the pledge and security of its policies.

The security and real benefits of insurance are well exemplified in the fact the company has paid such losses during the past year, at its Western Branch office alone, in Cincinnati, to the sum of $[illegible], most of which has been paid considerably in advance of the time legally due, and it has had no suit or litigation. If all or any of these facts are inducements to the continuance of its valuable patronage, or its increase, they will find its agents ever ready to attend to the demands of business as heretofore, with promptitude, [illegible] terms, [illegible]

WILLIAM J. WHALING, Agent.

jan25-1mo

VOLUME XI. MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL. NEW SERIES.

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

[illegible] by W. H. Watson & John S. Fillmore, PROPRIETORS
UNDER THE STYLE OF
RUFUS KING & CO.

Thursday Morning, Jan. 25.

DAILY ... $6,00 per annum.
TRI-WEEKLY, ... 3,50 "
WEEKLY, ... 1,00 "

OUR AGENT.

[illegible] is our authorized Agent to [illegible] subscriptions, collect Monies, &c.
R. KING & CO

For Telegraphic Despatches, See Third Page.

News of the Morning.

Our Telegraph despatches give the New York [illegible] of yesterday and sundry items of New [illegible] and Washington news. Our Madison [illegible] this morning are unusually full and in[illegible], and the abstract of yesterday's pro[illegible] show that the Legislature is at work [illegible]. Among other good acts passed by [the] Assembly yesterday was one effectually [illegible] Emigrant Agencies. The vote stood [illegible].

The U. S. Court, having got through with [the] batch of rescue trials, has concluded to [illegible] and adjourned till the first Monday in [illegible] next.

[illegible]—Both branches of our Legislature [illegible] have instructed our Demo[illegible] and Representatives in Congress [illegible] change in the Naturalization Laws [illegible] thought necessary to instruct [illegible] on this subject and it is hoped [they] will 'obey or resign.' It is to be [illegible] that this significant vote will operate [illegible] on the excited imagination of [illegible] or the News, who has been haunted [by the] "know nothing" ghost, ever since the flat [illegible] carved for County Treasurer last [illegible].

From Madison.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE SENTINEL

Madison, Jan'y 22, '55.

[The] following statistics, gathered from the [illegible] table in the Assembly will be [illegible] to some of our readers. They relate [to the] Assembly only, consisting of 82 members. [illegible]—Farmers 45, Lawyers 9, Bache[illegible] Physicians 3, Miners 4, Mill[illegible] [illegible] Contractors 2, Foundryman 1, Clerk 1 [illegible] (Mr. Goodall) Mechan[ic] [illegible] Canal digger 1 (Mr. Martin) [illegible] Shoemakers 2, Surveyor 1, Tailor [illegible] Miller 1, Civil Engineer 1 [illegible] Juror 1.

[illegible]—From 21 to 25, two; 26 to 30 eleven; [illegible] 36 to 40, eighteen, 41 to 45 [illegible] 46 to 50 eight; 51 to 55 seven; 56 [illegible] 61 to 65 one. The youngest mem[ber] [illegible] of Washington Co, 24; the old[est] [illegible] Milwaukee Co, 65. It will be [seen] that the average of this Assembly is [illegible], 36 being over 40 years of age.

[illegible] in the State—1 to 3 years [illegible] 23, 9 to 12 years, 16, 13 to 16 [illegible] 17 to 20 years, 14, 21 to 25 years 1 [illegible] over 3 [illegible] W. T. Field, of Grant [illegible] has the shortest time in the State, 2 years [illegible] the longest time, 33 years [illegible] in Milwaukee when it was [illegible].

[illegible] New York 27, Vermont 5, [illegible] New Hampshire 5, Ohio 3, Kentucky 1 [illegible] Massachusetts 9, Connecticut [illegible] Indiana [illegible] Wisconsin 1, New [illegible] England 3, Scotland 5, Ire[land] [illegible] Canada —total native born [illegible] born 19. Total from New York and [illegible] 19.

[The] Assembly was called to order at 2 P. M. [illegible] not yet in from the east, de[tained] [illegible] by snow drifts, and there was [not] present at the calling of the roll [a] sufficient number made their appear[ance] [illegible] to form a quorum. However, [illegible] resolved to adjourn, and the House [illegible].

[illegible] met at 3 P. M. Mr Bowen intro[duced a] bill to regulate appeals from Justices' [illegible] Mr [Ta]ylor a bill authorizing Sheboy[gan to] borrow money for harbor purposes,—Mr [illegible] to change the time of holding the courts in La Crosse Co.—and Mr Dew[ey] [illegible] Committee of Corporations, one altering [illegible] of Sheboygan.

[Th]e following bills passed
[illegible] appropriating $20 to P. Lee
$268 42 to Lt Gov Lewis.
[illegible] Janesville Collegiate Institute

[The] Patriot of to day comes as a Message, pur[porting] [illegible] "unofficial and confidential" [illegible] from the Governor. However much [illegible] of the Sentinel may have disagreed as [illegible] the Message—and some of the admin[istration] papers have discovered that fact much [to their] astonishment, though I think that the [illegible] did not disagree very widely on [illegible]—I think that we shall agree as to the [illegible] of this irregular message. It is ra[ther] [illegible] and sincere however, to be receiv[ed] [illegible] as an emanation from the Admin[istration] [illegible] body, however has certainly [illegible] the scenes.

[illegible] has been posted, for a meeting of the [illegible] members of the two Houses. They [illegible] have a harmonious time. [illegible] only one of the small tricks used [illegible] the Republican forces. The meeting [illegible] Mr Earnest's room, but he was elect[ed] [illegible] Independent.

[illegible] reports are afloat as to the condi[tion] [illegible] election of U S Senator. The la[test] [illegible] is that Mr Kilbourn has the pipes [illegible] nomination by the Democrats in [illegible] I have no faith in the story that the [illegible] will so stultify themselves [illegible] that he will secure a majority [illegible] the many who could not [illegible] for him. It is reported that [illegible] some of his numerous lobby [illegible] that quite a number of the [illegible] pledged to vote for him, if he [illegible] the vote in full, and rumor fix[es] [illegible] of our Milwaukee members as in [illegible] quite a number. I do not be[lieve] [illegible]—indeed I am sure that [illegible] one of the gentlemen named [illegible] hoped that now, of all times, [illegible] section of the state, will not [illegible] be swayed by local influen[ces] [illegible] to the prejudice of a good cause [illegible] have noticed an article in the Jour[nal] [illegible] morning making what purports to be [illegible] of an error in the Report of Fi[nance] [illegible] The Governor's Message [illegible] as relating to the contingent [illegible] Executive Department," but this [illegible] should have read contingent [illegible] the State. It looks like a d[illegible] [illegible] A certain fund is usual[ly] [illegible] to the Governor for various ex[penses] [illegible] for the state for which ready money is [illegible] thought better to do this than [illegible] Executive to dip into the treasury [illegible] to keep creditors waiting for their [illegible] This sum I believe has varied from [illegible] 5000 but last winter $10 000 was [illegible] and the Governor has sent in his [illegible] showing the expenditure of the whole [illegible] $1440 00 over.

[illegible] Gen McManman is on hand to day, and [illegible] doubtless have a demonstration from [illegible] Committee shortly.

[illegible] P M —The cars from the East, due at 1 [illegible] not yet arrived, and conjecture is [illegible] the cause of the delay, the suppos[ition] [illegible] being that some of the rails have given way as they did in the intense cold of last winter and let the cars off the track. There must be at least thirty members of the Legislature out taking this pleasant ride on a rail.

The Democratic caucus adjourned to this evening, but it is not probable that anything will be done while so many are absent. W H W

P. S. I open this to state all that is known of the doings of the Whig caucus. Promptly at the hour, Mr Earnest called J. H. Farnett to the chair and moved that James H Earnest be appointed Secretary, which he carried nem. con. [illegible] I almost thanked the meeting in appropriate terms, which speech he applauded to the echo. After a brief adjournment for refreshments, the meeting again assembled, and Mr Earnest moved that the Whig party be a unit in the pending conflict and continue to render the regular Democracy all the aid and comfort possible. This was received with tumultuous applause, amidst which the gas was turned off, and the caucus adjourned below. W H W

Madison, Jan 23.

The train from the east, due at noon, arrived at 9 last night, having encountered heavy drifts of snow upon the track. It brought a large delegation of members of the three Houses, but no mail, but no Milwaukee letter mail. Query: How does it happen that letters between here and our city are sometimes detained three or four days? To day one or two packages of Sentinels is missing.

I learn that the State Treasurer has sent word to the County Treasurers that he will only receive one half of the State taxes in bills of Wisconsin Banks. Why this [illegible] State money is worth more now, [illegible] to receive than it was when he agreed to receive the former for all the taxes.

The bill noticed a day or two since as having been introduced by Mr McIndoe, to change the time of election in the Judicial Circuit, should have been mentioned as a bill for changing the time of holding the Circuit Courts.

I must be brief in my legislative report to day, inasmuch as there are sundry matters which deserve particular attention.

In Senate Mr West made an able Report from a Select Committee, in favor of abolishing the Emigrant Agency, and it is thought that the thing will be cut up, root and branch this time. The following Select Committees were announced on portions of the Governor's Message.

Emigrant Agency—West, Hadley, Rolfe
Lunatic Asylum—Howell, Gill, Cobb
Geological Survey—Cobb, Dewey, Gibson
Fox & Wis River Imp.—Hadley, Pashford, Loy.

Also one on the subject of the Official Paper.

In Assembly petitions were presented by Mr Davis to authorize a Court House at Baraboo.

By Mr Hall, to prevent banks from issuing any but their own paper. Also the account of W. W. Roth.

By Mr Rand [illegible] for extension of time of collecting tax in Waukesha.

The following bills were introduced, and immediately passed, the rules being suspended. (I sent the titles of these bills yesterday, as also the gist of several resolutions adopted.)

The use of the Hall was granted for religious services this evening, by Bishop Kemper, of the Prot. Episcopal Church.

A resolution was offered by Mr VanNostrand, calling upon the State officers for information as to the condition of things between the Fox and Wisconsin River Improvement Co. and the State—the resolution going very much into details. After some discussion, it was referred, on motion of Mr Earnest, to the committee on State Affairs.

Mr Colley introduced a bill amending the charter of the Beloit Female Seminary, and Mr Fisher, one chartering the Western Wisconsin R. R. Co.

Under the head of Reports, Mr Davis from the Committee on Incorporations, reported back two or three private charters unfavorably, and [illegible] favorably, with an amendment on the charter of the Beloit Gas Co. Mr Bennett, from the Committee on claims reported sundry bills and asked to be excused from further consideration of the claim of A. Proudfit, State Prison Contractor, because no vouchers were sent in. It was stated that the vouchers were ready and would be presented, and the committee was not excused. Bills were reported back from other committees.

The Governor sent into both Houses a special Message giving, without being called upon, his reason for not receiving the volumes of the Supreme Court Reports as provided for by law. I will [illegible]. It might perhaps have seemed proper for His Excellency to wait until he was called upon for his reasons or until some claim is made upon the state. But as he has not seen fit to do so, it may be as well to state here for the information of members, that there are two sides to the question, and that they will be made aware in the progress of an investigation of the subject of some very small and sharp practice on the part of His Excellency, Gov. Barstow, and his widely varying views of economy in relation to political friends and foes. Enough of this for the present. (By the by, suppose that the publishers should conclude to present the 100 copies to the state what would the Governor do?)

Information was sent in, in relation to the school money of La Crosse Co. A report came in from the Commissioners of the Lunatic Asylum, which, with all due deference to those officers, did not seem to be any too respectful to the Assembly. It covered however the specifications and contract for the job and from these we can enable the people to form some idea of the enormous expense which these Commissioners, with the approval of the Governor, have determined to bring upon the state.

The building then to give a general idea of its extent, is to be composed of a centre or main part [illegible], 65 by 120 feet, with 2 longitudinal and 3 transverse wings on each side, the dimensions of the latter not specified. The entire building to be 4 stories, (respectively 12, 15, 13 and 11 feet) with finished basement. The longitudinal wings 3 stories and the transverse wings 3 full stories with another 7 ft at the eaves and 10 ft inside. The cellar to be 8 ft deep under the whole—a dome on the centre building—a base of hammer-dressed stone around the whole building as a sill for the basement windows—the steps, caps, sills of the whole and the ornamental work of the centre building to be of cut stone. The walls of the basement to be 3 feet thick—those of the centre building to the 2d story 2 feet 6, the next story 2 ft 3, and 2 feet above, the walls of the wings to be 20 inches and 18 inches. All the outside windows to have iron grates, the upper sashes of the cells, dormitories, bath rooms, &c to be of cast iron, wrought iron guards to all the windows in the corridors, iron balusters to the stairs—(there is a profusion of iron bars, 1¼ and 1½ inches thick, everywhere.) All the windows in the main building to have inside shutters, &c &c.

I have selected above a few of the general dimensions and details, upon which men who are accustomed to calculate these things, may base their own estimates of the cost of the building at the price of the contract with Mr Proudfit which runs as follows. Pond and inwardly di[illegible] g at ye fleeced [illegible] per lo

Excavation of earth 3½c per square yard
Excavation of rock 1,50 per square yard
Rubble and rough masonry $3 60 per perch
Cut stone work $ 0 50 per perch
Brick $12 50 per m
Cast iron 12c per lb
Wrought 16c per lb
Locks, $2,50 each. Bolts $1 [illegible] each, nails 7c per lb.
Pine lumber, $34,75 ⅌ m [illegible] do $22,50 ⅌ m
Lathing and plastering 3 coats 56c ⅌ square yard
Rough casting and pencilling with composition 45c per square yard
Glass $9 50 ⅌ box—with numerous other items after the same sort, and then follow specific estimates besides the above for painting, joiner work and extras, amounting to about $50,000!

There are rumors afloat as to especial care or great neglect having been exercised or suffered by the Commissioners in relation to the specifications, so that several persons who desired to bid were not able to see them, but supposing everything to have been done in a correct manner, is it not clear that the Commissioners had no business to enter into this contract—involving the State to the amount of perhaps $200,000, without consulting the Legislature? And $200 000 will not cover the expense of it, by a great deal as I firmly believe. Consider what a building of the above dimensions would cost, if built by a private person, at ordinary prices at ordinary prices and then look at the prices above. This contract will be broken if it can be done, so as to save the State, and it ought to be broken.

The Joint Resolution from the Senate against a change of the naturalization laws came up in Assembly this morning. Mr Gunn moved an amendment adding instructions on the subject of Harbor Improvements, the Fugitive Act, Slave Territory &c. Mr Ragan, Mr Earnest, Mr Hull, and Mr Boyd, all spoke, at greater or less length, and with more or less heat and indignation at this highly improper conduct. Mr Gunn defended his position stoutly. Messrs Randall and Bennett both spoke in favor of the principle of the amendments but desired to vote upon them separately and Mr Gunn withdrew the amendment. The resolution then passed *unanimously*, Sam not being seen about the Hall anywhere, although one member declares that he saw him vanish from the back-door as the last name was called!

In the afternoon, Messrs Hull, Mosher and DeWolf were announced as the select committee on the Georgia Memorial, and Messrs Gary, Vliet, Earnest, Regan, and Pratt upon the memorial of Prof. Daniels.

The House went through the bills in Committee of the whole, and afterwards killed one bill and tabled another for the charter of private corporations. Mr Davis from the Committee gave article IX Sec 1 of the Constitution (against special charters) as the *guide* of the Committee in their unfavorable report upon these bills, and Mr Ebbets moved to strike out the enacting clause of the first one. The Committee is unanimous upon the subject—and so we really *have* a Constitution, and a House which seems ready to sustain them. Good!

The bill changing J K Pergstrasser's name to J K Bergaser passed, and the bill repealing all Emigrant Agency Laws was ordered engrossed, with scarcely a dissenting voice.

The *Free Democrat* which comes to day, shows that its editor is touched upon some sore spot by my reference to the language and tenor of a late article in that paper. The perverse habit in which Mr Booth indulges of publishing doubtful scraps of private conversation, and of giving a personal turn to everything which does not suit him shall not tempt me to turn aside from my course an inch, and he may be assured that if as before I shall be again requested to correct any misrepresentations or errors of his paper in regard to the condition of feeling among the Republicans I shall do it. If he has any personal grievances to work out, it cannot be bad advice to recommend him to keep them out of his paper. This being a free country, I presume that I am at liberty to wish him at home or in Asia if I like, but the public would scarcely be edified by hearing of it.

The Secretary of State's Report is laid upon our table this morning. It is quite interesting, contains many valuable tables, estimates, &c., some of which were used by the Governor in his special plea in the Message, in relation to the relative expenditures of different years. I will make an abstract of it for our readers. One item among the estimates for the current year is sufficiently startling. Under the miscellaneous items we find that $17 138 72 is stated as the indebtedness for State Prisoners and $78 000 as indebtedness for the South Wing of the Prison Building—making $95,138 72 for which the Legislature is expected to provide for arrears, $10 000 is added for support of prisoners for 1855.

W H W

Abstract of Wednesday Morning's Proceedings

SENATE—10 A M 24th. The following bills passed

Extending time for collecting taxes in Janesville, Waukesha and Kenosha
[illegible] Intervals from Newport to Sextonville
Chartering the [illegible] Academy. Charter of Howard & Oconto Plank Road Co
Amending Charter of Sheboygan
Changing name of J K Bergstrasser
Ceding lighthouse site at Fond du Lac
Authorizing special tax in Watertown
Vacating plat of Hamilton, Marquette Co
Changing time of courts in Portage & Marathon Co
State road from Fountain City to Chip. Falls
Declaring Waumandee river a highway
Appropriating $129 60 to Geo Williams.
Vacating part of plat of Manitowoc
Adjourned

ASSEMBLY, 10 A M —State Treasurer reported $1,519 71 as received from collection of fines

Bills passed. Changing time of holding Circuit Courts in Marathon and Portage Counties
Abolishing all Emigrant Agency Laws—77 to 5
Amending charter of Manitowoc & Calumet Plank Road Company
Vacating part of plat of Manitowoc
Appropriating $139 00 to G Williams
Suspending sales of school lands except to settlers
Placing witnesses' certificates on same footing as those of jurors
Amending charter of Symphony College
Declaring the Waumandee river a public highway.
Laying out stateroad from Fountain City to Chippewa Falls.
Appropriating $242,84 to acting Gov Lewis
$300 to heirs of R Jenkinson
Adjourned

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.—The Madison *Journal* of yesterday thus disposes of some weak inventions of the enemy, as to the want of harmony among our Republican friends in the Legislature.

There is not a Republican in the Legislature who will not vote for Durkee should he receive the nomination, nor one who will refuse to vote for the nominee of the Republican caucus because he may have been a whig formerly.

Right! If Mr Durkee be the Republican nominee for U S Senator, he should receive, as he deserves, the vote of every man in the Legislature who calls himself a REPUBLICAN. Or should Mr COLE, or any other true man be agreed upon he too is entitled to the unbroken Republican vote. Let our friends stand fast and stand *together* and all will be well.

ANNUAL BANK STATEMENT.—We publish this morning the report of the Bank Comptroller, of the resources, liabilities, &c., of the Banks of this State. The table is an interesting one for reference and preservation.—[Sentinel.

And, by the way you were indebted for it to the *Argus & Democrat*.—[Madison Democrat

If we had been, we should have given credit accordingly. Our copy was furnished us from Madison, and not in the *Argus & Democrat*.

GOING TO LEAVE.—We understand that quite a party of young men, some of them with families are about to leave this city for Wisconsin—to select new homes in that growing State. They are residents of the North end, and most if not all of them, ship carpenters. They intend to locate somewhere upon the Lake shore where they can take up lands and become farmers, or pursue their business of ship building, as will be most for their interest.—[Newburyport Herald

Come along friends! There is room and welcome and work for all of you within the borders of Wisconsin.

"BIRDS OF A FEATHER."—The *Wisconsin*, the Madison *Democrat* and Judge Miller's "Court, Officers and Jurors" continue to sympathize together in the matter of the sneaking presentment offered, but not *acted* upon, against the *Sentinel* and *Free Democrat*. They constitute an exceedingly select circle.

The Potosi *Republican*, a democratic paper, speaking of the reported nomination of Mr COLE by the Republicans of the Legislature as a candidate for U S Senator, says

The choice of the 'Republicans' for this important office, made at an adjourned caucus on Monday, was the Hon. ORSAMUS COLE, of this place, and in the event of an election this winter he will undoubtedly be the man. So far as sterling ability is concerned, they have not a better man in their ranks.

The snow storm which raged so violently here Sunday, commenced at St. Louis at 3 P M Saturday—12 hours in advance of its commencement here.

SPEECH OF BYRON PAINE,

In Defence of S. M. Booth, indicted for Aiding in the Escape of a Fugitive Slave Joshua Glover

Delivered before the U. S. Court, Jan. 12 1855.

[CONTINUED]

But they claim that the defendant sent for a team to take Glover away! To prove this the testimony of Mr Roberts and Mr Heath is relied on. Upon this, gentlemen I have to remark that it is a very improbable story on its face.—Mr Heath tells us he had never seen the defendant before that day. It is true, he says, he was introduced to him before that, but we all know how soon a person we see in a crowd passes from our remembrance unless there is something to impress his image particularly upon our minds. And yet according to the account of Mr Roberts and Mr Heath the defendant called on Heath, an entire stranger to send to Oakley's after a team, when according to all natural presumption he had no reason to believe that Heath knew where Oakley's was and when there were hundreds around him whom he well knew and who were ready to do any thing he wished done that was lawful and just. I say the story is improbable on its face. And in addition to this improbability, we have the fact that Mr Heath appears here as an accomplice testifying against others under the hope of favors for himself. Gentlemen, I am not going to say anything against Mr Heath. He came here bent and broken on the government wheel, and I am sorry for him.—Stronger men than he might not have been able to withstand its terrors. I pity him more than I blame. But in weighing his testimony we must remember that he is an accomplice and testifies with the hope of saving himself by fastening conviction on the chosen victim of the prosecution. I will read to you the rule which the wisdom of experience has established for weighing the evidence of accomplices.

Mr Ryan here asked—"Mr Paine whose accomplice do you claim Mr Heath to be?"

I claim him, sir to be an accomplice in the offence which you charge upon the defendant. And in doing so, I by no means admit that the defendant was connected with him but only that such is the account your witness gives of it.

I read to you gentlemen, from the 1st of Greenleaf's Evidence, 483.

'The case of *accomplices* is usually mentioned under the head of infamy, but we propose to treat it more appropriately when we come to speak of persons disqualified by interest, since accomplices generally testify under a promise or expectation of pardon, or some other benefit.'

Again, on page 485.

'The *degree of credit* which ought to be given to the testimony of an accomplice, is a matter exclusively within the province of the jury. It has sometimes been said that they ought not to believe him unless his testimony is corroborated by other evidence *and without doubt great caution in weighing such testimony is dictated by prudence and good reason*. But there is no such rule of law; it being expressly conceded that the jury may, if they please act upon the evidence of the accomplice without any confirmation of his statements. But on the other hand Judges in their discretion, will advise a jury not to convict of felony upon the testimony of an accomplice alone and without corroboration, and it is now so generally the practice to give them such advice, that its omission would be regarded as an omission of duty, on the part of the Judge.'

In addition then, to the improbability of the story and the fact that it is sustained only by the testimony of accomplices,—for Mr Roberts if not an actual accomplice, was certainly a very near one—we have the testimony of Mr. Walter Babcock who gives an entirely different account of the matter. He says that while Mr Booth was talking with some man on the other side of the horse a thick-set man with sandy whiskers, came up to him and asked for his horse to go to the American. Mr Booth at first hesitated, but when the request was repeated, he got off and the man mounted and rode away. I own that story looks natural,—the other does not.

The two accounts are entirely different. The one presents the defendant as having conceived the purpose of sending for a team to take Glover away, and calling on Heath to execute it, the other shows that the design was conceived by some one else and that the only connection of the defendant with it, was to let some body have his horse to go to the American. And the latter view of it is strongly corroborated by Heath himself. He was compelled to admit that it was his impression that somebody did call for the defendant's horse to go to the American. This shows the defendant as the lender of his horse, to accomplish some purpose with which he was not made acquainted, and not as the sender of an agent on his horse, to accomplish a purpose of his own. Because if the defendant conceived the design, then it is very improbable that somebody else called for his horse as Mr Heath had [illegible] if somebody else called for his horse then it is improbable that the defendant called on Heath in the manner pretended. So that the conclusion to which my mind comes upon this matter is that there is some mistake or confusion in the memory of the witnesses for the prosecution, and that Mr Babcock's account is the true one. You all saw the weight which Mr Ryan gave to his testimony, by the rigid cross-examination which he gave him. But the young man maintained his position clearly, intelligently, and consistently to the last.

But certain it is at all events, that no wagon was procured by Heath, and there is not a particle of evidence connecting the defendant with the procurement of the one in which Glover was carried away.

But Gentlemen great stress is laid by the prosecution on the fact that the defendant followed the wagon down to the Walker's Point Bridge. Upon this point the testimony is conflicting.—One of the witnesses for the prosecution says he started with the wagon on horseback, that he rode by it down Jackson street and was very near it all the way to the bridge, and there acted as the medium of communication between the two wagons. One other witness swears also that he saw him not more than four or five rods behind the wagon, on Jackson street. But a number of witnesses for the defense and some of those for the prosecution show that this must have been utterly impossible. After the wagon started, Mr Blair saw the defendant in the square on foot. All the evidence shows that the wagon was driven rapidly. It went but a short distance on Jackson street, and it would have been impossible for a man to have been in the square after it started, and to have gone out, unhitched his horse, untied up the halter, mounted and come up within three or four rods of it, while it was on Jackson street. Mr Mallory also one of the witnesses for the prosecution, saw the defendant in the square after the wagon started but he was not certain whether it had gone out of sight. A number of other witnesses also swear that they saw the wagon go down Jackson street but that the defendant was not near it. Then we have the evidence of Mr Clark that he was the man who rode down Jackson street near the wagon—that after the wagon he rode from eight to ten rods behind it all the way to the bridge, except on Wisconsin street and that the defendant was not near it and could not have been there without the witness seeing him. He swears that he was the man who went to the Messenger's wagon and that the defendant did nothing of the kind, as did in fact did not come up until several minutes after the wagons had stopped, and as Glover was about getting out from the one into the other.

As you observed, Gentlemen, the testimony of Mr Clark produced a great disturbance in the minds of the prosecutors and they were preparing to come down on his offending head with their whole power. But immediately after this we called Mr Gardner, who followed the wagon from Young's Hall to the bridge, eight or ten rods behind it, saw nothing of the defendant near it and shows positively that he could not have been near it, because he saw him come up several minutes after they had stopped, and saw him do nothing after he did come up. This corroborates Mr Clark fully and shows that there must have been a mistake on the part of the witnesses for the prosecution. A mistake which can the more readily be believed from the fact that some men are so filled with prejudice and hate against the defendant, as to believe that he did and was responsible for all that was done by four or five thousand people on that day. But he did go down there,—and the witnesses agree in that? Why did he go? Why did he do it? We say, admitting our theory of the defence to be true,—and that he was opposed to all violence and the breaking of the jail, that still it was perfectly natural for the defendant, to go down there as he did. He went down out of curiosity, as did hundreds of others to see what became of the man. And is this to be attributed to him as one as a crime? Could Captain Jennings, one of the witnesses for the prosecution run some distance on foot, and then jump into a wagon and hurry the driver to keep up with the fugitive merely to gratify his curiosity—could Mr. Hoyt another of their witnesses do the same thing, and could Mr Gardner who met the crowd turned and follow on merely to get sight at the man,—could every body else, hurry after to see what was done, and all be held innocent and yet this defendant be held guilty for doing the same thing? I trust not, gentlemen—but that you will give him as good a right as other men to gratify his curiosity and see what is going on.

The conclusion, therefore, to which I come, and to which I think you must come from the whole evidence, is that the defendant cannot be held responsible for the breaking of the jail and the rescue of Glover because he took no part in it and it was done against his advice.

But I judge from some intimations that have been made during the trial, that you will be told by the Court that the defendant having called the meeting, was responsible for all that was done afterwards, by any of them. I do not so understand the law. Gentlemen it is true that if a number of men enter into a common design to accomplish an unlawful act, each is afterwards responsible for the acts of all, in furtherance of that common design. But before any man can be so held, the common design must be established. I deny that if a man call a meeting for a lawful purpose he is responsible for acts of violence committed by some who may have been at the meeting unless he is connected with the violence. And can any of you entertain for a moment the idea that there was a common design among those who composed the meeting called by the defendant and presided over by Gen Walcott, to rescue Glover from the jail?—Such a pretence would be an absurdity. The whole proceedings and efforts of the meeting show that there was no such design, but that they only designed to pursue the remedies known to the law. The whole evidence shows that violence was not thought of till just as it occurred, and that it was then a movement of impatience on the part of a portion who were there, the exciting cause of which was an announcement that the writ of *habeas corpus* would be disregarded.—And no man who took part in the meeting, can be held responsible for that violence unless it be shown that he participated in, or sanctioned it.

I have now, gentlemen, gone through the evidence relied on to connect the defendant with this rescue, and have endeavored to show that your verdict must be not guilty, even if breaking the jail were sufficient to constitute the crime for which he is indicted. But that is not so. Yet I believe there are many who are watching these proceedings with deep interest, that have fixed it in their minds that you are trying the issue whether Mr Booth broke the jail and aided in the escape of Joshua Glover. Fairly think if this is established then the verdict must be guilty. I do not know but there may be some such among you gentlemen. But if so you are greatly mistaken. We might throw away the evidence to the contrary, and admit that the defendant did break the jail, that he took out Glover with his own hands, and yet all this does not constitute the offence with which he is charged. In almost every crime there are a number of separate and distinct facts necessary to constitute the offence. And although they all be proved but one yet if the proof on that one fail, the defendant must go acquit. And so it is in this case.

We have thus far been considering whether the defendant had anything to do with the breaking of the jail. I will now take up the indictment and see what is the offence charged and what else must be shown to warrant a conviction.—There are five counts in the indictment. The first three are framed upon one of the sections of the Act of 1790, which punishes resisting obstructing or opposing an officer in serving, or attempting to serve, or execute process. These three counts charge the defendant with knowingly and wilfully obstructing resisting and opposing Charles C. Cotton a Deputy Marshal, in serving and attempting to serve or execute process. Now I ask you, gentlemen, in all candor, is there a syllable of evidence before you to sustain this charge? If there is where is it?—I have not heard it. When did Charles C Cotton attempt to serve process and meet with resistance? Who resisted or obstructed him? We asked Mr Cotton if any body obstructed or resisted him that day in doing whatever he pleased, and the other side objected at first, seeming to fear that he might have been treated with at knowing it. He finally answered that he was not directly resisted or obstructed by any body. And is it not a very singular idea that an officer may be resisted without knowing it?

In order to make out the offence charged in these three counts, there must be proof that an officer of the United States had some legal process, and attempted to serve or execute it and was resisted or obstructed in doing so by the defendant. Now what process did Mr Cotton have? It will be said he had the warrant on which Glover was arrested. And if the Fugitive Law is to be held constitutional without doubt, that was a process within the meaning of the act. But where was his process? Glover had been arrested and lodged in jail, and we at first endeavored to show that the warrant was left there with him and remained there till the next Monday. The testimony on that point was conflicting. Mr Conover's impression was very strong that it was left there till the next Monday and that the Marshal Cotton came after it and said he wanted to make a return. This was Mr. Parson's impression also. But Mr Cotton and Mr Cogswell both say that Cotton had the warrant at the Marshal's office on the 11th and made his return. But, Gentlemen you must have observed that their testimony as to how and when it got from the jail to the Marshal's office, was very confused and uncertain.

On cross-examination he was to show that the warrant was left in jail and that Cotton did not have it nor attempt to serve it nor to do anything with it on that day. But to save further trouble and to make the matter sure the prosecution introduced a memorandum on the back of Garland's [illegible] which proved to be in the handwriting of his Honor, saying 'At 2 o'clock P M on the 11th [illegible] returned.' This answered our purpose far better than it would to have [illegible]. Before [illegible] showed that the warrant was returned to the judge about the very time when the meeting was on [illegible] and there is no evidence that Glover was [illegible] hands against that day.—It is therefore [illegible] the jail did not resist or obstruct Charles C. Cotton, in attempting to serve process, for he did not attempt to serve any. The warrant was in Court and Cotton might have been asleep in his bed resting after his night's ride, for aught that appears here when the jail was broken. And to pretend that an officer may be resisted in serving process, when he has no process, and does not attempt to serve any is in my judgment a very great absurdity. I admit that if Cotton or any other officer had got the warrant again and gone after Glover to bring him down to a hearing and had been resisted or obstructed in attempting to do so that would have amounted to the offence. But there is no such evidence. And the fact that he may have gone up the next week and found his prisoner gone, cannot supply the deficiency.

I have several times called this denounced the offence of resisting or obstructing process. But this is not so. The offence is for resisting and obstructing an *officer* in serving process. And to my mind there is a very clear distinction between the two expressions. I hold that a man may do an act that may hinder the execution of process and yet not amount to a resistance or obstruction of an officer in executing it. As, for instance, if an officer has a writ of replevin commanding him to take certain property and before he comes where it is, a person conceals the property, to keep it out of his way—this would not amount to a resistance of the officer and yet it would prevent the due execution of the process. So if he had replevied the property and placed it in some place for safe keeping and a man should go secretly in the night and steal it, that would prevent the process from being carried out but it would not be resistance of the officer. So in this very case suppose that Glover had been left in the jail over Saturday night and that at the hour of midnight when all was still, Mr Conover had opened the door and told his prisoner to go. It would be absurd to say that this was resisting or obstructing Mr Cotton in serving process. And yet it would prevent his finding the prisoner when he went after him. It was just the same with the acts of those men who broke the jail. They effected the escape of the prisoner so that Mr Cotton did not find him when he went after him, but they did not resist or oppose him in serving process or in doing whatever he pleased. To constitute that offence the act of the defendant must be aimed at the personal operations of the officer, and tend in some way to resist or obstruct his operations personally, in executing his process,—and an act which in the absence of the officer, and while he is not attempting, to do any anything, merely removes or conceals the subject matter to which his process attaches, does not amount to this offence. You see therefore Gentlemen, that even though the defendant broke the jail he did not resist, obstruct or oppose Charles C Cotton in serving or attempting to serve process, for the manifest reasons that the process was in Court, that he did not serve or attempt to serve it and that he was not obstructed by any body in doing whatever he pleased to do. You see, therefore whatever effect you may give to the evidence as connecting the defendant with the breaking of the jail, that you cannot convict him of the offence charged in the first three counts.

Let us now come to the other two. And concerning them I say to you that they are entirely defective and charge upon the defendant no crime known to the laws. They are framed or pretended to be framed, under the 7th Section of the Fugitive Act of 1850. What is the offence created by that Act? Let us look at its provisions and see. The Act was passed to provide for the reclamation of fugitives from labor. The sixth section provides that when any person held to service" in any State under its laws escapes into another State, the master may pursue and arrest him, with or without process &c. By the 7th section it is made an offence to rescue such fugitive or to aid, abet or assist such person *so owing service or labor as aforesaid* to escape from the custody of the claimant his Agent Attorney or other person lawfully authorized to assist him. The offence created by the Act therefore, is the aiding in the escape of an *actual* fugitive from labor. The offence charged in these Counts, is the aiding in the escape of a person *arrested* as such fugitive but who may in fact have been as free as any of us. There is no allegation in these Counts that Glover was a person owing service or labor and there is not a particle of proof before you that he was such. I shall ask the Court, therefore, to charge you that there can be no conviction on these Counts, because they are essentially defective, and do not charge the offence created by the Act.

And now, may it please the Court I will say at the outset of the argument upon this point that we believe it almost too plain for argument, and that a clearer truth was never advanced in a Court of justice, than that these two counts are utterly and essentially bad. But as there is some attempt made to set up a different doctrine in these cases, I shall endeavor to fortify my position by authorities from which there is no escape.—And in the first place, though it would seem to be unnecessary, let us recur to the old rule, established more strongly perhaps than any other, that in indictments on statutes the language of the Statutes must be pursued, the offence must be described in the words of the act. This rule is laid down in the first volume of Chitty's Criminal Laws, on pages 231—2 as follows.

"It is a general rule that all indictments upon statutes, especially the most penal, must state all the circumstances which constitute the definition of the offence in the act *so as to bring the defendant precisely within it*. * * * And not even the fullest description of the offence, were it even in the terms of legal definition, would be sufficient without keeping close to the expressions of the statute."

Again on page 235

"It is in general necessary not only to set forth on the record all the circumstances which make up the statutable definition of the offence but also to pursue the precise and technical language in which they are expressed."

The same rule is thus laid down in Archbold's Criminal Pleading, page 20.

"Lastly as to the indictments for offences created by statute.—the Statute contains a definition of the offence and the offence consists of the commission or omission of certain acts, under certain circumstances, and in some cases with a particular intent. An indictment therefore for an offence against the statute, must with certainty and precision charge the defendant to have committed or omitted the acts, under the circumstances and with the intent mentioned in the statute, and if any one of these ingredients be omitted the defendant may demur, move in arrest of judgement, or bring a writ of error."

The author proceeds to cite illustrations of the rule as follows

"Thus an indictment upon stat 5 Eliz c 11 s 2 (which makes it high treason to clip, round or file any of the coin of the realm, 'for wicked lucre or gain's sake') must charge the offence to have been committed for the sake of wicked lucre or gain otherwise it would be bad. 1st *Hale* 220. So an indictment on that part of the black act which made it felony 'wilfully and maliciously' to shoot at any person in a dwelling house or other place, was holden bad because it charged the offence to have been done 'unlawfully and maliciously,' omitting the word 'wilfully.'

* * * * *

So where an indictment on Stat 14 G 2 c 6, 14 G 2 c 6, (which made it felony without benefit of clergy to steal any cow, ox, heifer &c) charged the defendant with stealing a cow, and in evidence it was proven to be a heifer, this was holden to be a fatal variance, &c."

There are probably more authorities establishing this rule in this country, than any other that could be named. In the 2nd Vol U S Digest, page 528, a number of such authorities are cited. Thus

"245 'An indictment brought under a statute must follow the words of the statute; nothing can be taken by intendment. *State vs O'Bannon* 1st *Bailey* 144.

246 Indictments framed upon statutes must conform strictly to the words of the enactment. Where by statute it was made a capital offence 'to steal slaves out of or from the possession of the master or overseer,' an indictment for the offence must allege that they were so stolen.—*State vs Brown* 4th part 410.

247 An indictment founded on statute must follow the statute. *Hamilton vs Commonwealth*, 3 Pennsylvania, 14.

248 An indictment for a statute offence should be in the words of the statute. *State vs Casados* 1 N & M 91.

249 An indictment under a special statute should follow the statute strictly. *Updegraff vs Commonwealth*, 6th S & R 5.

But it is needless to pursue the matter. The rule has never been questioned. The utmost relaxation from it that ever received any countenance, in any court, was that in some cases indictments have been sustained, that described the offence not in the identical words of the Act but in words of precisely the same meaning.

What then becomes of these counts when this rule is applied to them? They fall at once and it is beyond the power of human ingenuity to sustain them. Are they drawn in the words of the act? Nobody pretends it. The words of that act make it an offence to aid, abet or assist any person *so owing service or labor, as aforesaid* to escape. There is in them no allegation that Glover was such a person. Nothing that shows him to belong to the class of persons, the aiding of whom by the act constitutes the offence. No such allegation is attempted, either in the words of the Act, or in other words equivalent to them. The whole description in the Act, is entirely left out and disregarded.

Let the Court bear in mind that it is not for any inaccuracy or omission that we complain of. We do not object that the very words of the Act are not used but that no words at all are used, to show that the person aided in this case, belonged to that class described in the statute, the aiding of whom it punishes. How then are these counts to be sustained? It is impossible, unless the old and safe rule of law is to be overthrown and we are to begin anew on the practice that when a statute punishes one act, a man may be indicted under it for another.

I will read an authority from the Supreme Court of the United States which is directly in point, and the force of which it is impossible to evade. It is in the case of the United States vs Gooding 12th Wheaton 460. It was an indictment for fitting out a vessel to employ in the slave trade. The point will appear from the language of the Court. They say

'The sixth instruction is that which has presented the most difficulty. It embraces two propositions, the first is that the second fifth and sixth counts in the indictment ought to have contained an averment that the vessel was built, fitted out, &c, within the jurisdiction of the United States, the second is that the fifth and sixth counts *do not allege the offence in the words of the statute*, those words being 'with intent to employ the vessel in the slave trade, &c., whereas each of these counts avers 'with intent that the said vessel should be employed,' in the slave trade, which imports a very different state of facts. In order to understand these exceptions it is necessary to attend carefully to the very words of the act of Congress. The second section enacts' that no citizen or citizens, &c shall after the passing of this act as aforesaid, for himself, themselves, or any other person or persons whatever, either as master factor or owner build, fit equip, load or otherwise prepare any ship or vessel, in any port or place whatever within the jurisdiction of the United States, nor cause any such ship or vessel to sail from any port or place whatsoever, within the jurisdiction of the same, for the purpose of procuring any negroes, &c, to be transported &c., as slaves.'

'The third section enacts that every person or persons so building fitting out, equipping, loading or otherwise preparing or sending away, or causing any of the acts aforesaid to be done with intent to employ such ship or vessel in such trade or business after the passing of this act, contrary to the true intent and meaning thereof, or who shall in anywise be aiding or abetting therein, shall severally on conviction thereof, by due course of law forfeit, &c &c.

The first point turns upon the interpretation of the words 'such ship or vessel' in each of these sections. To what do they refer? The only ship or vessel spoken of in either section, is such as have been built, fitted out &c, in some port or place of the United States. 'Such ship or vessel' must, therefore, refer to a ship or vessel so built, fitted out, &c, as its antecedent, or the relative 'such,' can have no meaning at all.—The word is [illegible] *and it is the duty of the Court when it can to give effect to every word in every enactment if it can be* done without violating the obvious intention of the legislature. This is a penal act, and is to be construed strictly, that is with no intendment or extension beyond the import of the words used. There is no certainty that the legislature meant to prohibit the sailing of any vessel on a slave voyage which had not been built, fitted out &c, within the jurisdiction of the United States.

* * * * * *

'But it is sufficient to say that the word 'such' has no appropriate sense, and can be reasonably referred only to the ship or vessel previously spoken of and such ship or vessel is not merely one built fitted out &c. but one built fitted out, &c., in a port or place within the United States. THE WHOLE DESCRIPTION MUST BE TAKEN TOGETHER. If we were to adopt any other construction we should read the words as if "such" were stricken out and the clause stood 'any ship or vessel.' Such a course would not be defensible in construing a penal statute.'

Here then the Supreme Court holds that it is the duty of Courts to give effect to every word in an enactment. I ask this Court if these Counts are to be sustained when effect is given to the words '*so owing service or labor as aforesaid*' in the Statute? None at all. It is construed not only as though they were stricken out but as though the whole clause were remodelled so as to furnish the aiding in the escape of a person arrested as a fugitive instead of punishing the aiding of an actual fugitive as it now is. Under the authority of this decision if the person aided, were described in the seventh section merely as 'such fugitive,' the word '*such*' would require the Court to go back to the 6th section, and require in an indictment, allegations to show that the party aided, belonged to the class there described. For as it was held that 'such vessel,' meant a vessel described in a previous section, fitted out *in a port or place in the United States*, so under this Act, the words 'such fugitive,' if used in the 7th section, would have meant the fugitive described in the 6th section, that is, a person held to service or labor under the laws of a State, who had escaped therefrom into another State. So that if such had been the language of the statute, under this decision, these counts could not be sustained for want of allegations showing Glover to have been a fugitive from labor.

But to place the matter beyond the possibility of a question, the descriptive words are repeated in the seventh section, and the offence is to aid, abet or assist *such person so owing service or labor as aforesaid*, to escape &c. How, then, can these counts be sustained? Under decisions that effect must be given to every word, will the court disregard a whole clause? Under decisions that the whole description must be taken, together will the court disregard the whole? In no other way can this indictment stand.

But the Court in this case in relation to the other point alluded to proceeded.—

'The other point is equally fatal. There is a clear distinction between causing a vessel to sail, or be sent away, with intent to employ her in the slave trade and with intent that she should be employed in that trade. The former applies to the intent of the party causing to act the latter to the employment of the vessel whether by himself or a stranger. The evidence may truly support these counts and yet may not constitute an offence within the Act of Congress for the employment by a mere stranger, would not justify his conviction of the party charged with causing her to sail, or to be sent away, with intent to employ her in the slave trade as owner. *There is no reason in criminal cases why the Court should hold any such defect in allegation. The words of the Statute should be pursued.*'

We say in this case that the distinction is equally clear between aiding in the escape of a fugitive from labor and aiding in the escape of a person *arrested* as such fugitive. The latter may be a free man the former cannot. The latter is not the offence described in the Act. The former is. And we say also here 'that the evidence may fully support these counts and yet may not constitute an offence within the Act of Congress.' And unless this case is to be utterly disregarded these counts must fall.

But they tell us it is wrong to rescue a prisoner from legal custody and that no man has a right thus to take the law into his own hands! Admit it, and it is no answer to our position.—That is not the question, whether the act *charged on* the defendant was wrong, or whether it be equally mischievous with the offense punished by the statute. The question is whether it is the offence punished by the statute, and that is the only question, and so the Supreme Court of the United States tells us.

It tells us so in the case of the United States vs Sheldon, 2 Wheaton 119. One question that arose in the case was whether the driving of living fat oxen, from the United States to Canada was a 'transportation' of them within the meaning of the act, punishing any person who should 'transport, or attempt to transport, over land or otherwise, in any wagon cart, sleigh boat or otherwise naval or military stores, arms or provisions, &c' The court held that it was not and in giving its opinion said

'It may be admitted that the mischief is the same whether the enemy be supplied with provisions in the one way or the other, but this affords no good reason for construing a penal law by equity, so as to extend it to cases not within the correct and ordinary meaning of the expressions of the law particularly when it is confirmed by the interpretation which the legislature has given to the same expressions in the same law.'

I have another decision of the same court given by Chief Justice Marshal, which fully and clearly sustains this position. It was in the case of the United States vs Wiltberger 5th Wheaton 76. It was an indictment for manslaughter under the Act punishing any seaman or other person who 'shall commit manslaughter on the high seas.' The verdict found that the offence was committed on board a ship, thirty five miles up the river Tigris and the question was whether this was on the 'high seas' so as to give the court jurisdiction. The court in treating of the construction of penal laws, say 'The rule that penal laws are to be construed strictly, is perhaps not much less old than construction itself. It is founded on the tenderness of the law for the rights of individuals, *and on the plain principle that the power of punishment is vested in the legislative not in the judicial department. It is the legislature not the court which is to define a crime and ordain its punishment.*'

'It is said that notwithstanding this rule, the intention of the law maker must govern in the construction of penal, as well as other statutes. This is true. But this is not a new independent rule which subverts the old. It is a modification of the ancient maxim, and amounts to this, that although penal laws are to be construed strictly, they are not to be construed so strictly as to defeat the obvious intention of the legislature.

'The maxim is not to be so applied as to narrow the words of the statute to the exclusion of cases, which those words, in their ordinary acceptation or in that sense in which the legislature has obviously used them, would comprehend. The intention of the legislature is to be collected from the words they employ. Where there is no ambiguity in the words there is no room for construction. The case must be a strong one indeed which would justify a court in departing from the plain meaning of words especially in a penal act in search of an intention which the words themselves did not suggest. To determine that a case is within the intention of a statute its language must authorize us to say so. *It would be dangerous indeed to carry the principle that a case which is within the reason or mischief of a statute is within its provisions, so far as to punish a crime not enumerated in the statute because it is of equal atrocity or of kindred character with those which are enumerated.*'

I ask the prosecution then, not to tell us that the defendant did wrong, but to show us that he has violated this statute.

[TO BE CONCLUDED TO MORROW.]

CITY MATTERS.

[illegible] NOVELTY.—A party of ladies assembled [illegible] day last at the Young America Saloon on Main street and amused themselves with the game of ten pins for some time, to the great satisfaction of the proprietor. Mr Bease the proprietor, advertises in our columns that on application the preceding day the alleys will be reserved the next day exclusively for ladies, and no person admitted except friends of those engaging the alleys.

Police Court—Jan. 24.

BEFORE CLINTON WALWORTH ESQ. POLICE JUSTICE

BUYING STOLEN PROPERTY, &c.—Blatius Tollstein was brought down from jail by officer Beck, and examined on a charge of buying (for seven brass keys) knowing them to be stolen property of Williams & Hibbard. The testimony of the witnesses was strong against the defendant, he having admitted to the officer that he believed the keys were stolen at the time he bought them. The defendant offered the keys to Mr Shumacher for 7 cents, who informed the Sheriff, which led to his arrest. The keys were stolen from the Brick Hotel, "way down on de ribber." The man claimed to have bought them from an Irish woman, who lives next door to the hotel, and it appears that whoever took them from the hotel must have forced an entrance in the building. The defendant was required to give bail for his appearance at the next term of the Circuit Court in the sum of $300. The punishment under the Statute makes this offence a State Prison matter, and while we have seen, in this Court, boys and girls brought up for petty larceny, convicted, sentenced, and incarcerated in the loathsome jail on the hill, those who had purchased the articles stolen, had encouraged the thieves, for if there was no person to buy stolen property, the reasonable supposition is, there would be none to steal. Had he escaped arrest, much less conviction, we could not but feel glad that one of that class among the most dangerous in the community, had at last been overtaken and would be punished, but while the receiver of the stolen property is punished, ought the thief to go free. This, as the Police Justice remarked, was the first case of the kind coming before him in a period extending back seven years.

The case of the State vs John Gallagher was adjourned to January 27th by consent of parties.

BITING HIS NOSE OFF.—A man named Patrick Flannegan, who was a candidate for Sheriff at the late election, obtained a warrant against Edward Dillon, Patrick Hoy and Patrick Hurley for assault and battery upon him on the 20th January. The complainant had the end of his nose bitten almost off—the piece being held on by straps of plaster. The warrant was issued upon receipt of District Attorney.

OIL PAINTINGS AT AUCTION.—J. H. CRAMPTON will sell at Auction this evening corner of East Water and Wisconsin Streets, a large number of choice Oil Paintings, comprising landscape, marine and other scenes, several of the paintings are by renowned masters. A rare opportunity is offered to persons wishing to decorate the walls of their dwellings. Sale positive—commencing at 7 o'clock, precisely. The paintings can be seen through the day.

The Opera at Young's Hall last night, drew another good house and delighted all who heard it.

ALL CLEAR.—The Rail Road trains arrived and departed, on time, yesterday, and the eastern mail got along in good season.

CLEAR THE SIDE WALKS!—The City Marshal announces his intention to prosecute all violations of the Ordinance in regard to side-walks. Let householders and others, whose walks are obstructed by ice or snow, take notice accordingly.

A large party of ladies and gentlemen came up from Racine, in a four horse sleigh, last evening to attend our Milwaukee Opera. We do not doubt that they were repaid for the journey.

The February number of Putnam's Monthly, the best Magazine in America, has been received and is for sale at WILSON'S, East Water Street.

"OLD AMERICA."—One of the regular series of parties, given by the "Old folks" at Concert Hall, came off on Tuesday evening last. It was very well attended, admirably managed and heartily enjoyed. The supper provided by Messrs. Smith and Brice, was excellent.

RIGHT COURAGE.—A number of mechanics of Newburyport, Mass, have resolved to emigrate in a colony to the Western Shore Lake region, for a broader field of labor. The Boston Journal says it has good authority for stating that it is in contemplation to establish societies on a very extended scale, in the large cities and towns of Massachusetts, among the foreign population for the purpose of mutually aiding each other to emigrate to Canada or the great West.

The *News* of yesterday comments, with just severity upon the Governor's late application a part of his $40 000 contingent fund, and says

If the present Legislature does its duty to the people of the State, it will adopt some stringent measures to prevent such drafts upon the Treasury, and endeavor to make our State Government an honest and economical one.

M. & M. RAIL ROAD.—The Grant Co Herald of Monday last says.

At a meeting, a few days since, at Prairie du Chien an additional sum of $100,000 was raised by subscription to aid in building the M. & M. Railroad. This, it is thought, will enable the Company to secure what money they want to build the road, the people of Prairie du Chien have no longer any doubts about having a Railroad.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.—A Mrs. Waters had just taken her seat in the New York and Erie cars at Jersey City, in company with her children, when in looking out of the window to ask about her baggage her head was caught between the cars, slowly moving and a post, and so badly crushed as to kill her instantly. The post was within *three inches* of the side of the car.

Dannan Monument Fund.

Amounts previously acknowledged	$600 15
Slade's S S Wheatland, Kenosha Co.	1,82
Rock Valley S S, Adams Co.	2,00
Congregational S S, Waukesha	4,00
Total	$607,96

HERBERT REED, Treasurer
Milwaukee, Jan 24, 1855

DIED.

In this city on Tuesday, Jan 23d, of consumption, SARAH A., daughter of Dr. A. and ELIZA B. BLANCHARD, aged 16 years.

During a long and weary illness, and through much suffering, she exhibited a fortitude, a cheerfulness and patience, almost unexampled. Dearly loved and cherished her removal has left a void in the circle of her home and friends that must be deplored without hope of reparation. Her character was marked with a singular purity of thought, truthfulness and justice. She was truly one of whom we may say in perfect faith, "The pure in heart shall see God."

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, at the residence of her father, on Friday, at 11 o'clock A. M.

COMMERCIAL.

THE MARKETS.

OFFICE DAILY SENTINEL,
MILWAUKEE, January 25, 1855.

RECEIPTS BY M. & M. RAILROAD, Jan 23d—2378 bu wheat, 146 do oats, 26 do barley, 246 bbls flour, 69 do dried fruit, 156 sacks do, 151 hogs.

RECEIPTS BY M. & W. RAILROAD, Jan 23—463 bus wheat, 70 do barley, 365 bbl. flour.

Receipts of Produce light, the roads being still obstructed by snow. Market for Grain and Pork active at steady rates. We hear of the sale of 1 800 bbls Flour superfine No. 1, in three lots at $6,75. We quote

Wheat—1,15@1,20 Spring Club, 1,25@1,35 good to choice Winter.

Barley—85@95 for good samples, and occasionally $1 for prime lots to brewers.

Oats—taken for city trade at 33@35

Rye—In steady request, at 75@80

Corn—nominal 45@[illegible]

Pork—active, at $3 62½@3 75 for light, and $3 86@4,00 for heavy and extra hogs.

FREIGHTS.—We hear of the charter of the brig *D. Ferguson* for the first trip to Buffalo, at 16c ⅌ bus, with wheat.

Weather very fine yesterday, and sleighing improving as the roads wear smooth.

Cincinnati Market—19th.

Flour dull and unchanged. Hogs firm but sales few. Bulk shoulders offered at 4c, and sides at 5c, but no sales. Mess pork held at $11, without sales. Clover Seed advanced, with sales of 30 bbls at $5 75; little to be had below $7.

There is a better feeling in money affairs.

HEAVY OPERATIONS IN TRADE.—We were informed late last evening that an extensive pork packing concern, on Main st, have accepted proposals from an Eastern house for the purchase of the entire product of fifty thousand hogs or thereabouts. Should the report prove correct, it is probably the heaviest transaction in trade ever affected by a St. Louis firm and perhaps in the whole West.—*St Louis Repub. 20th.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CARD.

THE MANAGERS OF THE MILWAUKEE ORPHAN Asylum gratefully acknowledge the receipt of the following donations, from several citizens of East Troy, viz.—[illegible] barrels Flour, 1 barrel Corn Meal, 3 barrels Potatoes, 100 pounds Pork, 6 Chickens, 1 bush. Beans. j25 1t

Increase of Cash Capital
TO HALF A MILLION OF DOLLARS.

THE ÆTNA INSURANCE CO., of Hartford Conn., having complied with the law to regulate Insurance Agencies of Companies incorporated by other States, passed May 1st, 1854, by the Ohio Legislature, the following, as required thereby, prepared in that State, the original statement being on file in the State Auditor's office.

It is a full and true statement, and is published so the community may know the character of the corporation by letting its condition speak for itself.

BY STATE AUTHORITY

Statement on January 1st, 1855.

The name of the Corporation is ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, located at Hartford, Conn., chartered 1819.

The Capital is Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, and is paid up.

The Assets of the Company are,

Cash on hand, in Bank, and in the hands of Agents or other persons				$212,544 04
Real Estate unincumbered				16,073 05
37 Mortgage Bonds, 6 and 7 per cent interest payable semi annually				72,000 00
Debts due the Company secured by Mortgage				7,312 17
Bills Receivable, amply secured and payable at Bank				108,590 32
Bills Receivable Premium Notes				22,791 29
All other securities, viz				
500 shares	Hartford & N Haven R R Co		$57,500	
315 "	Hartford & Providence " "		15,750	
107 "	Boston & Worcester " "		10,165	
4 "	N Albany & Salem " "		100	
250 "	Connecticut River " "		14,000	97,515 00
200	Phoenix Bank of Hartford,		34 800	
38 "	Exchange Bank, "		17,964	
[illegible] "	Farmers & Merch's Bank "		25,200	
50 "	Connect River " "		9,750	
200 "	Hartford " "		25 000	
73 "	State " "		9 058	
100 "	City " "		11 600	
75 "	Bank of Hartford Co.		7 950	140,916 00
36 "	Eagle Bank, Providence R I			1,800 00
100 "	Bank of America, New York		10 [illegible]	
100 "	N America		10 000	
50 "	Commonwealth		4,500	
150 "	Republic		15 [illegible]	
490 "	Broadway Bank		13,560	
160 "	People's "		4 400	
90	Hanover		9 000	
400 "	Mechanics " "		10 800	
100 "	N Y Life and Trust Co "		15,000	94 000 00
100 "	Stafford Bank, Conn 1st and 2d instalments paid in,			2,000 00
50 "	Conn River Company,			1,250 00
				$ 73,278 43

The amount of liabilities due or not due to Banks or other creditors—nothing

Losses adjusted and due—none,

Losses adjusted and not due $119 516 22

Losses adjusted and in suspense, waiting for further proof 61,257 62

All other claims against the Company are small, such only as printing, &c.

Agents instructed to take no risk over $10,000.

The amount insured in any city, town or village, depends on the character, material and construction of buildings, the width of streets, the supply of water, condition of the fire department, and other circumstances.

The amount insured in blocks of buildings varies; the design is to limit the loss by any one fire, to $10,000 or less.

The act of incorporation is the same as filed in July, 1854. THOS A. ALEXANDER, Secretary.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, } ss. Hartford, January, 1855.
Hartford County, }

Personally appeared THOMAS A. ALEXANDER, Secretary of the Ætna Insurance Company, and made oath that the foregoing statement, by him subscribed, is true according to his best knowledge and belief.

HENRY FOWLER, Justice of the Peace.

All that have property to insure, will please inspect and scrutinize the preceding reliable exposé of this old and long tried Corporation. For usefulness, security and promptitude it has ever stood first in its line of transactions—and for ability and means will attract the [illegible] of the insuring public to confide their confidence [illegible]. The statement is so prepared any one can contrast its condition with local and State Insurance offices, if so disposed. Its investments are of that solid character as not to be materially affected by the late depression in that class of [illegible]. The increase of its capital stock to $500,000, is a bona fide investment for the pledge and security of its patrons. The necessity and real benefits of insurance are exemplified in the fact the company has paid cash losses during the past year, at its Western Branch office alone, in Cincinnati, to the sum of $[illegible], most of which has been paid considerably in advance of the time legally due, and it has had no suit or litigation. If all or any of these facts [illegible] the continuance of its valuable patronage, or its increase, they will find its agents ever ready to attend to the demands of business as heretofore, with promptitude, at as favorable rates [illegible].

WILLIAM J. WHALING, Agent.

jan25-1mo

VOLUME XI.

MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

NEW SERIES.

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Rufus King, Wm. H Watson & John S Fillmore,
PUBLISHERS,
UNDER THE FIRM NAME OF
RUFUS KING & CO.

Thursday Morning, Jan. 25.

DAILY, - - - $7,00 per annum.
TRI-WEEKLY, - 3,50 " "
WEEKLY. - - 1,00 " "

OUR AGENT.

[illegible] W Skinner is our authorized Agent to receive Subscriptions, collect Monies, &c
R. KING & CO

☞ For Telegraphic Despatches, See Third Page.

News of the Morning.

Our Telegraph despatches give the New York Market of yesterday and sundry items of New York and Washington news. Our Madison [illegible] this morning is unusually full and interesting, and the abstract of yesterday's proceedings show that the Legislature is at work in earnest. Among other good acts passed by the Assembly yesterday was one effectually [illegible] all Emigrant Agencies. The vote stood [illegible]

☞ The U S Court, having got thro' with the batch of rescue trials, has concluded to take a rest and adjourned till the first Monday in [illegible] next.

[illegible]—Both branches of our Legislature [illegible] vote, have instructed our Democratic Senators and Representatives in Congress [illegible] change in the Naturalization Laws. [illegible] was no doubt thought necessary to instruct [illegible] on this subject, and it is hoped [illegible] they will "obey or resign." It is to be hoped too, that this significant vote will operate [illegible] upon the excited imagination of [illegible] neighbor the News, who has been haunted [illegible] "Know Nothing" ghost, ever since the flat [illegible] vote he received for County Treasurer last November.

From Madison.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE SENTINEL

Madison Jan'y 22 '55

The following statistics, gathered from the [illegible] Legislative table in the Assembly will be interesting to some of our readers. They relate to the Assembly only, consisting of 82 members. [illegible] PROFESSIONS.—Farmers 45, Lawyers 9, Bachelor (Mr Bennett), Physicians 3, Miners 4, Millwright 1, Contractors 2, Foundryman 1, Clerk 1, Servant of the People 1, (Mr. Goodall,) Mechanic 1, Carpenter 1, Canal digger 1 (Mr Martin,), [illegible] 1, Shoemakers 2, Surveyor 1, Tailor 1, Merchants 2, Miller 1, Civil Engineer 1, Teacher 1, [illegible] 1

AGES—From 21 to 25, two, 26 to 30, eleven, 31 to 35 [illegible], 36 to 40, eighteen; 41 to 45, seventeen, 46 to 50, eight, 51 to 55, seven, 56 to 60, three, 61 to 65, one. The youngest member [illegible] Smith of Washington Co., 24, the oldest [illegible] Lees, of Milwaukee Co., 65. It will be [illegible] that the average of this Assembly is [illegible] 36 being over 40 years of age.

[illegible] TIME IN THE STATE—1 to 3 years 4, 4 to [illegible] years, 21, 9 to 12 years, 16, 13 to 16 [illegible] 20, 17 to 20 years, 14, 21 to 25 years 1, [illegible] and over, 3. W. W Field, of Grant, has been the shortest time in the State, 2 years, [illegible] Juneau the longest time, 33 years, [illegible] at Milwaukee when it was a [illegible]

[illegible]—New York 29, Vermont 5, [illegible] New Hampshire 5, Ohio 3, Kentucky 1, [illegible] 2, Massachusetts 3, Connecticut [illegible] 1, Louisiana 1, Wisconsin 1, New [illegible] 2—England 3, Scotland 3, Ireland [illegible] Germany 5, Canada 1—total native born [illegible] foreign born 18. Total from New York and New England 45

The Assembly was called to order at 2 P M. The cars were not yet in from the east, detained doubtless by snow drifts and there was [illegible] present at the calling of the roll. [illegible] sufficient number made their appearance immediately to form a quorum. However, [illegible] moved to adjourn and the House [illegible]

[illegible] at 3 P M. Mr Bowen introduced a bill to regulate appeals from Justices' [illegible]—Mr Taylor a bill authorizing Sheboygan [illegible] money for harbor purposes,—Mr [illegible] one to change the time of holding the [illegible] Courts in La Crosse Co.—and Mr Dewey [illegible] committee of Corporations, one altering [illegible] of Sheboygan

The following bills passed
[illegible] $20 to P Lee
[illegible] $268,42 to Lt Gov Lewis
[illegible] the Janesville Collegiate Institute

The Patriot of to-day contains a Message, purporting to be an "unofficial and confidential" [illegible] from the Governor. However much the editors of the Sentinel may have disagreed as to the regular Message—and some of the administration papers have discovered that fact, much [illegible] astonishment, though I think that the [illegible] did not disagree very widely on [illegible]—I think that we shall agree as to the [illegible] of this irregular message. It is [illegible] plain and sincere, however, to be received [illegible] as an emanation from the Administration [illegible] somebody, however has certainly [illegible] behind the scenes.

[illegible] has been posted, for a meeting of the [illegible] members of the two Houses. They [illegible] doubtless have a harmonious time. The [illegible] evidently one of the small tricks used [illegible] the Republican forces. The meeting [illegible] at Mr Earnest's room, but he was elected as an Independent.

[illegible] are afloat as to the condition of the question of U S Senator. The last [illegible] is that Mr Kilbourn has the pipes [illegible] for a nomination by the Democrats in [illegible]. I have no faith in the story that the [illegible] party will so stultify themselves. [illegible] that he will secure a majority [illegible] but there are many who could not [illegible] vote for him. It is reported that [illegible] or his some of his numerous lobby [illegible] to them, that quite a number of the [illegible] are pledged to vote for him, if he [illegible] the Democratic vote in full, and rumor fix[illegible] two of our Milwaukee members as inclined in that [illegible] quite a number? I do not believe any such thing—indeed I am sure that [illegible] wrong as to one of the gentlemen named. [illegible] it is to be hoped, that now, of all times, [illegible] of our section of the state, will not [illegible] themselves to be swayed by local influences [illegible] to the prejudice of a good cause.

[illegible] I have noticed an article in the Journal [illegible] morning making what purports to be [illegible] of an error in the Report of Friday's proceedings. The Governor's Message [illegible] of as relating to the contingent [illegible] Executive Department," but this [illegible] should have read contingent [illegible] of the State." It looks like a distinction without a difference. A certain fund is usually appropriated to the Governor for various expenses for the state for which ready money is required, it being thought better to do this than [illegible] the Executive to dip into the treasury [illegible] or to keep creditors waiting for their [illegible]. This sum, I believe has varied from [illegible] to $[illegible]000 but last winter $10 000 was [illegible] and the Governor has sent in his [illegible] showing the expenditure of the whole [illegible] $440 [illegible] over.

[illegible] Gen McManman is on hand to-day, and we shall doubtless have a demonstration from [illegible] Military Committee shortly.

[illegible] P M.—The cars from the East, due at 1 [illegible] have not yet arrived, and conjecture is busy with the causes of the delay, the supposition being that some of the rails have given way as they did in the intense cold of last winter, and let the cars off the track. There must be at least thirty members of the Legislature out taking this pleasant ride on a rail.

The Democratic caucus adjourned to this evening, but it is not probable that anything will be done, while so many are absent. W H W.

P. S. I open this to state all that is known of the doings of the Whig caucus. Promptly at the hour, Mr Earnest called J H Earnest to the chair, and moved that James H Earnest be appointed Secretary which he carried nem con. Mr Earnest thanked the meeting in appropriate terms which speech he applauded to the echo. After a brief adjournment for refreshments, the meeting again assembled, and Mr Earnest moved that the Whig party be a unit in the pending conflict and continue to render the regular Democracy all the aid and comfort possible. This was received with tumultuous applause, amidst which the gas was turned off and the caucus adjourned below.
W H W.

Madison Jan 23

The train from the east, due at noon arrived at 9 last night, having encountered heavy drifts of snow upon the track. It brought a large delegation of members of the three Houses and a paper mail, but no Milwaukee letter mail. Query—How does it happen that letters between here and our city are sometimes detained three or four days? To day one of our packages of Sentinels is missing.

I learn that the State Treasurer has sent word to the County Treasurers that he will only receive one half of the State taxes in bills of Wisconsin Banks, why this is does not appear. Our State money is worth more now, in its relation to specie than it was when he agreed to receive the former for all the taxes.

The bill noticed a day or two since as having been introduced by Mr McIndoe to change the time of election in his Judicial Circuit, should have been mentioned as a bill for changing the time of holding the Circuit Courts.

I must be brief in my legislative report to day inasmuch as there are sundry matters which deserve particular attention.

In Senate, Mr West made an able Report from a Select Committee, in favor of abolishing the Emigrant Agency, and it is thought that the thing will be cut up, root and branch, this time. The following Select Committees were announced on portions of the Governor's Message:

Emigrant Agency—West, Hadley, Rolfe
Lunatic Asylum—Howell, Gill, Cobb
Geological Survey—Cobb, Dewey, Gibson
Fox & Wis River Imp—[illegible] Pishford Ioy

Also one on the subject of the Official Reports.

In Assembly, petitions were presented,

By Mr Davis to authorize a Court House tax in Baraboo

By Mr Hall to prevent banks from issuing any but their own paper. Also the account of W W Roth.

By Mr Randall for extension of time of collecting tax in Waukesha

The following bills were introduced, and immediately passed, the rules being suspended. (I sent the titles of those bills yesterday, as also the gist of several resolutions adopted.)

The use of the Hall was granted for religious services this evening, by Bishop Kemper, of the Prot Episcopal Church.

A resolution was offered by Mr VanNostrand, calling upon the State officers for information as to the condition of things between the Fox and Wisconsin River Improvement Co and the State—the resolution going very much into detail.—After some discussion, it was referred, on motion of Mr Earnest, to the committee on State Affairs.

Mr Colley introduced a bill amending the charter of the Beloit Female Seminary and Mr Fisher one chartering the Western Wisconsin R R Co.

Under the head of Reports Mr Davis from the Committee on Incorporations, reported back two or three private charters unfavorably, and favorably, with an amendment on the charter of the Beloit Gas Co. Mr Bennett, from the Committee on claims reported sundry bills and asked to be excused from further consideration of the claim of A. Proudfit, State Prison Contractor, because no vouchers were sent in. It was stated that the vouchers were ready, and would be presented and the committee was not excused. Bills were reported back from other committees.

The Governor sent into both Houses a special Message, giving, without being called upon his reason for not receiving the volumes of the Supreme Court Reports as provided for by law last winter. It might perhaps, have seemed proper for His Excellency to wait until he was called upon for his reasons, or until some claim is made upon the state. But as he has not seen fit to do so, it may be as well to state here for the information of members, that there are two sides to the question, and that they will be made aware, in the progress of an investigation of the subject, of some very small and sharp practice on the part of His Excellency, Gov Barstow and his widely varying views of economy in relation to political friends and foes. Enough of this for the present. (By the by, suppose that the publishers should conclude to present the 100 copies to the state what would the Governor do?)

Information was sent in, in relation to the school money of La Crosse Co. A report came in from the Commissioners of the Lunatic Asylum which, with all due deference to those officers, did not seem to be any too respectful to the Assembly. It covered however the specifications and contract for the job and from these we can enable the people to form some idea of the enormous expense which these Commissioners with the approval of the Governor, have done their best to bring upon the state.

The building then to give a general idea of its extent is to be composed of a centre or main portion, 65 by 120 feet, with 2 longitudinal and 2 transverse wings on each side the dimensions of the latter not specified. The entire building to be 4 stories, (respectively 12, 15, 13 and 11 feet) with finished basement, the longitudinal wings 3 stories, and the transverse wings 3 full stories with another 7 ft at the eaves and 10 ft inside. The cellar to be 8 ft deep under the whole—dim. on the east a building—a base of hammer dressed stone around the whole building as a sill for the basement windows—the steps, caps sills of the whole and the ornamental work of the centre building to be of cut stone. The walls of the basement to be 3 feet thick—those of the centre building to the 2d story 2 feet 6 the next story 2 ft 3, and 2 feet above, the walls of the wings to be 20 inches and 18 inches. All the outside windows to have iron grates, the upper sashes of the cells, dormitories, bath rooms, &c to be of cast iron, wrought iron guards to all the windows in the corridors, iron balusters to the stairs—(there is a profusion of iron bars, 1¼ and 1½ inches thick, everywhere.) All the windows in the main building to have inside shutters, &c. &c.

I have selected above a few of the general dimensions and details, upon which men who are accustomed to calculate these things, may base their own estimates of the cost of the building at the price of the contract with Mr Proudfit which runs as follows. Read and inwardly digest ye fleeced taxed people

Excavation of earth 35c per square yard
Excavation of rock 1,50 per square yard
Rubble and rough mason work $3 60 per perch
Cut stone work $16 50 per perch
Brick $12 50 per m
Cast iron 12c per lb
Wrought 16c per lb
Locks, $2,50 each, bolts [illegible] nails, 7c per lb
Pine lumber, $34,75 ⅌ m oak do $22,50 ⅌ m.
Lathing and plastering 3 coats, 56c ⅌ square yard.
Rough casting and pencilling with composition 45c per square yard
Glass $3 50 ⅌ box—with numerous other items after the same sort and then follow specific estimates besides the above for painting, joiner work, and extras, amounting to about $50,000!

There are rumors afloat as to especial care or great neglect having been exercised or suffered by the Commissioners in relation to the specifications so that several persons who desired to bid, were not able to see them, but supposing everything to have been done in a correct manner, is it not clear that the Commissioners had no business to enter into this contract—involving the State to the amount of perhaps $200,000, without consulting the Legislature? And $200 000 will not cover the expense of it, by a great deal as I firmly believe. Consider what a building of the above dimensions would cost, if built by a private person, at ordinary prices, at ordinary prices and then look at the prices above. This contract will be broken if it can be done, so as to save the State, and it ought to be broken.

The Joint Resolution from the Senate, against a change of the naturalization laws, came up in Assembly this morning, Mr Gunn moved an amendment adding instructions on the subject of Harbor Improvements, the Fugitive Act, Slave Territory &c. Mr Rogan, Mr Earnest, Mr Hull, and Mr Boyd all spoke, at greater or less length, and with more or less horror and indignation at this highly improper conduct. Mr Gunn defended his position stoutly. Messrs Randall and Bennett both spoke in favor of the principle of the amendments but desired to vote upon them separately, and Mr Gunn withdrew the amendment. The resolution then passed *unanimously*, Sam not being seen about the Hall anywhere, although one member declares that he saw him vanish from the barn-door as the last name was called.

In the afternoon, Messrs Hull, Mosher, and DeWolf were announced as the select committee on the Georgia Memorial, and Messrs Gary, Vliet, Earnest, Rogan and Pratt upon the memorial of Prof Daniels.

The House went through the file in Committee of the whole, and afterwards killed one bill and tabled another for the charter of private corporations. Mr Davis, from the Committee, gave article IX. Sec 1, of the Constitution (against special charters,) as the guide of the Committee in their unfavorable report upon these bills, and Mr Ebbets moved to strike out the enacting clause of the first one. The Committee is unanimous upon the subject—and so we really *have* a Constitution, and a House which seems ready to sustain them. Good!

The bill changing J K Pergstrasser's name to J K Bergster passed, and the bill repealing all Emigrant Agency Laws was ordered engrossed, with scarcely a dissenting voice.

The *Free Democrat* which comes to day, shows that its editor is touched upon some sore spot by my reference to the language and tenor of a late article in that paper. The perverse habit in which Mr Booth indulges of publishing doubtful scraps of private conversation, and of giving a personal turn to everything which does not suit him shall not tempt me to turn aside from my course an inch, and he may be assured that if, as before I shall be again requested to correct any misrepresentations or errors of his paper, in regard to the condition of feeling among the Republicans, I shall do it. If he has any personal grievances to work out, it cannot be bad advice to recommend him to keep them out of his paper. This being a free country, I presume that I am at liberty to wish him at home, or in Asia, if I like, but the public would scarcely be edified by hearing of it.

The Secretary of State's Report is laid upon our table this morning. It is quite interesting, contains many valuable tables estimates &c, some of which were used by the Governor in his special plea in the Message, in relation to the relative expenditures of different years. I will make an abstract of it for our readers. One item among the estimates for the current year is sufficiently startling. Under the miscellaneous items we find that $17 138 72 is stated as the indebtedness for state Prisoners and $78,000 as indebtedness for the South Wing of the Prison Building—making $95,138 72 for which the Legislature is expected to provide for arrearages; $10 000 is asked for support of prisoners for 1855.
W. H W

Abstract of Wednesday Morning's Proceedings.

SENATE.—10 A M 24th. The following bills passed

Extending time of collecting taxes in Janesville, Waukesha and Kenosha
Laying out State roads from Newport to Sextonville
Charter of [illegible] Academy. Charter of Howard & Oconto Plank Road Co.
Amending Charter of Sheboygan
Changing name of J K Bergstrasser
Ceding lighthouse site at Fond du Lac
Authorizing penal tax in Watertown
Vacating plat of Hamilton, Marquette Co
Changing time of courts in Portage & Marathon Co
State road from Fountain City to Chippewa Falls
Declaring Waumandee river a highway.
Appropriating $129,00 to Geo Williams.
Vacating part of plat of Manitowoc
Adjourned

ASSEMBLY 10 A M.—State Treasurer reported $1 519 73 as received from collection of fines

Bills passed. Changing time of holding Circuit Courts in Marathon and Portage Counties.
Abolishing all Emigrant Agency Laws—75 to 5
Amending charter of Manitowoc & Calumet Plank Road Company
Vacating part of plat of Manitowoc
Appropriating $139 09 to G. Williams
Suspending sales of school lands except to settlers
Placing witnesses' certificates on same footing as those of jurors.
Amending charter of Symphony College
Declaring the Waumandee river a public highway.
Laying out stateroad from Fountain City to Chippewa Falls.
Appropriating $242,82 to acting Gov Lewis
$200 to heirs of R. Jenkinson
Adjourned

THE RIGHT SPIRIT.—The Madison *Journal* of yesterday thus disposes of some "weak inventions of the enemy," as to the want of harmony among our Republican friends in the Legislature:

> There is not a Republican in the Legislature who will not vote for Durkee, should he receive the nomination, nor one who will refuse to vote for the nominee of the Republican caucus because he may have been a whig formerly.

Right! If Mr Durkee be the Republican nominee for U S Senator, he should receive, as he deserves the vote of every man in the Legislature who calls himself a REPUBLICAN. Or should Mr. COLE, or any other true man be agreed upon he too is entitled to the unbroken Republican vote. Let our friends stand fast and stand *together* and all will be well.

ANNUAL BANK STATEMENT.—We publish this morning the report of the Bank Comptroller, of the resources liabilities &c, of the Banks of this State. The table is an interesting one for reference and preservation.—[Sentinel

And, by the way you were indebted for it to the *Argus & Democrat*.—[Madison Democrat

If we had been, we should have given credit accordingly. Our copy was furnished us from Madison, and *not* in the *Argus & Democrat*.

GOING TO LEAVE.—We understand that quite a party of young men, some of them with families are about to leave this city for Wisconsin—to select new homes in that growing State. They are residents of the North end, and most, if not all of them, ship carpenters. They intend to locate somewhere upon the Lake shore where they can take up lands and become *farmers*, or pursue their business of ship building, as will be most for their interest.—[Newburyport Herald.

Come along friends! There is room and welcome and work for all of you within the borders of Wisconsin.

"BIRDS OF A FEATHER."—The *Wisconsin*, the Madison *Democrat* and Judge Miller's "Court, Officers and Jurors," continue to sympathize together in the matter of the sneaking presentment offered, but not *acted* upon, against the *Sentinel* and *Free Democrat*. They constitute an exceedingly select circle.

☞ The Potosi *Republican*, a democratic paper, speaking of the reported nomination of Mr COLE by the Republicans of the Legislature as a candidate for U. S Senator, says

> The choice of the 'Republicans' for this important office, made at an adjourned caucus on Monday, was the Hon. ORSAMUS COLE, of this place, and in the event of an election this winter he will undoubtedly be the man. So far as sterling ability is concerned, they have not a better man in their ranks.

☞ The snow storm which raged so violently here Sunday, commenced at St. Louis at 3 P M Saturday—12 hours in advance of its commencement here.

SPEECH OF BYRON PAINE

In Defence of S M Booth and others for Aiding in the Escape of a Fugitive Slave Joshua Glover

Delivered before the U S. Court, Jan. 12 1855.

[CONTINUED.]

But they claim that the defendant sent for a team to take Glover away! To prove this the testimony of Mr Roberts and Mr Heath is relied on. Upon this, gentlemen, I have to remark that it is a very improbable story on its face.—Mr Heath tells us he had never seen the defendant before that day. It is true, he says, he was introduced to him before that, but we all know how soon a person we see in a crowd passes from our remembrance, unless there is something to impress his image particularly upon our minds. And yet according to the account of Mr Roberts and Mr Heath, the defendant called on Heath an entire stranger to send to Oakley's after a team, when according to all rational presumption, he had no reason to believe that Heath knew where Oakley's was, and when there were hundreds around him whom he well knew, and who were ready to do any thing he wished done that was lawful and just. I say this story is improbable on its face. And in addition to this improbability we have the fact that Mr Heath appears here as an accomplice testifying against others under the hope of favors for himself. Gentlemen, I am not going to say anything against Mr Heath. He came here bent and broken on the government wheel, and I am sorry for him.—Stronger men than he, might not have been able to withstand its terrors. I pity him more than I blame. But in weighing his testimony we must remember that he is an accomplice and testifies with the hope of saving himself, by fastening conviction on the chosen victim of the prosecution. I will read to you the rule which the wisdom of experience has established for weighing the evidence of accomplices.

Mr Ryan here asked—"Mr Paine whose accomplice do you claim Mr Heath to be?"

I claim him, sir, to be an accomplice in the offence which you charge upon the defendant and in doing so, I by no means admit that the defendant was connected with him but only that such is the account your witness gives of it.

I read to you, gentlemen, from the 1st of Greenleaf's Evidence, 483

"The case of *accomplices* is usually mentioned under the head of infamy, but we propose to treat it more appropriately when we come to speak of persons disqualified by interest, since accomplices generally testify under a promise or expectation of pardon, or some other benefit."

Again on page 485

"The *degree of credit* which ought to be given to the testimony of an accomplice, is a matter exclusively within the province of the jury. It has sometimes been said that they ought not to believe him unless his testimony is corroborated by other evidence, *and without doubt great caution in weighing such testimony is dictated by prudence and good reason*. But there is no such rule of law, it being expressly conceded that the jury may, if they please, act upon the evidence of the accomplice without any confirmation of his statement. But on the other hand Judges in their discretion, will advise a jury not to convict of felony upon the testimony of an accomplice alone and without corroboration and it is now so generally the practice to give them such advice, that its omission would be regarded as an omission of duty on the part of the Judge."

In addition, then, to the improbability of the story and the fact that it is sustained only by the testimony of accomplices,—for Mr Roberts, if not an actual accomplice was certainly very near one,—we have the testimony of Mr. Walter Babcock who gives an entirely different account of the matter. He says that while Mr Booth was talking with some man on the other side of the horse a thick-set man, with sandy whiskers, came up to him and asked for his horse to go to the American. Mr Booth at first hesitated, but when the request was repeated, he got off and the man mounted and rode away. Now this story looks natural,—the other does not.

The two accounts are entirely different. The one presents the defendant as having conceived the purpose of sending for a team to take Glover away, and calling on Heath to execute it, the other shows that the design was conceived by some one else, and that the only connection of the defendant with it, was to let some body have his horse to go to the American. And the latter view of it is strongly corroborated by Heath himself. He was compelled to admit that it was his impression that somebody did call for the defendant's horse to go to the American. This shows the defendant as the lender of his horse, to accomplish some purpose with which he was not made acquainted, and not as the sender of an agent on his horse, to accomplish a purpose of his own. Because if the defendant conceived the design, then it is very improbable that some body else called for the horse as Mr Heath admits—if somebody else called for his horse, then it is improbable that the defendant called on Heath in the manner pretended. So that the conclusion to which my mind comes upon this matter is, that there is some mistake or confusion in the memory of the witnesses for the prosecution, and that Mr Babcock's account is the true one. You all saw the weight which Mr Ryan gave to his testimony by the rigid cross-examination which he gave him. But the young man maintained his position clearly intelligently, and consistently to the last.

But certain it is at all events, that no wagon was procured by Heath, and there is not a particle of evidence connecting the defendant with the procurement of the one in which Glover was carried away.

But Gentlemen, great stress is laid by the prosecution on the fact that the defendant followed the wagon down to the Walker's Point Bridge. Upon this point the testimony is conflicting.—One of the witnesses for the prosecution says he started with the wagon on horseback that he rode by it down Jackson street, and was very near it all the way to the bridge, and there acted as the medium of communication between the two wagons. One other witness swears also that he saw him not more than four or five rods behind the wagon, on Jackson street. But a number of witnesses for the defense, and some of those for the prosecution show that this must have been utterly impossible. After the wagon started, Mr Blair saw the defendant in the square on foot. All the evidence shows that the wagon was driven rapidly. It went but a short distance on Jackson street, and it would have been impossible for a man to have been in the square after it started, and to have gone out, unhitched his horse, tied up the halter, mounted and come up within three or four rods of it, while it was on Jackson street. Mr Mallory also one of the witnesses for the prosecution, saw the defendant in the square after the wagon started but he was not certain whether it had gone out of sight. A number of other witnesses also swear that they saw the wagon go down Jackson street but that the defendant was not near it. Then we have the evidence of Mr Clark that he was the man who rode down Jackson street near the wagon—that, after that he rode from eight to ten rods behind it all the way to the bridge, except on Wisconsin street and that the defendant was not near it and could not have been there without the witness seeing him. He swears that he was the man who went to Messenger's wagon and that the defendant did nothing of the kind, and in fact did not come up until several minutes after the wagons had stopped, and as Glover was about getting out from the one into the other.

As you observed, Gentlemen, the testimony of Mr Clark produced a great disturbance in the minds of the prosecutors and they were preparing to come down on his offending head with their whole power. But immediately after him we called Mr Gardner, who followed the wagon from Young's Hall to the bridge, eight or ten rods behind it, saw nothing of the defendant near it, and shows positively that he could not have been near it, because he saw him come up several minutes after they had stopped, and saw him do nothing after he did come up. This corroborates Mr Clark fully and shows that there must have been a mistake, on the part of the witnesses for the prosecution. A mistake which can the more readily be believed from the fact that some men are so filled with prejudice and hate against the defendant, as to believe that he did and was responsible for all that was done by four or five thousand people on that day. But he did go down there—all the witnesses agree in that? Why did he do it? We say, admitting our theory of the defence to be true, and that he was opposed to all violence and the breaking of the jail, that still it was perfectly natural for the defendant to go down here as he did. He went down out of curiosity, as did hundreds of others to see what became of the man. And is this to be attributed to him alone as a crime? Could Captain Jennings, one of the witnesses for the prosecution run some distance on foot, and then jump into a wagon and hurry the driver to keep up with the fugitive merely to "gratify his curiosity"—could Mr. Ho[illegible] another of the witnesses do the same thing?—could Mr Gardner who met the crowd turn and follow on merely to get sight at the man,—could every body else hurry after to see what was done, and all be held innocent, and yet this defendant be held guilty for doing the same thing? I trust not, gentlemen—but that you will give him as good a right as other men to gratify his curiosity and see what is going on.

The conclusion, therefore, to which I come, and to which I think you must come, from the whole evidence, is that the defendant cannot be held responsible for the breaking of the jail and the rescue of Glover because he took no part in it and it was done against his advice.

But I judge from some intimations that have been made during the trial that you will be told by the Court that the defendant, having called the meeting, was responsible for all that was done afterwards, by any of them. I do not so understand the law, Gentlemen. It is true that if a number of men enter into a common design to accomplish an unlawful act, each is afterwards responsible for the acts of all, in furtherance of that common design. But before any man can be so held, the common design must be established. [illegible] has it a man call a meeting for a lawful purpose he is responsible for acts of violence done by some who may have been at the meeting, unless he be connected with the violence. And can any of you entertain for a moment the idea that there was a common design among those who composed the meeting called by the defendant, and presided over by Gen Wolcott, to rescue Glover from the jail?—Such a pretence would be an absurdity. The whole proceedings and efforts of the meeting show that there was no such design, but that they only designed to pursue the remedies known to the law. The whole evidence shows that violence was not thought of till just as it occurred, and that it was then a movement of impatience on the part of a portion who were there, the exciting cause of which was an announcement that the writ of *habeas corpus* would be disregarded.—And no man who took part in the meeting, can be held responsible for that violence unless it be shown that he participated in, or sanctioned it.

I have now gentlemen gone through the evidence relied on to connect the defendant with this rescue and have endeavored to show that your verdict must be not guilty, even if breaking the jail were sufficient to constitute the crime for which he is indicted. But that is not so. Yet I believe there are many who are watching these proceedings with deep interest that have fixed it in their minds that you are trying the issue whether Mr Booth broke the jail, and aided in the escape of Joshua Glover. They think if this is established then the verdict must be guilty. I do not know but there may be some such among you gentlemen. But if so, you are greatly mistaken. We might throw away the evidence to the contrary, and admit that the defendant did break the jail, that he took out Glover with his own hands, and yet all this does not constitute the offence with which he is charged. In almost every crime there are a number of separate and distinct facts necessary to constitute the offence. And although they all be proved but one, yet if the proof on that one fail the defendant must go acquit. And so it is in this case.

We have thus far been considering whether the defendant had anything to do with the breaking of the jail. Let us now take up the indictment and see what is the offence charged, and what else must be shown to warrant a conviction.—There are five counts in the indictment. The first three are framed under one of the sections of the Act of 1790, which punishes resisting obstructing or opposing an officer in serving, or attempting to serve, or execute process. These three counts charge the defendant with knowingly and wilfully obstructing resisting and opposing Charles C Cotton, a Deputy Marshal, in serving and attempting to serve or execute process. Now I ask you, gentlemen, in all candor, if there is a syllable of evidence before you to sustain this charge? If there is, where is it?—I have not heard it. Where did Charles C Cotton attempt to serve process and meet with resistance? Who resisted or obstructed him? We asked Mr Cotton if anybody obstructed or resisted him that day in doing whatever he pleased, and the other side objected at first, seeming to fear that he might have been resisted without knowing it. He finally answered that he was *not* directly resisted or obstructed by anybody. And is it not a very strange idea that an officer may be resisted without knowing it?

In order to make out the offence charged in these three counts, there must be proof that an officer of the United States had some legal process and attempted to serve or execute it and was resisted or obstructed in doing so by the defendant. Now what process did Mr Cotton have? It will be said he had the warrant on which Glover was arrested. And if the Fugitive Law is to be held constitutional, then without doubt, that was a process within the meaning of the act. But where was this process? Glover had been arrested and lodged in jail, and we at first endeavored to show that the warrant was left there with him and remained there till the next Monday. The testimony on that point was conflicting. Mr Conover's impression was very strong that it was left there till the next Monday and that then Mr Cotton came after it and said he wanted to make a return. This was Mr. Parson's impression also. But Mr Cotton and Mr Cogswell both say that Cotton had the warrant at the Marshal's office on the 11th and made his return. But, Gentlemen you must have observed that their testimony as to how and when it got from the jail to the Marshal's office was very confused and uncertain.

Our object in cross-examining was to show that the warrant was left in jail and that Cotton did not have it nor attempt to serve it or to do anything with it on that day. But to save us further trouble and to make the matter sure, the prosecutor introduced a memorandum on the back of Garland's complaint which proved to be in the handwriting of his Honor, [illegible] at 2 o'clock P M on the 11th "warrant returned." This answered our purpose far better than it would to have left it in the jail. Because it shows that the warrant was returned to the judge, at about the very time when the meeting was going on the square, and there is no evidence that Cotton had it in his hands again that day.—Those therefore who broke the jail did not resist or obstruct Charles C Cotton, in attempting to serve process, for he did not attempt to serve any. The warrant was in Court, and Cotton might have been asleep in his bed resting after his night's ride for aught that appears here when the jail was broken. And to pretend that an officer may be resisted in serving process, when he has no process, and does not attempt to serve any is in my judgment a very great absurdity. I admit that if Cotton or any other officer had got the warrant again and gone after Glover to bring him down for a hearing and had been resisted or obstructed in attempting to do so that would have amounted to the offence. But there is no such evidence. And the fact that he may have gone up the next week and found his prisoner gone, cannot supply the deficiency.

I have several times heard this denominated the offence of resisting or obstructing process. But this is not so. The offence is for resisting and obstructing an *officer*, in serving process. And to my mind there is a very clear distinction between the two expressions. I hold that a man may do an act that may hinder the execution of process and yet not amount to a resistance or obstruction of an officer in executing it. As, for instance, if an officer has a writ of replevin commanding him to take certain property, and before he comes where it is, a person conceals the property, to keep it out of his way—this would not amount to a resistance of the officer and yet it would prevent the due execution of the process. So if he had replevied the property and placed it some place for safe keeping, and a man should go secretly in the night and steal it, that would prevent the process from being carried out but it would not be a resistance of the officer. So in this very case suppose that Glover had been left in the jail over Saturday night, and that at the hour of midnight when all was still, Mr Conover had opened the door and told his prisoner to go! It would be absurd to say that this was resisting or obstructing Mr Cotton in serving process. And yet it would prevent his finding the prisoner there when he went after him. It was just the same with the acts of those men who broke the jail. They effected the escape of the prisoner so that Mr Cotton did not find him when he went after him, but they did not resist or oppose him in serving process or in doing whatever he pleased. To constitute that offence the act [illegible] of the defendant must be directed at the personal operations of the officer, and tend in some way to resist or obstruct his operations personally in executing his process,—and an act which in the absence of the officer, and while he is not attempting to do any anything merely removes or conceals the subject matter to which his process attaches, does not amount to this offence. You see therefore Gentlemen, that even though the defendant broke the jail he did not resist, obstruct or oppose Charles C Cotton in serving or attempting to serve process, for the manifest reasons that the process was in Court that he did not serve or attempt to serve it and that he was not obstructed by any body in doing whatsoever he pleased that day. You see, therefore, whatever effect you may give to the evidence as connecting the defendant with the breaking of the jail, that you cannot convict him of the offence charged in the first three counts.

Let us now come to the other two. And concerning them I say to you that they are entirely defective and charge upon the defendant no crime known to the laws. They are framed, or pretended to be framed, under the 7th Section of the Fugitive Act of 1850. What is the offence created by that Act? Let us look at its provisions and see. The Act was passed to provide for the reclamation of fugitives from labor. The sixth section provides that when any person held to service in any State under its laws escapes into another State, the master may pursue and arrest him, with or without process, &c. By the 7th section it is made an offence to rescue such fugitive, or to "aid abet or assist such person *so owing service or labor as aforesaid*" to escape from the custody of the claimant his Agent, Attorney, or other person lawfully authorized to assist him. The offence created by the Act therefore is the aiding in the escape of an *actual* fugitive from labor. The offence charged in these Counts, is the aiding in the escape of a person *arrested* as such fugitive, but who may in fact have been as free as any of us. There is no allegation in these Counts that Glover was a person owing service or labor and there is not a particle of proof before you that he was such. I shall ask the Court, therefore, to charge you that there can be no conviction on these Counts, because they are essentially defective, and do not charge the offence created by the Act.

And now, may it please the Court, I will say at the outset of the argument upon this point that we believe it almost too plain for argument, and that a clearer truth was never advanced in a Court of justice, than that these two counts are utterly and essentially bad. But as there is some attempt made to set up a different doctrine in these cases, I shall endeavor to fortify my position by authorities from which there is no escape.—And in the first place, though it would seem to be unnecessary, let us recur to the old rule, established more strongly perhaps than any other, that in indictments on statutes the language of the Statutes must be pursued, the offence must be described in the words of the act. This rule is laid down in the first volume of Chitty's Criminal Laws, on pages 231—2 as follows.

"It is a general rule that all indictments upon statutes, especially the most penal, must state all the circumstances which constitute the definition of the offence in the act *so as to bring the defendant precisely within it* * * * * And not even the fullest description of the offence, were it even in the terms of a legal definition, would be sufficient without keeping close to the expressions of the statute."

Again on page 235,—

"It is in general necessary not only to set forth on the record all the circumstances which make up the statutable definition of the offence, but also to pursue the precise and technical language in which they are expressed."

The same rule is thus laid down in Archibald's Criminal Pleading page 20

"Lastly, as to the indictments for offences created by statute,—the Statute contains a definition of the offence, and the offence consists of the commission or omission of certain acts under certain circumstances and in some cases with particular intent. An indictment therefore for an offence against the statute, must, with certainty and precision, charge the defendant to have committed, or omitted the acts, under the circumstances, and with the intent mentioned in the Statute, and if any one of these ingredients be omitted the defendant may demur, move in arrest of judgement, or bring a writ of error."

The author proceeds to cite illustrations of the rule as follows

"Thus an indictment upon stat. 5 Eliz c 11, s 2 (which makes it high treason to clip, round or file any of the coin of the realm, "for wicked lucre or gain's sake") must charge the offence to have been committed for the sake of wicked lucre or gain, otherwise it would be bad. 1st Hal 220. So an indictment on that part of the black act which made it felony "*wilfully and maliciously*" to shoot at any person in a dwellinghouse or other place, was holden bad because it charged the offence to have been done "*unlawfully and maliciously*," omitting the word "wilfully."

* * * * *

So where an indictment on Stat 14 G 2 c. 34 14 G 2 c 6, (which made it felony without benefit of clergy to steal any cow, ox, heifer &c.) charged the defendant with stealing a cow, and in evidence it was proven to be a heifer this was holden to be a fatal variance, &c."

There are probably more authorities establishing this rule in this country, than any other that could be named. In the 2nd Vol U S Digest, page 528, a number of such authorities are cited thus

245 "An indictment brought under a statute must follow the words of the statute, nothing can be taken by intendment. *State vs O'Bannon* 1st Bailey 144.

246 Indictments framed upon statutes must conform strictly to the words of the enactment. Where by statute it was made a capital offence "to steal slaves out of or from the possession of the master of overseer" an indictment for the offence must allege that they were so stolen.—*State vs Brown 4th part* 110.

247 An indictment founded on statute must follow the statute. *Hamilton vs Commonwealth*, 3 Pennsylvania, 142

248 An indictment for a statute offence should be in the words of the statute. *State vs Casados*, 1 N & M 91

249 An indictment under a special statute should follow the statute strictly. *Updegraf vs Commonwealth*, 6th S & R 5

But it is needless to pursue the matter. The rule has never been questioned. The utmost relaxation from it, that ever received any countenance, in any court was that in some cases indictments have been sustained, that described the offence not in the identical words of the Act but in words of precisely the same meaning.

What then becomes of these counts when this rule is applied to them? They fall at once, and it is beyond the power of human ingenuity to sustain them. Are they drawn in the words of the act? Nobody pretends it. The words of the act make it an offence to "aid, abet or assist such person *so owing service or labor as aforesaid*, to escape." There is in them no allegation that Glover was such a person. Nothing that shows him to belong to the class of persons, the aiding of whom by the act, constitutes the offence. No such allegation is attempted, either in the words of the Act or in other words equivalent to them. The whole description in the Act, is entirely left out and disregarded.

Let the Court bear in mind that it is no technical variance or omission that we complain of. We do not object that the very words of the Act are not used but that no words at all are used, to show that the person aided in this case, belonged to that class, described in the statute, and the aiding of whom it punishes. How then are these counts to be sustained? It is impossible, unless this old and safe rule of law is to be overthrown, and we are to begin new on the practice that where a statute punishes one act, a man may be indicted under it for another.

I will read an authority from the Supreme Court of the United States which is directly in point, and the force of which it is impossible to evade. It is in the case of the United States vs Gooding 12th Wheaton 460. It was an indictment for fitting out a *vessel* to employ in the slave trade. The point will appear from the language of the Court. They say

"The sixth instruction is that which has presented the most difficulty. It embraces two propositions: the first is that the second fifth and sixth counts in the indictment ought to have contained an averment that the vessel was built, fitted out, &c., within the jurisdiction of the United States, the second is that the fifth and sixth counts *do not allege the offence in the words of the statute*, those words being "with intent to employ the vessel in the slave trade, &c., whereas each of these counts avers "with intent that the said vessel should be employed," in the slave trade, which imports a very different state of facts. In order to understand these exceptions it is necessary to attend carefully to the very words of the act of Congress. The second section enacts "that no citizen or citizens, &c , shall after the passing of this act as aforesaid, for himself themselves, or any other person or persons whatsoever, either as master factor or owner build, fit, equip, load or otherwise prepare any ship or vessel, in any port or place whatsoever within the jurisdiction of the United States, nor cause any such ship or vessel to sail from any port or place whatsoever, within the jurisdiction of the same, for the purpose of procuring any negroes, &c , to be transported &c., as slaves."

"The third section enacts that every person or persons, so building, fitting out, equipping, loading, or otherwise preparing or sending away, or causing any of the acts aforesaid to be done with intent to employ such ship or vessel in such trade or business, after the passing of this act, contrary to the true intent and meaning thereof, or who shall in anywise be aiding or abetting therein, shall severally on conviction thereof, by due course of law forfeit, &c &c.

"The first point turns upon the interpretation of the words 'such ship or vessel' in each of these sections. To what do they refer? The only ship or vessel spoken of in either section, is such as have been built, fitted out, &c, in some port or place of the United States. 'Such ship or vessel' must, therefore, refer to a ship or vessel so built, fitted out, &c , as its antecedent, or the relative 'such,' can have no meaning at all—[illegible] *and it is the duty of the Court when it can, to give effect to every word in every enactment* that can be done without violating the obvious intention of the legislature. This is a penal act, and is to be construed strictly, that is with no intendment or extension beyond the import of the words used. There is no certainty that the legislature meant to prohibit the sailing of any vessel on a slave voyage which had not been built, fitted out &c , within the jurisdiction of the United States.

* * * * * *

"But it is sufficient to say that the word 'such' has an appropriate sense, and can be reasonably referred only to the ship or vessel previously spoken of and, such ship or vessel is not merely one built fitted out, &c., but one built fitted out, &c in a port or place within the United States. THE WHOLE DESCRIPTION MUST BE TAKEN TOGETHER. If we were to adopt any other construction we should read the words as if "such" were stricken out and the clause stood 'any ship or vessel.' Such a course would not be defensible in construing a penal statute."

Here then the Supreme Court holds that it is the duty of Courts to give effect to every word in an enactment. I ask this Court, if these Counts are to be sustained what effect is given to the words, '*so owing service or labor as aforesaid*,' in the Statute? None at all. It is construed not only as though they were stricken out but as though the whole clause were remodelled so as to furnish the aiding in the escape of a person arrested as a fugitive instead of punishing the aiding of an actual fugitive as it now is. Under the authority of this decision if the person aided, were described in the seventh section merely as, 'such fugitive,' the word '*such*' would require the Court to go back to the 6th section, and require in an indictment, allegations to show that the party aided, belonged to the class there described. For as it was held that "such vessel" meant a vessel described in a previous section, fitted out *in a port or place in the United States*, so under this Act, the words "such fugitive," if used in the 7th section, would have meant the fugitive described in the 6th section, that is, a person held to service or labor under the laws of a State, who had escaped therefrom into another State. So that if such had been the language of the statute, under this decision, these counts could not be sustained for want of allegations showing Glover to have been a fugitive from labor.

But to place the matter beyond the possibility of a question, the descriptive words are repeated in the seventh section, and the offence is to aid, abet or assist *such person so owing service or labor as aforesaid*, to escape, &c. How, then, can these counts be sustained? Under decisions [illegible] effect must be given to every word, will the court disregard a whole clause? Under decisions that the whole description must be taken, together will the court disregard the whole? [illegible] no other way can this indictment stand.

But the Court in this case in relation to the other point alluded to proceeded.—

"The other point is equally fatal. There is a clear distinction between causing a vessel to sail, or be sent away, with intent to employ her in the slave trade and with intent that she should be employed in that trade. The former applies to the intent of the party causing to act, the latter to the employment of the vessel whether by himself or a stranger. The evidence may fully support these counts and yet may not constitute an offence within the Act of Congress, for the employment by a mere stranger, would not justify the conviction of the party charged with causing her to sail, or to be sent away, with intent to employ her in the slave trade as owner. *There is no reason in criminal cases why the Court should help any such defective allegation, the words of the Statute should be pursued.*"

We say in this case that the distinction is equally clear between aiding in the escape of a fugitive from labor and aiding in the escape of a person *arrested* as such fugitive. The latter may be a free man, the former cannot. The latter is not the offence described in the Act, the former is. And we say also here that the evidence may fully support these counts and yet may not constitute an offence within the Act of Congress." And unless this case is to be utterly disregarded these counts must fall.

But they tell us it is wrong to rescue a prisoner from legal custody, and that no man has a right thus to take the law into his own hands! Admit it, and it is no answer to our position.—That is not the question, whether the act *charged on* the defendant was wrong or whether it be equally mischievous with the offense punished by the statute. The question is whether it *is the offence* punished by the statute, and that is the only question, and so the Supreme Court of the United States tells us.

It tells us so in the case of the United States vs Sheldon 2 Wheaton 119. One question that arose in the case was whether the *driving* of living fat cattle, from the United States to Canada was a "transportation" of them, within the meaning of the act, punishing any person who should transport, or attempt to transport over land or otherwise, in any wagon cart sleigh boat or otherwise naval or military stores, articles of provisions, &c." The court held that it was not, and in giving its opinion said

"It may be admitted that the mischief is the same whether the enemy be supplied with provisions in the one way or the other, but this affords no good reason for construing a penal law by equity so as to extend it to cases not within the correct and ordinary meaning of the expressions of the law particularly when it is confirmed by the interpretation which the legislature has given to the same expressions in the same law."

I have another decision of the same court given by Chief Justice Marshal, which fully and clearly sustains this position. It was in the case of the United States vs Wiltberger 5th Wheaton 76. It was an indictment for manslaughter, under the Act punishing any seaman or other person who shall commit manslaughter on the high seas." The verdict found that the offence was committed on board a ship thirty-five miles up the river Tigris and the question was whether this was on the "high seas," so as to give the court jurisdiction. The court in treating of the construction of penal laws, say "The rule that penal laws are to be construed strictly, is perhaps not much less old than construction itself. It is founded on the tenderness of the law for the rights of individuals, *and on the plain principle that the power of punishment is vested in the legislative not in the judicial department. It is the legislature not the court which is to define a crime and ordain its punishment.*

"It is said that notwithstanding this rule the intention of the law maker must govern in the construction of penal, as well as other statutes. This is true. But this is not a new independent rule which subverts the old. It is a modification of the ancient maxim, and amounts to this, that although penal laws are to be construed strictly, they are not to be construed so strictly as to defeat the obvious intention of the legislature.

"The maxim is not to be so applied as to narrow the words of the statute to the exclusion of cases, which those words, in their ordinary acceptation, or in that sense in which the legislature has obviously used them, would comprehend. The intention of the legislature is to be collected from the words they employ. Where there is no ambiguity in the words there is no room for construction. The case must be a strong one indeed, which would justify a court in departing from the plain meaning of words, especially in a penal act, in search of an intention which the words themselves did not suggest. To determine that a case is within the intention of a statute its language must authorize us to say so. *It would be dangerous indeed to carry the principle that a case which is within the reason or mischief of a statute, is within its provisions, so far as to punish a crime not enumerated in the statute, because it is of equal atrocity or of kindred character with those which are enumerated.*"

I ask the prosecution then, not to tell us that the defendant did wrong, but to show us that he has violated this statute,

[TO BE CONCLUDED TO-MORROW.]

CITY MATTERS.

GREAT NOVELTY.—A party of ladies assembled on Tuesday last at the Young America Saloon, on Main street, and amused themselves with the game of ten pins for some time, to the great satisfaction of those present. Mr Burns, the proprietor, advertises in our columns that on application the preceding day the alleys will be reserved the next day exclusively for ladies, and no person admitted except friends of those engaging the alleys.

Police Court—Jan. 24.

BEFORE CLINTON WALWORTH ESQ. POLICE JUSTICE

BUYING STOLEN PROPERTY &c.—Blasius Tollstein was brought down from jail by officer Beck, and examined on a charge of buying fifty seven brass keys, knowing them to be stolen property of Williams & Hibbard. The testimony of the witnesses was strong against the defendant, he having admitted to the officer that he believed the keys were stolen at the time he bought them. The defendant offered the keys to Mr Shumacher for 75 cents, who informed the Sheriff, which led to his arrest. The keys were stolen from the Brick Hotel, "way down on do rib ber." The man claimed to have bought them from an Irish woman, who lives next door to the hotel, and it appears that whoever took them from the hotel must have forced an entrance in the building. The defendant was required to give bail for his appearance at the next term of the Circuit Court in the sum of $300. The punishment under the Statute makes this offence a State Prison matter and while we have seen, in this Court, boys and girls brought up for petty larceny, convicted, sentenced, and incarcerated in the loathsome jail on the hill, those who had purchased the articles stolen, had encouraged the thieves for if there was no person to buy stolen property, the reasonable supposition is, there would be none to steal. Had he escaped arrest, much less conviction, we could not but feel glad that one of that class among the most dangerous in the community, had at last been overtaken and would be punished, but while the receiver of the stolen property is punished, ought the thief to go free? This, as the Police Justice remarked, was the first case of the kind coming before him in a period extending back seven years.

The case of the State vs John Gallagher was adjourned to January 27th by consent of parties.

BITING [illegible] NOSE [illegible].—A man named Patrick Finnegan, who was a candidate for Sheriff at the late election, obtained a warrant against Edward Dillon, Patrick Hoy and Patrick Hurly, for assault and battery upon him on the 20th January. The complainant had the end of his nose bitten almost off—the piece being held on by straps of plaster. The warrant was issued upon precipe of District Attorney.

OIL PAINTINGS AT AUCTION.—J. H. CRAMPTON will sell at Auction this evening, corner of East Water and Wisconsin Streets, a large number of choice Oil Paintings, comprising landscape, marine and other scenes, several of the paintings are by renowned masters. A rare opportunity is offered to persons wishing to decorate the walls of their dwellings. Sale positive—commencing at 7 o'clock, precisely. The paintings can be seen through the day.

☞ The Opera at Young's Hall last night, drew another good house and delighted all who heard it.

ALL CLEAR.—The Rail Road trains arrived and departed, on time, yesterday, and the eastern mail got along in good season.

CLEAR THE SIDE-WALKS!—The City Marshal announces his intention to prosecute all violations of the Ordinance in regard to side-walks. Let householders and others, whose walks are obstructed by ice or snow, take notice accordingly.

☞ A large party of ladies and gentlemen came up from Racine, in a four-horse sleigh, last evening to attend our Milwaukee Opera. We do not doubt that they were repaid for the journey.

☞ The February number of Putnam's Monthly, the best Magazine in America, has been received and is for sale at WILSON'S, East Water Street.

"OLD AMERICA."—One of the [illegible] series of parties, given by the "[illegible]" at Concert Hall, came off on [illegible] evening last. It was very well attended, [illegible] and heartily enjoyed. [illegible]

[illegible].—A number of mechanics of Newburyport, Mass, have resolved to emigrate to a colony on the Western Shore Lake region, for a broader field of labor. The Boston Journal says it has good authority for stating that it is in contemplation to establish societies on a very extended scale, in the large cities and towns of Massachusetts, among the foreign population, for the purpose of mutually aiding each other to emigrate to Canada or the great West.

☞ The *News* of yesterday comments with just severity upon the Governor's mis-application of a part of his $10 000 contingent fund, and says

> If the present Legislature does its duty to the people of the State, it will adopt some stringent measures to prevent such drafts upon the Treasury, and endeavor to make our State Government an honest and economical one.

M & M. RAIL ROAD.—The Grant Co Herald of Monday last says

> At a meeting, a few days since, at Prairie du Chien an additional sum of $100,000 was raised by subscription to aid in building the M & M. Railroad. This, it is thought, will enable the Company to secure what money they want to build the road, the people of Prairie du Chien have no longer any doubts about having a Railroad.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.—A Mrs. Waters had just taken her seat in the New York and Erie cars at Jersey City in company with her children, when on looking out of the window to ask about her baggage, her head was caught between the cars, slowly moving, and a post, and so badly crushed as to kill her instantly. The post was within *three inches* of the side of the car.

Dunnan Monument Fund.

Amounts previously acknowledged	$609 15
[illegible] S S, Wheatland, Kenosha Co	1,82
Rock Valley S S, Adams Co	2,00
Congregational S S, Waukesha	4,00
Total	[illegible]

HERBERT REED, Treasurer
Milwaukee, Jan 24, 1855

DIED,

In this city on Tuesday, Jan. 23d, of consumption, SARAH A., daughter of Dr. A. and ELIZA S BLANCHARD, aged 16 years.

During a long and weary illness, and through much suffering, she exhibited a fortitude, a cheerfulness and patience, almost unexampled. Dearly loved and cherished, her removal has left a void in the circle of her home and friends that must be deplored without hope of reparation. Her character was marked with a singular purity of thought, truthfulness and justice. She was truly one of whom we may say in perfect faith, "The pure in heart shall see God."

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, at the residence of her father, on Friday at 11 o'clock A M.

COMMERCIAL.

THE MARKETS.

OFFICE DAILY SENTINEL,
MILWAUKEE, January 24, 1855.

RECEIPTS BY M & M RAIL ROAD, Jan 23d—2874 bus wheat, 140 do oats 26 do barley, 246 bbls flour, 23 do dried fruit, 156 sacks do, 151 hogs.

RECEIPTS BY M & W RAILROAD, Jan 23—[illegible] bus wheat, 70 do barley, 265 bbls flour

Receipts of Produce light, the roads being still obstructed by snow. Market for Grain and Pork active at steady rates. We hear of the sale of 1,200 bbls Flour superfine No 1, in three lots, at $6,75. We quote

Wheat—1,12@1,20 Spring Club, 1,25@1,35 good to choice Winter

Barley—85@93 for good samples, and occasionally $1 for prime lots to brewers.

Oats—taken for city trade at 33@35

Rye—in steady request, at 75@80

Corn—nominal, 45@48

Pork—active, at 3 62½@3,75 for light, and 3,8 @4,00 for heavy and extra hogs

FREIGHTS—We hear of the charter of the brig *D Ferguson* for the first trip to Buffalo, at 16c ⅌ bus, with wheat.

Weather very fine yesterday, and sleighing improving as the roads wear smooth

Cincinnati Market—19th.

Flour dull and unchanged. Hogs firm, but sales few. Bulk shoulders offered at 4c and sides at 6c, but no sales. Mess pork held at $11, without sales. Clover seed advanced, with sales of 30 bbls at $6 75; little to be had below $7

There is a better feeling in money affairs

HEAVY OPERATIONS IN TRADE.—We were informed late last evening that an extensive pork packing concern, on Main st, have accepted proposals from an Eastern house for the purchase of the entire product of fifty thousand hogs, or thereabouts. Should the report prove correct, it is probably the heaviest transaction in trade ever effected by a St Louis firm, and perhaps in the whole West.—*St Louis Repub 20th*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CARD.

THE MANAGERS OF THE MILWAUKEE ORPHAN Asylum gratefully acknowledge the receipt of the following donations, from several citizens of East Troy, viz—2 barrels Flour, 1 barrel Corn Meal, 3 barrels Potatoes, 100 pounds Pork, 6 Chickens, 1 bushel Beans. 25 1t

Increase of Cash Capital

TO HALF A MILLION OF DOLLARS.

THE ÆTNA INSURANCE CO., of Hartford, Conn., having complied with the law to regulate Insurance Agencies of Companies incorporated by other States, passed May 1st, 1854, by the Ohio Legislature, the following, as required thereby, prepared in that State, the original statement being on file in the State Auditor's office.

It is a full and true statement, and is published so the community may know the character of the corporation by letting its condition speak for itself.

BY STATE AUTHORITY

Statement on January 1st, 1855.

The name of the Corporation is ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, located at Hartford, Conn., chartered 1819

The Capital is Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, and is paid up

The Assets of the Company are:

Cash on hand, in Bank, and in the hands of Agents or other persons			$212,565 66
Real Estate unincumbered			16,072 95
72 Mortgage Bonds, 6 and 7 per cent interest payable semi annually			72,000 00
Debts due the Company secured by Mortgage			7,212 11
Bills Receivable, amply secured and payable at Bank			103,888 38
Bills Receivable Premium Notes			32,791 20
All other securities, viz:			
500 shares	Hartford & N Haven R R Co	$57,500	
316 "	Hartford & Providence " "	15,750	
107 "	Boston & Worcester " "	10,165	
4 "	N Albany & Salem " "	100	
250 "	Connecticut River " "	14,000	97,515 00
200 "	Phoenix Bank of Hartford,	34,500	
300 "	Exchange Bank, "	17,364	
200 "	Far. & Mech's Bank "	25,200	
50 "	Connect River "	5,750	
200 "	Hartford " "	15,000	
72 "	State " "	9 652	
100 "	City "	11,600	
75 "	Bank of Hartford Co	7,900	140,916 00
36 "	Eagle Bank, Providence, R I		1,800 00
100 "	Bank of America, New York	10,400	
100 "	N America "	10,600	
50 "	Commonwealth "	4,600	
150 "	Republic "	16,500	
420 "	Broadway Bank "	15,500	
150 "	People's "	4,400	
100 "	Hanover "	9,600	
400 "	Mechanics "	10,800	
100 "	N Y Life and Trust Co "	10,000	94,800 00
100 "	Stafford Bank, Conn 1st and 2d instalments paid in,		2,000 00
50 "	Conn River Company,		1,000 00
			$773,978 69

The amount of liabilities due or not due to Banks or other creditors—nothing

Losses adjusted and due—none

Losses adjusted and not due $143 518 22

Losses adjusted and in suspense, waiting for further proof - - 41,257 46

All other claims against the Company are small, such only as printing, &c

Agents instructed to take no risk over $10,000

The amount insured in any city, town or village, depends on the character, material and construction of buildings, the width of streets, the supply of water, condition of the fire department, and other circumstances.

The amount insured in blocks of buildings varies; the design is to limit the loss by any one fire, to $10,000 or less.

The act of incorporation is the same as filed in July, 1854.
THOS A. ALEXANDER, Secretary.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, } ss. Hartford, January, 1855.
Hartford County, }

Personally appeared THOMAS A. ALEXANDER, Secretary of the Ætna Insurance Company, and made oath that the foregoing statement, by him subscribed, is true according to his best knowledge and belief.

HENRY FOWLER, Justice of the Peace

All that have property to Insure, will please inspect and scrutinize the preceding reliable expose of this old and long tried Corporation. For usefulness, security and promptitude it has ever stood first in its line of transactions—and for ability and means will attract the [illegible] of the insuring public to confirm their confidence in it. The statement is so prepared any one can contrast it [illegible] with local and State Insurance offices, if so disposed. Its investments are of that solid character as not to be materially affected by the late depression in that class of stocks.

The increase of its capital stock to $500,000, has been [illegible] for the [illegible] and security of its policies.

The necessity and real benefits of Insurance are [illegible] by the fact the company has paid [illegible] during the past year, at the Western Branch office alone, in Cincinnati, the sum of $[illegible], most of which has been paid [illegible] in advance of [illegible] legally due, and it has had no suit or litigation. [illegible]

WILLIAM [illegible], Agent.

VOLUME XI. MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL. NEW SERIES.

THE DAILY SENTINEL.

Rufus King, Wm. H Watson & John S Fillmore,
PROPRIETORS,
UNDER THE FIRM NAME OF
RUFUS KING & CO.

Thursday Morning, Jan. 25.

DAILY, - - - $7,00 per annum,
TRI-WEEKLY. - 2,50 " "
WEEKLY. - - 1,00 " "

OUR AGENT.

[illegible] W S[illegible] is our authorized Agent to receive Subscriptions collect Monies, &c
R KING & CO

☞ For Telegraphic Despatches, See Third Page.

News of the Morning.

Our Telegraph despatches give the New York Market of yesterday and sundry items of New York and Washington news Our Madison letters this morning are unusually full and interesting, and the abstract of yesterday's proceedings show that the Legislature is at work in earnest Among other good acts passed by the Assembly yesterday was one effectually [illegible] all Emigrant Agencies The vote stood [illegible]

☞ The U S Court, having got thro' with [the] batch of rescue trials, has concluded to [take a] rest and adjourned till the first Monday in February next.

[illegible] —Both branches of our Legislature [illegible] vote, have instructed our Democratic Senators and Representatives in Congress [illegible] change in the Naturalization Laws. [illegible] no doubt thought necessary to instruct [illegible] on this subject and it is hoped [that they] will "obey or resign" It is to be [hoped] too, that this significant vote will operate [illegible] upon the excited imagination of [our] neighbor the News who has been haunted [by a] "Know Nothing" ghost, ever since the flat [illegible] vote he received for County Treasurer last November.

From Madison.

EDITORIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE SENTINEL

Madison Jan'y 23 '55

The following statistics, gathered from the [official] Legislative table in the Assembly will be interesting to some of our readers They relate [to] the Assembly only, consisting of 82 members

OCCUPATIONS.—Farmers 45, Lawyers 9, Bache[illegible] 1 (Mr Bennett), Physicians 3, Miners 4 Mill[ers] 1 [illegible] Contractors 2, Foundryman 1, Clerk 1 [illegible] of the People 1, (Mr. Goodsill,) Mechanic [illegible] Carpenter 1 Coal digger 1 (Mr Martin,), [illegible] 1, Shoemakers 2, Surveyor 1, Tailor 1 Merchants 2, Miller 1, Civil Engineer 1, Teacher 1 Editor 1

AGES.—From 21 to 25, two, 26 to 30, eleven, 31 to 35 [illegible]teen, 36 to 40, eighteen; 41 to 45, seventeen 46 to 50, eight, 51 to 55, seven, 56 to 60 three 61 to 65, one The youngest member [is] P Smith of Washington Co., 24 the oldest [illegible] of Milwaukee Co, 65 It will be [seen] that the average of this Assembly is [illegible]: 36 being over 40 years of age

[illegible] TIME IN THE STATE—1 to 3 years 4 [illegible] years, 21, 9 to 12 years, 16, 13 to 16 [illegible] 20, 17 to 20 years, 14, 21 to 25 years 1 [illegible] and over, 3 W. W Field, of Grant, [has] seen the shortest time in the State, 2 years, [illegible] the longest time, 33 years, [illegible] at Milwaukee when it was a [illegible]

[illegible]—New York 29, Vermont 5, V[illegible] New Hampshire 5, Ohio 3, Kentucky 1, [illegible] 2 Massachusetts 3, Connecticut [illegible] 1, Louisiana 1, Wisconsin 1, New [illegible] 2—England 3, Scotland 3 Ire[land] [illegible] Germany 5, Canada 1—total native born [illegible] foreign born 18 Total from New York and New England 45

The Assembly was called to order at 2 P M The cars were not yet in from the east, delayed no doubt less by snow drifts and there was [not a quorum] present at the calling of the roll [but] a sufficient number made their appearance immediately to form a quorum However, [illegible] moved to adjourn and the House [illegible]

[Assembly] met at 3 P M. Mr Bowen introduced a bill to regulate appeals from Justices' [illegible]—Mr Taylor a bill authorizing Sheboygan to borrow money for harbor purposes,—Mr [illegible] one to change the time of holding the Courts in La Crosse Co —and Mr Dewey [from the] committee of Corporations, one altering [the charter] of Sheboygan

The following bills passed
[Ap]propriating $20 to P Lee
[illegible] $268,42 to Lt Gov Lewis.
[Ex]tending the Janesville Collegiate Institute

The Patriot of to-day contains a Message, purporting to be an "unofficial and confidential" [communication] from the Governor However much [the editors] of the Sentinel may have disagreed as [to the] regular Message—and some of the administration papers have discovered that fact, much [to their] astonishment, though I think that the [illegible] and do not disagree very widely on [illegible]—I think that we shall agree as to the [illegible] of this irregular message It is rather [illegible] and sincere, however, to be received [illegible] as an emanation from the Administration [illegible] somebody, however has certainly [been] behind the scenes.

[Notice] has been posted, for a meeting of the [illegible] members of the two Houses They [will] doubtless have a harmonious time. The [call] is evidently one of the small tricks used [illegible] the Republican forces The meeting [illegible] at Mr. Earnest's room, but he was elected [illegible] Independent

[illegible] reports are afloat as to the condition of the question of U S Senator The la[test] is that Mr Kilbourn has the pipes [laid] for a nomination by the Democrats in [illegible] I have no faith in the story that the [illegible] of that party will so stultify themselves, [nor] can I believe that he will secure a majority [illegible] but there are many who could not [illegible] vote for him It is reported that [illegible] or his some of his numerous lobby [illegible] to them, that quite a number of the [Republi]cans are pledged to vote for him, if he [can] get the vote in full, and rumor fix [illegible] two of our Milwaukee members as included in that "quite a number" I do not believe any such thing—indeed I am sure that it [is] wrong as to one of the gentlemen named It is to be hoped, that now, of all times, [the members] from our section of the state, will not [illegible] be swayed by local influences [illegible] to the prejudice of a good cause

I [illegible] have noticed an article in the Journal [of this] morning making what purports to be [a correction] of an error in the Report of Friday's proceedings The Governor's Message [illegible] as relating to the contingent [fund of the] Executive Department," but this [illegible] should have read contingent [expenses] of the State" It looks like a distinction [without] a difference A certain fund is usually [ap]propriated to the Governor for various expenses for the state for which ready money is [required], it being thought better to do this than [to allow] the Executive to dip into the treasury [illegible] or to keep creditors waiting for their [illegible] This sum, I believe has varied from [illegible] to $5,000 but last winter $10 000 was [appro]priated and the Governor has sent in his [illegible] showing the expenditure of the whole [and] $440 80 over

[illegible] Gen McManman is on hand to-day, and we shall doubtless have a demonstration from [the] Military Committee shortly

[illegible] P M —The cars from the East, due at 1 [illegible] have not yet arrived, and conjecture is busy with the causes of the delay, the supposition being that some of the rails have given way as they did in the intense cold of last winter, and let the cars off the track There must be at least thirty members of the Legislature out taking this pleasant ride on a rail

The Democratic caucus adjourned to this evening, but it is not probable that anything will be done, while so many are absent. W H W.

P. S I open this to state all that is known of the doings of the Whig caucus Promptly at the hour, Mr Earnest called J H E[arnest] to the chair, and moved that James H Earnest be appointed Secretary which he carried nem con. Mr Earnest thanked the meeting in appropriate terms which speech he applauded to the echo After a brief adjournment for refreshments, the meeting again assembled, and Mr Earnest moved that the Whig party be a unit in the pending conflict and continue to render the regular Democracy all the aid and comfort possible This was received with tumultuous applause amidst which the gas was turned off and the caucus adjourned below
W H W.

Madison Jan 23

The train from the east, due at noon arrived at 9 last night, having encountered heavy drifts of snow upon the track It brought a large delegation of members of the three Houses and a paper mail, but no Milwaukee letter mail Query—How does it happen that letters between here and our city are sometimes detained three or four days? To day one of our packages of Sentinels is missing

I learn that the State Treasurer has sent word to the County Treasurers that he will only receive one half of the State taxes in bills of Wisconsin Banks, why this is does not appear Our State money is worth more now, in its relation to specie than it was when he agreed to receive the former for all the taxes

The bill noticed a day or two since as having been introduced by Mr McIndoe to change the time of election in his Judicial Circuit, should have been mentioned as a bill for changing the time of holding the Circuit Courts

I must be brief in my legislative report to day inasmuch as there are sundry matters which deserve particular attention

In Senate, Mr West made an able Report from a Select Committee, in favor of abolishing the Emigrant Agency, and it is thought that the thing will be cut up, root and branch, this time The following Select Committees were announced on portions of the Governor's Message

Emigrant Agency—West Hadley, Rolfe
Lunatic Asylum—Howell, Gill, Cobb
Geological Survey—Cobb, Dewey, Gibson
Fox & Wis River Imp —Fisher, Pishford Ioy
Also one on the subject of the Official Reports
In Assembly, petitions were presented,
By Mr Davis to authorize a Court House tax in Baraboo
By Mr Hull to prevent banks from issuing any but their own paper Also the account of W W Roth.
By Mr Randall for extension of time of collecting tax in Waukesha

The following bills were introduced, and immediately passed, the rules being suspended (I sent the titles of these bills yesterday, as also the gist of several resolutions adopted.)

The use of the Hall was granted for religious services this evening, by Bishop Kemper, of the Prot Episcopal Church

A resolution was offered by Mr VanNostrand, calling upon the State officers for information as to the condition of things between the Fox and Wisconsin River Improvement Co and the State —the resolution going very much into detail—After some discussion, it was referred, on motion of Mr Earnest, to the committee on State Affairs.

Mr Colley introduced a bill amending the charter of the Beloit Female Seminary and Mr Fisher one chartering the Western Wisconsin R R Co

Under the head of Reports Mr Davis from the Committee on Incorporations, reported back two or three private charters unfavorably, and favorably, with an amendment on the charter of the Beloit Gas Co Mr Bennett, from the Committee on claims reported sundry bills and asked to be excused from further consideration of the claim of A Proudfit, State Prison Contractor, because no vouchers were sent in It was stated that the vouchers were ready, and would be presented and the committee was not excused. Bills were reported back from other committees

The Governor sent into both Houses a special Message, giving, without being called upon his reason for not receiving the volumes of the Supreme Court Reports as provided for by law last winter It might perhaps, have seemed proper for His Excellency to wait until he was called upon for his reasons, or until some claim is made upon the state But as he has not seen fit to do so, it may be as well to state here for the information of members, that there are two sides to the question, and that they will be made aware, in the progress of an investigation of the subject, of some very small and sharp practice on the part of His Excellency, Gov Barstow and his widely varying views of economy in relation to political friends and foes Enough of this for the present (By the by, suppose that the publishers should conclude to present the 100 copies to the state what would the Governor do?)

Information was sent in, in relation to the school money of La Crosse Co A report came in from the Commissioners of the Lunatic Asylum which, with all due difference to those officers, did not seem to be any too respectful to the Assembly It covered however the specifications and contract for the job and from these we can enable the people to form some idea of the enormous expense which these Commissioners with the approval of the Governor, have done their best to bring upon the state

The building then to give a general idea of its extent is to be composed of a centre or main portion, 65 by 120 feet, with 3 longitudinal and 3 transverse wings on each side the dimensions of the latter not specified The entire building to be 4 stories, (respectively 12, 15, 13 and 11 feet) with finished basement, the longitudinal wings 3 stories, and the transverse wings 3 full stories with another 7 ft at the eaves and 10 ft inside The cellar to be 8 ft deep under the whole—[illegible] on the centre building—a base of hammer dressed stone around the whole building as a sill for the basement windows—the steps, cape sills of the whole and the ornamental work of the centre building to be of cut stone The walls of the basement to be 3 feet thick—those of the centre building to the 2d story 2 feet 6 the next story 2 ft 3, and 2 feet above, the walls of the wings to be 20 inches and 18 inches. All the outside windows to have iron grates, the upper sashes of the cells, dormitories, bath rooms, &c to be of cast iron, wrought iron guards to all the windows in the corridors, iron balusters to the stairs—(there is a profusion of iron bars, 1¼ and 1½ inches thick, everywhere) All the windows in the main building to have inside shutters, &c, &c.

I have selected above a few of the general dimensions and details, upon which men who are accustomed to calculate these things, may base their own estimates of the cost of the building [and] the price of the contract with Mr Proudfit which runs as follows Read and inwardly digest ye fleeced taxed people

Excavation of earth 35c per square yard
Excavation of rock 1,50 per square yard
Rubble and rough mason work $3 60 per perch
Cut stone work $10 50 per perch
Brick $12 50 per m
Cast iron 12c per lb
Wrought [illegible]c per lb
Locks, $2,50 each, bolts $1 each, nails, 7c per lb
Pine lumber, $34,75 ℔ m oak do $32,50 ℔ m.
Lathing and plastering 3 coats, 56c ℔ square yard.
Rough casting and pencilling with composition 45c per square yard
Glass $9 50 ℔ box—with numerous other items after the same sort and then follow specific estimates besides the above for painting, joiner work, and extras, amounting to about $50,000!

There are rumors afloat as to especial care or great neglect having been exercised or suffered by the Commissioners in relation to the specifications so that several persons who desired to bid, were not able to see them, but supposing everything to have been done in a correct manner, is it not clear that the Commissioners had no business to enter into this contract—involving the State to the amount of perhaps $200,000, without consulting the Legislature? And $200 000 will not cover the expense of it, by a great deal as I firmly believe Consider what a building of the above dimensions would cost, if built by a private person, at ordinary prices, at ordinary prices and then look at the prices above. This contract will be broken if it can be done, so as to save the State, and it ought to be broken

The Joint Resolution from the Senate, against a change of the naturalization laws, came up in Assembly this morning, Mr Gunn moved an amendment adding instructions on the subject of Harbor Improvements, the Fugitive Act, Slave Territory &c Mr Rogan, Mr Earnest, Mr Hull, and Mr Boyd all spoke, at greater or less length, and with more or less honor and indignation at this highly improper conduct Mr Gunn defended his position stoutly Messrs Randall and Bennett both spoke in favor of the principle of the amendments but desired to vote upon them separately, and Mr Gunn withdrew the amendment The resolution then passed unanimously, Sam not being seen about the Hall anywhere, although one member declares that he saw him vanish from the bureau-door as the last name was called

In the afternoon, Messrs Hull, Mosher, and DeWolf were announced as the select committee on the Georgia Memorial, and Messrs Gary, Vliet Earnest, Rogan and Pratt upon the memorial of Prof Daniels.

The House went through the file in Committee of the whole, and afterwards killed one bill and tabled another for the charter of private corporations Mr Davis, from the Committee, gave article IX Sec 1, of the Constitution (against special charters,) as the guide of the Committee in their unfavorable report upon these bills, and Mr Ebbets moved to strike out the enacting clause of the first one The Committee is unanimous upon the subject—and so we really have a Constitution, and a House which seems ready to sustain them Good!

The bill changing J K Pengelstrasser's name to J K Bergster passed, and the bill repealing all Emigrant Agency Laws was ordered engrossed, with scarcely a dissenting voice

The Free Democrat which comes to day, shows that its editor is touched upon some sore spot by my reference to the language and tenor of a late article in that paper The perverse habit in which Mr Booth indulges of publishing doubtful scraps of private conversation, and of giving a personal turn to everything which does not suit him shall not tempt me to turn aside from my course an inch, and he may be assured that if, as before I shall be again requested to correct any misrepresentations or errors of his paper, in regard to the condition of feeling among the Republicans, I shall do it If he has any personal grievances to work out, it cannot be bad advice to recommend him to keep them out of his paper. This being a free country, I presume that I am at liberty to wish him at home, or in Asia, if I like, but the public would scarcely be edified by hearing of it.

The Secretary of State's Report is laid upon our table this morning It is quite interesting, contains many valuable tables estimates &c, some of which were used by the Governor in his special plea in the Message, in relation to the relative expenditures of different years I will make an abstract of it for our readers One item among the estimates for the current year is sufficiently startling Under the miscellaneous items we find that $17 138 72 is stated as the indebtedness for state Prisoners and $78,000 as indebtedness for the South Wing of the Prison Building —making $95,138 72 for which the Legislature is expected to provide for arrearages; $10 000 is needed for support of prisoners for 1855

W. H W

Abstract of Wednesday Morning's Proceedings.

SENATE.—10 A M 24th The following bills passed
Extending time of collecting taxes in Janesville, Waukesha and Kenosha
[illegible] State road from Newport to Sextonville
Charter [illegible] Academy Charter of Howard & Oconto Plank Road Co.
Amending Charter of Sheboygan
Changing name of J K Bergstrasser
Ceding lighthouse site at Fond du Lac
Authorizing special tax in Watertown
Vacating plat of Hamilton, Marquette Co
Changing time of courts in Portage & Marathon Co
State road from Fountain City to Chip Falls
Declaring Waumandee river a highway.
Appropriating $129,00 to Geo Williams.
Vacating part of plat of Manitowoc
Adjourned

ASSEMBLY 10 A M —State Treasurer reported $1 519 73 as received from collection of fines
Bills passed Changing time of holding Circuit Courts in Marathon and Portage Counties
Abolishing all Emigrant Agency Laws—75 to 5
Amending charter of Manitowoc & Calumet Plank Road Company
Vacating part of plat of Manitowoc
Appropriating $139 09 to Geo Williams
Suspending sales of school lands except to settlers
Placing witnesses' certificates on same footing as those of jurors.
Amending charter of Symphony College
Declaring the Waumandee river a public highway.
Laying out state road from Fountain City to Chippewa Falls.
Appropriating $242,82 to acting Gov Lewis
$200 to heirs of R. Jenkinson
Adjourned

THE RIGHT SPIRIT —The Madison Journal of yesterday thus disposes of some "weak inventions of the enemy," as to the want of harmony among our Republican friends in the Legislature

"There is not a Republican in the Legislature who will not vote for Durkee, should he receive the nomination, nor one who will refuse to vote for the nominee of the Republican caucus because he may have been a whig formerly.

Right! If Mr DURKEE be the Republican nominee for U S Senator, he should receive, as he deserves the vote of every man in the Legislature who calls himself a REPUBLICAN Or should Mr. COLE, or any other true man be agreed upon he too is entitled to the unbroken Republican vote Let our friends stand fast and stand together and all will be well

ANNUAL BANK STATEMENT —We publish this morning the report of the Bank Comptroller, of the resources liabilities &c, of the Banks of this State. The table is an interesting one for reference and preservation —[Sentinel

And, by the way you were indebted for it to the Argus & Democrat.—[Madison Democrat

If we had been, we should have given credit accordingly Our copy was furnished us from Madison, and not in the Argus & Democrat

GOING TO LEAVE.—We understand that quite a party of young men, some of them with families are about to leave this city for Wisconsin—to select new homes in that growing State They are residents of the North end, and most, if not all of them, ship carpenters They intend to locate somewhere upon the Lake shore where they can take up lands and become farmers, or pursue their business of ship building, as will be most for their interest.—[Newburyport Herald.

Come along friends! There is room and welcome and work for all of you within the borders of Wisconsin

"BIRDS OF A FEATHER"—The Wisconsin, the Madison Democrat and Judge Miller's "Court, Officers and Jurors," continue to sympathize together in the matter of the sneaking presentment offered, but not acted upon, against the Sentinel and Free Democrat They constitute an exceedingly select circle.

☞ The Potosi Republican, a democratic paper, speaking of the reported nomination of Mr COLE by the Republicans of the Legislature as a candidate for U. S Senator, says

"The choice of the 'Republicans' for this important office, made at an adjourned caucus on Monday, was the Hon. ORSAMUS COLE, of this place, and in the event of an election this winter he will undoubtedly be the man. So far as sterling ability is concerned, they have not a better man in their ranks"

☞ The snow storm which raged so violently here Sunday, commenced at St. Louis at 3 P M Saturday—12 hours in advance of its commencement here.

SPEECH OF BYRON PAINE

In Defence of S. M Booth and others for Aiding in the Escape of a Fugitive Slave Joshua Glover

Delivered before the U S. Court, Jan. 12 1855.

[CONTINUED]

But they claim that the defendant sent for a team to take Glover away! To prove this the testimony of Mr Roberts and Mr Heath is relied on Upon this, gentlemen, I have to remark that it is a very improbable story on its face — Mr Heath tells us he had never seen the defendant before that day It is true, he says, he was introduced to him before that, but we all know how soon a person we see in a crowd passes from our remembrance, unless there is something to impress his image particularly upon our minds And yet according to the account of Mr Roberts and Mr Heath, the defendant called on Heath an entire stranger to send to Oakley's after a team, when according to all rational presumption, he had no reason to believe that Heath knew where Oakley's was, and when there were hundreds around him whom he well knew, and who were ready to do any thing he wished done that was lawful and just I say this story is improbable on its face And in addition to this improbability we have the fact that Mr Heath appears here as an accomplice testifying against others under the hope of favors for himself Gentlemen, I am not going to say anything against Mr Heath He came here bent and broken on the government wheel, and I am sorry for him Stronger men than he, might not have been able to withstand its terrors I pity him more than I blame But in weighing his testimony we must remember that he is an accomplice and testifies with the hope of saving himself, by fastening the conviction on the chosen victim of the prosecution I will read to you the rule which the wisdom of experience has established for weighing the evidence of accomplices

Mr Ryan here asked—"Mr Paine whose accomplice do you claim Mr Heath to be?"

I claim him, sir, to be an accomplice in the offence which you charge upon the defendant and in doing so, I by no means admit that the defendant was connected with him but only that such is the account your witness gives of it.

I read to you, gentlemen, from the 1st of Greenleaf's Evidence, 483

"The case of *accomplices* is usually mentioned under the head of infamy, but we propose to treat it more appropriately when we come to speak of persons disqualified by interest, since accomplices generally testify under a promise or expectation of pardon, or some other benefit"

Again on page 485

"The *degree of credit* which ought to be given to the testimony of an accomplice, is a matter exclusively within the province of the jury It has sometimes been said that they ought not to believe him unless his testimony is corroborated by other evidence, *and without doubt great caution in weighing such testimony is dictated by prudence and good reason* But there is no such rule of law, it being expressly conceded that the jury may, if they please, act upon the evidence of the accomplice without any confirmation of his statement But on the other hand Judges in their discretion, will advise a jury not to convict of felony upon the testimony of an accomplice alone and without corroboration and it is now so generally the practice to give them such advice, that its omission would be regarded as an omission of duty on the part of the Judge"

In addition, then, to the improbability of the story and the fact that it is sustained only by the testimony of accomplices,—for Mr Roberts, if not an actual accomplice was certainly very near one,—we have the testimony of Mr Walter Babcock who gives an entirely different account of the matter. He says that while Mr Booth was talking with some man on the other side of the horse a thick-set man, with sandy whiskers, came up to him and asked for his horse to go to the American Mr Booth at first hesitated but when the request was repeated, he got off and the man mounted and rode away Now this story looks natural,—the other does not.

The two accounts are entirely different The one presents the defendant as having conceived the purpose of sending for a team to take Glover away, and calling on Heath to execute it the other shows that the design was conceived by some one else, and that the only connection of the defendant with it, was to let some body have his horse to go to the American And the latter view of it is strongly corroborated by Heath himself He was compelled to admit that it was his impression that somebody did call for the defendant's horse to go to the American This shows the defendant as the lender of his horse, to accomplish some purpose with which he was not made acquainted, and not as the sender of an agent on his horse, to accomplish a purpose of his own Because if the defendant conceived the design, then it is very improbable that some body else called for his horse as Mr Heath admits somebody else called for his horse, then it is improbable that the defendant called on Heath in the manner pretended So that the conclusion to which my mind comes upon this matter is, that there is some mistake or confusion in the memory of the witnesses for the prosecution, and that Mr Babcock's account is the true one You all saw the weight which Mr Ryan gave to his testimony by the rigid cross-examination which he gave him But the young man maintained his position clearly intelligently, and consistently to the last

But certain it is at all events, that no wagon was procured by Heath, and there is not a particle of evidence connecting the defendant with the procurement of the one in which Glover was carried away

But Gentlemen, great stress is laid by the prosecution on the fact that the defendant followed the wagon down to the Walker's Point Bridge Upon this point the testimony is conflicting — One of the witnesses for the prosecution says he started with the wagon on horseback that he rode by it down Jackson street, and was very near it all the way to the bridge, and there acted as the medium of communication between the two wagons One other witness swears also that he saw him not more than four or five rods behind the wagon, on Jackson street But a number of witnesses for the defense, and some of those for the prosecution show that this [illegible] utterly impossible After the wagon started, Mr Blair saw the defendant in the square on foot. All the evidence shows that the wagon was driven rapidly It went but a short distance on Jackson street, and it would have been impossible for a man to have been in the square after it started, and to have gone out, unhitched his horse, untied up the halter, mounted and come up within three or four rods of it, while it was on Jackson street Mr Mallory also one of the witnesses for the prosecution, saw the defendant in the square after the wagon started but he was not certain whether it had gone out of sight A number of other witnesses also swear that they saw the wagon go down Jackson street but that the defendant was not near it Then we have the evidence of Mr Clark that he was the man who rode down Jackson street near the wagon—that, after that he rode from eight to ten rods behind it all the way to the bridge, except on Wisconsin street and that the defendant was not near it and could not have been there without the witness seeing him He swears that he was the man who went to Messenger's wagon and that the defendant did nothing of the kind, and in fact did not come up until several minutes after the wagons had stopped, and as Glover was about getting out from the one into the other,

As you observed, Gentlemen, the testimony of Mr Clark produced a great disturbance in the minds of the prosecutors and they were preparing to come down on his offending head with their whole power. But immediately after him we called Mr Gardner, who followed the wagon from Young's Hall to the bridge, eight or ten rods behind it, saw nothing of the defendant near it, and shows positively that he could not have been near it, because he saw him come up several minutes after they had stopped, and saw him do nothing after he did come up This corroborates Mr Clark fully and shows that there must have been a mistake on the part of the witnesses for the prosecution A— mistake which can the more readily be believed from the fact that some men are so filled with prejudice and hate against the defendant, as to believe that he did and was responsible for all that was done by four or five thousand people on that day But he did go down there—all the witnesses agree in that? Why did he do it? We say, admitting our theory of the defence to be true and that he was opposed to all violence and the breaking of the jail, that still it was perfectly natural for the defendant to go down here as he did. He went down out of curiosity, as did hundreds of others to see what became of the man And is this to be attributed to him alone as a crime? Could Captain Jennings, one of the witnesses for the prosecution run some distance on foot, and then jump into a wagon and hurry the driver to keep up with the fugitive merely to 'gratify his curiosity—could Mr. Howe another of their witnesses do the same thing? Or could Mr Gardner who met the crowd turn and follow on merely to get sight at the man,—could every body else hurry after to see what was done, and all be held innocent, and yet this defendant be held guilty for doing the same thing? I trust not, gentlemen—but that you will give him as good a right as other men to gratify his curiosity and see what is going on

The conclusion, therefore, to which I come, and to which I think you must come, from the whole evidence, is that the defendant cannot be held responsible for the breaking of the jail and the rescue of Glover because he took no part in it and it was done against his advice

But I judge from some intimations that have been made during the trial that you will be told by the Court that the defendant, having called the meeting, was responsible for all that was done afterwards, by any of them I do not so understand the law, Gentlemen It is true that if a number of men enter into a common design to accomplish an unlawful act, each is afterwards responsible for the acts of all, in furtherance of that common design But before any man can be so held, the common design must be established To [make] him [illegible] a man call a meeting for a lawful purpose he is responsible for acts of violence done by some who may have been at the meeting unless he is connected with the violence And can any of you entertain for a moment the idea that there was a common design among those who composed the meeting called by the defendant and presided over by Gen Wolcott, to rescue Glover from the jail?—Such a pretence would be an absurdity The whole proceedings and efforts of the meeting show that there was no such design, but that they only designed to pursue the remedies known to the law The whole evidence shows that violence was not thought of till just as it occurred, and that it was then a movement of impatience on the part of a portion who were there, the exciting cause of which was an announcement that the writ of *habeas corpus* would be disregarded—And no man who took part in the meeting, can be held responsible for that violence unless it be shown that he participated in, or sanctioned it.

I have now gentlemen gone through the evidence relied on to connect the defendant with this rescue and have endeavored to show that your verdict must be not guilty, even if breaking the jail were sufficient to constitute the crime for which he is indicted But that is not so I believe there are many who are watching these proceedings with deep interest that have fixed it in their minds that you are trying the issue whether Mr Booth broke the jail, and aided in the escape of Joshua Glover They think if this is established then the verdict must be guilty I do not know but there may be some such among you gentlemen But if so, you are greatly mistaken We might throw away the evidence to the contrary, and admit that the defendant did break the jail, that he took out Glover with his own hands, and yet all this does not constitute the offence with which he is charged In almost every crime there are a number of separate and distinct facts necessary to constitute the offence. And although they all be proved but one, yet if the proof on that one fail the defendant must go acquit And so it is in this case.

We have thus far been considering whether the defendant had anything to do with the breaking of the jail Let us now take up the indictment and see what is the offence charged, and what else must be shown to warrant a conviction — There are five counts in the indictment The first three are framed under one of the sections of the Act of 1790, which punishes resisting obstructing or opposing an officer in serving, or attempting to serve, or execute process These three counts charge the defendant with knowingly and wilfully obstructing resisting and opposing Charles C Cotton, a Deputy Marshal, in serving and attempting to serve or execute process. Now I ask you, gentlemen, in all candor, is there a syllable of evidence before you to sustain this charge? If there is, where is it? I have not heard it Where did Charles C Cotton attempt to serve process and meet with resistance? Who resisted or obstructed him? We asked Mr Cotton if anybody obstructed or resisted him that day in doing whatever he pleased, and the other side objected at first, seeming to fear that he might have been resisted without knowing it He finally answered that he was not directly resisted or obstructed by anybody And is it not a very strange idea that an officer may be resisted without knowing it?

In order to make out the offence charged in these three counts, there must be proof that an officer of the United States had some legal process and attempted to serve or execute it and was resisted or obstructed in doing so by the defendant. Now what process did Mr Cotton have?—It will be said he had the warrant on which Glover was arrested And if the Fugitive Law is to be held constitutional, then without doubt, that was a process within the meaning of the act But where was this process? Glover had been arrested and lodged in jail, and we at first endeavored to show that the warrant was left there with him and remained there till the next Monday The testimony on that point was conflicting Mr Conover's impression was very strong that it was left there till the next Monday and that then Mr Cotton came after it and said he wanted to make a return This was Mr. Parson's impression also But Mr Cotton and Mr Cogswell both say that Cotton had the warrant at the Marshal's office on the 11th and made his return But, Gentlemen you must have observed that their testimony as to how and when it got from the jail to the Marshal's office was very confused and uncertain

Our object in cross-examining was to show that the warrant was left in jail and that Cotton did not have it nor attempt to serve it or to do anything with it on that day But to save us further trouble and to make the matter sure, the prosecution introduced a memorandum on the back of Garland's complaint which proved that in the hand writing of his agent, lying at 2 o'clock P M on the 11th warrant returned." This answered our purpose far better than it would to have left it at the jail Because it showed that the warrant was returned to the judge, at about the very time when the meeting was going on in the square, and there is no evidence that Cotton had it in his hands again that day — Those therefore who broke the jail did not resist or obstruct Charles C Cotton, in attempting to serve process, for he did not attempt to serve any. The warrant was in Court, and Cotton might have been asleep in his bed resting after his night's ride for aught that appears here when the jail was broken And to pretend that an officer may be resisted in serving process, when he has no process, and does not attempt to serve any is in my judgment a very great absurdity I admit that if Cotton or any other officer had got the warrant again and gone after Glover to bring him down for a hearing and had been resisted or obstructed in attempting to do so that would have amounted to the offence But there is no such evidence And the fact that he may have gone up there next week and found his prisoner gone, cannot supply the deficiency

I have several times heard this denominated the offence of resisting or obstructing process But this is not so The offence is for resisting and obstructing an *officer*, in serving process And to my mind there is a very clear distinction between the two expressions I hold that a man may do an act that may hinder the execution of process and yet not amount to a resistance or obstruction of an officer in executing it As, for instance, if an officer has a writ of replevin commanding him to take certain property, and before he comes where it is, a person conceals the property, to keep it out of his way —this would not amount to a resistance of the officer and yet it would prevent the due execution of the process So if he had replevied the property and placed it some place for safe keeping, and a man should go secretly in the night and steal it, that would prevent the process from being carried out but it would not be resistance of the officer So in this very case suppose that Glover had been left in the jail over Saturday night, and that at the hour of midnight when all was still, Mr Conover had opened the door and told his prisoner to go! It would be absurd to say that this was resisting or obstructing Mr Cotton in serving process. And yet it would prevent his finding the prisoner there when he went after him It was just the same with the acts of those men who broke the jail They effected the escape of the prisoner so that Mr Cotton did not find him when he went after him, but they did not resist or oppose him in serving process or in doing whatever he pleased To constitute that offence the act of the defendant must be aimed at the personal operations of the officer, and tend in some way to resist or obstruct his operations personally in executing his process,—and an act which in the absence of the officer, and while he is not attempting to do any anything merely removes or conceals the subject matter to which his process attaches, does not amount to this offence You see therefore Gentlemen, that even though the defendant broke the jail he did not resist, obstruct or oppose Charles C Cotton in serving or attempting to serve process, for the manifest reasons that the process was in Court, that he did not serve or attempt to serve it and that he was not obstructed by any body in doing whatsoever he pleased that day You see, therefore, whatever effect you may give to the evidence as connecting the defendant with the breaking of the jail, that you cannot convict him of the offence charged in the first three counts.

Let us now come to the other two And concerning them I say to you that they are entirely defective and charge upon the defendant no crime known to the laws They are framed, or pretended to be framed, under the 7th Section of the Fugitive Act of 1850 What is the offence created by that Act? Let us look at its provisions and see The Act was passed to provide for the reclamation of fugitives from labor. The sixth section provides that when any person held to service in any State under its laws *escapes* into another State, the master may pursue and arrest him, with or without process, &c By the 7th section it is made an offence to rescue such fugitive, or to "aid abet or assist such person *so owing service or labor as aforesaid*" to escape from the custody of the claimant his Agent, Attorney, or other person lawfully authorized to assist him. The offence created by the Act *therefore* is the aiding in the escape of an *actual* fugitive from labor. The offence charged in these Counts, is the aiding in the escape of a person *arrested* as such fugitive, but who may in fact have been as free as any of us There is no allegation in these Counts that Glover was a person owing service or labor and there is not a particle of proof before you that he was such. I shall ask the Court, therefore, to charge you that there can be no conviction on these Counts, because they are essentially defective, and do not charge the offence created by the Act

And now, may it please the Court, I will say at the outset of the argument upon this point that we believe it almost too plain for argument, and that a clearer truth was never advanced in a Court of justice, than that these two counts are utterly and essentially bad. But as there is some attempt made to set up a different doctrine in these cases, I shall endeavor to *fortify* my position by authorities from which there is no escape.—And in the first place, though it would seem to be unnecessary, let us recur to the old rule, established more strongly perhaps than any other, that in indictments on statutes the language of the Statutes must be pursued, the offence must be described in the words of the act. This rule is laid down in the first volume of Chitty's Criminal Laws, on pages 231—2 as follows.

"It is a general rule that all indictments upon statutes, especially the most penal, must state all the circumstances which constitute the definition of the offence in the act *so as to bring the defendant precisely within it* * * * * And not even the fullest description of the offence, were it even in the terms of a legal definition, would be sufficient without keeping close to the expressions of the statute"

Again on page 235

"It is in general necessary not only to set forth on the record all the circumstances which make up the statutable definition of the offence, but also to pursue the precise and technical language in which they are expressed"

The same rule is thus laid down in Archibald's Criminal Pleading page 20

"Lastly, as to indictments for offences created by statute,—the Statute contains a definition of the offence, and the offence consists of the commission or omission of certain acts under certain circumstances and in some cases with particular intent An indictment therefore for an offence against the statute, must, with certainty and precision, charge the defendant to have committed, or omitted the acts, under the circumstances, and with the intent mentioned in the Statute, and if any one of these ingredients be omitted the defendant may demur, move in arrest of judgement, or bring a writ of error"

The author proceeds to cite illustrations of the [illegible] as follows

Thus an indictment upon stat. 5 Eliz c 11, s 2 (which makes it high treason to clip, round or file any of the coin of the realm, "for wicked lucre or gain's sake") must charge the offence to have been committed for the sake of wicked lucre or gain, otherwise it would be bad 1st *Hale* 220 So an indictment on that part of the Black act which made it felony "*wilfully and maliciously*" to shoot at any person in a dwellinghouse or other place, was holden bad because it charged the offence to have been done "*unlawfully and maliciously*," omitting the word "*wilfully*" * * * * *

So where an indictment on Stat 14 G 2 c 34 14 G 2 c 6, (which made it felony without benefit of clergy to steal any cow, ox, heifer &c.) charged the defendant with stealing a cow, and in evidence it was proven to be a heifer this was holden to be a fatal variance, &c"

There are probably more authorities establishing this rule in this country, than any other that could be named In the 2nd Vol U S Digest, page 528, a number of such authorities are cited Thus

245 "An indictment brought under a statute must follow the words of the statute, nothing can be taken by intendment *State vs O'Bannon 1st Bailey 144.*

246 Indictments framed upon statutes must conform strictly to the words of the enactment. Where by a statute it was made a capital offence" to steal slaves out of or from the possession of the master or overseer" an indictment for the offence must allege that they were so stolen—*State vs Brown 4th part 410*

247 An indictment founded on statute must follow the statute *Hamilton vs Commonwealth*, 3 Pennsylvania, 142

248 An indictment for a statute offence should be in the words of the statute. *State vs Casados*, 1 N & M 91

249 An indictment under a special statute should follow the statute strictly. *Updegraf vs Commonwealth*, 6th S & R 5

But it is needless to pursue the matter The rule has never been questioned The utmost relaxation from it, that ever received any countenance, in any court was that in some cases indictments have been sustained, that described the offence not in the identical words of the Act but in words of precisely the same meaning

What then becomes of these counts when this rule is applied to them? They fall at once, and it is beyond the power of human ingenuity to sustain them Are they drawn in the words of the act? Nobody pretends it The words of the act make it an offence to "aid, abet or assist such person *so owing service or labor as aforesaid*, to escape" There is in them no allegation that Glover was such a person Nothing that shows him to belong to the class of persons, the aiding of whom by the act, constitutes the offence. No such allegation is attempted, either in the words of the Act or in other words equivalent to them The whole description in the Act, is entirely left out and disregarded

Let the Court bear in mind that it is no technical variance or omission that we complain of We do not object that the very words of the Act are not used but that no words at all are used, to show that the person aided in this case, belonged to that class, described in the statute, and the aiding of whom it punishes How then are these counts to be sustained? It is impossible, unless this old and safe rule of law is to be overthrown, and we are to begin now on the practice that where a statute punishes one act, a man may be indicted under it for another

I will read an authority from the Supreme Court of the United States which is directly in point, and the force of which it is impossible to evade It is in the case of the United States vs Gooding 12th Wheaton 460 It was an indictment for fitting out a vessel to employ in the slave trade. The point will appear from the language of the Court They say

"The sixth instruction is that which has presented the most difficulty It embraces two propositions the first is that the second fifth and sixth counts in the indictment ought to have contained an averment that the vessel was built, fitted out, &c, within the jurisdiction of the United States, the second is that the fifth and sixth counts *do not allege the offence in the words of the statute*, those words being with intent to employ the vessel in the slave trade, &c., whereas each of these counts avers "with intent that the said vessel should be employed," in the slave trade, which imports a very different state of facts In order to understand these exceptions it is necessary to attend carefully to the very words of the act of Congress The second section enacts "that no citizen or citizens, &c, shall after the passing of this act as aforesaid, for himself themselves, or any other person or persons whatsoever, either as master factor or owner build, fit, equip, load or otherwise prepare any ship or vessel, in any port or place whatsoever within the jurisdiction of the United States, nor cause any such ship or vessel to sail from any port or place whatsoever, within the jurisdiction of the same, for the purpose of procuring any negroes, &c, to be transported &c., as slaves"

"The third section enacts that every person or persons, so building, fitting out, equipping, loading, or otherwise preparing or sending away, or causing any of the acts aforesaid to be done with intent to employ such ship or vessel in such trade or business, after the passing of this act, contrary to the true intent and meaning thereof, or who shall in anywise be aiding or abetting therein, shall severally on conviction thereof, by due course of law forfeit, &c &c

"The first point turns upon the interpretation of the words 'such ship or vessel" in each of these sections. To what do they refer? The only ship or vessel spoken of in either section, is such as have been built, fitted out, &c, in some port or place of the United States. 'Such ship or vessel" must, therefore, refer to a ship or vessel so built, fitted out, &c, as its antecedent, or the relative 'such,' can have no meaning at all — The word is sens[illegible] *and it is the duty of the Court when it can, to give effect to every word in every enactment* if it can be done without violating the obvious intention of the legislature. This is a penal act, and is to be construed strictly, that is with no intendment or extension beyond the import of the words used There is no certainty that the legislature meant to prohibit the sailing of any vessel on a slave voyage which had not been built, fitted out &c, within the jurisdiction of the United States.

"But it is sufficient to say that the word 'such' has an appropriate sense, and can be reasonably referred only to the ship or vessel previously spoken of and, such ship or vessel is not merely one built fitted out, &c., but one built fitted out, &c in a port or place within the United States THE WHOLE DESCRIPTION MUST BE TAKEN TOGETHER If we were to adopt any other construction we should read the words as if "such" were struck out and the clause stood 'any ship or vessel" Such a course would not be defensible in construing a penal statute"

Here then the Supreme Court holds that it is the duty of Courts to give effect to every word in an enactment I ask this Court, if these Counts are to be sustained what effect is given to the words, '*so owing service or labor as aforesaid*," in the Statute? None at all It is construed not only as though they were stricken out but as though the whole clause were remodelled so as to furnish the aiding in the escape of a person arrested as a fugitive instead of punishing the aiding of an actual fugitive as it now is Under the authority of this decision if the person aided, were described in the seventh section merely as, "such fugitive," the word '*such*" would require the Court to go back to the 6th section, and require in an indictment, allegations to show that the party aided, belonged to the class there described. For as it was held that "such vessel" meant a vessel described in a previous section, fitted out in a *port or place in the United States*, so under this Act, the words "such fugitive," if used in the 7th section, would have meant the fugitive described in the 6th section, that is, a person held to service or labor under the laws of a State, who had escaped therefrom into another State So that if such had been the language of the statute, under this decision, these counts could not be sustained for want of allegations showing Glover to have been a fugitive from labor

But to place the matter beyond the possibility of a question, the descriptive words are repeated in the seventh section, and the offence is to aid, abet or assist *such person so owing service or labor as aforesaid*, to escape &c. How, then, can these counts be sustained? Under decisions [that] effect must be given to every word, will the court disregard a whole clause? Under decisions that the whole description must be taken, together will the court disregard the whole? In no other way can this indictment stand

But the Court in this case in relation to the other point alluded to proceeded.

"The other point is equally fatal There is a clear distinction between causing a vessel to sail, or be sent away, with intent to employ her in the slave trade and with intent that she should be employed in that trade The former applies to the intent of the party causing to act, the latter to the employment of the vessel whether by himself or a stranger The evidence may fully support these counts and yet may not constitute an offence within the Act of Congress, for the employment by a mere stranger, would not justify the conviction of the party charged with causing her to sail, or to be sent away, with intent to employ her in the slave trade as owner *There is no reason in criminal cases why the Court should help any such defective allegation; the words of the Statute should be pursued*"

We say in this case that the distinction is equally clear between aiding in the escape of a fugitive from labor and aiding in the escape of a person *arrested* as such fugitive The latter may be a free man, the former cannot The latter is not the offence described in the Act, the former is And we say also here that the evidence may fully support these counts and yet may not constitute an offence within the Act of Congress" And unless this case is to be utterly disregarded these counts must fall

But they tell us it is wrong to rescue a prisoner from legal custody, and that no man has a right thus to take the law into his own hands! Admitted, and it is no answer to our position — That is not the question, whether the act charged on the defendant was wrong or whether it be equally mischievous with the offense punished by the statute The question is whether it is the offence punished by the statute, and that is the only question, and so the Supreme Court of the United States tells us

It tells us so in the case of the United States vs Sheldon 2 Wheaton 119 One question that arose in the case was whether the *driving* of living fat cattle, from the United States to Canada was a "transportation" of them, within the meaning of the act, punishing any person who should transport, or attempt to transport over land or otherwise, in any wagon cart sleigh boat or otherwise naval or military stores, articles of provisions, &c" The court held that it was not, and in giving its opinion said

"It may be admitted that the mischief is the same whether the enemy be supplied with provisions in the one way or the other, but this affords no good reason for construing a penal law by equity so as to extend it to cases not within the correct and ordinary meaning of the expressions of the law particularly when it is confirmed by the interpretation which the legislature has given to the same expressions in the same law

I have another decision of the same court given by Chief Justice Marshal, which fully and clearly sustains this position It was in the case of the United States vs Wiltberger 5th Wheaton 76. It was an indictment for manslaughter, under the Act punishing any seaman or other person who shall commit manslaughter on the high seas" The verdict found that the offence was committed on board a ship thirty-five miles up the river Tigris and the question was whether this was on the "high seas," so as to give the court jurisdiction The court in treating of the construction of penal laws, say "The rule that penal laws are to be construed strictly, is perhaps not much less old than construction itself It is founded on the tenderness of the law for the rights of individuals, *and on the plain principle that the power of punishment is vested in the legislative not in the judicial department It is the legislature not the court which is to define a crime and ordain its punishment*

"It is said that notwithstanding this rule the intention of the law maker must govern in the construction of penal, as well as other statutes. This is true But this is not a new independent rule which subverts the old It is a modification of the ancient maxim, and amounts to this, that although penal laws are to be construed strictly, they are not to be construed so strictly as to defeat the obvious intention of the legislature

"The maxim is not to be so applied as to narrow the words of the statute to the exclusion of cases, which those words, in their ordinary acceptation, or in that sense in which the legislature has obviously used them, would comprehend The intention of the legislature is to be collected from the words they employ Where there is no ambiguity in the words there is no room for construction The case must be a strong one indeed, which would justify a court in departing from the plain meaning of words, especially in a penal act, in search of an intention which the words themselves did not suggest. To determine that a case is within the intention of a statute its language must authorize us to say so *It would be dangerous indeed to carry the principle that a case which is within the reason or mischief of a statute, is within its provisions, so far as to punish a crime not enumerated in the statute, because it is of equal atrocity or of kindred character with those which are enumerated*"

Thus the prosecution then, not to tell us that the defendant did wrong, but to show us that he has violated this statute,

[TO BE CONCLUDED TO-MORROW]

CITY MATTERS.

GREAT NOVELTY —A party of ladies assembled on Tuesday last at the Young America Saloon, on Main street, and amused themselves with the game of ten pins for some time, to the great satisfaction of those present Mr Burns, the proprietor, advertises in our columns that on application the preceding day the alleys will be reserved the next day exclusively for ladies, and no person admitted except friends of those engaging the alleys

Police Court--Jan. 24.

BEFORE CLINTON WALWORTH ESQ POLICE JUSTICE

BUYING STOLEN PROPERTY &c —Blasius Tollstein was brought down from jail by officer Beck, and examined on a charge of buying fifty seven brass keys, knowing them to be stolen property of Williams & Hibbard The testimony of the witnesses was strong against the defendant, he having admitted to the officer that he believed the keys were stolen at the time he bought them The defendant offered the keys to Mr Shumacher for 75 cents, who informed the Sheriff, which led to his arrest The keys were stolen from the Brick Hotel, "way down on do ribber" The man claimed to have bought them from an Irish woman, who lives next door to the hotel, and it appears that whoever took them from the hotel must have forced an entrance in the building The defendant was required to give bail for his appearance at the next term of the Circuit Court in the sum of $300 The punishment under the Statute makes this offence a State Prison matter and while we have seen, in this Court, boys and girls brought up for petty larceny, convicted, sentenced, and incarcerated in the loathsome jail on the hill, those who had purchased the articles stolen, had encouraged the thieves for if there was no person to buy stolen property, the reasonable supposition is, there would be none to steal Had he escaped arrest, much less conviction, we could not but feel glad that one of that class among the most dangerous in the community, had at last been overtaken and would be punished, but while the receiver of the stolen property is punished, ought the thief to go free? This, as the Police Justice remarked, was the first case of the kind coming before him in a period extending back seven years

The case of the State vs John Gallagher was adjourned to January 27th by consent of parties.

BITING HIS NOSE OFF—A man named Patrick Finnegan, who was a candidate for Sheriff at the late election, obtained a warrant against Edward Dillon, Patrick Hoy and Patrick Hurly, for assault and battery upon him on the 20th January The complainant had the end of his nose bitten almost off—the piece being held on by straps of plaster The warrant was issued upon principle of District Attorney

OIL PAINTINGS AT AUCTION —J H. CRAMPTON will sell at Auction this evening, corner of East Water and Wisconsin Streets, a large number of choice Oil Paintings, comprising landscape, marine and other scenes, several of the paintings are by renowned masters. A rare opportunity is offered to persons wishing to decorate the walls of their dwellings Sale positive—commencing at 7 o'clock, precisely. The paintings can be seen through the day

☞ The Opera at Young's Hall last night, drew another good house and delighted all who heard it

ALL CLEAR —The Rail Road trains arrived and departed, on time, yesterday, and the eastern mail got along in good season

CLEAR THE SIDE-WALKS!—The City Marshal announces his intention to prosecute all violations of the Ordinance in regard to side-walks. Let householders and others, whose walks are obstructed by ice or snow, take notice accordingly.

☞ A large party of ladies and gentlemen came up from Racine, in a four-horse sleigh, last evening to attend our Milwaukee Opera We do not doubt that they were repaid for the journey.

☞ The February number of Putnam's Monthly, the best Magazine in America, has been received and is for sale at Wilson's, East Water Street.

"OLD AMERICA."—One of the regular series of parties, given by the "Old Folks" at Concert Hall, came off on Tuesday evening last. It was very well attended [illegible] and heartily enjoyed. The [illegible]

RECENT COLONY.—A number of mechanics of Newburyport, Mass, have resolved to emigrate in a colony to the Western Shore Lake region, for a broader field of labor The Boston Journal says it has good authority for stating that it is in contemplation to establish societies on a very extended scale, in the large cities and towns of Massachusetts, among the foreign population, for the purpose of mutually aiding each other to emigrate to Canada or the great West.

☞ The News of yesterday comments with just severity upon the Governor's mis-application of a part of his $10 000 contingent fund, and says

"If the present Legislature does its duty to the people of the State, it will adopt some stringent measures to prevent such drafts upon the Treasury, and endeavor to make our State Government an honest and economical one

M. & M. RAIL ROAD—The Grant Co Herald of Monday last says

At a meeting, a few days since, at Prairie du Chien an additional sum of $100,000 was raised by subscription to aid in building the M & M. Railroad This, it is thought, will enable the Company to secure what money they want to build the road, the people of Prairie du Chien have no longer any doubts about having a Railroad

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT —A Mrs. Waters had just taken her seat in the New York and Erie cars at Jersey City in company with her children, when on looking out of the window to ask about her baggage, her head was caught between the cars, slowly moving, and a post, and so badly crushed as to kill her instantly The post was within *three inches* of the side of the car

Dunnan Monument Fund.

Amounts previously acknowledged	$600 15
Sabbath S S Wheatland, Kenosha Co	1,83
Rock Valley S S, Adams Co	2,00
Congregational S S, Waukesha	4,00
Total	$607,98

HERBERT REED, Treasurer
Milwaukee, Jan 24, 1855

DIED,

In this city on Tuesday, Jan 23d, of consumption, SARAH A, daughter of Dr A, and ELIZA B BLANCHARD, aged 16 years.

During a long and weary illness, and through much suffering, she exhibited a fortitude, a cheerfulness and patience, almost unexampled Dearly loved and cherished, her removal has left a void in the circle of her home and friends that must be deplored without hope of reparation Her character was marked with singular purity of thought, truthfulness and justice She was truly one of whom we may say in perfect faith, "The pure in heart shall see God

The friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, at the residence of her father, on Friday at 11 o'clock A M

COMMERCIAL.

THE MARKETS.

OFFICE DAILY SENTINEL }
MILWAUKEE, January 24, 1855 }

RECEIPTS BY M & M RAIL ROAD, Jan 23d—2878 bus wheat, 140 do oats 96 do barley, 266 bbls flour, 88 do dried fruit, 156 sacks do, 151 hogs.

RECEIPTS BY M & W RAILROAD, Jan 23—465 bus wheat, 70 do barley, 365 bbls flour

Receipts of Produce light, the roads being still obstructed by snow Market for Grain and Pork active at steady rates We hear of the sale of 1,800 bbls Flour superfine No 1, in three lots, at $6,75 We quote

Wheat—1,18@1,20 Spring Club, 1,25@1,35 good to choice Winter

Barley—83@95 for good samples, and occasionally $1 for prime lots to brewers.

Oats—taken for city trade at 33@35

Rye—in steady request, at 75@90

Corn—nominal, 45@48

Pork—active, at 3 62½@3,75 for light, and 3,8 @4,00 for heavy and extra hogs

FREIGHTS—We hear of the charter of the brig *D Ferguson* for the first trip to Buffalo, at 16c ℔ bus, with wheat.

Weather very fine yesterday, and sleighing improving as the roads wear smooth

Cincinnati Market--19th.

Flour dull and unchanged Hogs firm, but sales few Bulk shoulders offered at 4c and sides at 6c, but no sales Mess pork held at $11, without sales. Clover seed advanced, with sales of 30 bbls at $6 75; little to be had below $7

There is a better feeling in money affairs

HEAVY OPERATIONS IN TRADE.—We were informed last evening that an extensive pork packing concern, on Main st, have accepted proposals from an Eastern house for the purchase of the entire product of fifty thousand hogs, or thereabouts Should the report prove correct, it is probably the heaviest transaction in trade ever effected by a St. Louis firm, and perhaps in the whole West —*St Louis Repub* 20th

SPECIAL NOTICES.

CARD.

THE MANAGERS OF THE MILWAUKEE ORPHAN Asylum gratefully acknowledge the receipt of the following donations, from several citizens of East Troy, viz — 7 barrels Flour, 1 barrel Corn Meal, 3 barrels Potatoes, 100 pounds Pork, 6 Chickens, 1 bushel Beans j25 1t

Increase of Cash Capital
TO HALF A MILLION OF DOLLARS.

THE ÆTNA INSURANCE CO., of Hartford, Conn, having complied with the law to regulate Insurance Agencies of Companies incorporated by other States, passed May 1st, 1854, by the Ohio Legislature, the following, as required thereby, prepared in that State, the original statement being on file in the State Auditor's office

It is a full and true statement, and is published so the community may know the character of the corporation by letting its condition speak for itself

BY STATE AUTHORITY

Statement on January 1st, 1855.

The name of the Corporation is ÆTNA INSURANCE COMPANY, located at Hartford, Conn, chartered 1819

The Capital is Five Hundred Thousand Dollars, and is paid up

The Assets of the Company are:

	Cash on hand, in Bank, and in the hands of Agents or other persons		$21[illegible],5[illegible]6 6[illegible]
	Real Estate unincumbered		16,073 65
	72 Mortgage Bonds, 6 and 7 per cent interest payable semi annually		72,600 00
	Debts due the Company secured by Mortgage		7,512 17
	Bills Receivable, amply secured and payable at Bank		103,000 00
	Bills Receivable Premium Notes		71,791 39
	All other securities, viz:		
500 shares	Hartford & N Haven R R Co	$57,500	
315 "	Hartford & Providence " "	15,750	
207 "	Boston & Worcester " "	16,160	
4 "	N Albany & Salem " "	100	
250 "	Connecticut River " "	14,000	
			97,510 00
200 "	Phoenix Bank of Hartford,	24,500	
308 "	Exchange Bank, "	17,864	
200 "	Far.s & Merch's Bank "	24,[illegible]00	
50 "	Connect River " "	5,[illegible]50	
200 "	Hartford " "	25,000	
78 "	State " "	9 45[illegible]	
100 "	City " "	11,600	
75 "	Bank of Hartford Co	7,[illegible]	
			1[illegible]0,[illegible] 00
36 "	Eagle Bank, Providence, R I		1,[illegible] 00
100 "	Bank of America, New York	10,[illegible]00	
100 "	N America "	10,000	
50 "	Commonwealth "	4,600	
150 "	Republic "	1[illegible],500	
480 "	Broadway Bank "	13,[illegible]00	
150 "	People's "	4,400	
60 "	Hanover "	9,000	
400 "	Mechanics "	10,800	
100 "	N Y Life and Trust Co	14,000	
			94 [illegible] 00
100 "	Stafford Bank, Conn 1st and 2d statements paid in,		2,000 00
50 "	Conn River Company,		1,[illegible] 00
			$773,[illegible]

The amount of liabilities due or not due to Banks or other creditors—nothing

Losses adjusted and due—none	
Losses adjusted and not due	$145 416 22
Losses adjusted and in suspense, waiting for further proof	61,257 63

All other claims against the Company are small, such only as printing, &c

Agents instructed to take no risk over $10,000

The amount insured in any city, town or village, depends on the character, material and construction of buildings, the width of streets, the supply of water, condition of the fire department, and other circumstances.

The amount insured in blocks of buildings varies; the design is to limit the loss by any one fire, to $10,000 or less.

The act of incorporation is the same as filed in July, 1854
THOS A ALEXANDER, Secretary.

STATE OF CONNECTICUT, } ss Hartford, January, 1855.
Hartford County, }

Personally appeared THOMAS A. ALEXANDER, Secretary of the Ætna Insurance Company, and made oath that the foregoing statement, by him subscribed, is true according to his best knowledge and belief.

HENRY FOWLER, Justice of the Peace

All that have property to insure, will please inspect and scrutinize the preceding reliable expose of this old and long tried Corporation For usefulness, security and promptitude it has ever stood first in its line of transactions—and for ability and means will attract the attention of the insuring public to confirm their confidence in it. This statement is so prepared any one can contrast it, [illegible] with local and State Insurance offices, if so disposed. Its investments are of that solid character not to be materially affected by the late depression in that class of [illegible] The increase of its capital stock to $500,000, [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible], Agent.
[illegible] 1mo

VOLUME XI. MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL. NEW SERIES.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

First Step in the March.

WILL BE ISSUED THIS DAY, (Tuesday) January 16, 1855, and kept for sale at the Stationery Store of HENRY NIEDECKEN & CO., Wholesale and Retail Stationers, next door to the Post-Office,

The Anti-Know-Nothing Pamphlet,

Entitled "*THE FIRST STEP IN THE MARCH*, Being a Campaign against the Temple of Native American Liberty and its Know-Nothing Worshippers." The Author, JAMES ROSS, is one of the threatened class.

Price, 25 cents. jan19-tf

TO THE PHYSICIANS OF THE WEST!

And to All who use Liquors as a Medicine or as a Beverage!

PHYSICIANS who prescribe Alcoholic Liquors for Medicinal purposes would give the preference to WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS.

1. It is manufactured in Schiedam, in Holland, and exclusively in the factory of the proprietor, by processes and from materials elsewhere unemployed and unknown.

2. It is proved, by the repeated analysis of several eminent Chemists, to be entirely free from the pernicious fusil oil and other poisons in every kind of liquor distilled from grain, and which is the cause of the nervous and visceral derangements, such as congestion, and morbid desire for habitual and intemperate indulgence, which such liquors invariably tend to superinduce.

3. It is proved by the same unerring tests that the Juniper Gin is not flavored with the coarse, acrid and indigestible oil of juniper heretofore used, but with the specifically lighter, more volatile, aromatic and medicinal oil of the two essential oils of the Italian juniper berry, neglected by every other manufacturer.

4. It is chemically proved to be absolutely pure in its rectification—a quality obtained by an entirely new process, and which no other Holland Gin in the world has acquired.

5. It is proved by extensive medical experience and testimony, to be an efficient as well as an agreeable remedy in many cases of incipient dropsy, gravel, chronic gout, rheumatism, flatulence, colic, concretions in the kidney, and bladder, dyspepsia, fever and ague, general debility, sluggish circulation of the blood, deficient assimilation of food and exhausted vital energy.

6. It is a most grateful and renovating cordial, and when used as directed, never inflames the system or induces inebriety, but tends rather to subdue the latter frailty, by creating a distaste to all inferior liquors. And it invariably corrects the ill effects of bad water, whether in swampy or limestone districts. In all of these enumerated qualities it has no rival in any market in the world.

Since the introduction of this celebrated medicinal beverage into the United States, a number of Liquor Houses in New York and our other large cities have commenced counterfeiting it. The genuine is only sold in quart and pint bottles, handsomely wrapped in yellow paper, with my name on the bottle, cork and label. I would advise those who use it medicinally, to purchase by the bottle, as liars and dealers frequently fill my bottles with common Gin and sell it for the genuine. For sale by all the respectable Druggists in the United States.

UDOLPHO WOLFE,
Sole Manufacturer and Importer,
15, 20, and 22, Beaver-st., New York.

The word "Schnapps" belongs exclusively to my article—all others are counterfeit.

Wholesale Agents in Milwaukee, Wis.
Boyd & Ledyard, Dutcher & Sexton,
Edwin D. Jikes & Co., W. L. Hopkins & Co.
nov3-d&w3mos

NORTH-WESTERN LAND AGENCY
—OF—
JAMES RICHARDSON & CO.,
LOCATED AT
MADISON, (Capital of) WISCONSIN.

THE UNDERSIGNED give their attention to the Purchase and Sale of Lands and Lots—to the Payment of Tax and Redemption from Tax Sales—to the Purchase, Sale and Location of Land Warrants—to Negotiating Loans Purchase and sale of Bonds and Mortgages.

Having the most complete Abstract of Titles, Judgment Records, Tax Sales, &c., of Lands in Dane County, they have superior facilities in examining Securities for Investment. Transacting business connected with the several State Departments, and pay particular attention to the Collection of Debts.

Have on Sale, improved Farms, City Lots, Houses and Lots, and Lots of from Five to Fifty acres in view of the Capitol, upon the shores of the surrounding Lakes, &c.

All matters concerning Real Estate in any part of Wisconsin, receive prompt attention.

JAS. RICHARDSON, N. B. VANSLYKE, WM. A. WHITE.

☞ Refer to prominent business men in any of the Wisconsin cities or towns. mr17

PEOPLE'S BANK,
—OF—
HAERTEL, GREENLEAF & CO,
227 EAST WATER STREET,

RECENTLY ORGANIZED UNDER THE BANKING Law of Wisconsin, will continue as usual to transact a GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS. Special attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, &c., and remittances promptly made, at lowest rates for Exchange. Buy and sell Land Warrants, Specie and Uncurrent Money.

DRAW DIRECT in sums to suit on all the principal Cities of Europe, at Current Rates.

Interest paid on Deposites at the rate of six per cent per annum.

E. B. GREENLEAF, *Cashier.* H. HAERTEL, *President.*
Milwaukee, Dec. 1, 1854. nov3

HENRY MILLER
WILL OPEN HIS
NEW STORE,
No. 160 East Water Street, This Day, December 18,
WITH A SPLENDID STOCK OF
Confectionery, Christmas Toys, &c.

All his old Customers are invited to give him a call, as they will find it for their interest to do so, before purchasing elsewhere. dec-16-2w

NORTHERN WISCONSIN BANKING HOUSES.

DARLING, WRIGHT & CO.,
FOND DU LAC.
DARLING, FITZGERALD & CO.,
MENASHA:
DARLING, WRIGHT, KELLOGG & CO.,
OSHKOSH:

FUNDS INVESTED IN REAL ESTATE, BONDS and Mortgages—Taxes Paid—Dealers in Land Warrants, State Warrants and Scrip—Interest collected on State Scrip, and remitted at current rates of Exchange.

REFERENCES:
Alex. Mitchell, President, ...Milwaukee.
R. K. Swift, ...Chicago.
Bank of the Commonwealth, ...New York.
Bank of North America, ...Boston.
dec16-1yr

WM. J. BELL & CO.,
BANKERS,
AND
EXCHANGE BROKERS,
CORNER OF EAST WATER STREET & WASHINGTON AVENUE.
mar24 MILWAUKEE,......WISCONSIN.

THE BANK OF MILWAUKEE,
ON THE WEST SIDE OF THE RIVER,
Opposite the American House,

IS NOW PREPARED TO DO BUSINESS UNDER the Banking Law of the State.

Exchange Bought and Sold on the principal Cities of the Union.

Interest allowed on Special Deposits.

January 6, 1855. P. S. PEAKE, Cashier.

GREAT PREMIUM Furniture Establishment!

NOYES, FLERTZHEIM & CO.,
219 AND 221 EAST WATER STREET,

Who received the First and only Diploma, from the last State Fair, for the

Best and Most Elaborate Custom Made Furniture!

Invite their friends and the public generally, to examine their large Stock, contained in their Four Newly Enlarged Ware Rooms, which cover a space of more than Seven Thousand Feet, all of which is covered with the most

Elegant & Substantial Furniture,

made under their own supervision. Our Stock is one of **The Largest and Most Varied in the West!** embracing, so as to suit all tastes, and all means, and our Prices are as

LOW AS THE LOWEST!

THE WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT, for Country Dealers, is again well supplied in all its branches.

nov27-d&wly 221 East Water St., Empire Block.

HAT AND CAP STORE,
Spring Street, Opposite American House.

I AM CLOSING OUT AT VERY low prices, the Entire Stock of Goods now on hand.

Ladies' Dress Furs, Fancy Robes, Gloves and Mittens Buck Caps, and some other Goods will be sold at *COST*, *AND LESS THAN COST.*

☞ Wholesale Buyers can obtain Goods at a great discount from invoice prices. G. WILLIAMS.
[illegible]

Steam Engine and Boiler for Sale,

ONE ENGINE AND BOILER, NOW IN THIS OFFICE, to be delivered on the 1st of January next.
RUFUS KING & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"The World is my Country, and to do Good is my Religion."

ANNIVERSARY OF THE BIRTH DAY OF
THOMAS PAINE,
With Supper and Ball,
AT
YOUNG'S HALL,
Monday Evening, Jan. 29th, 1855.
Supper by H. MILLER. jan20-td

Dancing Academy!
MR. J. P. SARGEANT

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES TO THE YOUNG Ladies and Gentlemen of this City, that he will open a New Class on *TUESDAY EVENING, January 30th*, 1855, at his Hall, in

Walker's Block, Walker's Point,

Where he will give instructions in the following Dances; Quadrilles, Contra Dances, Spanish Dances, Reels, Polka Waltz and Polka Reel, Hop Waltz, German Waltz, Waltz in one, two, three, four, five and six steps.

A general invitation is given to all who wish to attend. Terms, $3,00. jan25-4td*

CITY MARSHAL'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That those violating the Ordinance relative to cleaning Sidewalks, will be prosecuted according to law. JOHN MITCHELL.
jan25

PUTNAM'S MONTHLY, for February—With Portrait of the Author of "Cuba," received at WILSON'S,
jan25 175 East Water Street.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, County Court, } For the County of Milwaukee.

Henry Tilson vs. The Milwaukee and Fond du Lac Plank Road Company.

BY virtue of an execution issued in the above entitled cause to me directed and delivered, amounting to the sum of four hundred and seventy and 18-100 dollars ($470 18) damages, with interest thereon from July 8th, 1854, and twenty eight and 49-100 dollars ($28 49) costs in said suit, I have seized and taken all the *franchises* of the above named corporation, defendants, with all the rights and privileges thereof, together with all their corporate property both real and personal, which I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, as by law directed, at the Court House in the City of Milwaukee, on Friday, the 25th day of January A. D. 1855, at 3 o'clock P. M. of that day. HERMAN L. PAGE, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, December 23, 1854.
dec25 dlaw3w

THE above sale is postponed to Friday, the 16th day of February, A. D. 1855, at the same place and hour above named. H. L. PAGE, Sheriff.
January 25, 1855. jan25-dlwtd

GREAT AUCTION SALE OF
Superior Oil Paintings,
At the New York Auction House.

JUST RECEIVED, and will be ready for examination this Saturday morning, a splendid collection of about

One Hundred Choice Original Oil Paintings;

To be sold at Auction on Wednesday Evening next, Jan. 24th, at 7 o'clock. This sale commends itself to picture buyers, and lovers of Art generally, as it comprises many beautiful and desirable pictures of real merit. They are very expensively framed, of larger size than is usual in Auction Rooms, and by Artists of known reputation.

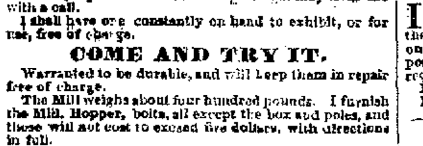
This sale is entirely peremptory, as they are sold to pay advances made by consignees. They will be sold Pictures and Frames together. They are offered with every assurance of satisfaction to purchasers.

Catalogues will be in readiness on Monday Evening next. Pictures can be seen day and evening until time of sale.
jan20-4t J. H. CRAMPTON, Auctioneer.

Sale of Paintings Postponed.

In consequence of the performance of the Opera on Wednesday evening, and at the solicitation of several lovers of the fine arts, the sale will be postponed to

Thursday Evening Next,
At 7 o'clock. jan24-2t



THE ABOVE CUT REPRESENTS MY
CORN AND COB MILL,

With two horses on one of the levers; there should be one on each. I was here at the State Fair, and promised a number that I should be here soon to reside and manufacture these Mills, and give them notice through the papers, and after supplying a few immediate customers, I am now prepared to furnish to those that may favor me with a call.

I shall have one constantly on hand to exhibit, or for use, free of charge.

COME AND TRY IT.

Warranted to be durable, and will keep them in repair free of charge.

The Mill weighs about four hundred pounds. I furnish the Mill, Hopper, bolts, all except the box and poles, and these will not cost to exceed five dollars, with directions in full.

Two Good Horses will grind from 8 to 10 bushels Corn Cob per hour, fine enough for feed; and 4 bushels of Shelled Corn, or with a mixture of Oats, in the same time with one horse.

I am manufacturing at
M. M. Stone's Threshing Machine Manufactory,
WALKER'S POINT,
E. G. WHITING.
Milwaukee, Jan. 22, 1855. jan24-d&w

VOLNEY FRENCH,
Attorney and Counsellor,
LATE OF KENOSHA, WIS.,

WILL VISIT MOST OF THE COUNTRIES OF EUROPE during the year 1855. Any professional or other business left at the SENTINEL OFFICE, Milwaukee, or with H. F. SCHOFF, Esq., Attorney and Linguist, Kenosha, will be promptly attended to. jan23 tf

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE ON FAvorable terms,

ONE SETT CARDS,

Forty Inches, three machines to the sett, with side drawings and vibrating condensers.

SIX FAIRMAN'S IMPROVED PATENT TAPPET LOOMS,

For weaving Cassimere, Doeskins and Fain Cloth.

Two Fulling Mills, Fulling Stocks,

ONE SPOOLER, lot of DRESSER SPOOLS with iron heads.

Most of the above Machinery is entirely new and all is in good order for immediate use, and of the latest pattern. Enquire of F. RIPLEY, Jr., second story Phoenix Block, Milwaukee, or of H. G. ELLSWORTH,
jan23-d1mo Burlington, Wis.

City Land Office.

I HAVE TWO DWELLING HOUSES AND Lots for sale, which will be sold at a Bargain—They are in the First Ward. One of them is within ten minutes walk of the Post Office—the other about twenty minutes. I sold two residences last week. Now is the time to purchase property! By the 1st of May it will be 33 per cent. higher.

I also have a fine Brick house to rent.
jan23 CALEB WALL, Wisconsin-st.

LOST.

AT STOUGHTON, January 15th, 1855, a Calf-Skin WALLET, containing $90 current money, one $20 gold piece, one £20 note on Bank of England. The Wallet has my name in one of the inside folds. The finder will be liberally rewarded. jan23-3td&w JOHN A. CONANT.

☞ The Janesville Free Press and Madison Argus will please copy.

FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE his *TAVERN STAND*, known as the WASHINGTON HOUSE, in Portage City.

For particulars enquire of the subscriber, now keeping the house. EDWIN SYLVESTER.
jan22-1mo

OYSTERS!

NEW LOT OF FRESH KEG OYSTERS just received by Express, and for sale by H. A. COLEMAN,
Milwaukee, Jan. 22 16 Wisconsin-st.

Ship Ahoy!
STOCK OF MILLINERY,
DIRECT FROM NEW YORK CITY,
AT AUCTION, by J. ROONEY.

J. ROONEY is instructed to sell to the highest bidder, at Auction, on Thursday, 25th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., at my Giant Auction Rooms, 107 East Water-St., a splendid lot of Millinery and Fancy Goods, consisting of splendid Lace Gimps and rich Dress Trimmings, a large lot of Embroidery, such as Ladies Capes, Collars, Chimisetts and Undersleeves, Silk Fringes, Lawns, Barege Delaines, Muslin Delaines, Black and Colored Dress Silks, Linen Pocket Handk'fs, Warp and Cross Barred Muslin, English and French Merinoes, Tailors' Trimmings, Laces, Edgings, Linen and Cotton Thread, Crape Shawls, Curtain Muslins, with a thousand other articles too numerous to mention. The above goods will be open and ready for inspection on Monday, 22d inst., at 10 o'clock.

Let all who have the Cash, call and examine the goods, and satisfy themselves, on the day of the sale, that the goods are free. J. ROONEY, Auctioneer.
January 20.

YOUNG AMERICA BOWLING SALOON!
LADIES' PRIVATE ENTRANCE
First Door South of Davis' Livery Stable,
jan22-3t

CIGARS! CIGARS!!
—AT—
ELIOT BROTHERS,
New York Branch Cigar Store.

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Dealers in the choicest brands of Foreign and Domestic
TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, &c.,
181 1-2 East Water Street,
Next door North of Uncle Ben's Hat and Cap Store.

Being connected with a large House in New York, we are enabled to sell Cheaper than any firm west of that city. To prove this, call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Pedlars and Dealers furnished at the lowest New York prices. ELLIOT BROTHERS.
nov20-tapr'54d&wis

FOR SALE.

A DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT, on Milwaukee, between Wisconsin and Mason sts.

The above property being pleasantly situated, and in the immediate vicinity of the Government Buildings, (soon to be erected) together with many other attractions, such as the choicest variety of Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c. &c., making it one of the most desirable residences in the city, offers great inducements to purchasers. For particulars enquire of
CRAMPTON & DOWE,
jan18 Real Estate Agents.

REED'S NOTICES.

ALVORD'S HAMS.

AGAIN—The first in the Market. Some of Alvord's choice HAMS, at dec25 H. REED'S.

COUGH CANDY.

THE CELEBRATED AMERICAN COUGH CANDY, a sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Croup, &c., at dec25 H. REED'S.

DRIED PEACHES.

CHOICE DRIED PEACHES, PLUMS and CHERRIES at dec18 REED'S.

JAVA COFFEE.

25 BAGS SUPERIOR OLD JAVA, just arrived at dec5 H. REED'S.

PICKLES!

5000 PICKLES, ASSORTED SIZES, warranted to suit, at dec8 REED'S.

NEW GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED, an excellent and well selected Stock of Goods, which I will sell lower than any other Merchant in the City. HERBERT REED.
Milwaukee, Oct 30. oct30

SMOKED SALMON.

SMOKED AND PICKLED SALMON AND CODFISH just received at oct30 H. REED'S.

NOW IS YOUR TIME!
Selling Off at Cost!
NOW ON HAND, OVER $80,000 WORTH OF
Dry Goods

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN ENGAGED IN THE Dry Goods business for over Thirty Years, and is now determined to give it up. Therefore, I now offer my

WHOLE STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

at Wholesale or by Retail, for Cash, at

COST;

And many articles will be sold for LESS THAN COST, until the first day of March, 1855; All Goods then on hand will be

Sold at Public Auction,

For whatever they will bring.

The Stock consists in a Great Variety of the Newest Styles of Rich and Desirable

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

OF ALL KINDS AND DESCRIPTIONS. J. T. PIERCE.
Milwaukee, Jan. 15, 1855. jan15-2twin

MILWAUKEE LAND AGENCY!
GREGORY & WELD,
Office in Kneeland's Block, 219 East Water Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, will give their attention to the purchase and sale of Real Estate—to the purchase, sale and location of Land Warrants—to the leasing of Houses, Lots and Offices, and the collection of Rents—to the PAYMENT OF TAXES in any County in the State, and to the care and management of the property of non-resident proprietors.

They also attend particularly to any business connected with their profession, as

Civil Engineers and Surveyors.

They have now on sale, Farms in every stage of improvement; some of them very desirable, and at great bargains. Also, City Lots, in some of the choicest locations.

They have also on sale, large quantities of unimproved Lands, which have been selected with great care, and at an early day, are of the best quality, and in the most desirable locations in the State.

☞ Letters on subjects connected with their business promptly attended to.
JOHN GREGORY. [jan13 1y] JOHN B. WELD.

Trees! Trees! Trees!
THE SUBSCRIBERS, AUTHORIZED AGENTS FOR
ELLWANGER & BARRY,
PROPRIETORS OF THE
MT. HOPE NURSERIES,

Rochester, N. Y., respectfully announce to the Citizens of Milwaukee and vicinity, that they will remain in the city a few days, and are prepared to receive orders for all kinds of

Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Plants, Flowers, &c.,

to be delivered at a suitable time for transportation next spring.

They have taken rooms at the *AMERICAN HOUSE*, where they may be seen at any time during their stay.
HORACE HOUGHTON. C. C. JENNINGS.
Milwaukee, Jan. 18. dlw

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a term of the County Court, in and for the County of Milwaukee, will be held at the Court House in the City of Milwaukee, commencing on the first Monday of February, A. D. 1855, for the purpose of disposing of all business before said Court, not requiring a Jury. BY ORDER OF THE COURT.
MATTHEW KEENAN, Clerk.
Milwaukee, Jan. 12, 1855. jan15

VALUABLE MEDICINES.
Dr. Jos. Shepherd's Cholera Specific,

DR. JOS. SHEPHERD'S AGUE ELIXIR. Prepared by Dr. JOS. SHEPHERD, Physician Surgeon, &c., Main st., near Oneida, and sold by Druggists generally.
nov27

MRS. SARAH A. COOLEY
(LATE OF FOND DU LAC,) PRINCIPAL OF THE
Wisconsin Female Seminary,
HAS REMOVED TO
Fox Lake, Dodge County, Wisconsin,

AND WILL RE-OPEN HER SEMINARY AT THAT place on WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1855.

The same three year's course (commonly called Collegiate) with Preparatory and Ornamental branches, as formerly, will be pursued.

Familiar Lectures will be given on Physical Education, and the numberless little things that constitute the truly educated lady.

It will be the object of the Principal to aid her Pupils in securing such an education as shall, in the highest sense, not only cultivate the intellect, but discipline, elicit and encourage all the purer and more refined emotions of the heart; in short, such an education as shall form a well balanced character, fitting them for any situation in life.

Young Ladies desiring to prepare for TEACHING, will receive special attention.

Pupils for the present will be received for the quarter.

TERMS—of fifteen and eleven weeks, the remainder of the year, with a vacation of one week.

Tuition as formerly, *half in advance*. Board in good families from $1.50 to $2.00.

MRS. COOLEY deems that past success, and expressions of public confidence, render further references unnecessary.

Fox Lake, Dec. 26, 1854. jan3-w6t

TO THE PUBLIC.

MR. J. P. SARGEANT Would respectfully inform the citizens of Milwaukee and vicinity that he has opened a NEW DAGUERREAN GALLERY, on *Walker's Point, in Walker's Block*, and is now ready to accommodate all persons with a true Daguerreotype miniature of the best and most improved styles of the art. Daguerreotypes taken in clear or cloudy weather, in the best style, for One Dollar and upwards, and warranted not to fade.

MR. SARGEANT has been in this City for the past eight weeks, in E. W. Fowler's Gallery, and has given perfect satisfaction to all customers, and hopes that he will be patronized in his New Gallery.

☞ Please call and examine his work.

MUSIC!

MR. J. P. SARGEANT would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that he has a good COTILLION BAND, and is now ready to furnish Music in large or small bands, for Cotillion Parties or Balls, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

He has also a Large Hall in Walker's Block, for Dancing, where he will give Instructions to Classes or private persons, in the following Dances: Quadrilles, Contra Dances, Spanish Dances, Reels, Polka Waltz and Polka Reel, Hop Waltz, German Waltz, Waltzes in two, three, four, five and six steps. J. P. SARGEANT,
Milwaukee, January 4th, 1855. jan9 3m

"Richard is Himself Again!"

HAVING RECEIVED NEW TOOLS, THE BEST IN the Western States, among which is Lathes with cut gears for Screw Cutting turning tapers, &c., and a splendid Planer, capable of ploughing up iron 14 feet in length, is prepared with good workmen to do anything in the

CASTING, BLACKSMITHING,
Or Finishing Line,
With promptness and despatch.

Steam Engines, Saw and Flouring Mill Irons

Made to order, from the most approved patterns.

When necessary, all work, particularly repairs, will be prosecuted day and night until finished.

A share of patronage solicited and warranted to give satisfaction. Address orders, "WISCONSIN IRON WORKS," on the Water Power, Milwaukee, Wis.
jan1-7mos A. J. LANGWORTHY.

City Land Office.

WANTED to purchase—Railroad Stock, County Orders, Short Time Notes, Indiana Money.
oc13 CALEB WALL.

TO MILL OWNERS.

WANTED TO RENT, A MILL IN THE COUNTRY, with not less than two run of stone—one that is built either for Custom or Merchant business. The rent will be paid in advance if required. Address P. O., Box 789
jan13 1w*

SEVERAL THOUSAND DOLLARS TO ADVANCE on Personal Property. Railroad Stock purchased. Thirty Days Notes Purchased.
nov9 CALEB WALL.

PRINTERS BE ON HAND!
A GREAT CHANCE.

A COMPLETE NEWSPAPER AND JOB OFFICE, comprising TWO PRESSES, a full assortment of JOB TYPE, CASES, and everything necessary to carry on the business.

The whole will be sold at a "sacrifice," on immediate application to H. D. HULL,
jan19-3t Over the Bank of Commerce.

A Farm Wanted.

AN IMPROVED PLACE, within ten or twelve miles of town, not exceeding 80 or 100 acres.
jan19 tf GREGORY & WELD.

$10,000!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL THE ABOVE amount of Goods, consisting of

Clothing and Piece Goods,

On a long credit, say five years, if desired. The Goods will be sold at CASH PRICES, and the security must be an Unincumbered Real Estate.
dec28-d&w1m MAGIE & SWAIN.

I HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED, by American Express, an invoice of fine Silver, Anchor and Lepine Watches, which I will sell very low for Cash or approved credit. J. ROONEY,
jan30 Sign of the Giant.

Bosworth & Sons' Advertisements.

STREET & Co's Celebrated Feather Dusters, in endless variety, at jan18 BOSWORTH & SONS.

WHISK BROOMS—50 doz. at BOSWORTH & SONS.

RUSHTON'S Iceland Moss Candy—That reliable preparation for Coughs, Colds and all Pulmonary complaints, can be found at BOSWORTH & SONS.

SHOULDER BRACES—The greatest variety in the market, at BOSWORTH & SONS.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS—100 doz. at BOSWORTH & SONS.

COOPER'S Sheet Isinglass, Bitter Almonds and Gelatine, at BOSWORTH & SONS.

WE REQUEST ALL PERSONS using our Fluid Lamps to return the same immediately, and receive a new one in exchange. H. BOSWORTH & SONS.

LAMP OILS, &c.—100 barrels Refined Winter Whale.
50 barrels Bleached Whale.
25 barrels Bleached Elephant.
24 " Lard Oil.
75 " Tanners' Oil.
50 " Machinery Oil.
All in perfect order and good condition, at BOSWORTH & SONS.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—50 bbls in store at BOSWORTH & SONS.

VARNISHES—Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Furniture, Coach, Body, Damar, Japan and Leather, in bbls, half bbls and cans, which we offer to the trade at the lowest market price. BOSWORTH & SONS.

CASTOR OIL—10 bbls American at BOSWORTH & SONS.

W. S. WELLS & CO.,
183 East Water Street,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS,
TAILOR'S TRIMMINGS, &c.
Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

They invite particular attention of Country Dealers to their immense stock of Ready Made Clothing, which they are prepared to sell at five to ten per cent. below New York and Boston prices, for Cash or approved paper.
W. S. WELLS. A. N. DICKSON.
jan17 3mo Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

CITY LAND OFFICE.
A GRAND OPPORTUNITY, WHICH SELDOM OFFERS.

I HAVE FOR SALE, THE DWELLING HOUSE AND TWO LOTS, of A. W. HATCH, Esq., corner of Van Buren and Martin sts. The property is the most desirable and valuable in our city. The house is one of comfort and convenience. There are arrangements in this house that you will seldom find. The house, from the outward appearance, is frame; but after it was frame, and rather than a brick, for it is all filled in with brick, and then lined upon the brick, and then was clapboarded. Twenty cords of wood will keep this house warm and comfortable through the winter, where it would take sixty cords to keep others comfortable. There are two parlors and four other rooms on the first floor, and five or six chambers in second story, together with woodhouse, barn, cistern, well, &c., &c., and also a yard, filled with fruit trees and shrubbery.

The property is worth, and I could have sold it early last summer or fall, for ten or twelve thousand dollars; but it can now be purchased at a great bargain, and he who should be so lucky as to get it, will win a prize. It must and will be sold within the next ten days. All who have any offers to make, call on me and I will tell them the price and terms. jan17 CALEB WALL.

New Publications.

HISTORY of the Origin and Adoption of the Constitution of the United States, with notices of its principal Framers, by George Ticknor Curtis, in 2 vols.

Later Years, by the author of "The Old House by the River," and "The Owl Creek Letters."

Parish and other Pencilings, by Kirwan, author of "Letters to Bishop Hughes," "Romanism at Home," "Things seen in Europe," &c.

Wood's Illustrated Natural History, with 450 Original Designs, by Wm. Harvey.

Bleak House, by Charles Dickens, with Illustrations, by H. K. Browne, 2 vols.

The Rose and the Ring, or the History of Prince Giglio and Prince Bulbo, by W. M. Thackeray.

Abbott's History, Agnes and Caroline of France in Stories.

Harper's Stories, Book No. 1.

The Young Husband, by Mrs. Grey, author of the "Gambler's Wife," &c.

This day received and for sale by ARCH. WILSON,
jan17 No. 175 East Water street.

H. A. COLEMAN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
COMMISSION DEALER IN
FRUIT, OYSTERS, POULTRY,
GAME, &c., &c.

Fresh Butter, Cheese, Eggs and Lard, at the Lowest Market Price.
No. 16 WISCONSIN STREET, (Basement,)
MILWAUKEE, (jan5-d1yr) Wisconsin.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER—The highest price paid, by dec14 HOOD & GOODRICH

Just Received,

IDA MAY—Fifth arrival.
Life of P. T. Barnum.
Twin Cousins, or Mutual Influence.
Fulbert, by Dumas. At C. J. GILBERT'S,
jan16 No. 11 Wisconsin-st.

TO PRINTERS.
A Chance for a Bargain!

ANY PERSON WISHING TO ENGAGE IN THE publishing of a Democratic Paper, will hear of one of the best opportunities in the interior of the state, by making application to this Office, and for further particulars. The paper has a good circulation, a first rate advertising patronage, a good run of job work, two iron Presses, and a good variety of job type, all of which is offered for sale at a bargain. jan13 6w

NOTICE.

OFFICE MERCHANTS MUTUAL INSURANCE Co.,
Milwaukee, Jan. 17, 1855. }

AN ELECTION of five Trustees and three Inspectors of Election, will be held at the Rooms of the Company, on Thursday, the first day of February next, between the hours of 11 and 12 A. M.

By order of the Board.
jan18-d3w P. W. BURROWS, Sec'y.

$10,000!

CASH ADVANCES MADE ON STORAGE OF MERchandize of every description, in sums to suit, from $5 to $500. Also, on Real Estate, Mortgages and every kind of Personal Property, or the same purchased on liberal terms, for cash.

Room No. 7, Kneeland's Building, 219 East Water-st. up stairs. dec21 3mos*

E. G. WHITING,
PATENTEE AND MANUFACTURER OF THE
WISCONSIN PLOUGH,

WITH THE STEEL SHEAR, made in a swedge, as perfect as a cast one. Also, his CORN AND COB GRINDER, warranted to suit or no sale. May be found at M. M. Stone's Threshing Machine Factory, Milwaukee.
jan13-d&wtf

$250 REWARD!

WHEREAS, It is believed that the several fires which occurred on the nights of Tuesday and Wednesday of the present week, which have been so destructive of property, were the work of incendiaries: Now, therefore, by virtue of the Ordinances in such cases made and provided, I, BYRON KILBOURN, Mayor of the City of Milwaukee, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS, to be paid by said city to any person or persons who shall give such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person concerned in setting or causing either of said fires, whereby any of the several buildings were destroyed on either of said nights. If more than one person was acting in causing said fires, said reward is to be paid to the full amount for *each one* who may be convicted thereof, to the person or persons furnishing the information leading to such arrest and conviction.

And furthermore, I hereby in like manner offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person who has set fire to any house or barn within this city during the past year of 1854, whereby such house or barn or other building have been destroyed or seriously damaged.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand officially, this 5th day of January, 1855.
jan8 BYRON KILBOURN, Mayor.

CITY LAND OFFICE.
A Great, Grand Bargain

READ THE FOLLOWING:

80 Acres of Land, 4½ miles from City limits, on the Mukwonago Plank Road, 35 acres Improvements, 45 acres the very best, and heavy timbered, a good log house with four rooms, and a large, well finished barn. Two wells and two springs on the place—a large Orchard, of grafted and seed ing fruit, and all bearing. The land has very handsome building spots all along the road. Before the house is ornamental trees, together with a variety of shrubbery. The terms are easy—one-fourth down, balance in annual payments for ten years, with 7 per cent interest. The price for the above place you can ascertain by calling at my office. It is very cheap. Any one who should want to see the place, I will drive them out.
jan10 CALEB WALL.

MILCH COWS FOR SALE.

CHOICE DAIRY AND CITY COWS constantly on hand. Also, thorough bred DEVON and DURHAM COWS and HEIFERS, selected by experienced Judges, from the best herds of Kentucky and Ohio.

Persons wishing to purchase for cash, or credit with approved security, will find a good assortment, and reasonable prices.

Enquire at the La Crosse Railroad Office.
jan10-d&wtf

CITY LAND OFFICE,
LAW BUILDINGS, WISCONSIN STREET.

I HAVE a Farm to exchange for a House and Lot in this City. The Farm, 75½ acres, with all the stock, as follows: Span of Horses, 8 milch Cows, 2 Heifers, 6 Hogs, 18 Sheep, 2 Wagons, ploughs, Harness, Fanning Mill, with all other farming utensils, together with about 50 Chickens. There is a good Orchard—bearing. The Dwelling is a good Log House, and a good Granery. It is in Waukesha County, two miles from Jenkins' Station. A good bargain, and a good chance for some one who wants to farm it. Apply to jan10 CALEB WALL.

SILVER WATCHES.—300 Silver Watches, from $5 to $75, at dec9 A. B. VAN COTT'S.

GOLD WATCHES.—200 Fine Gold Watches, 18 Carats, from $15 to $200, at
dec9 A. B. VAN COTT'S.

ELECTION NOTICE
OF THE MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad Company, for the election of Fifteen Directors, will be held at the office of said Company, in the City of Milwaukee, on the second Tuesday (the 13th day) of February next, at 12 o'clock M. The polls will be kept open from 12 o'clock M., till 4 o'clock P. M., of said day. By order of the Board of Directors.
WM. TAINTOR, Secretary.
Milwaukee, 30th Dec. 1854. jan1-td

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Fox River Valley Railroad Company, for the election of Directors, will be held at the House of Edward Aiken, in the Village of Burlington, Racine County, Wisconsin, on the third Wednesday, being the 17th day of January, A. D. 1855, at 1 o'clock P. M.
WM. P. LYON, Secretary.
Burlington, Dec. 28, 1854. dec27-30d

BY TELEGRAPH.

BY SPEED'S LINE.

[REPORTED FOR THE SENTINEL.]

Evening Despatch.
New York Market.

FLOUR—Market without important change and demand moderate, sales 5000 bbls 8,12@8,37 for common to straight and choice state.

GRAIN—Wheat steady, sales 2000 bush Long Island 2,10; Rye quiet at 1,35; Corn better and in good demand, sales 5000 bush at 96@98 for South yellow and white 98 for mixed Western in store—Oats unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Market firmer, for old mess Pork at 13,31; new mess 14,12a14,25; new prime 13a13,25; Prime mess 14a16; Whiskey easier at 35½.

New York, Jan. 24.

Another snow storm commenced in this city about seven this morning, and still continues without any prospect of stopping. The agents of Packet Ship George Canning, which sailed from this port for Hamburgh December 22d, with thirty passengers, and cargo valued at $70,000, received a brief dispatch by the Canada, stating the total loss of the vessel, but no particulars.—The Baltic sailed at noon with 61 passengers and $750,000 in specie.

Fire in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24.

A fire in this city last night, destroyed the Warehouse of Hall & Torney, Commission Merchants, and store of Stevenson & Co.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.

SENATE.—The Army Appropriation Bill was taken up and discussed.

HOUSE.—The bill to pay the French claims was taken up in Committee, and sundry speeches made. No action had.

Arrest of Mexican Consul.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.

The *Baltic* is detained by the storm. The late Mexican Consul has been arrested in this city, at the request of the Mexican Government, for deducting $70,000 discount of the seven millions which he received from the U. S. Judge Duer ordered him to be held to bail in the sum of $90,000.

Wisconsin Iron.

The manufacture of Iron in this State is yet but partially developed. The furnace of BEAN & Co., on the east branch of Rock River, near Maryville, and the forge of the Iron Company at Horicon, are the only establishments in the State.

The Furnace is now in a very promising condition, and turns out daily from seven to ten tons of pig-iron. The quality of the iron has been much improved lately, and will now answer well for many purposes for which at first it was wholly unfit. This iron is remarkable for the smoothness of the castings made from it. A stove plate direcly from the mould will look as if polished with black lead.

The Horicon Forge has been engaged for most of the past summer, in experimenting upon the Dodge County ore; some very satisfactory results have been produced, but on the whole, the manufacture of bar iron from this source has not been profitable.—There is some foreign substance in the ore, which will not be discovered, in order to apply the remedy, without further experiments. It is now intended to try the process of roasting the ore, and also to erect a puddling furnace.

But the forge has for a month past been producing a very superior quality of iron in bars of all sizes, from scrap iron. Within five miles of Horicon is an inexhaustible bed of iron ore, lying directly on the La Crosse Railroad. This ore can be brought to this point at little cost for transportation. It is dug from the earth as easy as you would dig sand from a sandbank. All we want, then, is *Capital*, in order to make this IRON INTEREST one of the most prominent in our State. The ore is practically inexhaustible. A hundred furnaces in a hundred years would but fairly open the deposite to view.

We hope soon to chronicle the erection of two Puddling furnaces—one near the ore bed and one at this place. A Foundry and Machine Shop is in contemplation also, and certainly no better point can be found for these manufactures than at this place. With an extensive water power—proximity to the ore bed, and two forests of hard wood for coal purposes, in the heart of the first Agricultural County, upon the line of the La Crosse road, certainly capital should not be long seeking out such an investment.—[Horicon Argus.

BAD FOR LUMBERMEN.—Up to 11th of January with the exception of a few slight flurries, there has been no snow, or sleighing this winter, in the Black River pineries; consequently teams are idle, and few logs are taken to the river. This state of things brings trouble, expense, and discouragement to the lumbermen. Work or no work, oxen have to be fed, and men paid; and prices are up. Hay is worth $15 a ton, and Meal 75c a bushel. There must be at least 300 teams unemployed on Black river, that are kept up at an expense of a dollar per day. A good many hands are in the same fix. The lumbermen have been cutting very freely, but so far the "open winter" has given them no chance with sleds, and *wheels* are out of the question.

Of course there are signs and symptoms of snow every day, and snow-prophets are plenty, but prayers and prophets haven't availed anything yet. However, we will hope for a regular, old-fashioned break-down in February or March. Four weeks of good sledding will help the lumbermen out wonderfully.—[La Crosse National Dem. Jan. 13.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE "STATE."—Some funny items are contained in the statement, by the Governor, of the expenditure of the $10,000 contingent fund appropriated to him by the last Legislature. Among the more noticable are the following:

For services of Chas. James at Washington, ...$600
☞ Andrew Proudfit on State Prison contract, ...2,655

Mr. JAMES' services, as far as we have learned, consisted in writing an argument, addressed to Hon. Caleb Cushing, Attorney General of the U. S., respecting the application of the Governor for the five per cent, due the State, arising from the sale of Public Lands, which makes thirteen coarsely printed pages. The propriety of paying Mr. Proudfit out of this fund is more than doubtful.—[Madison Journal.

☞ They know where to look for good Officers in the Wisconsin Legislature. Col. SHOLES who is elected Speaker, and Mr. ATWOOD, chosen Clerk of the House, are both Printers, who have long been honorably identified with the Press of Wisconsin.—[Albany Evening Journal.

MARINE DISASTER—HEAVY LOSS.—The ship *Tingqua*, owned by Oliphant & Sons, of New York bound from Shanghae (China) to New York, with a cargo of teas, &c., struck on a shoal off Cape Hatteras on the 12th inst., and became a total loss. The vessel and cargo, together, were worth $350,000; principally insured in New York.

PROSCRIPTION OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES.—In the Massachusetts House of Representatives, on the 15th inst., the following order was submitted:

"That the Committee on Education be instructed to consider the expediency of directing the Sergeant-at-Arms to remove from this hall the Latin inscription over the Speaker's desk, *"Ense petit placidam sub libertate quietem"*—and to place in its stead a literal English translation of the same."

This is "SAM'S" latest manifestation in Massachusetts. Now we respectfully move to amend the above "order" by substituting the word "Indian" for "English." Indian being so far as we know, the "Native" dialect of these United States and "English" as much a "foreign language" as Latin.

MONEY RECEIVED FOR TAXES.—By the following notice issued to a Collector in Winnebago County, the State Treasurer seems to intimate that if the County Treasurer cannot "conveniently" pay all the taxes in coin, the State will consent to receive one-half in bills of Wisconsin Banks:

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER, }
Madison, Jan. 10, 1855. }

To the County Treasurer of Winnebago County:

Dear Sir:—As there seems to be a misapprehension in some of the newspapers published in this State in reference to what moneys will be received for taxes at this office, I take this opportunity to inform you that *if it will not be convenient for you to bring the whole amount* of the money due to the State from your County in coin, *about one half of it* will be received in Bills of Wisconsin Banks that have complied with the law and requirements of the Comptroller.

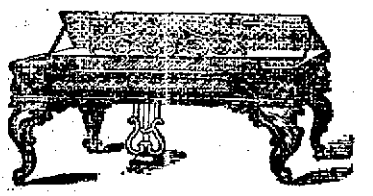
Respectfully, etc.,
E. H. JANSSEN,
State Treasurer.

LARGE VERDICT.—The jury in the Supreme Court, at Boston, in the case of Miss Emmons, against the city, for damages received by falling through a coal hole on the sidewalk, gave a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, and fixed the damages at $4,000.

THE MONSTER NUGGET.—The monster "Nugget," weighing 160¾ lbs, avoirdupois, and giving a value after deducting twenty pounds of quartz, of $38,920, has arrived in New York, where it attracts much attention. This lump was found in Calaveras County, Nov 27th, just as the lucky party were on the point of quitting work for supper. It was taken out from fifteen feet below the bed of a creek. The nugget is to be shipped to Paris for exhibition at the French Industrial Exhibition in May next.

DEATH OF AN EDITOR.—We are pained to learn of the death of Mr. Linton, editor of the Western Tablet, who died at the hospital of the Sisters of Mercy this morning, after a brief illness of ten days.—Chicago Dem Press.

MISCELLANEOUS.



THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the Public, that he has opened, on

Spring Street, Opposite the American House,

A NEW

PIANO FORTE WARE-ROOM!

Where he will keep on hand a good assortment of the celebrated

AMERICAN ACTION PIANO FORTES,

Manufactured by GEORGE HEWS, of Boston, Mass.

The Patent American Action Piano Forte is distinguished for its great fullness, richness and sweetness of tone, evenness of scale, and delicacy of touch. The improvement in the Action renders it less liable to derangement, and also greatly facilitates execution. Numerous medals, diplomas and certificates have been received from various fairs and industrial exhibitions in different cities of the Union, from the World's Fair at London, and flattering testimonials from the profession, residents at Boston and elsewhere, among which are the following:

From the illustrious Pianist, L. M. GOTTSCHALK, to Mr Hews, Agent at New York:

NEW YORK, Dec. 5, 1853.

MR. N. J. CURTIS:—

Dear Sir: Having had the pleasure of performing upon Geo Hews' American Action Piano at the World's Fair in this city the present year, and other of his Pianos at your Warerooms, which afforded me much gratification, I cheerfully recommend them to the public. I am very glad of the improvement in the action. These instruments likewise are of excellent tone, owing, no doubt, to the perfection of the scales.

Very Respectfully, L. M. GOTTSCHALK.

From the distinguished Pianist, WILLIAM MASON:

MR. HEWS:—Having repeatedly played upon the Piano Fortes manufactured by you, with the American Action, I am free to acknowledge, that for certainty and elasticity of action, power, purity and quality of tone, I have never seen them surpassed in the square Piano Forte.

WILLIAM MASON.

Purchasers and lovers of music in general, are respectfully invited to call and examine these instruments. These Pianos will be sold at Boston prices, and warranted to give satisfaction in every respect.

☞ Pianos to Let. Old Pianos taken in exchange, and liberal prices allowed.
☞ Pianos Tuned and Repaired.
nov21 F. C. MENDE.

NEW MUSIC!
JUST RECEIVED, AT
H. N. Hempsted's Music Store,
No. 175 EAST WATER STREET.

NEW SONGS—The Wife's Appeal; I Love and am Happy; I take your hand in mine Willie; I really must be in the Fashion; Love's Approach; Oh, bid me not Forget; The Warrior Page; The Last Good Night, by Woodbury; Answer to "Thou hast Wounded the Spirit;" When shall we Meet; The Wandering Heart; Down the River; I've Waited for the Spring-time; I Dreamt thou'st Loved me; Adieu Dear Home, &c.

NEW POLKAS AND SCHOTTISCHES—Morning Dews Polka; Table Moving Schottisch; 3d Grand Polka de Concert, by Wallace; Sapphire Polka; Gazelle Schottisch; Gold Fish Schottisch; Boston Belle's Polka; Amaranth Schottisch; Twilight Dream Polka; Farewell Polka, by Alfred Jaell; Fanny Fern's Polka; Pretty Girls Polka; Bashful Beau's Polka; Bayadere Polka; La Bolena Polka de Concert; Shanghai Polka; Game King Schottisch, &c.

NEW FANTASIES, VARIATIONS, &c.—Chanson d'Amour, La Sicilienne Tarentelle, by Chas. Mayer; Idyl, by Spindler; Vesper Hymn, Transcribed by Wallace; Souvenir de Naples, Barcarole by Wallace; Rose d'Hiver Nocturne, by Kuhe; Fading away, Transcription by Wallace; Octave Study, by Carl Evers; "Une jour d'ete," Fantasie; Grand Etude de Concert, by Chas. Mayer; Une nuit sur l'Ocean, by Goekel; Three Musical Stories, for Piano, by Th. Oester; Haydn's "Surprise," varied by Wallace, &c., &c. dec30

Great Western Mail Route.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Galena and Chicago Union Railroad!

Beloit and Madison, and Dixon and Iowa Central Route.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, DECEMBER, 4th, 1854, two passenger trains will leave daily, [Sunday's excepted,] from Wells street depot, as follows:

For Galena at 9 A. M., and 3 P. M.
Passengers for Beloit, Milwaukee, Janesville & Madison, will leave Chicago at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.
Passengers for Dixon and Iowa Central Route will leave Chicago at 5 P. M.
☞ Passengers for Belvidere, Rockford and Freeport, will leave Chicago at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.

TRAINS EASTWARD:
Leave Galena 10 A. M., arrive at Chicago 7:15 P. M.
" Freeport 6:30 A. M., arrive at Chicago 11:25 A. M.
" Rockville 5:30 A. M., arrive at Chicago 11:25 A. M.
" " 3:20 P. M., arrive at Chicago 7:15 P. M.
" Dixon 6:15 A. M., arrive at Chicago 11:25 P. M.

Connections made east with all the Great Eastern lines to Buffalo, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Central and Southern Ohio. JOHN B. TURNER, Superintendent.
Chicago, Dec. 4 1854. Jan19

NEW ALBANY AND SALEM RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

THE MOST DIRECT AND EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE from Chicago, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Baltimore, Washington, Wheeling, Zanesville, Columbus, Dayton and other important places in the interior and Northern Portions of Ohio and Pennsylvania.

Until further notice Express Passenger Trains will leave Michigan Central Depot, in connection with New Albany and Salem R. R. as follows:

LOUISVILLE NEW ALBANY AND PITTSBURGH EXPRESS will leave daily, (Saturday's Excepted) at 9,00 P. M. arriving at Lafayette the next morning, and at Louisville by N. A. & S. R. R. same afternoon. This Train also connects at Indianapolis with trains direct of the Indiana Central, Indianapolis, and Cincinnati, and Bellefontaine R. Roads. For above mentioned places, but one change of Passengers and Baggage between Chicago and New Albany.

CINCINNATI EXPRESS will leave daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 25 A. M., arriving at Lafayette at 11,50, Indianapolis 3.0 P. M., and Cincinnati at 9,00 P. M. Baggage checked to Lafayette, Indianapolis and New Albany.

Through Tickets can be obtained in Chicago of H. J. Spaulding, corner of Lake and Dearborn streets, opposite The Tremont House, at Granite Block, corner of Lake and Clark streets; at M. C. R. R. Depot, and at the different ticket offices in the West.

Freight trains to and from New Albany daily, and freights forwarded with promptness and at low rates, for which see joint tariff of M. C. R. R. Co.

C. KNOWLTON,
an19 Superintendent.

MUSIC! MUSIC!! MUSIC!!!

THE MILWAUKEE ARTILLERY BAND, WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the Public generally that they are prepared to supply BALLS and PRIVATE PARTIES WITH GOOD MUSIC,

Either Brass or Stringed Instruments on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates.

P. S.—They have also engaged an experienced and fashionable Caller.

☞ All orders left at Van Cott's Jewelry Store will be promptly attended to.

THEODORE KNOLL, Leader.
Milwaukee, Nov. 8, 1854. nov10-3m

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Green Bay, Milwaukee and Chicago Railroad Company, for the election of Nine Directors, will be held at the Office of the Company, in the City of Milwaukee on Wednesday, the 14th day of February next at 10 o'clock A. M., as prescribed by the By Laws.
Milwaukee, Jan, 2, 1855 did
C. E. ALTON, Secretary.

I HAVE SOME THREE THOUSAND DOLlars worth of the best quality of fine Y. Hyson, Gunpowder and Black Teas on hand, and also a large lot of Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, all of the best quality, and as it is entirely out of my line of business, I will sell them in large or small quantities for Cash or approved credit, at a trifle less than Eastern first cost.
Jan19 J. ROONEY, Sign of the Giant.

HOUSE WANTED.

A GOOD TENANT can be had for a small house, by applying to GREGORY & WELD,
jan19 tf Milwaukee Land Agency.

Office of United States Insurance Co.,
MILWAUKEE, January 19, 1855. }

AN ELECTION FOR THREE DIRECTORS OF THE United States Insurance Company, will be held at the office of said Company, No. 2 Martin's Block, Milwaukee, on the first Monday of February next. The polls will be opened from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

By order of the Board.
Jan20-id J. A. HELFENSTEIN, Secretary.

WHITON & KING,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Janesville, - Wisconsin.

Are prepared to attend to business in the several Courts of this State. Having at much expense procured an abstract of the Records of Land Titles in Rock County, and secured the services of Mr. T. W. Gibbs, late Deputy Register, they are prepared to furnish perfect abstracts of title to lands in said County.

They will attend to the purchase and sale of Land, the payment of Taxes, and the settlement of tax titles by suit or otherwise, in any County in Wisconsin.

Collections made and proceeds remitted on the day of their receipt.

HENRY K. WHITON. [jan22-6mo] CHANCY F. KING.

☞ A GENTLEMAN OF MICHIGAN offers for sale, 4,000 Acres of Pine Land, (upon which there is from twenty to forty millions feet of Lumber,) at $5 per acre, and to lend $10,000 to build a Mill, and all upon such credit as will enable the purchaser to realize from the Lumber to meet his payments. The land is within an average distance of 2½ miles of the eight steam mills, at the village of Muskegon, in Michigan. Ten per cent. interest and ample security will be required. Apply to or address WHITON & KING,
January 23, 1855. 2w Janesville, Wis.

Great Reduction in Prices!
ON A
SMALL STOCK OF GOODS,
AT
CHANDLER & JENNINGS,
No. 199 EAST WATER STREET.
Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

HAVING A FEW GOODS LEFT, WE ARE DETERMINED TO SELL THEM

Cheaper than any other House in Milwaukee!

And to convince the public of this fact, and that we mean what we say, we will name the prices of some of the

SMALL STOCK,

AMONG WHICH MAY BE FOUND

50 Long Wool Shawls at $2.00—usually sold at $3.00,
50 Long Wool Shawls at $3,00—usually sold at $5,00,
25 Long Wool Shawls at $6,00—usually sold for $10,00,
Red Flannels for 25c—same as was sold before for 31c,
White Flannels for 25c—same as was sold before for 31c,
Striped Sheeting at 8c—same as was sold for 1s,
Bleached Muslin, 1 yard wide, for 9c—same as we have been selling at 1s;
Brown Sheetings at 6 cents—the same as we have been selling at 8 cents,
Plaid Merinoes for 25 cents—as good as can be bought for 3s, at any House in Milwaukee,
500 pieces Calico at 6c—the same that we have been selling at 10 cents,
Muslin DeLaines at 1s—as good as are usually sold at 1s 6c,
Wool DeLaines at 2s—as good as can be bought at 33c,
Parametta and Lyonese at 18c—as good as can be bought at 31c,
French Merinoes at 50c—usually sold at 75c,
Alpaccas for 18c—usually sold at 31c,
Elegant Black Silks, warranted to wear well, at 75c.

SMALL STOCK AND LOW PRICES!

A SMALL STOCK OF SILKS—Plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured.
LACES AND EMBROIDERIES, the most attractive for a SMALL STOCK, in the City.
But we cannot enumerate all of our SMALL STOCK. We are offering inducements never before realized in Milwaukee.

N. B.—Small Stock and Low Prices!

We assure the Public that we do just as we say in this advertisement. Every one knows that the times are hard and we now propose to give the entire community the benefit of these Low Prices. We have reduced our

Small Stock

Correspondingly, and we solicit the public generally to call at our establishment.

SMALL STOCK AND LOW PRICES!

No. 199 East Water Street.
SAM'L CHANDLER. [jan19] R. P. JENNINGS.

SPECIAL NOTICE!
$100,000 WORTH OF GOODS TO BE SACRIFICED!
Tremendous Reduction from Former Prices,
—AT—
MACK BROTHERS.

In consequence of the lateness of the season, and in order to close our present

IMMENSE STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER TO OUR CUSTOMERS

GREATER INDUCEMENTS THAN ANY EVER BEFORE PRESENTED!

THE CLOSING SALES OF THE SEASON WILL COMMENCE MONDAY, JANUARY 1st, AND BE CONTINued until the end of the month, it being our intention to dispose of the

Entire Stock in both Stores

during that time.

The goods having been purchased with all the advantages of "Hard Times" prices, will be sold at a very small advance on the cost, assuring our customers that with our usual philanthropy, we are willing to give them the full benefit of the same, and purchasers are invited to avail themselves of this opportunity to secure Bargains.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!

Rich, Plain and Changeable Silks, which cost to import 75c., at 4s per yard; fine do, Striped and Plaid, 50c; Rich Plaid Silks, Importer's prices $1,15, at 75c; Splendid High Lustred Black Silks at 75c, 7s and $1,00, cost $1, $1,38 and $1,50; New Silk Plaids which cost to import 32½c, at 4s. All Wool Plaids, imported cost 80c, now 5s 6d. 5,000 yards Delaines sold at 2s to 2s 6c, now $2,00 for dress, Trimmings thrown in.

FRENCH MERINOES.

Fine French Merinoes, all shades, which cost to import, $1, now sell at 5s 6d per yard.

PARAMETTAS AND ENGLISH MERINOES.

10,000 yards at 2s—usual price, 3s. 5,000 superfine, at 3s—usual price, 4s. 3,000 extra fine, 4s—sold at 6s.

Shawls, Shawls!

We have now in store over $10,000 worth of Shawls of every variety, quality and description, received within ten days, and purchased 50 per cent. less than cost of Importation or Manufacture.

5,000 Long and Square Broche Shawls, importation of Hennequin & Co., Bencard & Hutton, of Paris, and warranted French Manufacture, at $17 and $25—cost more than double to import.

EMBROIDERIES.

We have the largest assortment of Embroideries ever brought to this City, consisting of Chemisettes, Sleeves, Collars, Embroidered Pocket Handkerchiefs, Swiss and Cambric Bands and Flounces, Swiss and Jaconet Edgings and Insertings, Infant's Robes and Waists, Ladies' Embr'd Caps, English and German Laces. Also, Silk and Cotton Illusions at a reduction of 25 per cent.

CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,

Of the most approved designs. Black and Colored Satins and Silk Velvet, every width and quality, for Cloaks.

Ribbons and Trimmings,

A Splendid Assortment, such as Plush, Grenadine, Moire Antique, Brocade, a great variety of styles and prices, and all of the latest mode.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

50 Cases Fast Colored PRINTS at 6c and 8c. Lancaster Ginghams at 12½c. Welch and American Flannels at 2s Cloths, Cassimers and Satinets at an immense loss.

Merchants, Pedlars and Milliners supplied at a reduction of 10 per cent. of above prices.

☞ Purchasers will find it to their interest to call on us, as, without any fear of contradiction, we are abundantly able to guarantee the above prices.

MACK BROTHERS,
dec30 Milwaukee Saving Store, 181 East Water Street.

GOODS GOING OFF AT A GREAT SACRIFICE!
BOYD & LEDYARD,

HAVING DETERMINED TO REDUCE THEIR IMMENSE STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS,

OFFER THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF ALL WOOL DELAINES AT

LESS THAN HALF THEIR ORIGINAL COST!

They would call particular attention to their Magnificent Stock of

SHAWLS.

LONG AND SQUARE, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT MAKES AND STYLES, AT PRICES LOWER THAN EVER offered in Milwaukee. For instance, All-Wool Long Shawls that we have been selling for $9 and $10, we now offer for $5 and $7, and every other kind of Shawl in proportion.

LADIES wishing to purchase anything in the

DRY GOODS LINE,

Will find it greatly to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, as we defy competition, and cannot under any circumstances, be undersold by any House west of New York.

Milwaukee, Nov. 22, 1854. nov13

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS!
BOYD & LEDYARD,
No. 7 Spring Street, West Side of the River, Milwaukee.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE ATTENTION OF PURCHASERS TO their Large and Splendid Stock of

Carpetings,

THIS DAY RECEIVED, CONSISTING IN PART OF

Velvets, Tapestries, Brussels, Three-Plys, Ingrains, Stair Carpets, all widths; Oil Cloths, from 3 to 12 feet wide; Canton Mattings, Cocoa Mattings, &c., &c.,

And every other description of Goods in the CARPET LINE, at Prices LOWER than ever offered by any House out of New York.

☞ NO CHARGE FOR SHOWING GOODS. ☜
☞ Terms CASH, and no Deviation from the first Price.
☞ Call, See and Examine for Yourselves.

Milwaukee, Nov. 22, 1854. nov13

1854!
ESTABLISHED 1844.
WISCONSIN WHOLESALE DRUG WAREHOUSE!
AND
The Principal Agency in the North-West,
FOR THE SALE OF ALL THE MOST RELIABLE AND
POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES OF THE DAY.
DEALERS SUPPLIED AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

S. JOHNSON, JR.
151 EAST WATER STREET, - - - MILWAUKEE,
OFFERS FOR SALE:
DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISHES, HERBS
AND EXTRACTS, PERFUMERY AND FANCY GOODS,
ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Country Merchants and others are invited to Examine his Stock and Prices.
GREAT CARE WILL BE OBSERVED IN PACKING GOODS FOR THE COUNTRY.

VOLUME XI. MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL. NEW SERIES.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

First Step in the March.

WILL BE ISSUED THIS DAY, (Tuesday) January 16, 1855, and kept for sale at the Stationery Store of HENRY NIEDECKEN & CO., Wholesale and Retail Stationers, next door to the Post-Office,

The Anti-Know-Nothing Pamphlet, Entitled "THE FIRST STEP IN THE MARCH, Being a Campaign against the Temple of Native American Liberty and its Know-Nothing Worshippers." The Author, JAMES ROSS, is one of the threatened class.

Price, 25 cents. jan19-tf

TO THE PHYSICIANS OF THE WEST!

And to All who use Liquor as a Medicine or as a Beverage!

PHYSICIANS who prescribe Alcoholic Liquors for Medicinal purposes would give the preference to WOLFE'S SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS.

1. It is manufactured in Schiedam, in Holland, and exclusively in the factory of the proprietor, by process and from materials elsewhere unemployed and unknown.

2. It is proved, by the repeated analysis of several eminent Chemists, to be entirely free from the pernicious fusil oil which enters into every kind of liquor distilled from grain, and which is the cause of the nervous and visceral derangement, such as congestion, and morbid desire for habitual and intemperate indulgence, which such liquors invariably tend to superinduce.

3. It is proved by the same unerring tests that the Juniper Gin is not flavored with the coarse, acrid and indigestible oil of juniper heretofore used, but with the specifically lighter, more volatile, aromatic and medicinal of the two essential oils of the Italian juniper berry, neglected by every other manufacturer.

4. It is chemically proved to be absolutely pure in its rectification—a quality obtained by an entirely new process, and which no other Holland Gin in the world has acquired.

5. It is proved by extensive medical experience and testimony, to be an efficient as well as an agreeable remedy in many cases of incipient dropsy, gravel, chronic gout, rheumatism, flatulence, colic, concretions in the kidney, and bladder, dyspepsia, fever and ague, general debility sluggish circulation of the blood, deficient assimilation of food and exhausted vital energy.

6. It is a most grateful and renovating cordial, and when used as directed, never inflames the system or induces inebriety, but tends rather to subdue the latter frailty, by creating a distaste to all inferior liquors. And it invariably corrects the ill effects of bad water, whether in swampy or limestone districts. In all of these enumerated qualities it has no rival in any market in the world.

Since the introduction of this celebrated medicinal beverage into the United States, a number of Liquor Houses in New York and our other large cities have commenced counterfeiting it. The genuine is only sold in quart and pint bottles, handsomely wrapped in yellow paper, with my name on the bottle, cork and label. I would advise those who use it medicinally, to purchase by the bottle, as Bars and Hotels frequently fill my bottles with common Gin and sell it for the genuine. For sale by all the respectable Druggists in the United States.

UDOLPHO WOLFE,
Sole Manufacturer and Importer,
15, 18, and 22, Beaver-st., New York.

The word "Schnapps" belongs exclusively to my article—all others are counterfeit.

Wholesale agents in Milwaukee, Wis.

Lloyd & Leonard,	Dutcher & Sexton,
Edwin D. Elkins & Co.,	W. L. Hopkins & Co.

nov3-d&w6mos

NORTH-WESTERN LAND AGENCY
—OF—
JAMES RICHARDSON & CO.,
LOCATED AT
MADISON, (Capital of) WISCONSIN.

THE UNDERSIGNED give their attention to the Purchase and Sale of Lands and Lots—to the Payment of Tax and Redemption from Tax Sales—to the Purchase, Sale and Location of Land Warrants—to Negotiating Loans Purchase and sale of Bonds and Mortgages.

Having the most complete Abstract of Titles, Judgment Records, Tax Sales, &c., of Lands in Dane County, they have superior facilities in examining Securities for Investment. Transact any business connected with the several State Departments, and pay particular attention to the Collection of Debts.

Have on Sale, improved Farms, City Lots, Houses and Lots, and Lots of from Five to Fifty acres in view of the Capitol, upon the shores of the surrounding Lakes, &c.

All matters concerning Real Estate in any part of Wisconsin, receive prompt attention.

J. RICHARDSON, N. B. VANSLYKE, WM. A. WHITE

Refer to prominent business men in any of the Wisconsin cities or towns. mr17

PEOPLE'S BANK,
—OF—
HAERTEL, GREENLEAF & CO,
227 EAST WATER STREET,

RECENTLY ORGANIZED UNDER THE BANKING Law of Wisconsin, will continue as usual to transact a GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS. Special attention given to the collection of Notes, Drafts, &c., and remittances promptly made, at lowest rates for Exchange. Buy and sell Land Warrants, Specie and Uncurrent Money.

DRAW DIRECT in sums to suit on all the principal Cities of Europe, at Current Rates.

Interest paid on Deposites at the rate of six per cent per annum.

E. B. GREENLEAF, Cashier. H. HAERTEL, President.

Milwaukee, Nov. 1, 1854. nov3

HENRY MILLER
WILL OPEN HIS
NEW STORE,

No. 140 East Water Street, This Day, December 16, WITH A SPLENDID STOCK OF

Confectionery, Christmas Toys, &c.

All his old Customers are invited to give him a call, as they will find it for their interest to do so, before purchasing elsewhere.

dec16-2mo

NORTHERN WISCONSIN BANKING HOUSES.

DARLING, WRIGHT & CO.,
FOND DU LAC.
DARLING, FITZGERALD & CO.,
MENASHA:
DARLING, WRIGHT, KELLOGG & CO.,
OSHKOSH:

FUNDS INVESTED IN REAL ESTATE, BONDS and Mortgages—Taxes Paid—Dealers in Land Warrants, State Warrants and Scrip—Interest collected on State Scrip, and remitted at current rates of Exchange.

REFERENCES:

Alex. Mitchell, President,........Milwaukee.
R. K. Swift,..........................Chicago.
Bank of the Commonwealth,.........New York.
Bank of North America,..............Boston.

dec26-1yr

WM. J. BELL & CO.,
BANKERS,
AND
EXCHANGE BROKERS,

CORNER OF EAST WATER STREET & WASHINGTON AVENUE.

MILWAUKEE,......WISCONSIN.

THE BANK OF MILWAUKEE,
ON THE WEST SIDE OF THE RIVER,
Opposite the American House,

IS NOW PREPARED TO DO BUSINESS UNDER the Banking Law of the State.

Exchange Bought and Sold on the principal Cities of the Union.

Interest allowed on Special Deposits.

January 6, 1855. P. B. PEAKE, Cashier.

GREAT PREMIUM
Furniture Establishment!
NOYES, FLERTZHEIM & CO.,
219 AND 221 EAST WATER STREET,

Who received the First and only Diploma, from the last State Fair, for the

Best and Most Elaborate Custom Made Furniture!

Invite their friends and the public generally, to examine their large Stock, contained in their Four Newly Enlarged Ware Rooms, which cover a space of more than Seven Thousand Feet, all of which is covered with the most

Elegant & Substantial Furniture,

made under their own supervision. Our Stock is one of **The Largest and Most Varied in the West!** enabling us to suit all tastes, and all means, and our Prices are as **LOW AS THE LOWEST!**

THE WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT, for Country Dealers, is again well supplied in all its branches.

mar17-d&wly 221 East Water St., Empire Block.

HAT AND CAP STORE,
Spring Street, Opposite American House.

I AM CLOSING OUT AT VERY low prices, the Entire Stock of Goods now on hand.

Ladies' Fancy Furs, Fancy Robes, Gloves and Mittens Stock-Caps, and some other Goods will be sold at COST, AND LESS THAN COST.

Wholesale Buyers can obtain Goods at a great discount from regular prices. G. WILLIAMS.

jan9-1mo

Steam Engine and Boiler for Sale,

THE ENGINE AND BOILER, NOW IN THIS OFFICE, to be delivered on the 1st of January next.

RUFUS KING & CO,

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

"The World is my Country, and to do Good is my Religion."

ANNIVERSARY OF THE BIRTH DAY OF
THOMAS PAINE,
With Supper and Ball,
AT
YOUNG'S HALL,
Monday Evening, Jan. 29th, 1855.

Supper by H. MILLER. jan29-1t

Dancing Academy!
MR. J. P. SARGEANT

RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCES TO THE YOUNG Ladies and Gentlemen of this City, that he will open a New Class on TUESDAY EVENING, January 30th, 1855, at his Hall, in

Walker's Block, Walker's Point,

Where he will give instructions in the following Dances; Quadrilles, Contra Dances, Spanish Dances, Reels, Polka Waltz and Polka Reel, Hop Waltz, German Waltz, Waltz in one, two, three, four, five and six steps.

A general invitation is given to all who wish to attend.

Terms, $3,00. jan25-4td*

CITY MARSHAL'S NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That those violating the Ordinance relative to cleaning Sidewalks, will be prosecuted according to law. JOHN MITCHELL.

jan25

PUTNAM'S MONTHLY, for February—With Portrait of the Author of "Cuba," received at WILSON'S, jan25 175 East Water Street.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF WISCONSIN, County Court, } For the County of Milwaukee.

Henry Thien vs. The Milwaukee and Fond du Lac Plank Road Company.

BY virtue of an execution issued in the above entitled cause to me directed and delivered, amounting to the sum of four hundred and seventy and 18-100 dollars ($470 18) damages, with interest thereon from July 8th, 1854, and twenty eight and 48-100 dollars ($28 48) costs in said suit, I have seized and taken all the *franchises* of the above named corporation, defendants, with all the rights and privileges thereof, together with all their corporate property both real and personal, which I shall expose for sale and sell at public auction, as by law directed, at the Court House in the City of Milwaukee, on Friday, the 26th day of January A. D. 1855, at 2 o'clock P. M. of that day. HERMAN L. PAGE, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Milwaukee, December 23, 1854.

dec25 dlaw3w

THE above sale is postponed to Friday, the 16th day of February, A. D. 1855, at the same place and hour above named. H. L. PAGE, Sheriff.

January 25, 1855. jan25-d1wtd

GREAT AUCTION SALE OF
Superior Oil Paintings,
At the New York Auction House.

JUST RECEIVED, and will be ready for examination this Saturday morning, a splendid collection of about

One Hundred Choice Original Oil Paintings,

To be sold at Auction on Wednesday Evening next, Jan. 24th, at 7 o'clock. This sale commends itself to picture buyers, and lovers of Art generally, as it comprises many beautiful and desirable pictures of real merit. They are very expensively framed, of larger size than is usual in Auction Rooms, and by Artists of known reputation.

This sale is entirely peremptory, as they are sold to pay advances made by consignees. They will be sold Pictures and Frames together. They are offered with every assurance of satisfaction to purchasers.

Catalogues will be in readiness on Monday Even'g next. Pictures can be seen day and evening until time of sale.

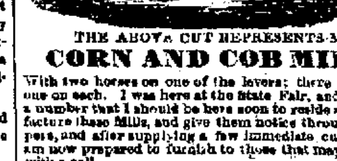
jan20-4t J. H. CRAMPTON, Auctioneer.

Sale of Paintings Postponed.

In consequence of the performance of the Opera on Wednesday evening, and at the solicitation of several lovers of the fine arts, the sale will be postponed to

Thursday Evening Next,

At 7 o'clock. jan24-2t



THE ABOVE CUT REPRESENTS MY

CORN AND COB MILL,

With two horses on one of the levers; there should be one on each. I was here at the State Fair, and promised a number that I should be here soon to reside and manufacture these Mills, and give them notice through the papers, and after supplying a few immediate customers, I am now prepared to furnish to those that may favor me with a call.

I shall have one constantly on hand to exhibit, or for use, free of charge.

COME AND TRY IT.

Warranted to be durable, and will keep them in repair free of charge.

The Mill weighs about four hundred pounds. I furnish the Mill, Hopper, bolts, all except the box and poles, and these will not cost to exceed five dollars, with directions in full.

Two Good Horses will grind from 8 to 10 bushels Corn Cob per hour, fine enough for feed; and 4 bushels of Shelled Corn, or with a mixture of Oats, in the same time with one horse.

I am manufacturing at

M. M. Stone's Threshing Machine Manufactory,
WALKER'S POINT.

E. G. WHITING.

Milwaukee, Jan. 22, 1855. jan23-d&w

VOLNEY FRENCH,
Attorney and Counsellor,
LATE OF KENOSHA, WIS.,

WILL VISIT MOST OF THE COUNTRIES OF EUrope during the year 1855. Any professional or other business left at the SENTINEL OFFICE, Milwaukee, or with H. F. SCHOFF, Esq., Attorney and Linguist, Kenosha, will be promptly attended to. jan23 tf

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE ON FAvorable terms,

ONE SETT CARDS,

Forty Inches, three machines to the sett, with side drawings and vibrating condensers.

SIX FAIRMAN'S IMPROVED PATENT TAPPET LOOMS,

For weaving Cassimere, Doeskins and Plain Cloth.

Two Fulling Mills, Falling Stocks,

ONE SPOOLER, lot of DRESSER SPOOLS with iron heads.

Most of the above Machinery is entirely new and all is in good order for immediate use, and of the latest pattern.

Enquire of F. RIPLEY, Jr., second story Phoenix Block, Milwaukee, or of H. G. ELLSWORTH,

jan23-d1mo Burlington, Wis.

City Land Office.

I HAVE TWO DWELLING HOUSES AND Lots for sale, which will be sold at a Bargain—They are in the First Ward. One of them is within ten minutes walk of the Post Office—the other about twenty minutes. I sold two residences last week. Now is the time to purchase property! By the 1st of May it will be 33 per cent. higher.

I also have a fine Brick house to rent.

jan23 CALEB WALL, Wisconsin-st.

LOST.

AT STOUGHTON, January 15th, 1855, a Calf-Skin WALLET, containing $90 current money, one $20 gold piece, one £20 note on Bank of England. The Wallet has my name in one of the inside folds. The finder will be liberally rewarded. jan23-3d&w JOHN A. CONANT.

The Janesville Free Press and Madison Argus will please copy.

FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE his TAVERN STAND, known as the WASHINGTON HOUSE, in Portage City.

For particulars enquire of the subscriber, now keeping the house. EDWIN SYLVESTER.

jan22-1mo

OYSTERS!

NEW LOT OF FRESH KEG OYSTERS just received by Express, and for sale by H. A. COLEMAN,

Milwaukee, Jan. 22 16 Wisconsin-st.

Ship Ahoy!
STOCK OF MILLINERY,
DIRECT FROM NEW YORK CITY,
AT AUCTION, by J. ROONEY.

J. ROONEY is instructed to sell to the highest bidder at Auction, on Thursday, 25th inst., at 10 o'clock A. M., at my Giant Auction Rooms, 107 East Water-St., a splendid lot of Millinery and Fancy Goods, consisting of splendid Lace Gimps and rich Dress Trimmings, a large lot of Embroidery, such as Ladies Capes, Collars, Chimasetts and Undersleeves, Silk Fringes, Lawns, Barege Delaines, Muslin De'aines, Black and Colored Dress Silks, Linen Pocket Handk'fs, Warp and Cross Barred Muslin, English and French Merinoes, Tailors' Trimmings, Laces, Edgings, Linen and Cotton Thread, Crape Shawls, Curtain Muslins, with a thousand other articles too numerous to mention. The above goods will be open and ready for inspection on Monday, 22d inst., at 10 o'clock.

Let all who have the Cash, call and examine the goods, and satisfy themselves, on the day of the sale, that the goods are free. J. ROONEY, Auctioneer.

January 20.

YOUNG AMERICA BOWLING SALOON!

LADIES' PRIVATE ENTRANCE

First Door South of Davis' Livery Stable,

jan22-3t

CIGARS! CIGARS!!
—AT—
ELIOT BROTHERS,
New York Branch Cigar Store.

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Dealers in the choicest brands of Foreign and Domestic

TOBACCO, CIGARS, SNUFF, &c.,

131 1-2 East Water Street,

Next door North of Uncle Ben's Hat and Cap Store.

Being connected with a large House in New York, we are enabled to sell Cheaper than any firm west of that city. To prove this, call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

N. B.—Pedlars and Dealers furnished at the lowest New York prices. ELLIOT BROTHERS.

nov30-tapr'5kd&wis

FOR SALE.

A DESIRABLE HOUSE AND LOT, on Milwaukee, between Wisconsin and Mason sts.

The above property being pleasantly situated, and in the immediate vicinity of the Government Buildings, (soon to be erected) together with many other attractions, such as the choicest variety of Fruit Trees, Shrubbery, &c., &c., making it one of the most desirable residences in the city, offers great inducements to purchasers. For particulars enquire of

jan18 CHAMPION & DOWN, Real Estate Agents.

REED'S NOTICES.

ALVORD'S HAMS.

AGAIN—The first in the Market. Some of Alvord's choice HAMS, at dec28 H. REED'S.

COUGH CANDY.

THE CELEBRATED AMERICAN COUGH CANDY, a sure cure for Coughs, Colds, Croup, &c., at dec25 H. REED'S.

DRIED PEACHES.

CHOICE DRIED PEACHES, PLUMS and CHERRIES at dec18 REED'S.

JAVA COFFEE.

25 BAGS SUPERIOR OLD JAVA, just arrived at dec5 H. REED'S.

PICKLES!

5000 PICKLES, ASSORTED SIZES, warranted to suit, at dec5 REED'S.

NEW GOODS.

JUST RECEIVED, an excellent and well selected Stock of Goods, which I will sell lower than any other Merchant in the City. HERBERT REED.

Milwaukee, Oct 30. oct30

SMOKED SALMON.

SMOKED AND PICKLED SALMON AND CODFISH just received at oct30 H. REED'S.

NOW IS YOUR TIME!
Selling Off at Cost!

NOW ON HAND, OVER $80,000 WORTH OF

Dry Goods

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS BEEN ENGAGED IN THE Dry Goods business for over Thirty Years, and is now determined to give it up. Therefore, I now offer my

WHOLE STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

at Wholesale or by Retail, for Cash, at

COST;

And many articles will be sold for LESS THAN COST, until the first day of March, 1855; All Goods then on hand will be

Sold at Public Auction,

For whatever they will bring.

The Stock consists in a Great Variety of the Newest Styles of Rich and Desirable

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,

OF ALL KINDS AND DESCRIPTIONS. J. L. PIERCE.

Milwaukee, Jan. 15, 1855. jan15-12win

MILWAUKEE LAND AGENCY!
GREGORY & WELD,
Office in Kneeland's Block, 219 East Water Street.

THE UNDERSIGNED, will give their attention to the purchase and sale of Real Estate—to the purchase, sale and location of Land Warrants—to the leasing of Houses, Lots and Offices, and the collection of Rents—to the PAYMENT OF TAXES in any County in the State, and to the care and management of the property of non-resident proprietors.

They also attend particularly to any business connected with their profession, as

Civil Engineers and Surveyors.

They have now on sale, Farms in every stage of improvement; some of them very desirable, and at great bargains. Also, City Lots, in some of the choicest locations.

They have also on sale, large quantities of unimproved Lands, which having been selected with great care, and at an early day, are of the best quality, and in the most desirable locations in the State.

Letters on subjects connected with their business promptly attended to.

JOHN GREGORY. [jan13 1y] JOHN B. WELD.

Trees! Trees! Trees!

THE SUBSCRIBERS, AUTHORIZED AGENTS FOR
ELLWANGER & BARRY,
PROPRIETORS OF THE
MT. HOPE NURSERIES,

Rochester, N. Y., respectfully announce to the Citizens of Milwaukee and vicinity, that they will remain in the city a few days, and are prepared to receive orders for all kinds of

Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, Plants, Flowers, &c.,

to be delivered at a suitable time for transportation next spring.

They have taken rooms at the *AMERICAN HOUSE,* where they may be seen at any time during their stay.

HORACE BOUGHTON. C. C. JENNINGS.

Milwaukee, Jan. 18. d1w

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, That a term of the County Court, in and for the County of Milwaukee, will be held at the Court House in the City of Milwaukee, commencing on the first Monday of February, A. D. 1855, for the purpose of disposing of all business before said Court, not requiring a Jury. BY ORDER OF THE COURT.

MATTHEW KEENAN, Clerk.

Milwaukee, Jan. 12, 1855. jan15

VALUABLE MEDICINES.
Dr. Jos. Shepherd's Cholera Specific.

DR. JOS. SHEPHERD'S AGUE ELIXIR. Prepared by Dr. JOS. SHEPHERD, Physician Surgeon, &c., Main st., near Oneida, and sold by Druggists generally.

nov27

MRS. SARAH A. COOLEY
(LATE OF FOND DU LAC,) PRINCIPAL OF THE
Wisconsin Female Seminary,
HAS REMOVED TO
Fox Lake, Dodge County, Wisconsin,

AND WILL RE-OPEN HER SEMINARY AT THAT place on WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 3, 1855.

The same three year's course (commonly called Collegiate,) with Preparatory and Ornamental branches, as formerly, will be pursued.

Familiar Lectures will be given on Physical Education, and the numberless little things that constitute the truly educated lady.

It will be the object of the Principal to aid her Pupils in securing such an education as shall, in the highest sense, not only cultivate the intellect, but discipline, elicit and encourage all the purer and more refined emotions of the heart; in short, such an education as shall form a well balanced character, fitting them for any situation in life.

Young Ladies desiring to prepare for TEACHING, will receive special attention.

Pupils for the present will be received for the quarter.

TERMS—of fifteen and eleven weeks, the remainder of the year, with a vacation of one week.

Tuition as formerly, *half in advance.* Board in good families from $1.50 to $2.00.

MRS. COOLEY deems that past success, and expressions of public confidence, render further references unnecessary.

Fox Lake, Dec. 26, 1854. jan2-w5t

TO THE PUBLIC.
MR. J. P. SARGEANT

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Milwaukee and vicinity that he has opened a NEW DAGUERREAN GALLERY, on *Walker's Point, in Walker's Block,* and is now ready to accommodate all persons with a true Daguerreotype miniature of the best and most improved styles of the art. Daguerreotypes taken in clear or cloudy weather, in the best style, for One Dollar and upwards, and warranted not to fade.

MR. SARGEANT has been in this City for the past eight weeks, in E. W. Fowler's Gallery, and has given perfect satisfaction to all customers, and hopes that he will be patronized in his New Gallery.

Please call and examine his work.

MUSIC!

MR. J. P. SARGEANT would respectfully inform his friends and the public in general, that he has a good COTILLION BAND, and is now ready to furnish Music in large or small bands, for Cotillion Parties or Balls, at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.

He has also a Large Hall in Walker's Block, for Dancing, where he will give instructions to Classes or private persons, in the following Dances: Quadrilles, Contra Dances, Spanish Dances, Reels, Polka Waltz and Polka Reel, Hop Waltz, German Waltz, Waltzes in two, three, four, five and six steps. J. P. SARGEANT,

Milwaukee, January 4th, 1855. Jan9-3m

"Richard is Himself Again!"

HAVING RECEIVED NEW TOOLS, THE BEST IN the Western States, among which is Lathes with cut gears for Screw Cutting turning tapers, &c., and a splendid Planer, capable of ploughing up iron 14 feet in length, is prepared with good workmen to do anything in the

CASTING, BLACKSMITHING,
Or Finishing Line,

With promptness and despatch.

Steam Engines, Saw and Flouring Mill Irons

Made to order, from the most approved patterns.

When necessary, all work, particularly repairs, will be prosecuted day and night until finished.

A share of work solicited and warranted to give satisfaction. Address orders, "WISCONSIN IRON WORKS," on the Water Power, Milwaukee, Wis.

Jan1-3mos A. J. LANGWORTHY.

City Land Office.

WANTED to purchase—Railroad Stock, County Orders, Short Time Notes, Indiana Money.

oc13 CALEB WALL.

TO MILL OWNERS.

WANTED TO RENT, A MILL IN THE COUNTRY, with not less than two run of stone—one that is built either for Custom or Merchant business. The rent will be paid in advance if required. Address P. O., Box 789

Jan13 1w*

SEVERAL THOUSAND DOLLARS TO ADVANCE on Personal Property.

Thirty Days Notes Purchased. Railroad Stock purchased. nov9 CALEB WALL.

PRINTERS BE ON HAND!
A GREAT CHANCE.

A COMPLETE NEWSPAPER AND JOB OFFICE, comprising TWO PRESSES, a full assortment of JOB TYPE, CASES, and everything necessary to carry on the business.

The whole will be sold at a "sacrifice," on immediate application to H. D. HULL,

Jan19-3t Over the Bank of Commerce.

A Farm Wanted.

AN IMPROVED PLACE, within ten or twelve miles of town, not exceeding 80 or 100 acres.

Jan19 tf GREGORY & WELD.

$10,000!

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL THE ABOVE amount of Goods, consisting of

Clothing and Piece Goods,

On a long credit, say five years, if desired. The Goods will be sold at CASH PRICES, and the security must be an Unincumbered Real Estate.

dec28-d&wim MAGIE & SWAIN.

I HAVE THIS DAY RECEIVED, by American Express, an invoice of fine Silver, Anchors and Lepines, which I will sell very low for Cash or approved credit. J. ROONEY,

jan20 Sign of the Giant.

Bosworth & Sons' Advertisements.

STREET & Co's Celebrated Feather Dusters, in endless variety, at jan18 BOSWORTH & SONS.

WHISK BROOMS—50 doz. at BOSWORTH & SONS.

RUSHTON'S Iceland Moss Candy—The reliable preparation for Coughs, Colds and all Pulmonary Complaints, can be found at BOSWORTH & SONS.

SHOULDER BRACES—The greatest variety in the market, at BOSWORTH & SONS.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS—100 doz. at BOSWORTH & SONS.

COOPER'S Sheet Isinglass, Bitter Almonds and Gelatine, at BOSWORTH & SONS.

WE REQUEST ALL PERSONS using our Pioneer Lamps to return the same immediately, and receive a new one in exchange. H. BOSWORTH & SONS.

LAMP OILS, &c.—100 barrels Refined Winter Whale.
50 barrels Bleached Whale.
25 barrels Bleached Elephant.
24 " Lard oil.
75 " Tanners' Oil.
50 " Machinery Oil.

All in perfect order and good condition, at BOSWORTH & SONS.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—50 bbls in store at BOSWORTH & SONS.

VARNISHES—Nos. 1, 2 and 3, Furniture, Coach, Body, Damar, Japan and Leather, in bbls, half bbls and cans, which we offer to the trade at the lowest market prices. BOSWORTH & SONS.

CASTOR OIL—10 bbls American, at BOSWORTH & SONS.

W. S. WELLS & CO.,
183 East Water Street,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS,
TAILOR'S TRIMMINGS, &c.
Ready Made Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

They invite particular attention of Country Dealers to their immense stock of Ready Made Clothing, which they are prepared to sell at five to ten per cent below New York and Boston prices, for Cash or approved paper.

W. S. WELLS. A. N. DICKENS.

jan17 3mo Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

CITY LAND OFFICE.

A GRAND OPPORTUNITY. WHICH SELDOM OFFERS.

I HAVE FOR SALE, THE DWELLING HOUSE AND TWO LOTS, of A. W. HATCH, Esq., corner of Van Buren and Martin sts. The property is the most desirable and valuable in our city. The house is one of comfort and convenience. There are arrangements in this house that you will seldom find. The house, from the outward appearance, is frame; but in fact it is a brick house, and better than a brick, for it is all filled in with brick, and then lined upon the brick, and then was lathed and boarded. Twenty cords of wood will keep this house warm and comfortable through the winter, where it would take sixty cords to keep others comfortable. There are two parlors and four other rooms on the first floor, and five or six chambers in second story, together with woodhouse, barn, cistern, well, &c., &c.; and also a yard, filled with fruit trees and shrubbery.

The property is worth, and I could have sold it early last summer or fall, for ten or twelve thousand dollars; but it can now be purchased at a great bargain, and he who should be so lucky as to get it, will win a prize. It must and will be sold within the next ten days, and if you have any offers to make, call on me and I will tell you the price and terms. jan17 CALEB WALL.

New Publications.

HISTORY of the Origin and Adoption of the Constitution of the United States, with notices of its principal Framers, by George Ticknor Curtis, in 2 vols.

Later Years, by the author of "The Old House by the River," and "The Owl Creek Letters."

Parish and other Pencilings, by Kirwan, author of "Letters to Bishop Hughes," "Romanism at Home," "Thing as seen in Europe," &c.

Wood's Illustrated Natural History, with 450 Original Designs, by Wm. Harvey.

Bleak House, by Charles Dickens, with Illustrations by H. K. Browne, 2 vols.

The Rose and the Ring, or the history of Prince Giglio and Prince Bulbo, by W. M. Thackeray.

Abbott's History, Agnes and Carolina of France six Stories.

Harper's Stories, Book No. 1.

The Young Husband, by Mrs. Grey, author of "The Gambler's Wife," &c.

This day received and for sale by ARCH. WILSON,

jan17 No. 175 East Water street.

H. A. COLEMAN,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
COMMISSION DEALER IN
FRUIT, OYSTERS, POULTRY, GAME, &c., &c.

Fresh Butter, Cheese, Eggs and Lard, at the Lower Market Price.

No. 16 WISCONSIN STREET, (Basement.)

Milwaukee, (jan3-d1ys) Wisconsin.

OLD GOLD AND SILVER—The highest price paid, by dec14 HOOD & GOODRICH

Just Received,

IDA MAY—Fifth arrival.
Life of P. T. Barnum
Twin Cousins, or Mutual Influence.
Fulcibert, by Dumas. At C. J. GILBERTS,
jan16 No. 11 Wisconsin-st.

TO PRINTERS.
A Chance for a Bargain!

ANY PERSON WISHING TO ENGAGE IN THE publishing of a Democratic Paper, will hear of one of the best opportunities in the interior of the state, by making application to this Office, and for further particulars. The paper has a good circulation, a first rate advertising patronage, a good run of job work, two iron Presses, and a good variety of job type, all of which is offered for sale at a bargain. jan13 6w

NOTICE.

OFFICE MERCHANTS MUTUAL INSURANCE Co., } Milwaukee, Jan. 17, 1855. }

AN ELECTION of five Trustees and three Inspectors of Election, will be held at the Rooms of the Company, on Thursday, the first day of February next, between the hours of 11 and 12 A. M.

By order of the Board.

jan18-d2w F. W. BURROWS, Sec'y.

$10,000!

CASH ADVANCES MADE ON STORAGE OF MERchandise of every description, in sums to suit, from $5 to $500. Also, on Real Estate, Mortgages and every kind of Personal Property, or the same purchased on liberal terms, for cash.

Room No. 7, Kneeland's Building, 219 East Water-st., up stairs. dec21 3mos*

E. G. WHITING,
PATENTEE AND MANUFACTURER OF THE
WISCONSIN PLOUGH,

WITH THE STEEL SHEAR, made in a swedge, as perfect as a cast one. Also, his CORN AND COB GRINDER, warranted to suit or no sale. May be found at M. M. Stone's Threshing Machine Factory, Milwaukee.

jan12-d&wtf

$250 REWARD!

WHEREAS, It is believed that the several fires which occurred on the nights of Tuesday and Wednesday of the present week, which have been so destructive of property, were the work of incendiaries: Now, therefore, by virtue of the Ordinances in such cases made and provided, I, Byron Kilbourn, Mayor of the City of Milwaukee, do hereby offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLARS, to be paid by said city to any person or persons who shall give such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person concerned in setting or causing either of said fires, whereby any of the several buildings were destroyed on either of said nights. If more than one person was acting in causing said fires, said reward is to be paid to the full amount for *each one* who may be convicted thereof, to the person or persons furnishing the information leading to such arrest and conviction.

And furthermore, I hereby in like manner offer a reward of TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS to any person or persons who will give such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of any person who has set fire to any house or barn within this city during the past year of 1854, whereby such house or barn or other building have been destroyed or seriously damaged.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand officially, this 5th day of January, 1855.

Jan8 BYRON KILBOURN, Mayor.

CITY LAND OFFICE.
A Great, Grand Bargain

READ THE FOLLOWING:

80 Acres of Land, 4½ miles from City limits, on the Mukwonago Plank Road, 35 acres improvements, 4 acres the very best, and heavy timbered, a good log house with four rooms, and a large, well finished barn. Two wells and two springs on the place—a large Orchard, all grafted and seedling fruit, and all bearing. The land has very handsome building spots all along the road. Before the house is ornamental trees, together with a variety of shrubbery. The terms are easy—one-half down, balance in annual payments for ten years, with 7 per cent interest. The price for the above place you can ascertain by calling at my office. It is very cheap. Any one who should want to see the place, I will drive them out.

Jan19 CALEB WALL.

MILCH COWS FOR SALE.

CHOICE DAIRY AND CITY COWS constantly on hand. Also, thorough bred DEVON and DURHAM COWS and HEIFERS, selected by experienced Judges, from the best herds of Kentucky and Ohio.

Persons wishing to purchase for cash, or credit with approved security, will find a good assortment, and reasonable prices.

Enquire at the La Crosse Railroad Office.

Jan10-d&wtf

CITY LAND OFFICE.

LAW BUILDINGS, WISCONSIN STREET.

I HAVE a Farm to exchange for a House and Lot in this City. The Farm, 79½ acres, with all the stock, as follows: Span of Horses, 3 milch Cows, 2 Heifers, 8 Hogs, 13 Sheep, 2 Wagons, ploughs, Harrows, Fanning Mill, with all other farming utensils, together with about 30 Chickens. There is also a good Orchard—bearing. The Dwelling is a good Log House, and a good Granery. It is in Waukesha County, two miles from Jenkins' Station. A good bargain, and a good chance for some one who wants to farm it. Apply to Jan10 CALEB WALL.

SILVER WATCHES.—300 Silver Watches from $5 to $75, at dec9 A. B. VAN COTT'S.

GOLD WATCHES.—200 Fine Gold Watches, 18 Carats, from $15 to $200, at A. B. VAN COTT'S.

dec9

ELECTION NOTICE
OF THE MILWAUKEE & MISSISSIPPI RAILROAD COMPANY.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Milwaukee and Mississippi Railroad Company, for the election of Fifteen Directors, will be held at the office of said Company, in the City of Milwaukee, on the second Tuesday (the 13th day) of February next, at 12 o'clock M. The polls will be kept open from 12 o'clock M., till 4 o'clock P. M., of said day. By order of the Board of Directors.

WM. TAINTOR, Secretary.

Milwaukee, 30th Dec. 1854. Jan1-td

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDers of the Fox River Valley Railroad Company, for the election of Directors, will be held at the House of Edward Allen, in the Village of Burlington, Racine County, Wisconsin, on the third Wednesday, being the 17th day of January, A. D. 1855, at 1 o'clock P. M.

WM. P. LYON, Secretary.

Burlington, Dec. 28, 1854. dec27-20d

BY TELEGRAPH.

BY SPEED'S LINE.

[REPORTED FOR THE SENTINEL.]

Evening Despatch.
New York Market.

FLOUR—Market without important change and demand moderate, sales 5000 bbls 8,12@8,37 for common to straight and choice state.

GRAIN.—Wheat steady, sales 2000 bush Long Island 2,10; Rye quiet at 1,35; Corn better and in good demand, sales 5000 bush at 95@98 for South yellow and white 99 for mixed Western in store—Oats unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Market firmer, for old mess Pork at 12,31; new mess 14,12a14,25; new prime 13a13,25; Prime mess 14a16; Whiskey easier at 35½.

New York, Jan. 24.

Another snow storm commenced in this city about seven this morning, and still continues without any prospect of stopping. The agents of Packet Ship George Canning, which sailed from this port for Hamburgh December 22d, with thirty passengers, and cargo valued at $70,000, received a brief dispatch by the Canada, stating the total loss of the vessel, but no particulars.—The Baltic sailed at noon with 61 passengers and $750,000 in specie.

Fire in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 24.

A fire in this city last night, destroyed the Warehouse of Ball & Torney, Commission Merchants, and store of Stevenson & Co.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 24.

SENATE.—The Army Appropriation Bill was taken up and discussed.

HOUSE.—The bill to pay the French claims was taken up in Committee, and sundry speeches made. No action had.

Arrest of Mexican Consul.

NEW YORK, Jan. 24.

The *Baltic* is detained by the storm. The late Mexican Consul has been arrested in this city, at the request of the Mexican Government, for deducting $70,000 discount of the seven millions which he received from the U. S. Judge Duer ordered him to be held to bail in the sum of $90,000.

Wisconsin Iron.

The manufacture of Iron in this State is yet but partially developed. The furnace of BEAN & Co, on the east branch of Rock River, near Maryville, and the forge of the Iron Company at Horicon, are the only establishments in the State.

The Furnace is now in a very promising condition, and turns out daily from seven to ten tons of pig-iron. The quality of the iron has been much improved lately, and will now answer well for many purposes for which at first it was wholly unfit. This iron is remarkable for the smoothness of the castings made from it. A stove plate direct from the mould will look as if polished with black lead.

The Horicon Forge has been engaged for most of the past summer, in experimenting upon the Dodge County ore; some very satisfactory results have been produced, but on the whole, the manufacture of bar iron from this source has not been profitable.—There is some foreign substance in the ore, which will not be discovered, in order to apply the remedy, without further experiments. It is now intended to try the process of roasting the ore, and also to erect a puddling furnace.

But the forge has for a month past been producing a very superior quality of iron in bars of all sizes, from scrap iron. Within five miles of Horicon is an inexhaustible bed of iron ore, lying directly on the La Crosse Railroad. This ore can be brought to this point at little cost for transportation. It is dug from the earth as easy as you would dig sand from a sandbank. All we want, then, is *Capital,* in order to make this IRON INTEREST one of the most prominent in our State. The ore is practically inexhaustible. A hundred furnaces in a hundred years would but fairly open the deposite to view.

We hope soon to chronicle the erection of two Puddling furnaces—one near the ore bed and one at this place. A Foundry and Machine Shop is in contemplation also, and certainly no better point can be found for these manufactures than at this place. With an extensive water power—proximity to the ore bed, and two forests of hard wood for coal purposes, in the heart of the first Agricultural County, upon the line of the La Crosse road, certainly capital should not be long seeking out such an investment.—[Horicon Argus.

BAD FOR LUMBERMEN.—Up to 11th of January with the exception of a few slight flurries, there has been no snow, or sleighing this winter, in the Black River pineries; consequently teams are idle, and few logs are taken to the river. This state of things brings trouble, expense, and discouragement to the lumbermen. Work or no work, oxen have to be fed, and men paid; and prices are up. Hay is worth $15 a ton, and Meal 75c a bushel. There must be at least 300 teams unemployed on Black river, that are kept up at an expense of a dollar per day. A good many hands are in the same fix. The lumbermen have been cutting very freely, but so far the "open winter" has given them no chance with sleds, and *wheels* are out of the question.

Of course there are signs and symptoms of snow every day, and snow-prophets are plenty, but prayers and prophets haven't availed anything yet. However, we will hope for a regular, old-fashioned 'break-down' in February or March Four weeks of good sledding will help the lumbermen out wonderfully.—[La Crosse National Dem. Jan. 13.

CONTINGENT EXPENSES OF THE "STATE."—Some funny items are contained in the statement, by the Governor, of the expenditure of the $10,000 contingent fund appropriated to him by the last Legislature. Among the more noticeable are the following:

For services of Chas. James at Washington,........................$600
Andrew Proudfit on State Prison contract..............................2,655

Mr. James' services, as far as we have learned, consisted in writing an argument, addressed to Hon. Caleb Cushing, Attorney General of the U. S., respecting the application of the Governor for the five per cent. due the State, arising from the sale of Public Lands, which makes thirteen coarsely printed pages. The propriety of paying Mr. Proudfit out of this fund is more than doubtful.—[Madison Journal.

They know where to look for good Officers in the Wisconsin Legislature. Col. SHOLES who is elected Speaker, and Mr. ATWOOD, chosen Clerk of the House, are both Printers, who have long been honorably identified with the Press of Wisconsin.—[Albany Evening Journal.

MARINE DISASTER—HEAVY LOSS.—The ship *Tingqua,* owned by Oliphant & Sons, of New York bound from Shanghae (China) to New York, with a cargo of teas, &c., struck on a shoal off Cape Hatteras on the 12th inst, and became a total loss. The vessel and cargo, together, were worth $350,000; principally insured in New York.

PROSCRIPTION OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES.—In the Massachusetts House of Representatives, on the 15th inst., the following order was submitted:

"That the Committee on Education be instructed to consider the expediency of directing the Sergeant-at-Arms to remove from this hall the Latin inscription over the Speaker's desk, "*Ense petit placidam sub libertate quietem*"—and to place in its stead a literal English translation of the same."

This is "SAM'S" latest manifestation in Massachusetts. Now we respectfully move to amend the above "order" by substituting the word "Indian" for "English." Indian being so far as we know, the "Native" dialect of these United States and "English" as much a "foreign language" as Latin.

MONEY RECEIVED FOR TAXES.—By the following notice issued to a Collector in Winnebago County, the State Treasurer seems to intimate that if the County Treasurer cannot "conveniently" pay all the taxes in coin, the State will consent to receive one-half in bills of Wisconsin Banks:

OFFICE OF THE STATE TREASURER, }
Madison, Jan. 10, 1855. }

To the County Treasurer of Winnebago County:

Dear Sir:—As there seems to be a misapprehension in some of the newspapers published in this State in reference to what moneys will be received for taxes at this office, I take this opportunity to inform you that *if it will not be convenient for you to bring the whole amount* of the money due to the State from your County in coin, *about one half of it* will be received in Bills of Wisconsin Banks that have complied with the law and requirements of the Comptroller.

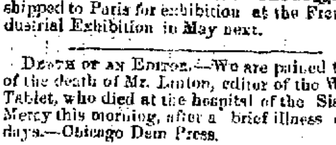
Respectfully, etc.,
E. H. JANSSEN,
State Treasurer.

LARGE VERDICT.—The jury in the Supreme Court, at Boston, in the case of Miss Emmons, against the city, for damages received by falling through a coal hole on the sidewalk, gave a verdict in favor of the plaintiff, and fixed the damages at $4,000.

THE MONSTER NUGGET.—The monster "Nugget," weighing 160¾ lbs, avoirdupois, and giving a value after deducting twenty pounds of quartz, of $38,920, has arrived in New York, where it attracts much attention. This lump was found in Calaveras County, Nov 27th, just as the lucky party were on the point of quitting work for supper. It was taken out from fifteen feet below the bed of a creek. The nugget is be shipped to Paris for exhibition at the French Industrial Exhibition in May next.

DEATH OF AN EDITOR.—We are pained to learn of the death of Mr. Linton, editor of the Western Tablet, who died at the hospital of the Sisters of Mercy this morning, after a brief illness of ten days.—Chicago Dem Press.

MISCELLANEOUS.



THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the Public, that he has opened, on

Spring Street, Opposite the American House,

A NEW

PIANO FORTE WARE-ROOM!

Where he will keep on hand a good assortment of the celebrated

AMERICAN ACTION PIANO FORTES,

Manufactured by GEORGE HEWS, of Boston, Mass.

The Patent American Action Piano Forte is distinguished for its great fullness, richness and sweetness of tone, evenness of scale, and delicacy of touch. The improvement in the Action renders it less liable to derangement, and also greatly facilitates execution. Numerous medals, diplomas and certificates have been received from various fairs and industrial exhibitions in different cities of the Union, from the World's Fair at London, and flattering testimonials from the profession, residents at Boston and elsewhere, among which are the following:

From the Illustrious Pianist, L. M. GOTTSCHALK, to Mr HEWS, Agent at New York:

NEW YORK, Dec. 5, 1853.

MR. N J CURTISS:—

Dear Sir: Having had the pleasure of performing upon two Hews' American Action Piano at the World's Fair in this city the present year, and other of his Pianos at your Wareroom, which afforded me much gratification, I cheerfully recommend them to the public. I am very glad of the improvement in the action. These instruments likewise are of excellent tone, owing, no doubt, to the perfection of the scales.

Very Respectfully, L. M. GOTTSCHALK.

From the distinguished Pianist, WILLIAM MASON:

MR. HEWS:—Having repeatedly played upon the Piano Fortes manufactured by you, with the American Action, I am free to acknowledge, that for certainty and elasticity of action, power, purity and equality of tone, I have never seen them surpassed in the square Piano Forte.

WILLIAM MASON.

Purchasers and lovers of music in general, are respectfully invited to call and examine these instruments. These Pianos will be sold at Boston prices, and warranted to give satisfaction in every respect.

Pianos to Let. Old Pianos taken in exchange, and liberal prices allowed.

Pianos Tuned and Repaired.

nov21 F. C. MENDE.

NEW MUSIC!
JUST RECEIVED, AT
H. N. Hempsted's Music Store,
No. 175 EAST WATER STREET.

NEW SONGS—The Wife's Appeal; I Love and am Happy; I take your hand in mine Willie; I really must be in the Fashion; Love's Approach; Oh, bid me not Forget; The Warrior Page; The Last Good Night, by Woodbury; Answer to "Thou hast Wounded the Spirit;" When shall we Meet; The Wandering Heart; Down the River; I've Waited for the Spring-time; I Dreamt that he Loved me; Adieu Dear Home, &c.

NEW POLKAS AND SCHOTTISCHES—Morning Dews Polka; Table Moving Schottisch; 30 Grand Polka de Concert, by Wallace; Sophie Polka; Gazelle Schottisch; Gold Fish Schottisch; Boston Belle's Polka; Amaranth Schottisch; Twilight Dream Polka; Farewell Polka, by Alfred Jaell; Fanny Fern's Polka; Pretty Girl's Polka; Bashful Beau's Polka; Bayadere Polka; La Belona Polka de Concert; Shanghai Polka; Game King Schottisch, &c.

NEW FANTASIES, VARIATIONS, &c.—Chanson d'Amour, La Sicilienne Tarentelle, by Chas. Mayer; Idyl, by Spindler; Vesper Hymn, Transcribed by Wallace; Souvenir de Naples, Barcarole by Wallace; Rose d'Hiver Nocturne, by Kuhe; Fading away, Transcription by Wallace; Octave Study, by Carl Evers; "Une jour d'ete," Fantasie; Grand Etude de Concert, by Chas. Mayer; Une nuit sur l'Ocean, by Goebel; Three Musical Stories, for Piano, by Th. Oester; Haydn's "Surprise," varied by Wallace, &c., &c. dec30

Great Western Mail Route.
WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

Galena and Chicago Union Railroad!

Beloit and Madison, and Dixon and Iowa Central Route.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, DECEMBER, 4th, 1854, two passenger trains will leave daily, [Sunday's excepted,] from Wells street depot, as follows:

For Galena at 9 A. M., and 3 P. M.

Passengers for Beloit, Milwaukee, Janesville & Madison, will leave Chicago at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.

Passengers for Dixon and Iowa Central Route will leave Chicago at 3 P. M.

Passengers for Belvidere, Rockford and Freeport, will leave Chicago at 9 A. M. and 3 P. M.

TRAINS EASTWARD:

Leave Galena 10 A. M., arrive at Chicago 7:15 P. M.
" Freeport 3:20 A. M., arrive at Chicago 11:25 A. M.
" Rockville 5:30 A. M., arrive at Chicago 11:25 A. M.
" " 1:20 P. M., arrive at Chicago 7:15 P. M.
" Dixon 6:15 A. M., arrive at Chicago 11:25 P. M.

Connections made east with all the Great Eastern lines to Buffalo, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Cleveland, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Central and Southern Ohio. JOHN B. TURNER, Superintendent.

Chicago, Dec. 4 1854. jan19

NEW ALBANY AND SALEM RAILROAD,
WINTER ARRANGEMENTS.

THE MOST DIRECT AND EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE from Chicago, to Cincinnati, Louisville, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Baltimore, Washington, Wheeling, Zanesville, Columbus, Dayton and other important places in the interior and Northern Portions of Ohio and Pennsylvania. Until further notice Express Passenger Trains will leave Michigan Central Depot, in connection with New Albany and Salem R. R. as follows:

LOUISVILLE NEW ALBANY AND PITTSBURGH EXPRESS will leave daily,) Saturday's Excepted) at 9,00 P. M., arriving at Lafayette the next morning, and at Louisville by N. A. & S. R. R. same afternoon. This Train also connects at Indianapolis with trains direct of the Indiana Central, Indianapolis, and Cincinnati, and Bellefontaine R. Roads. For above mentioned places, but one change of Passengers and Baggage between Chicago and New Albany.

CINCINNATI EXPRESS will leave daily (Sundays excepted) at 6 25 A. M., arriving at Lafayette at 11,50, Indianapolis 3.0 P. M., and Cincinnati at 9,00 P. M. Baggage checked to Lafayette, Indianapolis and New Albany.

Through Tickets can be obtained in Chicago of H. J. Spaulding, corner of Lake and Dearborn streets, opposite The Tremont House, at Granite Block, corner of Lake and Clark street; at M. C. R. R. Depot, and at the different ticket offices in the West.

Freight trains to and from New Albany daily, and freights forwarded with promptness and at low rates, for which see joint tariff with M. C. R. R. Co.

C. KNOWLTON.

an19 Superintendent.

MUSIC! MUSIC!! MUSIC!!!

THE MILWAUKEE ARTILLERY BAND,

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM the Public generally that they are prepared to supply BALLS AND PRIVATE PARTIES

WITH GOOD MUSIC,

Either Brass or Stringed Instruments on the shortest notice, and at reasonable rates.

P. S.—They have also engaged an experienced and fashionable Caller.

All orders left at Van Cott's Jewelry Store will be promptly attended to. THEODORE KNOLL, Leader.

Milwaukee, Nov. 8, 1854. nov16-3m

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the Annual Meeting of Stockholders of the Green Bay, Milwaukee and Chicago Railroad Company, for the election of Nine Directors, will be held at the Office of the Company, in the City of Milwaukee on Wednesday, the 14th day of February next at 10 o'clock A. M., as prescribed by the By Laws.

Milwaukee, Jan, 2, 1855. dtd

C. F. ALTON, Secretary.

I HAVE SOME THREE THOUSAND DOLlars worth of the best quality of fine Y. Hyson, Gunpowder and Black Teas on hand, and also a large lot of Smoking and Chewing Tobacco, all of the best quality, and as it is entirely out of my line of business, I will sell them in large or small quantities for Cash or approved credit, at a trifle less than Eastern first cost

Jan19 J. ROONEY, Sign of the Giant.

HOUSE WANTED.

A GOOD TENANT can be had for a small house, by applying to GREGORY & WELD,

jan19 tf Milwaukee Land Agency.

Office of United States Insurance Co., } MILWAUKEE, January 19, 1855. }

AN ELECTION FOR THREE DIRECTORS OF THE United States Insurance Company, will be held at the office of said Company, No. 2 Martin's Block, Milwaukee, on the first Monday of February next. The polls will be opened from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M.

By order of the Board.

jan20-1d J. A. HELFENSTEIN, Secretary.

WHITON & KING,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,
Janesville, - Wisconsin.

Are prepared to attend to business in the several Courts of this State. Having at much expense procured an abstract of the Records of Land Titles in Rock County, and secured the services of Mr. T. W. Gibbs, late Deputy Register, they are prepared to furnish perfect abstracts of title to lands in said County.

They will attend to the purchase and sale of Land, the payment of Taxes, and the settlement of tax titles by suit or otherwise, in any County in Wisconsin.

Collections made and proceeds remitted on the day of their receipt.

EDWARD V. WHITON. [jan22-6mo] CHANEY P. KING.

A GENTLEMAN OF MICHIGAN offers for sale, 4,000 Acres of Pine Land, (upon which there is from twenty to forty millions feet of Lumber,) at $5 per acre, and to lend $10,000 to build a Mill, and all upon such credit as will enable the purchaser to realize from the Lumber to meet his payments. The land is within an average distance of 2½ miles of the eight steam mills, at the village of Muskegon, in Michigan. Ten per cent. interest and ample security will be required. Apply to or address WHITON & KING,

January 23, 1855. 3w Janesville, Wis.

Great Reduction in Prices!
ON A
SMALL STOCK OF GOODS,
AT
CHANDLER & JENNINGS,
No. 199 EAST WATER STREET.
Milwaukee, Wisconsin.

HAVING A FEW GOODS LEFT, WE ARE DETERMINED TO SELL THEM

Cheaper than any other House in Milwaukee!

And to convince the public of this fact, and that we mean what we say, we will name the prices of some of the

SMALL STOCK,
AMONG WHICH MAY BE FOUND

50 Long Wool Shawls at $2 00—usually sold at $3.00,
50 Long Wool Shawls at $3,00—usually sold at $5,00,
25 Long Wool Shawls at $6,00—usually sold for $10,00,
Red Flannels for 25c—same as was sold before for 31c,
White Flannels for 25c—same as was sold before for 31c,
Striped Sheeting at 8c—same as was sold for 1s,
Bleached Muslin, 1 yard wide, for 9c—same as we have been selling at 1s;
Brown Sheetings at 6 cents—the same as we have been selling at 8 cents,
Plaid Merinoes for 25 cents—as good as can be bought for 3s, at any House in Milwaukee,
500 pieces Calico at 6c—the same that we have been selling at 10 cents,
Muslin DeLaines at 1s—as good as are usually sold at 1s 6c,
Wool DeLaines at 2s—as good as can be bought at 32c,
Paramettas and Lyonese at 18c—as good as can be bought at 31c,
French Merinoes at 50c—usually sold at 75c,
Alpaccas for 18c—usually sold at 31c,
Elegant Black Silks, warranted to wear well, at 75c.

SMALL STOCK AND LOW PRICES!

A SMALL STOCK OF SILKS—Plain, Plaid, Striped and Figured.

LACES AND EMBROIDERIES, the most attractive for a SMALL STOCK, in the City. But we cannot enumerate all of our SMALL STOCK. We are offering inducements never before realized in Milwaukee.

N. B.--Small Stock and Low Prices!

We assure the Public that we do just as we say in this advertisement. Every one knows that the times are hard and we now propose to give the entire community the benefit of these Low Prices. We have reduced our

Small Stock

Correspondingly, and we solicit the public generally to call at our establishment.

SMALL STOCK AND LOW PRICES!
No. 199 East Water Street.

SAM'L CHANDLER. [jan19] R. P. JENNINGS.

SPECIAL NOTICE!
$100,000 WORTH OF GOODS TO BE SACRIFICED!
Tremendous Reduction from Former Prices,
—AT—
MACK BROTHERS.

In consequence of the lateness of the season, and in order to close our present

IMMENSE STOCK OF DRY GOODS,

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO OFFER TO OUR CUSTOMERS

GREATER INDUCEMENTS THAN ANY EVER BEFORE PRESENTED!

THE CLOSING SALES OF THE SEASON WILL COMMENCE MONDAY, JANUARY 1st, AND BE CONTINued until the end of the month, it being our intention to dispose of the

Entire Stock in both Stores

during that time.

The goods having been purchased with all the advantages of "Hard Times" prices, will be sold at a very small advance on the cost, assuring our customers that with our usual philanthropy, we are willing to give them the full benefit of the same, and purchasers are invited to avail themselves of this opportunity to secure Bargains.

SILKS! SILKS!! SILKS!!!

Rich, Plain and Changeable Silks, which cost to import 75c., at 4s per yard; fine do, Striped and Plaid, 50c; Rich Plaid Silks, Importer's prices $1,15, at 75c; Splendid High Lustred Black Silks at 75c, 7s and $1,60, cost $1, $1,38 and $1,50; New Silk Plaids which cost to import 42½c, at 4s. All Wool Plaids, imported cost 90c, now 5s 6d. 5,000 yards Delaines sold at 1s to 2s 6d, now $2,00 for dress, Trimmings thrown in.

FRENCH MERINOES.

Fine French Merinoes, all shades, which cost to import, $1, now sell at 5s 6d per yard.

PARAMETTAS AND ENGLISH MERINOES.

10,000 yards at 2s—usual price, 3s. 5,000 superfine, at 3s—usual price, 4s. 3,000 extra fine, 4s—sold at 6s.

Shawls, Shawls!

We have now in store over $10,000 worth of Shawls of every variety, quality and description, received within ten days, and purchased 50 per cent. less than cost of Importation or Manufacture.

5,000 Long and Square Broche Shawls, importation of Hennequin & Co, Bernard & Hutton, of Paris, and warranted French Manufacture, at $17 and $20—cost more than double to import.

EMBROIDERIES.

We have the largest assortment of Embroideries ever brought to this City, consisting of Chemisettes, Sleeves, Collars, Embroidered Pocket Handkerchiefs, Swiss and Cambric Bands and Flounces, Swiss and Jaconet Edgings and Insertings, Infant's Robes and Waists, Ladies' Embr'd Caps, English and German Laces. Also, Silk and Cotton Illusions at a reduction of 25 per cent.

CLOAKS AND MANTILLAS,

Of the most approved designs. Black and Colored Satins and Silk Velvet, every width and quality, for Cloaks.

Ribbons and Trimmings,

A Splendid Assortment, such as Plush, Grenadine, Moire Antique, Brocade, a great variety of styles and prices, and all of the latest mode.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

50 Cases Fast Colored PRINTS at 6c and 8c. Lancaster Ginghams at 12½c. Welch and American Flannels at 2s Cloths, Cassimers and Satinets at an immense loss.

Merchants, Pedlars and Milliners supplied at a reduction of 10 per cent. of above prices.

Purchasers will find it to their interest to call on us, as, without any fear of contradiction, we are abundantly able to guarantee the above prices.

MACK BROTHERS,
dec30 Milwaukee Saving Store, 181 East Water Street.

GOODS GOING OFF AT A GREAT SACRIFICE!
BOYD & LEDYARD,

HAVING DETERMINED TO REDUCE THEIR IMMENSE STOCK OF

DRESS GOODS,

OFFER THEIR ENTIRE STOCK OF ALL WOOL DELAINES AT

LESS THAN HALF THEIR ORIGINAL COST!

They would call particular attention to their Magnificent Stock of

SHAWLS.

LONG AND SQUARE, OF ALL THE DIFFERENT MAKES AND STYLES, AT PRICES LOWER THAN EVER offered in Milwaukee. For instance, All-Wool Long Shawls that we have been selling for $9 and $10, we now offer for $5 and $7, and every other kind of Shawl in proportion.

LADIES wishing to purchase anything in the

DRY GOODS LINE,

Will find it greatly to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere, as we defy competition, and cannot under any circumstances, be undersold by any House west of New York.

Milwaukee, Nov. 22, 1854. nov23

CARPETS AND OIL CLOTHS!
BOYD & LEDYARD,
No. 7 Spring Street, West Side of the River, Milwaukee.

WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE ATTENTION OF PURCHASERS TO their Large and Splendid Stock of

Carpetings,

THIS DAY RECEIVED, CONSISTING IN PART OF

Velvets, Tapestries, Brussels, Three-Plys, Ingrains, Stair Carpets, all widths; Oil Cloths, from 3 to 12 feet wide; Canton Mattings, Cocoa Mattings, &c., &c.,

And every other description of Goods in the CARPET LINE, at Prices LOWER than ever offered by any House out of New York.

NO CHARGE FOR SHOWING GOODS.

Terms CASH, and no Deviation from the first Price.

Call, See and Examine for Yourselves.

Milwaukee, Nov. 22, 1854. nov23

1854!
ESTABLISHED 1844.
WISCONSIN WHOLESALE DRUG WAREHOUSE!
AND
The Principal Agency in the North-West,

FOR THE SALE OF ALL THE MOST RELIABLE AND

POPULAR PATENT MEDICINES OF THE DAY.

DEALERS SUPPLIED AT MANUFACTURERS' PRICES.

S. JOHNSON JR.
151 EAST WATER STREET, - - - MILWAUKEE,

OFFERS FOR SALE!

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISHES, HERBS AND EXTRACTS, PERFUMERY AND FANCY GOODS, ON THE MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.

Country Merchants and others are invited to Examine his Stock and Prices.

GREAT CARE WILL BE OBSERVED IN PACKING GOODS FOR THE COUNTRY

sept6

VOLUME XI. MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL. NEW SERIES

N. Y. ADVERTISEMENTS.

FROM W. & M. McDONALD'S ADVERTISING AGENCY, 104 NASSAU ST., N. Y.

THOMAS DOUGLASS,
PLATT STREET, N. Y.
[illegible] and Dealer in every Description of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
HARDWARE.
Heavy English Goods by the Package
[illegible] BRACES, TURNSCREWS, &c
MANUFACTURER
of Premium Steel Squares, Premium Augers and Bits, Axes, Socket and Firmer Chisels, Patent Hollow Auger
AGENT FOR BURLINGTON WAGON AXLES,
[illegible] & Co., Manufacturers, Burlington, Vt
[illegible]

FROM
Vischer & Schell's General Advertising House, Appleton's Building, 346 and 348 Broadway.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
of Canal, and 49 & 51 Howard Sts.,
NEW YORK,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
French and British Dry Goods,
CONSISTING IN PART OF

[illegible] English Prints, French Printed Barege, [illegible] Tissues, [illegible] real Grenadines, [illegible] Plain Bareges and Tissues, [illegible] Barege Tissues, Rich Grenadine & Silk [illegible] variety, from low priced to the very [illegible] and most elegant manufactured

ALSO,
[illegible] of Plaid India Silks of very high lustre and [illegible], [illegible] of Crape, Barege, Cashmere and Stella [illegible] both imported [illegible] New patterns received by [illegible]

ALSO,
[illegible] English Crapes, [illegible] Hosiery, Alexander's Silk Gloves, Fillet [illegible] for fancy articles

[illegible] or more buyers constantly in the [illegible] and their arrangements are such that [illegible] enabled to place before their custom [illegible] simultaneously with their appearance in [illegible] and Lyons.

[illegible] buyers are invited to examine our stock

CHARLES' LONDON CORDIAL GIN.

[illegible] THE NECESSITY OF EXTRAORDI[illegible] with scarcely an effort on the part [illegible] this superb Gin, in the short period [illegible] introduction to the American [illegible] popularity beyond precedent in the [illegible]

The Certificates of over Five Thousand Physicians [illegible] United States, proclaim its transcend[illegible] board of the family, and the bar of [illegible] hotels, by the bedside of the sick, as [illegible] of the healthy [illegible] it a harmless [illegible] a slight stimulant [illegible] gradually weans him from the hor[illegible] of delirium, and restores a shattered constitution [illegible] derived from its absolute [illegible] entirely from any [illegible] great utility as a medicine in cases of dys[illegible] the kidneys, and [illegible] for which as a remedy and pre[illegible] has no equal.

To Travellers it is Indispensably Necessary [illegible] frequently engendered by [illegible] ague, fever, and malaria of every [illegible]

Charles' London Cordial Gin is put up in square [illegible] the proprietor's name, a fac simile [illegible] the label, and packed in cases of two doz[illegible]

[illegible] The genuine Charles London [illegible] be had retail of all respectable druggists [illegible] hotels, and wholesale of the sole im[illegible]
DE VENOGE & CHARLES,
136 Pearl street, New York
[illegible] with on liberal terms

EXTENSION TABLES.

[illegible] 140 WOOSTER STREET [illegible] Prince and Houston Streets, New York, [illegible] assortment always on hand Or[illegible] punctually attended to

GOUPIL & CO.,

[illegible] PRINTSELLERS, Publishers, Print [illegible] Artists, Colormen, Paris, [illegible] Broadway, New York [illegible] The usual discount to the trade and [illegible] Frames furnished

[illegible] BROTHERS & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
NEW YORK.
[illegible] to No 170 William Street, Corner of Beekman
[illegible] DRUGS from their original [illegible] and the EAST INDIES, [illegible] ENGLISH CHEMICALS, PERFU[illegible] NAIL & HAIR BRUSHES, HAIR [illegible] and TURKEY SPONGES [illegible] &c, they offer them on the most [illegible] Orders either in person, or by mai[illegible] attention jel6 1yrV&S

GROCERIES
AT
WHOLESALE
193 and 105 East Water Street.

DUTCHER & SEXTON,
SUCCESSORS TO THE LATE FIRM OF
P. W. BADGELY & CO.

A[illegible] now receiving [illegible] Fall Stock of Groceries, [illegible] for Cash, which they are prepared [illegible] be bought in any of the western mar[illegible] as follows
[illegible] Sugars
[illegible] Clarified and Refined do
[illegible] Molasses
[illegible] Laguayra and Java Coffee
[illegible] Green Tea
[illegible]
[illegible] No 1 and Castile Soap.
[illegible] various brands
[illegible]
[illegible] Sperm and Tallow Candles.
[illegible] Nutmegs, Indigo, Codfish, Sardines, [illegible] Cigars &c, also a very fine stock of liq[illegible]

[illegible] has been so long known to the business com[illegible] of the late firm of P Badgely & Co., and by [illegible] business they hope to merit the same [illegible] has been extended to the late firm
[illegible] KELLOGG SEXTON
[illegible] for the Celebrated Tiger Mill Power.

VALUABLE PROPRRTY
FOR SALE!

I[illegible] ATTENTION OF CAPITALISTS AND ALL [illegible] investing in valuable Real Estate [illegible] requested to the following Property [illegible] the undersigned as Assignees

[illegible] lot 9, in block 155
[illegible] block 157
[illegible] 159
[illegible] 162
[illegible] 163
[illegible] south half of 8, lots 9 and 10, block 165
[illegible] 165
[illegible] 14, block 169
[illegible]
[illegible] 177 135 and 137
[illegible] south half of lot 6, block 155
[illegible]
[illegible] lots [illegible] and 6 in block 173
1 and 2 " 174
[illegible] undivided half of Pier Property all [illegible] Ward of the City of Milwaukee, [illegible] 19 and 20 in Curtis' Addition, in [illegible]
[illegible] First Ward
North half [illegible] 12, lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 19, block 93
[illegible] one half of the property in the Second Ward [illegible] the Kilbourn Mills

ALSO THE FOLLOWING VESSEL PROPERTY
[illegible] the propeller Forest City,
[illegible] the Bar [illegible] Badger State
[illegible] Empire State,
[illegible] Republic,
" Robert Rhee,
[illegible] Greyhound,
" Robert Burns,
[illegible] Samuel Hale,

ALSO,
[illegible] Steel, full paid
[illegible] the Merchants Mutual Ins Co, of Mil[illegible]
[illegible] Locomotive Co
[illegible] New York City Railroad Bonds
C. D. NORRIS,
WM. H. HIBBARD
Assignees

MILWAUKEE AND WATERTOWN RAILROAD COMPANY
NOTICE!

W[illegible] HAS IT HAS BEEN ASCERTAINED THAT [illegible] the first Instalment of ten per centum [illegible] the Milwaukee and Watertown [illegible] by a resolution of the Board [illegible] day of June, 1853, and required to [illegible] day of July, 1853, was not [illegible] previous to the day named for pay[illegible] of incorporation, Notice is [illegible] the Stockholders in said Com[illegible] for instalments on stocks [illegible] the Capital Stock of [illegible] Railroad Company, orig[illegible] 22d day of July, 1853, of [illegible] duly published, is hereby [illegible] to be paid at the office of the [illegible] on or before the 1st day of [illegible]

[illegible] call of ten per centum payable [illegible] day of January—ten per centum [illegible] 15 day of January—ten per centum [illegible] 30th day of January, and three [illegible] payable on or before the 15th [illegible] year 1855

[illegible] all sums of ten dollars per share, pay [illegible] time and place on the capital stock of [illegible] Company, of Bishop Stewart and som[illegible] Company and on which instal[illegible] paid in work, as per their con[illegible]

[illegible] Board of Directors as per resolution
J L HATHAWAY, Sec'y
[illegible] October 19, 1854 oct20 dld

211 EAST WATER STREET.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now receiving his [illegible] SADDLERY, HARDWARE, & CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS, and is enabled [illegible] to his customers and Saddlers throughout the [illegible] than ever to be found in their Ca[illegible]

[illegible] will be found complete, and orders will be filled at as low prices as any place in the West.

[illegible] Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Manufactured Saddlery, Harness, Trunks, Whips, &c., &c.
GEORGE DYER
[illegible] oct

N. Y. ADVERTISEMENTS.

FROM S. M. PETTENGILL'S ADVERTISING AGENCY, 122 NASSAU ST., N. Y.

New York City Business Directory.

The following list of Business Firms are among the best and most reliable in the City of New York

DRY GOODS.

BOWEN, [illegible] & CO., Importers of American and Foreign Silk and Fancy Goods [illegible] and 114 Broadway [illegible]

C. B. HATCH & CO, 59 Chambers st, Importers of Gentlemen's [illegible] aug31 55

F. COTTENET & CO., Importers of FRENCH and other EUROPEAN GOODS, No [illegible] Street [illegible]

JOHN M. DAVIES, JONES & CO., Importers Gents Furnishing Goods and [illegible] of Stocks Shirts, Ties, &c [illegible] aprl30 55

JAMES OWEN, 158 [illegible] Importer of Dress Trimmings, [illegible] Silk Cravats, Lace Mitts, and Silk Goods generally [illegible] 55

EPSTIEN & HONIG, No 100 Liberty street and 105 Cedar street, corner of [illegible] Importers of Laces, Embroideries, Silks, &c [illegible]

BORN, SCHLIEPER & [illegible], Im porters of German [illegible] cloths, Silks Hosiery, &c, No 59 Exchange [illegible] dec29 tapr30 55

PETER D. MULLER, Importer of French, Ger man and Swiss Dry Goods, Silks, Satins, Velvets and [illegible] Shawls, Woolens, &c, [illegible] New York dec29 sept1 55

BERTHAND, FRERES & HENRY, Import ers of Linen Cambrics and Linen Cambric Handke[illegible] Linen Lawns, Embroideries, &c, (own manu[illegible]) 27 William Street dec28 jun1 56

JOHN COLT'S
STANDARD COTTON SAIL DUCK.
H. C. BEACH & CO, [illegible] Pine street, New York, sole Agents [illegible] Cotton Canvass [illegible] Cotton Sail [illegible] and copper [illegible] or Cotton and Satinet [illegible]

A CERTAIN REMEDY.
USE THE MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Rheumatism, Bruises, Burns, Sprains, Cuts, [illegible] and Sores An effectual cure [illegible] all external complaint of Man or Animal G. W. WESTBROOK, Originator and Propr [illegible] 304 Broadway, New York [illegible]

FANCY GOODS.
CHAS. ZINN & CO., Importers of French and German Fancy and Travel[illegible] and Manufacturers of Cane and Willow Furniture, Jenny Lind Work Stands, &c, No [illegible] Maiden lane, (near William st) New York. [illegible]

GRATES AND FENDERS.
W. H. JACKSON, (formerly W & N Jackson & Rose) Grate and Fender [illegible], 502 Broadway one door above [illegible] st, New York [illegible]

UNION INDIA RUBBER [illegible] make all kinds of Rubber Clothing, [illegible] Drug gists' Articles, &c [illegible] Courtlandt [illegible]

THE NEWARK INDIA RUBBER Manufacturing Company [illegible] Manufacturer [illegible] Wholesale Dealers in Goodyear's [illegible] Boots and Shoes [illegible]

Machinery & Machine Tools.
ANDREWS & JESUP, No 67 Pine Street, New York, Commission Merchants [illegible] of all kinds of Machinists' Tools and Cotton and Woolen Machinery from the best makers [illegible] Lowell Ma[illegible] Shops dec25 may10 55

Window Glass.
J. H. POILLON & CO., [illegible] Window and Coach Glass, [illegible] street [illegible]

Paper Warehouses.
CYRUS W. FIELD & CO., 11 Cliff st, Importers and Wholesale Dealers in American, French, German and English Papers, and every description of Paper Manufacturers' Materials [illegible]

Paint and Color Manufacturers.
RAINBOW COLOR WORKS, Roche [illegible] N. Y. Depot 174 Maiden Lane, New York Paints and Chrome Green, &c [illegible]

SAFES.
DIFFIANCE SALAMANDER SAFES, and Go[illegible] Diffiance Locks and Cross Bars Robert M Patrick Manufacturer, 192 Pearl st [illegible] may2 tapr30 55

Tiles for Floors and Chimney Tops.
MILLER, COATES & YOULL, No 279 Pearl street, Encaustic Tiles, Chimney Tops, [illegible] Plumbers Materials, Metals &c [illegible]

CHEAP BOOKS.
EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS
TO
The Reading Public.
Either of the following works will be sent free of postage, on receipt of the price annexed

The Abduction, Trials, and Adventures of Fayetta Mandeville,
Wife of Augustus [illegible] who [illegible] from her husband at Bogota, New Granada, by a band of Spanish Robbers and by them detained in their mountain fastnesses for thirteen months, [illegible] through the [illegible] most thrilling [illegible] the most truly wonder[illegible] narrative of actual occurrences ever yet presented to the reading community Written by her Husband Price 12½ cents

A THRILLING AND STARTLING WORK
The Authentic Confessions of William Masterson,
The Cruel Murderer of his Father and Mother [illegible] complete [illegible] of his various [illegible] and Murders, including the [illegible] of Mr Manning in Buffalo [illegible] and the [illegible] Miss [illegible] which is the history of the most fiendish Murderer, an expert Burglar and [illegible] the compunce of Masterson Price 12½ cents

The Beautiful Jewess, Rachel Mendoza.
Her lamentable connection with the dark and eventful career of Charles Bernard, otherwise called "Prince Charles," by George Lippard [illegible] adventures in Madrid, near the Palace of the Queen, has created so much comment, and such interest as to create the American press

Thousands throughout the United States are familiar with portions of the career of "Prince Charles," but this narrative sets out in plain colors his whole career, especially his connection with the rich and beautiful Jew ess, Rachel Mendoza, who only appears [illegible] in the first circles of New York After relating his adventures in the United States, this narrative conducts us to Madrid, to the Royal Court of Spain, revealing the secrets of the life of Queen Isabella Price 25 cents

STARTLING DISCLOSURES MYSTERIES SOLVED
OR THE HISTORY OF
ESTHER LIVINGSTONE,
And dark career of Henry Baldwin By George Lippard This narrative not only pictures the singular career of Esther Livingstone, and the crimes of Henry Baldwin, but the scenes in which they are acted in the Mammoth Cave, are related by the wretched Baldwin, in a bold, truthful, but absorbing style And the murder of Miss Annie Hardy, in Charleston on the night of her marriage, is in these pages terribly explained. Price 25 cents

The Rival's Revenge! or The Lovely Quakeress,
CATHARINE MIDDLETON,
The Skillful Gamester in Disguise Her singular career with the startling developments in the [illegible] of Don Senor Jan [illegible] "The Maniac Priest" Price 12½ cents

TERMS—The above five thrilling and interesting Volumes will be sent to any address in the United States and Canadas free of postage on the receipt of 50 cents [illegible] to postmasters or others, remitting ten dollars, the [illegible] books will be sent in [illegible], free of postage, on the receipt of five dollars [illegible] persons Large [illegible] the above, [illegible]
All letters must be addressed to
BARCLAY & CO,
50 Ann st, New York
dec28 [illegible]

WOODWORTH'S
Planing Machines!

FOR RIGHTS TO RUN THE CELEBRATED WOOD WORTH'S Planing, Tongueing and Grooving Machines, in the State of Wisconsin, except in the Counties of Racine [illegible] Walworth, [illegible] should [illegible] be made to the [illegible] The Woodworth Planing Mill [illegible] Sash [illegible] and Blind Manufac tory where [illegible] PATENT MOULDING MACHINE, [illegible] which is superior to anything of the kind in use
J B SMITH
Milwaukee, Nov 27, 1854 nov29 [illegible]

A. B. BLANCHARD,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
GREEN AND DRIED FRUIT,
Fish, Nuts, &c.,
NO. 101 EAST WATER ST., MILWAUKEE.

3,000 BARRELS OF
WINTER APPLES,
IN WINTER QUARTERS AT THIS TIME, WHICH almost any emergency will bring out and at reasonable rates, too My Fruit has been selected with great care, and I can assert, without fear of contradiction, that there are none better in market

All orders left with me this week, or at any other time during the winter, will receive prompt attention as I do not intend to get it so far into winter quarters that the Almighty Dollar will act as a magnet of sufficient force to draw it out

My stock of DRIED FRUIT AND NUTS of all kinds, and FISH of every description, is unusually large, of the very best quality

City and Country Dealers are invited to call and exam ine my stock and prices, as I am confident I can offer them greater inducements to purchase than any other house in the West
N B — Specie payments not exacted nov18

FOR SALE!

TWO OR THREE IMPROVED FARMS AS GOOD as can be found in the State, for Twenty Five Dollars an acre

One of some 400 acres, including the Wh[illegible] Flour ing Mill, is offered at a low rate A small [illegible] only re quired to be paid down—the balance in time to suit pur chaser

Horses, Cattle and Sheep for Sale
300 sheep to Let
L. A. JENKINS.
Genesee, Waukesha County Sept 9 sep11d&wtf

WILL BE PUBLISHED IN A FEW DAYS,

LAPHAM'S SUSPENDING MAP OF WISCONSIN, a new edition, containing the new surveys and con nections to the present date Price, $5

CHAPMAN'S SUSPENDING MAP OF WISCONSIN— A Sectional Map, containing the most recent surveys. Scale ten miles to the inch Price, $3

All orders should be addressed to S CHAPMAN, Pub lisher of the above
Liberal discount to Agents S CHAPMAN
nov28

FOR SALE!

The 30 feet and Building next south of Dr Haw ley's Block, on Main Street
Also Lot 10 Block 52, First Ward
Also House on North 30 feet of Lot 2, Block 58, Third Ward
Also House on W ½ of Lot 6, Block 13, Third Ward.
Also Lot 13, Block 86, and Lot 6, Block 79.
J. H. CRAMPTON,
dec11 Real Estate Agent

FLUTES AND FLUTE PRECEPTORS, for sale by dec14 ROOD & GOODRICH.

DRY GOODS, &C.

GREAT SACRIFICE IN DRY GOODS!

MACK BROTHERS!
AT THE
NEW YORK CHEAP CASH STORE,
No. 191 West Water St., Milwaukee.

WILL OPEN ON TUESDAY MORNING, December 12th, with their stock of DRY GOODS marked down from 15 to 31 per cent, and at the prices goods will be sold, this may be considered the best opportunity to obtain a real bargain, during the year 1854 All the prices are marked in plain figures, and the following will give a small sample, while the whole stock, on examina tion, will show a similar reduction

French Merinoes marked down	from	1,12½	to	75c	pr yd
Paramettas	do	0,80	to	25c	do
Queen's Cloth	do	0,60	to	31c	do
Black Silks	do	1,50	to	1,00	do
Colored Silks	do	1,00	to	75c	do
Plaid Silks,	do	0,75	to	50c	do
Good Domestic Flannels,	do	0,37½	to	25c	do
Superfine Flannels, marked	do	1,00	to	75c	do
Check Cambrics	do	0,25	to	18c	do
Shawls, Brocha Long	do	25,00	to	16,00	each,
do do Square	do	10,00	to	7,00	do
Bay State Wool	do	at HALF		THEIR VALUE	

It is unnecessary to go further into particulars—all the Stock of Cloths, Velvets Flannels, DeLaines, Silks, Prints, [illegible] and [illegible] have undergone an

Immense Reduction.

Now an opportunity is presented which all who are pur chasing should not lose sight of
MACK BROTHERS,
dec12 191 West Water Street, Milwaukee

THE VERY LATEST!
SECOND ARRIVAL OF
Fall and Winter Goods

THE CITIZENS OF MILWAUKEE AND VICINITY never had presented such opportunities for purchasing
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
as we are now able to offer
A REDUCTION OF ONE HALF
IN THE PRICE OF FOREIGN GOODS
FROM THE IMPORTATION COST!

On account of the general prostration of trade in England and Europe, consequent upon the diversion of the precious metals from commerce to carry on the War in the East, large consignments of goods have been made to the Unit ted States with orders to close them up for CASH, AT WHATEVER SACRIFICE

ADLER & NEWBOUER,

have purchased largely of these goods, and are now offer nearly all kinds of imported Goods at about

Half the Manufacturing Cost!

Rich Plaid, Plain and Brochade SILKS, such as cost from 6/ to two dollars to import, are now selling from 3s up Rich Satins at 8s cost 12s to import
French Merinoes, All Wool, best goods imported, for 5s to 8s and up [illegible] sold last season at 8s to 16s
B[illegible], an elegant assortment, from 5s to $2,50
Wool, Worsted and Raw Silk Plaids, double width, choice goods imported at 6s to 8s, and equal to anything sold last season, from 10s to 12s
Parametta for 1s, 15 [illegible], that are as good as any ever before sold in this country at 2s 6d, 3s and 4s A dress for 10s to 12s, as good as could be obtained last year at 2s to $3 50
Rich Embroideries at a very great reduction from for mer prices
All Wool Delaines at 2s worth 4s and upwards
Lace Curtains, richest goods ever imported, we are now selling at the price of common material

One Shilling Calicoes at 6d.

Cotton, Cassimeres, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans at a great reduction in price

Blanket Shawls, Brocha Shawls & Scarfs.

Our stock of Brocha Shawls cannot be equalled this side of New York We sell good all wool Brocha Shawls at $5 and duty competition A'so best quality, as high as $50 to $75 And the richest assortment of

Satin, Cloth and Silk Velvet Cloaks,

at astonishing low prices Making altogether the largest and most desirable stock of

DRY GOODS

ever exhibited in this market, from which Families, Mer chants and Pedlars can supply their wants for one half the money required to purchase the same last year Don't forget the place, NEAR THE AMERICAN,
SPRING STREET, MILWAUKEE.
n 27tf

DRY GOODS!
YANKEE NOTIONS!
READY MADE CLOTHING
AT WHOLESALE.

SEXTON BRO. & CO.,
147 East Water St., Milwaukee,
INVITE THE ATTENTION OF THE Purchasers in this State and the North-west to their Extensive Stock of
American, English and European
GOODS
in the above line We have now in Store the
LARGEST AND MOST EXTENSIVE STOCK
Ever Exhibited in the West!

One of our firm spends all his time in the Eastern Mar kets, from whom we are receiving constant supplies of the latest Importation, and styles of Home Manufacture

We speak not of our facilities for purchasing at Auction Sales, of Manufacturers, Importers and Commission Houses, but offer our goods at prices beyond competition in this or our neighboring Cities, not excepting New York or Boston SEXTON BRO & CO,
oct18 147 East Water Street

300 BALES BRO SHEETINGS, Stripe Shirtings, Tickings and Brown Drills, for sale by
SEXTON BRO & CO.,
oct18 147 East Water street.

50 CASES SATINETS, Cassimeres, Sheep Grey, Over coating, and Broadcloths, for sale by
SEXTON BRO & CO.,
oct18 147 East Water street.

100 CASES Cocheco, American, Philip Allen, Spragues, Carlisle, and other styles American and English Prints, for sale by SEXTON BRO & CO,
oct18 147 East Water street.

40 CASES DE LAINES, MERINOS, ALPACAS, CO burgs, and other Dress Goods, for sale by
SEXTON BRO & CO.,
oct18 147 East Water street.

LATEST AND CHEAPEST!
NEW GOODS
SELLING OFF TO MAKE ROOM FOR OTHERS.
R. D. JENNINGS,

EXPECTING a large re-enforcement of Goods about the 1st of November, offers better bargains in Dry Goods than can be found in the city This is no humbug,—we mean what we say, and invite all purchasers to examine our Goods before buying
Silk plaids 4s to 6 shillings
Wool Plaids 5 to 7 shillings
French Merinoes for 6s.
Cashmeres, Coburgs, DeLaines, Alpacas, Plain and Dress Silks for 5s,
Back silks as low as 4s
Ladies' Cloak Cloths, Embroideries, Ribbons, Trim mings, &c, and every kind of Staple Goods equally low
All Goods cheerfully shown. Call and buy cheaper than you ever bought before R. D JENNINGS,
No 11 Spring Street
Milwaukee Oct 9 oct10

FOR SALE!

A desirable Two Story Dwelling nearly new, and pleasantly situated on Sycamore near Sixth Street, with Lot 5 by 150, under a fine state of culti vation
Also—Two desirable Dwellings and Lot on Fifth near Clybourn Street Apply to
J H CRAMPTON,
oct25 Real Estate Agent

VALUABLE
Water Power & Milling Property
FOR SALE!

WITH A LARGE STONE BUILDING, PERMA nently built, 80 feet long by 38 feet wide, Four Sto ries high, situated on the South side of the village of
BURLINGTON, RACINE COUNTY,
Below the Junction of the Fox and White Rivers, by which the Power of the Rock River is secured to the prop erty, and within the vicinity of the Beloit, Racine and Mississippi Railroad Depot
The above Building has now in it Four Wheels and Two Run of Stone in operation
The Widow of the late deceased John Appleyard, offers the above property for Sale at a GREAT BARGAIN
Apply to TURTON & SERCOMB, Milwaukee, or JAS CATTON, Burlington, Racine Co.
Burlington, Sept. 13, 1854 sep15d&wtf

Vulcan Foundry,
OPPOSITE THE
Checkered Warehouse, Walker's Point,
MILWAUKEE.

THE SUBSCRIBER will devote his attention to Making all kinds of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, and will keep constantly on hand the celebrated
PEEKSKILL PLOWS,
Long's Ohio Plows, Steel Tooth Cultivators, Corn Shellers, Corn Planters, Fanning Mills, Road Scrapers, Hand Trucks, Cauldron Kettles, Pipe Skein Boxes, Pipe and other Wag on Boxes, Cast Axles, Potash Kettles made bottom down in dry loam moulds, superior to any ever offered in this City.
Orders solicited for all kinds of Iron and Brass Castings Ship and other Blacksmith Work
All Work Warranted and done in a superior manner with punctuality and dispatch
je27 1yrd&w JAMES SHERIFFS & CO.

Wisconsin Trunk Manufactory.
---191---
East Water Street, Milwaukee!
AND
PEMIUM STORE,
---93---
CLARK STREET, CHICAGO.

W & G WRIGHT, manufacturers o Trunks and Valises, of every description Country Dealers and others supplied with Travelling and Packing Trunks, at the lowest, at wholesale and retail [illegible]

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOSTON
BOOT AND SHOE STORE!
Wholesale and Retail.
B. P. HUTCHINSON

HAVING TAKEN THE STORE NO 113 EAST Water Street, invites the attention of the public to a large and fresh stock of fashionable BOOTS & SHOES, Ladies' and Misses Boots and Shoes of the latest styles A good supply of mens French Slippers and Buskins Gents mens Boots and Shoes of any description, from a stout Stoga Boot to a Jersey Toilet,

The Subscriber is prepared to sell Boots and Shoes at LOWER PRICES than can be found at any Store in the West.

To convince yourselves call and see before purchasing elsewhere, at the BOSTON CHEAP STORE,
No. 113 East Water Street.
Country Traders and others are invited to examine his stock and prices
Milwaukee, sept 1st, 1854 sep2dtf

PAINTING!
JOHN LOWTHER,
(LATE LOWTHER & COLLINGBOURN,)

RETURNS his thanks to the friends of the old firm, and solicits the continuation of the patronage of the same, in his line of
House, Sign, Ornamental, and
IMITATION OF WOOD & MARBLE
PAINTING,
and all the various branches of his business
He will be found at the old stand (Nos 9 & 11 Mich gan Street,) ready and willing to attend to the wants of the public.
TERMS LOW.
JOHN LOWTHER
Milwaukee, Jan 5th, 1853 jan6 1yr

GLUE! GLUE!! GLUE!!

CHRISTIAN WAHL, MANUFACTURER of GLUE, keeps constantly on hand a good assortment which he sells at New York prices
New York prices paid for Glue Stuff.
Milwaukee, Nov 1, 1853 nov

SHIP CHANDLERY
AND
SAIL LOFT,
On Erie Street, next west of the Blue Ware house.

THE undersigned still continues the business of Sail making and Ship Chandlery, at his stand on Erie Street, next west of the Blue Warehouse, where may be found 20,000 lbs of Manilla and Tarred Rope, all Tar, Pitch, Oakum, Chains, Anchors, Blocks, and all g[illegible] in his line, which he offers for sale on favorable terms
aug 18 G. D NORRIS

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Messrs R King & Co
Gents —Please inform the numerous readers of the Sentinel that we have received a large quantity of CHILDREN'S SHOES AND GAITERS of the latest styles, and that we shall hereafter receive by every boat large lots of Boots and Shoes, adapted to the wants of men, women and children We shall depend upon you during the spring and summer, to keep the public informed that we at all have on hand at all times, as good an assortment of Goods in our line of our own eastern manufacture as can be found in the Great West
Yours &c,
ATKINS & STEELE
ap24 171 East Water St Milwaukee

WAIT FOR THE WAGON!

MESSRS. BUTLER & BOWER

TAKE this method of informing their friends and the public, that owing to the HEAT AND DUST at their old quarters on Main Street, they have taken possession of, and removed their Livery Stable to, the Convenient and FIRE PROOF BRICK STABLE, in front of the City Ho tel, where they will be happy to serve their customers as usual aug28 tf

WILLIAM WOODRUFF,

MAKER of Awnings, Tents, Wagon Covers Boat Sails, Bags, &c Keeps always on hand material for making the above articles, at the shortest notice Rope spliced with neatness and dispatch Orders to be left at his residence, corner of Michigan and Jackson Sts 3d Ward
N B —Belting for Elevators made to order, and Steam Boilers covered with Canvass and Felt m 18

EMPIRE
Trunk and Harness Manufactory.

SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, WHIPS CARPET Bags, constantly on hand, or made to order in the BEST STYLE on Reasonable Terms Trunks Wholesale and Retail as cheap as can be bought in New York City, at Nos 62 and 64 East Water Street J T WALL
Milwaukee, February 7, 1854 feb7

AUCTION & COMMISSION HOUSE.
J. HOOD,
Auction & Commission Merch't,

HAVING HAD LONG experience in the AUCTION BUSINESS, IN MILWAUKEE and well known to the community for several years has recently opened the
CHECKERED AUCTION ROOM,
No. 196, East Water Street,
for his Auction Rooms, where he will be ready, at all times, to make liberal Cash Advances on all kinds of Merchan dise, Furniture, &c, for Auction or Private Sales.
Money loaned on Personal Securities
Auction Sales made in any part of the City, on the most reasonable terms dec31y J. HOOD, Auctioneer

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS!

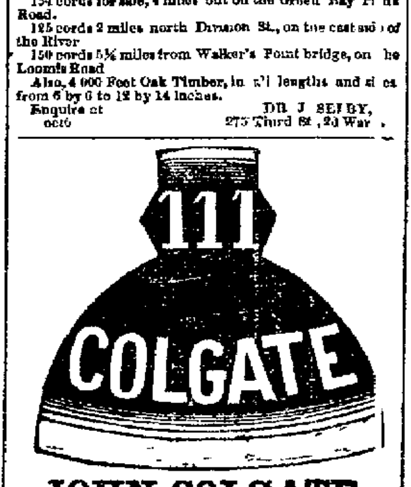
THE UNDERSIGNED INVITES ATTENTION TO the very large and choice Stock of
WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS
of his own Importation, and mainly of his own selection, which he is now receiving and offers for sale He has on hand 500,000 Cigars, ranging in price from $4,50 to 175 per thousand, of a quality never before offered in Wisconsin Country Merchants and Pedlars will find it to their interests to look at them
His stock of BRANDIES includes the well known brands of A. Seignette, Pinet, Castillon, Otard and Renault, (the latter now and very superior,) all of which he is enabled to sell at NEW YORK PRICES
Among his wines are Lautour, Claret, Port, Madeira, Sherry, Champagne, &c His Wholesale Depot for Wines and Liquors is under G Paradise & Co's Bank Families can be supplied with all the choicest qualities of Wines and Liquors
Mr. FERNOW has imported Italian and Hungarian Burgundy, Sparkling Burgundy, 200 baskets of Champagne of new brands, the best ever imported in the United States All these will be sold at modera e prices
A small lot of choice PARMESAN CHEESE for sale
TITUS FERNOW,
Corner East Water and Mason streets
Milwaukee, Oct 16 oct16 tf

PLATED GOODS!

F. J. BLAIR HAS ON HAND A GOOD AS sortment of Plated Castors, Candlesticks, Table and Tea Spoons, Forks, Sugar and Salt Shovels, Gravy Ladles, Soup Ladles, Snuffers and Trays, Butter Knives, &c, which will be sold at Low Prices oct 6

FOR SALE.

450 CORDS HARD WOOD, DELIVERED IN AND about the City, in large or small quantities
154 cords for sale, 4 miles out on the Green Bay Plank Road.
125 cords 2 miles north Division St., on the east side of the River
150 cords 5½ miles from Walker's Point bridge, on the Loomis Road
Also, 4 000 Feet Oak Timber, in all lengths and sizes from 6 by 6 to 12 by 14 inches.
Enquire at DR J SELBY,
oct6 275 Third St, 2d War



JOHN COLGATE,
IMPORTER AND DEALER IN
French, English and American
HARDWARE,
IRON, STEEL, NAILS, GLASS,
Mechanics' Tools,
Japanned Ware, Tinners' Stock, Tools and Materials, &c.
Sadlery Hardware, Draughting Instruments,
ALSO, AGENT FOR THE SALE OF
Colgate's Soaps and Starch.
AT THE SIGN OF THE BROAD AXE,
111 East Water Street, Milwaukee,
lly29

Law Books.

BARBOUR'S Supreme Court Reports of State of New York, 14th, 15th and 16th vols
Wendell's N Y Reports, from vols. 17 to 26,
Roscoe's Criminal Evidence, new edition,
American Criminal Law, by Francis Wharton, 2d edition,
Archbold's Criminal Pleadings, 3 vols, 5th edition,
Cowen's Treatise, 2 vols., new edition,
Waterman's Iowa and Wisconsin Justice, revised edition, received and for sale by ARCHIBALD WILSON
Dec 11, 1854 dec13 175 East Water st

New Publications.

HISTORY of the Origin, Formation and Adoption of the Constitution of the United States, with Notices of its Principal Framers.
Wood's Natural History, Illustrated.
Harper's Gazetteer of the World, 7th No. For sale by ARCHIBALD WILSON,
Dec 11, 1854 dec13 175 East Water st

MISCELLANEOUS.

BADGER IRON WORKS!
Corner Main & Chicago Streets.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having completed their large brick building and removed their Boiler tools and fixtures into the same, they are now fully and much better prepared to manufacture
STEAM BOILERS,
Steam Heaters, Smoke stacks and Breaches, Iron Doors for Bank Vaults Prison and Jail Doors, Gasometers for Gas Works, Blacksmithing for Steamboats and Sail Vessels and Iron Work for Mills, or other Machinery
Confident from our long experience in the business that we shall be able to execute orders left at the BADGER IRON WORKS in a workmanlike manner, and with promptness and dispatch
JOHN CUMMINGS [illegible] JOHN C GOODRICH.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD!

LOST—On January 21, on the Milwaukee and Watertown Cars, between the Junction and Milwaukee, a PORT MONAIE, marked "J H CUTTIN" on the bill holder It contained thirteen $5 bills and six $3 bills, all Wisconsin money, and one $2,50 gold piece, a number of steel pens, and a darning needle, also one card, marked "Dixon House, Dixon Ill" Whoever has found the above described Port Monaie will receive the above reward by leaving it at this Office, or by giving information where it may be obtained
jan8-tf J H CUTTIN

Bathing and Hair Dressing
SALOON!
No 17 WISCONSIN STREET
WM. B. HALL

HAS TAKEN THIS FAVORITE SALOON, recently occupied by Geo R Sykes, where he will be ready to wait on all the customers of the old firm, and give them a tip top SHAVE and dress their HAIR in the latest style, and also afford them the luxury of a
Warm, Cold or Shower Bath,
at all hours of the day, and evening too jan5 dtf

JAMES WILDE, Jr.,
MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
CLOTHING,
27 Park Place, and 24 & 26 Murray Street, Corner of Church Street, NEW YORK
JAMES WILDE, JR,
JOHN S. WILDE, BENJAMIN H PIERSON,
FREDERICK S. KIRTLAND, GEORGE B DE FOREST
Jan5 d2m

OYSTERS!

HAVING COMPLETED OUR ARRANGEMENTS for the daily receipt of OYSTERS, we are now prepared to furnish our City and Country customers with those that we will warrant equal, if not superior to any in mar ket CRAMPTON & DOWE
All orders addressed to us, at the New York Auction House, will receive prompt attention
dec5 C & D

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

The very best kind of Shell and Can Oysters can at all times be found at the Store of
FRANK RAYMOND, No 17 Wisconsin Street,
Dealer in Oysters, Game of all kinds, Cheese Flour, But ter Eggs, Poultry, Oats Corn, Tallow, Pork, Lard &c
Cash will be advanced on any or all of the above articles entrusted to my care
Always on hand, every kind of New York, GREEN AND DRIED FRUIT dec6 1yr

OYSTER DEPOT REMOVED.
THE OYSTER DEPOT OF
C. S. MALTBY,
(Late HOLT & MALTBY,)

Formerly kept at Durand & Lawrence's is removed to the Store of
A. B. Blanchard, No. 101 East Water-st.,
where those wishing to purchase a first rate quality of the best brand of Can, Keg and Shell Oysters can be sure of obtaining them. Our Oysters are brought on daily by Ex press, and I am confident there are none better in market
H COOKE, Agent,
nov22 tf At A B Blanchard's, 101 East Water st

COLLINGBOURN,
HOUSE AND SIGN
PAINTER,
REMOVED TO
Main, North of Wisconsin St.
dec4

FLOUR.

SEVERAL BRANDS FAMILY FLOUR— fresh ground—for sale by the bbl by
WM BROWN & CO.
dec 29, 1854 Front st, foot of Main

For Sale Cheap.

AN EIGHT YEAR OLD HORSE, known to be one of the best horses in the City For par ticulars, enquire at the New York Auction House dec27

Piano Forte for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED has a very fine 7 Octave PIANO FORTE for sale received lately from the celebrated Piano Factory of N. [illegible] & Co, Boston, Mass H BILLMANTEL,
Organist of St John's Cathedral
Milwaukee, Jan 4, 1855 jan5 1f

FOR SALE.

THE SCHOONER D NEWHALL, 200 tons burthen
The Schooner MYRA 180 tons burthen (New)
One half of Schooner SANDUSKY, 110 tons burthen
All the above Vessels will be sold cheap, and on reason able terms if applied for before the 1st of February next
dec20 dtfeb1 JAMES M JONES

SLATE ROOFS.
HAWLEY & FROST,
OF CLEVELAND, OHIO,

AGREE TO FURNISH THE BEST OF VERMONT SLATE, and lay and fasten with Iron Nails for Eleven Dollars per Square—that is one hundred superficial feet— with Zinc or Galvanized Nails, for Eleven Dollars and Twenty-Five Cents per Square, and with Copper Nails for Eleven Dollars and Fifty Cents per Square
All work done by us will be warranted
We will also sell slate delivered at this place for Nine Dollars and Twenty-Five Cents per Square
For further information enquire of G. W. MYGATT, Architect, who is our Agent and any arrangements made with him will be fulfilled on our part
A H HAWLEY L C FROST
Milwaukee, Nov 3, 1854 nov28

NEW YORK
MILLINERY STORE.
The Newest Styles of Patterns,
Millinery and Fancy Goods,
JUST RECEIVED AT
NO. 26 WISCONSIN STREET.
CONSISTING OF
Dress and Cloak Trimmings,
BUTTONS, BONNET RIBBONS,
FRENCH FLOWERS, SILKS, LACES VELVETS &c
S. [illegible]
October 2nd 1854
N B.—Two or three Good MILLINERS wanted. Ap ply immediately oct3

UNCLE BEN
HAS OPENED HIS FALL STOCK OF
Hats, Caps, Buffalo Robes, &c.,

AND as he has the Largest (and by far the best) Assort ment of Goods in his line ever brought to this mar ket, for
Fall and Winter Trade!
Offers them to all at Wholesale and Retail, at prices to defy competition
TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS, we would say, that we can supply them at EASTERN PRICES, and at all times a full assortment to select from, and our Stock of
LADIES' FURS
Is complete Stone Marten, Fitch, Sable, Queen's Sable, Siberian, Squirrel, Lynx, Badger, & Victorines, Cuffs, Capes, Collars, Mittens, Gloves and Fur Overshoes
Ladies who wish Winter Furs will find them here of all kinds, and at prices from $3 to $95 per sett
FANCY ROBES AND FUR COATS.
A good lot of Fur Coats, Fancy Robes, Gents Fur Col lars, Gloves, Buffalo Overshoes, Mittens, and everything in his line, for sale at great discount, for the Ready, or City acceptance THROOP & BAILEY,
oct21 180 East Water Street

WATER-LIME
AND
GROUND PLASTER
CONSTANTLY ON HAND, FOR WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BY
J. S. BUELL,
Forwarding and Commission Merchant
apr6 BUFFALO NEW YORK.

House and Lot For Sale.

A GOOD TWO STORY HOUSE, pleasantly situated on Sycamore street The above can be purchased Cheap, if applied for soon For particulars enquire of
J H CRAMPTON,
nov15 Real Estate Agent

CARRIAGE
REPOSITORY,
SPRING STREET.
OGDEN & SMITH,

HAVE NOW ON HAND nearly One Hundred Carria ges, Rockaways, Buggies, &c, of the best Eastern Manufacture, and comprising almost every style, which we will sell at a very small advance from cost We are manufacturing over one hundred and fifty Carriages per year, by Eastern workmen and of the best Eastern mate rial Orders for any particular kind of Carriage prompt ly attended to Purchasers can rely upon doing better with us than at any other place, New York not excepted Call and See
Repairing, Painting, Varnishing and Trimming done at the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms. dec19

INDIANA MONEY

RECEIVED AT 75 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR FOR Goods
WHEELING, Va., Money received at Par for Goods.
JOHN COLGATE,
dec8 111 East Water St.

WHITE IRON STONE WARE, the best in market, at dec9 S. J. MATHER'S.

HARDWARE, &C.

PRIZE COOKING STOVE
MAYFLOWER.

THIS celebrated Double Oven Air tight Cooking Stove, which took the FIRST PRIZE at the Late State Fair, is for sale at No 93 East Water st, where also may be had all the newest and most approved Cooking and Parlor Stoves
ALSO,
A General Assortment of SHELF HARDWARE Brit tania & Japan Ware, House Keeping articles, Cutlery &c, &c G P HEWITT,
No 93 East Water St
Milwaukee Oct 17th 1854 oct19

LATE IMPORTATIONS OF
Hardware and Stoves.
W. H. NEWTON,
AT THE OLD STORE OF W. H BYRON & CO
153 East Water St.,
SIGN OF THE ANVIL.
HARDWARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTIONS
Carpenter and Coopers' Tools,
Brittania and Japanned Wares,
GUNS AND PISTOLS.

I AM IN READINESS to furnish Stove Dealers with Rathbone & Co's ALBANY, COOK, BOX and PAR LOR STOVES, at Manufacturer's Prices—Freight ad ded.

I continue to sell that good
BROTHER JONATHAN
COOK STOVE,

I have sold the B J for the past three years It has been thoroughly tested by thousands who will testify that it is the most complete Cook Stove that can be I have four sizes of B J There is a summer attachment to the stove which will make half difference of the amount of fuel used in the Summer season and does away with all unne cessary heat which other stoves make that have not the at tachment The oven is much larger than any other stove of the same size furniture I warrant the stove to give complete satisfaction, if not, to be returned and money re funded I will refer you to hundreds of the citizens of Milwaukee that are using the Stove.
Also—the Manufacture of
Tin, Copper, & Sheet Iron Wares.
Jobbing done on the shortest notice. Highest cash price paid for old Copper and Brass. je23tf

Eagle Steam Power Foundry.
WEST WATER STEET,
MILWAUKEE, ... WISCONSIN
TURTON & SERCOMB,
Proprietors.

RESPECTFULLY beg to inform their friends and the public generally, that they continue to manufacture all kinds of
ENGINES,
Cast and Wrought Iron Works,
for Grist and Saw Mills. Also, all kinds of Machinery, their well known establishment, Nos 298 and 306 West Wa ter Street
They are themselves both practical mechanics, the one a pattern maker of twenty years' experience; the other a moulder of thirty year's experience They likewise employ none but the very best workmen that can be obtained
Their stock of patterns cannot be equalled—they have all been made in this city, expressly for the wants of this State —and they can and will do better than any similar estab lishment in this State, and on the shortest notice
They respectfully call the attention of the public to their ENGINE DEPARTMENT.
CASH PAID FOR OLD COPPER.
THOMAS TURTON JOHN SERCOMB.
apr2

FireKing Safe, again Triumphant.

$1,000 will be paid, if reliable evidence is shown where they ever failed to protect valuable from Fire where as other makers' Safes have proved worth less in various accidental and experimental tests, some of which occurred recently
Read the following from Messrs A McClure & Co, wholesale and extensive dealers in Drugs, Medicines, &c
ALBANY, July, 27, 1852
This is to certify, that on the 23d day of July, 1852, our entire Stock, composed of Turpentine, Alcohol, Oil, Pat ent Medicines, &c., was consumed by fire; so rapid and se vere was the fire that we were unable to close one safe until Mr Pohlman subsequently entered at the peril of his life and closed the doors
After forcing the safe open after all this exposure and fire, which made us so careful for the safety of its contents, its valuables were found uninjured.
We have so much confidence in the security of the Fire King, that we shall have it immediately replaced.
A McCLURE & CO
ALBANY, Dec 10, 1853
This is to certify, that on the 7th day of May, 1851, I pur chased of J McB Davidson, No 7, single flange Safe, and that the same was subjected to a severe test on the 15th of December, 1851 After the fire was extinguished, its con tents (books and papers,) were examined, and found to be perfectly preserved—not a saf of my books being scorch ed.
P J CLAASSEN,
Importer of Wines, Cigars, &c, Broadway, Albany.
After an examination of P J Claassen's Safe and papers, we are convinced of the superiority of Davidson's Safes over all others.
FRANCIS S. LOW,
HORACE L EMERY,
M. L. WADLEY,
L. J. LLOYD,
H. J. DOWE,
Assistant Agents Hartford Insurance Companies
BUTTERFIELD & WALKER,
Palmyra.
J. McB. DAVIDSON'S FIRE KING SAFE—Fire Proof, and free from Dampness
W. A. NEEF, Agent, Chicago.
This Safe received the highest premium—a silver medal at the Fair of the New York State Agricultural Society which was held at Albany, September 1850 Also a med al and diploma for the best burglar and fire proof safe at the same Fair held at Utica, for 1852.
Raymond, Ward Co will receive orders for [illegible] Fire and Thief Proof Bank and Vault Doors dol8
This is to certify that on the 25th of September last we purchased of H. D Rice Esq, one of Mr. J. McB Davidson's Fire Kings (No 4 Single Flange); that on the 14th of November past it was subjected to a very severe test in the burning of our warehouse, in which was stored a large quantity of whisky and other combustible materials On opening the safe we found all our papers, consisting notes letters and receipts, perfect and entirely legible
feb14 Signed, BRADLEY.
S. SHEPARD. Agent. 189 East Water St.

FALL TRADE,
1854.
WEBSTER & AVERELLS,
WHOLESALE DEALERS
IN
WINES, LIQUORS AND SEGARS,
196.) WEST WATER STREET, (196.

WOULD respectfully inform their customers and the public generally, that we are receiving and will continue to do so until the close of navigation, large addi tions to our already heavy stock of WINES and LIQUORS, which for quality and price is without example in this city. Thankful for past favors, we shall strive so to conduct our business as to induce a continuation of the same, and pledge ourselves to give to every one who purchases of us, the worth of his money Our stock of
IMPORTED LIQUORS
is large, and to all who will give us a call, we shall offer them at such prices as cannot fail to suit Among our
BRANDIES
may be found the following brands

OTARD, DUPUY & CO., COGNAC	PALE	
do do do	do	Dark.
MARETTE,	do	Pale
do	do	Dark
PINET, CASTILLON & CO,	do	do
HENNESSEY,	do	do
LONDON DOCK,	do	do
A SEIGNETTE,	do	do
ARZAC do,	do	do
UNITED PROPRIETORS,	do	do

HOLLAND GIN,
of our own importation, and which we will guarantee to be PURE Also
American Gin at New York Prices.
Old Jamaica, St Croix, and New England Rums, Peach Brandy, Scotch, Irish and Monongahela WHISKEY, and Rectified Whiskey by the single or one hun dred Barrels
WINES
Of every quality WOODHOUSE, SICILY, BAZENDE, COLLI MADEIRA, Sherry, Pale and Brown, Pure Juice Port, Burgundy, Harris Port, Red and White Sauternes Wines.
LONDON PORTER,
and a large quantity of Brandies and Wines in glass, of va rious vintages.
Some of these articles were purchased before the recent great advance in prices, and we assure our customers that we will duplicate any bill purchased this fall in New York, without any charge for expense of transportation We are desirous of reducing our large stock the coming win ter, and to those who are making purchases in our line we shall be glad to show our goods, and will convince them of the truth of what we say.
jly29 WEBSTER & AVERELLS

LECTURES ON THE EVIDENCES OF CHRISTIAN ITY, delivered in Philadelphia, by Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the Fall and Winter of 1853-54, with an Introduction by Bishop Potter, D. D.
For sale by ARCHIBALD WILSON,
dec4 175 East Water st

SAUSAGE CUTTERS AND STUFFERS—A new article, just received and for sale by
dec15 HENRY J. NAZRO & CO

LAMPS, CHANDELIERS, &c.

PARLOR, CHURCH AND HALL LAMPS, Glass and Britania Hand Lamps, for sale by S. J. MATHER,
dec8 59 East Water st next to W. P. Young's.

JUST RECEIVED,

A FINE LOT OF FRESH DRUM FIGS, at
A. B. BLANCHARD'S,
dec13 101 East Water-st.

SWEET HAVANA ORANGES,

NEW CROP—A large lot, in fine order, just received at
A B BLANCHARD'S,
dec13 101 East Water-st.

CHINA.

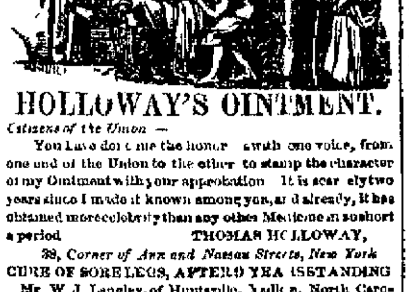
GOLD BAND and White French China Dinner and Tea Setts, at HURD'S,
dec22 207 East Water street.

PATENT MEDICINES.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

THIS EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE IS STILL working wonders throughout the World—eradicating ev erything in the form of disease that comes within the circle of its influence
The People Themselves
have long since adopted it as the only external remedy they could rely upon, and the indisputable testimony of thousands is fast sweeping away
The Prejudices of the Faculty.
It is extensively used by the Ladies,
It is used by Mechanics and Laboring men,
It is used in families and factories,
It is used expressly by all Express Companies,
It is used by Farmers and Livery stable keepers,
It is used by everybody, and all speak in its praise,
Where it is used, pain cannot exist,
The contracted limbs are made elastic,
The deep ulcers and frightful sores are healed,
The unstrung nerves are made to vibrate with joy
Use the Mustang Liniment.
is the spontaneous advice of a l
It has cured more cases of
Rheumatism
than any other medicine ever used Its efficacy in this terrible disease is acknowledged by all who have used it. It not only cures the complaint, but appears to give vigor and elasticity to the limbs, before unknown—thus per forming a double office
For contractions of the limbs, stiffness of the joints and muscles, hard lumps, swellings and inflammation, it is un rivalled in the power and efficacy of its operations
For Bruises, Sprains, Cuts, Scalds and Burns, but a few applications are necessary in order to effect a total cure
Cancer, or Scrofulous Sores, Tetter, Ringworms, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Erysipelas, Boils, and Erup tions,
can generally be removed in a few days—and the worst cases can be cured in a few weeks at the farthermost Per sons afflicted with these diseases, should be careful in getting the right article to cure them.
Use it upon Your Horses,
for spavin, splint, ring bone, fistula windgalls, big heads, bruises, strains, string halt, scratches, cracked heels, sweeney, saddle, collar, or harness galls, hard lumps or tumors, film or other diseases of the eye, poll-evil, &c
The finest horses in the city of New York will be found in the stables of the various Express Companies—and they all use
The Mustang Liniment,
totally discarding any other preparations of the kind, and have all given their certificate in its favor
This we presume will be a sufficient guarantee to in duce every one who owns a horse, to give the Mustang a trial
THERE is no Druggist or Country Store keeper
Who pretends to keep medicine at all,
But what keeps a constant supply of the
Mexican Mustang Liniment.
The small size retail for 25 cents per bottle,
The medium sized retail for 50 cents per bottle,
The large sized retail for one dollar per bottle,
The medium hold three times as much as the small
The large holds nearly three times as much as the me dium,
Therefore the largest bottles are the cheapest
GEO W WESTBROOK
(successor to A G Bragg & Co,)
Originator and Sole Proprietor.
Principal Offices, 304 Broadway, New York, and corner of Third and Market Sts, St Louis, Mo
THE MUSTANG LINIMENT is sold at all of the Drug Stores in Milwaukee, and by storekeepers and drug gists generally all over the State of Wisconsin Principal Wholesale Agents in Milwaukee—Lake & Hopkins, Seth Johnson, Jr, Bosworth & Son, H Fess Jr, and A. B Clark dec28-dwtf

A CURE FOR ALL!!



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Citizens of the Union —
You have done me the honor with one voice, from one end of the Union to the other to stamp the character of my Ointment with your approbation It is scarcely two years since I made it known among you, and already, it has obtained more celebrity than any other Medicine in so short a period THOMAS HOLLOWAY,
38, Corner of Ann and Nassau Streets, New York
CURE OF SORE LEGS, AFTER 10 YEA SSTANDING
Mr W J Langley, of Huntsville, Yadkin, North Caro lina, suffered for nine years with one of the most painful and troublesome sore legs that ever fell to the lot of man, and after trying every medicine he had ever heard of, he resigned in despair all hope of being cured, but a friend brought him a couple of Pots of Holloway's Ointment, which caused the sores on his legs to heal and he entirely regained his health, to the astonishment of his acquaint ances and friends
CURE OF A BAD BREAST, WHEN THE PATIENT WAS AT DEATH'S DOOR.
Mr R DURANT, of New Orleans, addressed Professor Holloway as follows —For 7 years my wife had a bad breast, with ten running wounds, (not of a cancerous na ture,) I was told that nothing could save her; she was then induced to use your Ointment and Pills, when in the short space of three months, they effected a perfect cure, to the astonishment of all who knew us We obtained your Medicines from Messrs Wright & Co of Chartres st, New Orleans. I send this from "Hotel des Princes," Paris, although I had written it at New Orleans, before we final ly left, not knowing your address at New York
Nov 9th, 1853 (Signed) R DURANT
The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases —
Bad Legs
Bad Breasts
Burns
Bunions
Chilblains
Chapped hands
Contracted and Stiff Joints
Fistulas
Gout
Glandular swellings
Lumbago
Piles
Rheumatism
Salt Rheum
Scalds
Sore nipples
Sore throat
Skin-diseases
Scurvy
Sore heads
Ulcers
Wounds.
** Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 38, Corner of Ann and Nassau Streets, New York, also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines through out the United states, in Pots, at 37½ cents, 87 cents, and $1,50 cents each To be had Wholesale of the principal Drug Houses in the Union
There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes
N B Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot
S. JOHNSON, Jr, Wholesale Agent for Holloway's med icines, for the State of Wisconsin, 151 East water st., Mil waukee. jly24d&w

New Blades put in Old Handles,
AND WARRANTED, AT
J. HARDY'S!
DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF
SHEFFIELD CUTLERY!
239 East Water Street, Milwaukee.
Britannia Ware Plated and Metal Goods,
SHIP BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS TOOLS,
FILES, STEEL, &c.

J HARDY has now on hand the largest and best se lected stock of Goods of the above kind, ever brought to this City, Imported direct from Sheffield
nov18 d&wlyr

CITY LAND OFFICE!
LAW BUILDINGS, WISCONSIN ST.

THIS IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS I have now several valuable Lots in the First Ward, and particu larly three adjoining John Nazro, Esq, on the North— They are beautiful lots, and will be sold at a bargain
Also, several Houses and Lots in the 1st Ward
Also, Forty Acres of beautiful Land, half timber near ly opposite Henry Williams, Esq., on the Muskwongo Plank Road.
Also, Thirty Acres on the Beloit Road, with good im provements, with a good frame house and barn, one mile from Mr Mabbett's
Also, Twenty five Acres on the Lisbon Plank Road, ½ mile from City limits Next Thursday I will give a list of property I have for sale, in the 2d, 3d 4th and 5th Wards Those who wish to have their property advertised will please send in their list by Saturday if possible
CALEB WALL,
General Land Agent, Law Buildings, Wisconsin st
nov13

NATIVE WINES.

WE HAVE RECEIVED FROM LONGWORTH & ZIMMERMAN'S, in Cincinnati,
100 Boxes Dry Catawba,
100 Boxes Sparkling Catawba,
100 Boxes Ladies' Sweet Catawba,
Of the vintage of 1850.
We would also call attention to our large and superior stock of
French and German Wines and Liquors
OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION
All our Goods were selected by Mr Mahler himself, when on his last visit to France and Germany
MAHLER & WENDT,
No 88 East Water street
Milwaukee, Dec 5, 1854 dec7

SILVER PLATED CAKE BASKETS, a fine lot for sale by nov30 ROOD & GOODRICH.

JUST RECEIVED,

A SECOND SUPPLY of those beautiful BRACE LETS, of entirely new Pattern, at
nov8 C J GILBERT'S, No 17 Wisconsin st

By Express!

TWO CASES LADIES' VELVET HATS, re ceived this day. Also 1 case Felt for Ladies' and Misses' Bonnet Frames, Crowns, &c, Velvet for Hats, in all colors. L BLAKE.
Milwaukee, Dec. 4, 1854. dec5

WATCH REPAIRING—Done up by Mr. Jones and Dayton in the best style, and warranted
dec14 ROOD & GOODRICH

LOOKING GLASSES, at Great Bargains, for sale by dec7 ROOD & GOODRICH.

City Land Office.

I WANT TO PURCHASE for a friend of mine, a com fortable House and Lot or Half Lot, situated some where between Michigan and Martin sts., and Cass and Main sts, not to cost over two thousand dollars. He wants to pay one third down, balance in one and two years, with 7 per cent interest Any one having such a place call at my office. jan9 CALEB WALL.

BY EXPRESS, THIS MORNING,

10 DOZ LADIES' DRESS CAPS, 50 DOZ. MOHAIR Head Dresses, Childrens' Hosiery, &c.
L. BLAKE, 23 Wisconsin-st,
November 1. nov2

PATENT MEDICINES

MEDICATED INHALATION
A NEW METHOD.

A MOST WONDERFUL DISCOVERY has recently been made by Dr CURTIS, for the cure of Asthma, Con sumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Lung Com plaints, by Medicated Inhalation Dr. CURTIS'S HY GEANA, or INHALING HYGEAN VAPOR and CHER RY SYRUP, has accomplished the most wonderful cures of Asthma and Consumption in the City of New York and vicinity for a few months past, ever known to man— It is producing an impression on Diseases of the Lungs never before witnessed by the medical profession. [See certificates in hands of Agents.]
The Inhaler is worn on the breast, under the linen, with out the least inconvenience, the heat of the body being suf ficient to evaporate the fluid,—supplying the lungs con stantly with a healing and agreeable vapor, passing into all the air cells and passages of the lungs that cannot possibly be reached by any other medicine Here is a case of
ASTHMA CURED.
BROOKLYN, N. Y., Dec. 20th, 1853
For about eight years I have been severely afflicted with the Asthma; for the last two years I have suffered beyond all my powers of description; months at a time I have not been able to sleep in a bed, getting what rest I could sit ting in my chair. My difficulty of breathing, and my suf ferings, were so great at times, that for hours together my friends expected each hour would be my last. During the past six years I have had the aid and attendance of some of the most celebrated physicians, but have received no permanent benefit, and but little relief. I at length had the good fortune to procure Dr. Curtis's Hygeana or Inha ling Hygean Vapor and Cherry Syrup At the time I first obtained it, I was suffering under one of my most violent attacks, and was in great distress, almost suffering for want of breath. In less than ten minutes from the time I ap plied the Inhaler to my stomach, and took a teaspoonful of the Cherry Syrup, I was relieved in a great measure from the difficulty of breathing, and had a comfortable night. I have since continued it with the greatest possible benefit, and am now comparatively well God only knows the amount of suffering this medicine has relieved me from. My advice to the suffering is—TRY IT
CONSUMPTION CURED.
NEW YORK, Dec 27th, 1853.
I came to New York in the ship Telegraph; my native place is St John, New Brunswick; when I reached this city, my health was very poor, had a very bad cough, rais ed a great deal of matter, which was frequently mixed with blood, had pain in my left side, and was very weak and emaciated My friends and physician pronounced my case Consumption, and beyond the reach of medicine I acci dentally heard of Dr. Curtis's Hygeana, or Inhaling Hy gean Vapor and Cherry Syrup, and obtained a package, which I verily believe was the means of saving my life— Soon after wearing the Inhaler, I found it relieved the pres sure on my lungs, and after a while the disease made its ap pearance upon the surface under the Inhaler I took the Cherry Syrup as directed, and continued to do so, my cough gradually growing better, until it entirely left me, and I now consider myself cured, I still wear the Inhaler, as the use of it is rather pleasant, and believing it strengthen ing and purifying to the lungs, I feel unwilling at present to dispense with it. JOHN WOOD.
Sold by BOYD & PAUL, No 40 Cortlandt street, C H. RING, corner of John street and Broadway, N Y. Price $3 a package.
N. B.—Any person inclosing $3 to BOYD & PAUL, or CUR TIS & PERKINS, New York, will receive a package contain ing a bottle of Hygean Vapor, one of Cherry Syrup, and an Inhaler, in a neat box, by express, free to any part of the United States; or four packages for $10. feb2-1yd&w
For Sale in Milwaukee by
SETH JOHNSON, Jr.

MEDICATED INHALATION!

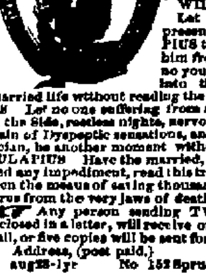
CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED, AS TREATED BY
DR. E. N. TRIST,
WITH HIS CELEBRATED
HYGEN & OXYGENIC VAPOR!

DR TRIST, Graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons in London, and the recipient of diplomas from the Lung Institution of Edinburgh, and Hotel des Invalides of Paris, having settled permanently in New York for the practice of his profession, begs leave to suggest to the cit izens of the United States that several years of study and successful experiments in England and Scotland, as well as other parts of Europe, with Consumption in all its forms, enable him to warrant, not only relief, but a complete cure to all those suffering with this great national disease.
Dr. TRIST deems it unprofessional to advertise, but others having represented themselves as the originators of the Inhalation Treatment, he would say to the afflicted that he alone is entitled to its first introduction, and would caution all against using the useless and dangerous com pounds advertised by incompetent persons
"Take up thy bed and walk!"
Dr. TRIST would say to those interested, that he has had manufactured, for the use of his patrons, his "Patent Inhaling Tubes," through which the vapor is conveyed to the parts affected, and which he earnestly commends for the cheering results which have attended their use; and the fact that they may be used by the most feeble in valid without any unpleasant symptoms
To those residing out of the city, Dr Trist will forward one of the Inhaling Tubes, together with a package of the Vapor, sufficient to last for three months, accompanied with ample directions for use, on receipt of a letter con taining Ten Dollars, and describing symptoms
A cure is warranted in all stages of Consumption, Bron chitis, Asthma, and all other affections of the Throat, Lungs, and Air Passages In case of failure, the money will be returned
Address (post paid) DR E. N TRIST, 66 Grand st., New York City dec21 dtmarl'55

HIGHLY IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.
To the Afflicted Everywhere,
DR. A. L. ADAMS' LIVER BALSAM
COMES GREETING!

DR. A. L. ADAMS' NEW CURE FOR DIS EASE is awakening the inquiry in the minds of all who read it How is it that Americans have been so long and so lavishly immured in darkness and ignorance on the subject of disease.
DR. A. L. ADAMS' LIVER BALSAM.
The great Panacea of Disease is offered us [illegible] the States and Territories for the entire cure of Liver Complaints in all stages, Bilious Fever, Ague and Fever, Chronic Lung Fever, Dropsical Affections, Coughs, Con sumption, Asthma, Jaundice, Bowel Complaints, Diar rhoea, Dysentery, Rheumatism, Piles, Scrofula, Salt Rheum Dyspepsia, General Debility, Nervousness, Costiveness, In digestion, Female Complaints, &c.
Dr A L Adams' Liver Balsam now sustains the high est reputation of any remedy before the public and has proved to the most skeptical, beyond a shadow of doubt that it is the only reliable medicine ever discovered! (be ing purely vegetable) for the permanent cure of the above disease The most skeptical have become its most san guine votaries, and pronounce the Liver Balsam to be the only reliable harbinger of health to the afflicted everywhere.
Testimonials come up from every track it has made, swollen with expressions of gratitude for the relief re ceived by its use And, in submitting this, the Liver Bal sam is recommended to those suffering under the iron grasp of the monster disease, and at once procure one bottle of Dr A. L. Adams' Liver Balsam.
The reader's attention is called to the perusal of the Medical Circular, which can be obtained of every agent throughout the United States, giving a clear epitome of the causes and cure of disease; also, of certificates of those who have tested its unparalleled ascendancy over the dis ease to which we are all subject.
G E Scott, General Agent, No. 67 Randolph st., Chica go, Ill., to whom all orders must be addressed to receive prompt attention. Sold by
mr4 A. F. CLARK, Agent.

DOCTOR YOURSELF.
THE POCKET ÆSCULAPIUS,
OR, EVERY ONE HIS OWN PHYSICIAN.



THE FIFTIETH Edition with One Hundred Engra vings, showing Diseases and Mal formations of the Human Sys tem in every shape and form.— To which is added a Treatise on the Diseases of Females, being of the highest importance to married people or those contem plating marriage. By WILLIAM YOUNG, M. D.
Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the ÆSCULA PIUS to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life without reading the POCKET ÆSCULAPI US Let no one suffering from a hackneyed Cough, Pain in the Side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their Phy sician, be another moment without consulting the ÆS CULAPIUS Have the married, or those about to be mar ried any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate crea tures from the very jaws of death.
Any person sending TWENTY FIVE CENTS enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this work by mail, or five copies will be sent for One Dollar
Address, (post paid,) DR WM YOUNG,
aug18-1yr No 152 Spruce Street, Philadelphia

A. B. NEWKIRK, M. D.,

Oculist and Ophthalmic Surgeon,
No 17 Metropolitan Buildings, La Salle Street,

TENDERS his professional services to all those who are afflicted with any of the various diseases to which the Eye is subject He will operate in the most approved manner for CATARACT, STRABISMUS, (Cross Eye) or any other condition of that organ requiring surgical aid. He will also adjust ARTIFICIAL EYES, for those who wish them, in a manner so as to cause no inconveni ence to the wearer, which shall be perfectly natural in ap pearance, and will move in harmony with the natural eye Dr. N. flatters himself that his long and well directed clinical experience—the advantages afforded him while con nected with the New York Eye Infirmary, (the largest in stitution of the kind in the United States,) and also his hith erto successful treatment of the many cases to which his attention has been called while in this city, enables him to warrant entire satisfaction to all who may avail themselves of his professional services.
Office hours from 8 to 9 A. M., and 2 to 3 P. M Resi dence 149 State-st, Chicago, Ill. ap19-1yrd&w

NEW
Yankee Notion Establishment.
COWAN & SEXTON,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FANCY GOODS,
Laces, Embroidery, Ribbons.
TRIMMINGS, WOOL WRAPPERS,
DRAWERS AND COMFORTERS,
GLOVES, HOSIERY, PLATED WARE AND
JEWELRY, CIGARS, &c.,
No.17 Spring Street, - - - Wisconsin

WE ARE NOW OPENING AN ENTIRE FRESH Stock of Goods in the above line, to the examina tion of which we would respectfully solicit the attention of Country Dealers, before purchasing elsewhere, feeling confident that we can offer such inducements as will merit a share of their patronage.
J. S. COWAN. J. M. SEXTON.
oct6dtf

DISSOLUTION.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of TAY LOR & LEWIS, is this day dissolved by mutual consent; and all debts and claims against said firm will be paid by said Taylor.
J. TAYLOR,
ALLISON [illegible]

CHURCH & SCHOOL HOUSE BELLS.

THE subscribers have on hand a small assortment of SCHOOL HOUSE and FOUNDRY BELLS, and have made arrangements with the best Foundry in the country to furnish CHURCH BELLS of any size.
We receive and fill orders for Bells of any weight, which can be furnished on short notice at Boston cost and expenses added. HENRY J. NAZRO & CO
aug5

VOLUME XI.

MILWAUKEE DAILY SENTINEL.

NEW SERIES

N. Y. ADVERTISEMENTS.

[illegible] WM. M. M'DONALD'S ADVERTISING AGENCY, 102 NASSAU ST., N. Y.

THOMAS DOUGLASS,
PLATT STREET, N. Y.,
Importer and Dealer in every Description of
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
HARDWARE.
Heavy English Goods by the Package
[illegible]
[illegible]E'S BRACES, TURNSCREWS, &c
MANUFACTURER
of Premium Steel Squares, Premium Augers and Bits, Axes, Socket and Firmer Chisels, Patent Hollow Auger
AGENT FOR BURLINGTON WAGON AXLES,
[illegible] & Co., Manufacturers, Burlington, Vt
[illegible]

FROM
Fischer & Schell's General Advertising House, Appleton's Building, 346 and 348 Broadway.

ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.,
82 Canal, and 49 & 51 Howard Sts.,
NEW YORK,
IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF
French and British Dry Goods,

[illegible] IN PART OF [illegible] French Printed Barege, [illegible] Tissues, [illegible] Grenadines [illegible] Plain Bareges and Tissues [illegible] Barege Tissues, Rich Grenadine & Silk [illegible] variety, from low priced to the very [illegible] and most elegant manufactured

ALSO,

[illegible] of Plain India Silks of very high lustre and [illegible] Crape, Barege, Cashmere and Stella [illegible] both imported [illegible] New patterns received by [illegible]

ALSO,

[illegible] English Capes, [illegible] Hosiery, Alexander's Silk Gloves, [illegible] and Fancy articles

[illegible] one or more buyers constantly in the [illegible] markets, and their arrangements are such that [illegible] are frequently enabled to place before their customers [illegible] simultaneously with their appearance in [illegible] and Lyons.

[illegible] buyers are invited to examine our stock [illegible]

CHARLES' LONDON CORDIAL GIN.

W[illegible] THE NECESSITY OF EXTRAORDI[illegible] are popularity with scarcely an effort on the part [illegible], this superb Gin, in the short period [illegible] since its introduction to the American [illegible] popularity beyond precedent in the [illegible] annals

The Certificates of over Five Thousand Physicians [illegible] United States, proclaim [illegible]

[illegible] board of the family, and the bar of [illegible] by the bedside of the sick, as [illegible] of the healthy. Free from [illegible] harmless in its [illegible] a slight stimulant [illegible] gradually weans him from the horrors of delirium, and restores a shattered constitution. [illegible] from its absolute [illegible] suffering entirely from any [illegible] as a medicine in cases of dyspepsia, gout, gravel, diseases of the kidneys, and innumerable [illegible] for which as a remedy and precaution it has no equal.

To Travellers it is Indispensably Necessary [illegible] the frequently engendered by change [illegible] ague, fever, and malaria of every [illegible]

Charles' London Cordial Gin is put up in square [illegible] with the proprietor's name, a fac simile [illegible] the label, and packed in cases of two dozen [illegible] The genuine Charles London [illegible] can be had retail of all respectable druggists [illegible] at all hotels, and wholesale of the sole importers
DE VENOGE & CHARLES,
132 Pearl street, New York
[illegible] with on liberal terms

EXTENSION TABLES.

[illegible] 180 WOOSTER STREET [illegible] Prince and Houston Streets, New York, [illegible] A large assortment always on hand. Orders [illegible] punctually attended to

GOUPIL & CO.,

[illegible] PRINTSELLERS, Publishers, Print [illegible] Artists, Colourmen, Paris, [illegible] Broadway, NEW YORK. Cat[illegible] The usual discount to the trade and [illegible] Frames furnished

[illegible]FLIN BROTHERS & CO.,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
NEW YORK.
[illegible] to No 170 William Street, Corner of Beekman
[illegible] DRUGS from their original [illegible] EUROPE and the EAST INDIES, [illegible] ENGLISH CHEMICALS, PERFU[illegible] HAIR BRUSHES, HAIR [illegible] TURKEY SPONGES [illegible] &c., they offer them on the most [illegible] Orders either in person, or by mail [illegible] attention jel6 1yrV&S

GROCERIES AT WHOLESALE

103 and 105 East Water Street.

DUTCHER & SEXTON,
SUCCESSORS TO THE LATE FIRM OF
P. W. BADGELY & CO.

ARE now receiving [illegible] Fall Stock of Groceries, [illegible] for Cash, which they are prepared [illegible] bought in any of the western markets as follows
[illegible] Sugars
[illegible] and Clarified and Refined do
[illegible] Molasses
[illegible] Laguayra and Java Coffee
[illegible] Green Tea
[illegible]
[illegible] No 1 and Castile Soap.
[illegible] various brands
[illegible]
[illegible] and Tallow Candles.
[illegible] Nutmegs, Indigo, Codfish, Sardines, [illegible] Cigars &c, also a very fine stock of liq[illegible]

[illegible] has been long known to the business community [illegible] the late firm of P Badgely & Co., and by [illegible] business they hope to merit the same [illegible] extended to the late firm.
[illegible] KELLOGG SEXTON
[illegible] for the Celebrated Tiger Mill Flour.

VALUABLE PROPRRTY FOR SALE!

THE ATTENTION OF CAPITALISTS AND ALL [illegible] investing in valuable Real Estate [illegible] is requested to the following Property [illegible] the undersigned as Assignees
[illegible] half of lot 9, in block 155
[illegible] in block 157
[illegible] 159
[illegible] 162
[illegible] 163
[illegible] south half of 8, lots 9 and 10, block 165
[illegible] 169
[illegible] 13 and 14, block 169
[illegible]
[illegible] 177 185 and 187
[illegible] south half of lot 6, block 159
[illegible]
[illegible]
[illegible] of lots 1 and 6 in block 173
[illegible] 1 and 2 " 174
[illegible] undivided half of Pier Property all [illegible] First Ward of the City of Milwaukee. [illegible] lots 19 and 20 in Curtis' Addition, in [illegible] First Ward
North half of lot 12, lots 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18, block 93 [illegible] one half of the property in the Second Ward known as the Kilbourn Mills
ALSO THE FOLLOWING VESSEL PROPERTY
[illegible] Propeller Forest City,
[illegible] Badger State
[illegible] Empire State,
[illegible] Schooner Republic,
" Robert Bruce,
Brig Greyhound,
" Robert Burns,
" Samuel Hale,
ALSO,
[illegible] R. R. Stock, full paid [illegible] the Merchants Mutual Ins Co., of Milwaukee
[illegible] Locomotive Co
[illegible] New York City Railroad Bonds
C. D. NORRIS,
WM. L. HIBBARD
Assignees

MILWAUKEE AND WATERTOWN RAILROAD COMPANY NOTICE!

W[illegible] IT HAS BEEN ASCERTAINED THAT [illegible] the first Instalment of ten per centum [illegible] of the Milwaukee and Watertown [illegible] ordered by a resolution of the Board [illegible] day of June, 1853, and required to [illegible] the [illegible] day of July, 1853, was not [illegible] previous to the day named for pay[illegible] act of incorporation, Notice is [illegible] to the Stockholders in said Com[illegible] for Instalments on stocks [illegible] on the Capital Stock of [illegible] Watertown Railroad Company, orig[illegible] on the 22d day of July, 185[illegible] published, is hereby [illegible] to be paid at the office of the [illegible] on or before the 1st day of [illegible]

[illegible] further call of ten per centum payable [illegible] of January—ten per centum pay[illegible] day of January—ten per centum [illegible] the 30th day of January, and three [illegible] payable on or before the 15th [illegible] the year 1855.

[illegible] of ten dollars per share, pay[illegible] time and place on the capital stock of [illegible] company, of Bishop Stewart and [illegible] Company and on which instal[illegible] paid in work, as per their con[illegible]

[illegible] Board of Directors as per resolution
J L HATHAWAY, Sec'y
[illegible] October 19, 1854 oct20 did

211 EAST WATER STREET.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now receiving his Fall stock of SADDLERY, HARDWARE, & CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS, and is enabled to offer to his customers and Saddlers throughout the State greater inducements than ever before in their Or[illegible]

[illegible] will be found complete, and orders will [illegible] at as low prices as any place in the West.

[illegible] Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Manufactured Saddlery, Harness, Trunks, Whips, &c., &c.
GEORGE DYER
[illegible] oct

N. Y. ADVERTISEMENTS.

FROM S. M. PETTENGILL'S ADVERTISING AGENCY, 119 NASSAU ST., N. Y.

New York City Business Directory.

The following list of Business Firms are among the best and most reliable in the City of New York

DRY GOODS.

BOWEN, McNAMEE & CO., Importers of American and Foreign Silk and Fancy Goods 112 and 114 Broadway [illegible]

C. B. HATCH & CO., 56 Chambers st., Importers of Gentlemens Furnishing Goods and Manufacturers of Shirts, Stocks, &c. 1aug31 55

F. COTTENET & CO., Importers of FRENCH and other EUROPEAN GOODS, No [illegible] Street 1apr30 55

JOHN M. DAVIES, JONES & CO., Importers of Gents Furnishing Goods and Manufacturers of Stocks, Shirts, Ties, &c. 22 [illegible] Street 1apr30 55

JAMES OWEN, 15 B[illegible], Importer of Dress Trimmings, Gimps and Fringes, Silk Cravats, Lace Mitts, and Silk Goods generally 1aug31 55

EPSTEIN & HONIG, No 100 Liberty street and 105 Cedar street, corner of Trinity Place Importers of Laces, Embroideries, Silks, &c dec28 1aug31 55

BORN, SCHEIPER & HARBAUS, Importers of German [illegible] Silks [illegible] No 50 Exchange [illegible] dec28 1apr30 55

PEIFFER D. MULLER, Importer of French, German and Swiss Dry Goods, Silks, Satins, Velvets and Shawls, Woolens, &c., [illegible] Broadway, New York dec28 sept1 55

BERTRAND, FREIRE & HENRY, Importers of Linen Cambrics and Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs, Linen Lawns, Embroideries, &c., (own manufacture) 27 William Street dec28 [illegible]

JOHN COLT'S
STANDARD COTTON SAIL DUCK.

H. C. BEACH & CO., No 21 Pine street, New York, sole Agents. Cotton Canvass, from several to [illegible] [illegible] Ounce, Osnaburgs, Print Cloths, and Copper Roller or Calico and Satinet [illegible] nov15 1may1 55

A CERTAIN REMEDY.

USE THE MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Rheumatism, Bruises, Burns, Sprains, Cuts, [illegible] and Sores. An effectual cure [illegible] all external complaints of Man or Animal. G. W. WESTBROOK, Originator and Proprietor, 304 Broadway, New York. [illegible]

FANCY GOODS.

CHAS ZINN & CO., Importers of French and German Fancy and Travelling Baskets, and Manufacturers of Cane and Willow Furniture, Jenny Lind Work stands, &c, No 52 Maiden Lane, (near William st.) New York. [illegible]

GRATES AND FENDERS.

W. H. JACKSON, (formerly W & N Jackson & Bons) Grate and Fender maker, 591 Broadway, one door above 13th st, New York. [illegible]

UNION INDIA RUBBER [illegible] Co [illegible] manufacture all kinds of Rubber Clothing, [illegible] Druggists' Articles, &c. Office [illegible] St to [illegible] may25 [illegible]

THE NEWARK INDIA RUBBER Manufacturing Company, 53 Maiden Lane, [illegible] Manufacturer and Wholesale Dealers in Goodyear's [illegible] Boots and Shoes, [illegible] Belts, Tents & [illegible]

Machinery & Machine Tools.

ANDREWS & JESUP, No 17 Pine Street, New York, Commission Merchants for the sale of all kinds of Machinists' Tools and Cotton and Woolen Machinery from the best makers. Exclusive Agents for Lowell Machine Shops deceb may10 55

Window Glass.

J. H. POILLON & CO., Importers of French Window and Coach Glass, No [illegible] street 1apr30 55

Paper Warehouses.

CYRUS W. FIELD & CO., 11 Cliff st, Importers and Wholesale Dealers in American, French, German and English Papers, and every description of Paper Manufacturers Materials 1aug31 55

Paint and Color Manufacturers.

RAINBOW COLOR WORKS, Rochester, N Y. Depot 125 Maiden Lane, New York. Paints and Chrome Colors, &c jeb9

SAFES.

DIFFIANCE SALAMANDER SAFES, and Gover[illegible] Defiance Locks and Cross Bars. Robert M. Patrick manufacturer, 192 Pearl St. cor [illegible] may22 1apr30 55

Tiles for Floors and Chimney Tops.

MILLER, COATES & YOULL, No 279 Pearl street, Encaustic Tiles, Chimney Tops Plumbers Materials, Metals &c 1aug31 [illegible]

CHEAP BOOKS.

EXTRAORDINARY INDUCEMENTS TO

The Reading Public.

Either of the following works will be sent free of postage, on receipt of the price annexed.

The Abduction, Trials, and Adventures of Pepita Mandeville,

Wife of Augustus H. Mandeville, [illegible] from her husband at Bogota, New Granada, by [illegible] Spanish Robbers and by them detained in their mountain fastnesses for thirteen months, [illegible] the most truly wonderful picture, the whole [illegible] the most truly wonderful narrative of actual occurrences ever yet printed in our reading community. Written by her Husband. Price 12½ cents

A THRILLING AND STARTLING WORK.

The Authentic Confessions of William Masterson,

The Cruel Murderer of his Father and Mother! Together with a complete account of his various Robberies and Murders, including the [illegible] of Buffalo, N. Y., and the beautiful Miss [illegible] Annet. [illegible] which is the history of the most fiendish Murderer, an expert Burglar and [illegible] Price 12½ cents

The Beautiful Jewess, Rachel Mendoza.

Her lamentable connection with the dark and eventful career of Charles Bernar, otherwise called 'Prince Charming,' by George Lippard. [illegible] of whose adventures in Madrid, [illegible] the Palace of the Queen, [illegible] so much comment, and such intense interest in the American press.

Thousands throughout the United States are familiar with portions of this career of Prince Charles, but this narrative sets out in plain colors his whole career, especially his connection with the rich and beautiful Jewess, Rachel Mendoza, who only a year ago mingled in the first circles of New York. After relating his adventures in the United States, this narrative conducts us to Madrid, to the Royal Court of Spain, revealing the secrets of the life of Queen Isabella. Price 25 cents

STARTLING DISCLOSURES. MYSTERIES SOLVED OR THE HISTORY OF

ESTHER LIVINGSTONE,

And dark career of Henry Baldwin. By George Lippard. This narrative not only pictures the singular career of Esther Livingstone, and the crimes of Henry Baldwin, but the scenes in which they were actors in the Mammoth Cave, are related by this wretched Baldwin, in a bold, truthful, but absorbing style. And the murder of Miss Annie Hardy, in Charleston on the night of her marriage, is in these pages terribly explained. Price 25 cts

The Rival's Revenge! or The Lovely Quakeress,

CATHARINE MIDDLETON,

The Skillful Gamester in Disguise. Her singular career with the startling developments in the life of Don Senor Juanito, The Mexican Priest. Price 12½ cents

TERMS.—The above five thrilling and interesting Volumes will be sent to any address in the United States and Canadas free of postage, on the receipt of 50 cents. Postmasters or others, remitting two dollars, the above five books will be sent to five persons, free of postage, or on the receipt of five dollars they will be sent to [illegible] persons. Large [illegible] to the trade. [illegible]
All letters must be addressed to
BARCLAY & CO.,
50 Ann st., New York
dec29 3m d&w6MP

WOODWORTH'S

Planing Machines!

FOR RIGHTS TO RUN THE CELEBRATED WOODWORTH'S Planing, Tonguing and Grooving Machines, in the State of Wisconsin, except in the Counties of Racine, Kenosha, Fond du Lac [illegible] application should be made to the [illegible] the Milwaukee Planing Mill [illegible] Sash Door and Blind Manufactory, where may be seen in operation [illegible] a PATENT MOULDING MACHINE, [illegible] which is superior to anything of the kind in use.
J B SMITH
Milwaukee, Nov 27, 1854 nov28 [illegible]

A. B. BLANCHARD,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

GREEN AND DRIED FRUIT,

Fish, Nuts, &c.,

NO 101 EAST WATER ST., MILWAUKEE.

3,000 BARRELS OF

WINTER APPLES,

IN WINTER QUARTERS AT THE TIME, WHICH almost any emergency will bring out and at reasonable rates, too. My Fruit has been selected with great care, and I can assert, without fear or contradiction, that there are none better in market.

All orders left with me this week, or at any other time during the winter, will receive prompt attention, as I do not intend to get it so far into winter quarters that the Almighty Dollar will not act as a magnet of sufficient force to draw it out.

My Stock of DRIED FRUIT AND NUTS of all kinds, and FISH of every description, is unusually large, of the very best quality.

City and Country Dealers are invited to call and examine my stock and prices, as I am confident I can offer them greater inducements to purchase than any other house in the West.

N B — Specie payment not exacted. nov18

FOR SALE!

TWO OR THREE IMPROVED FARMS, AS GOOD as can be found in the State, for Twenty Five Dollars an acre.

One of some 400 acres, including the W[illegible] Flouring Mill, is offered at a low rate. A small amount only required to be paid down—the balance on time to suit purchaser.

Horses, Cattle and Sheep for Sale.
300 sheep to Let. L. A. JENKINS.
Genesee, Waukesha County Sept 9 sep11d&wtf

WILL BE PUBLISHED IN A FEW DAYS,

LAPHAM'S SUSPENDING MAP OF WISCONSIN, a new edition, containing the new surveys and connections to the present date. Price, $5

CHAPMAN'S SUSPENDING MAP OF WISCONSIN—A sectional Map, containing the most recent surveys. Sons ten miles to the inch. Price, $3

All orders should be addressed to S CHAPMAN, Publisher of the above.

Liberal discount to Agents. S CHAPMAN
nov28

FOR SALE!

The 30 feet and Building next south of Dr. Hewitt's Block, on Main Street.
Also Lot 10 Block 62, First Ward.
Also House on North 30 feet of Lot 2, Block 18, Third Ward.
Also House on W ½ of Lot 6, Block 13, Third Ward.
Also Lot 12, Block 86, and Lot 6, Block 79.
J H CRAMPTON,
dec11 Real Estate Agent

FLUTES AND FLUTE PRECEPTORS, for sale by dec14 ROOD & GOODRICH.

DRY GOODS, &C.

GREAT SACRIFICE IN DRY GOODS!

MACK BROTHERS!

AT THE

NEW YORK CHEAP CASH STORE,

No. 191 West Water St., Milwaukee.

WILL OPEN ON TUESDAY MORNING, December 12th, with their stock of DRY GOODS marked down from 15 to 31 per cent., and at the prices goods will be sold, this may be considered the best opportunity to obtain a real bargain, during the year 1854. All the prices are marked in plain figures, and the following will give a small sample, while the whole stock, on examination, will show a similar reduction

French Merinoes marked down from	1,12½	to	75c pr yd	
Paramettas do	do	0,50	to	25c do
Queen's Cloth do	do	0,60	to	31c do
Black Silks do	do	1,50	to	1,00 do
Colored Silks do	do	1,00	to	75c do
Plaid Silks, do	do	0,75	to	50c do
Good Domestic Flannels,	do	0 37½	to	25c do
Superfine Flannels, marked	do	1,00	to	75c do
Check Cambrics do	do	0,25	to	1?c do
Shawls, Brocha Long do	do	25,00	to	15,00 each,
do do Square do	do	10 00	to	7,00 do
Bay State Wool do at HALF THEIR VALUE				

It is unnecessary to go further into particulars—all the Stock of Cloths, Velvets, Flannels, DeLaines, Silks, Prints, Linens and Domestics have undergone an

Immense Reduction.

Now an opportunity is presented which all who are purchasing should not lose sight of.
MACK BROTHERS,
dec12 191 West Water Street, Milwaukee

THE VERY LATEST!

SECOND ARRIVAL OF

Fall and Winter Goods

THE CITIZENS OF MILWAUKEE AND VICINITY never had presented such opportunities for purchasing

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

as we are now able to offer

A REDUCTION OF ONE HALF

IN THE PRICE OF FOREIGN GOODS

FROM THE IMPORTATION COST!

On account of the general prostration of trade in England and Europe, consequent upon the diversion of the precious metals from commerce to carry on the War in the East, large consignments of goods have been made to the United States with orders to close them up for CASH, AT WHATEVER SACRIFICE

ADLER & NEWBOUER,

have purchased largely of these goods, and are now offer nearly all kinds of Imported Goods at about

Half the Manufacturing Cost!

Fine Plaid, Plain and Brochade SILKS, such as cost from 6/- cents to two dollars to import, are now selling from 3s up. Turk Satins at 6s cost 10s to import.

French Merinoes, All Wool, best goods imported, for 5s to 6s and equal to any sold last season at 8s to 10s

B[illegible], an elegant assortment, from 5s to $2,50

Wool, Worsted and Raw Silk Plaids, double width, choice goods imported. 1s 6d to 5s, and equal to anything sold last season for from 3s to 12s

Parmettas for 1s, 1s 6d and 2s, that are as good as any ever before sold in this country at 2s 6d, 3s and 4s. A dress from 8s to 12s, as good as could be obtained last year at 20s to $3 00.

Rich Embroideries at a very great reduction from former prices

All Wool Delaines at 2s worth 4s and upwards

Lace Curtains, richest goods ever imported, we are now selling at the price of common material

One Shilling Calicoes at 6d.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Kentucky Jeans at a great reduction in price

Blanket Shawls, Brocha Shawls & Scarfs.

Our stock of Brocha Shawls cannot be equalled this side of New York. We sell good all wool Brocha Shawls at $5 and defy competition. Also best quality, as high as $60 to $75. And the richest assortment of

Satin, Cloth and Silk Velvet Cloaks,

at astonishing low prices. Making altogether the largest and most desirable stock of

DRY GOODS

ever exhibited in this market, from which Families, Merchants and Pedlars can supply their wants for one half the money required to purchase the same last year. Don't forget the place, NEAR THE AMERICAN,

SPRING STREET, MILWAUKEE.
nov27 tf

DRY GOODS!

YANKEE NOTIONS!

READY MADE CLOTHING

AT WHOLESALE.

SEXTON BRO. & CO.,

147 East Water St., Milwaukee,

INVITE THE ATTENTION OF THE Purchasers in this State and the North-west to their Extensive Stock of

American, English and European

GOODS

in the above line. We have now in Store the

LARGEST AND MOST EXTENSIVE STOCK

Ever Exhibited in the West!

One of our firm spends all his time in the Eastern Markets, from whom we are receiving constant supplies of the latest Importation, and styles of Home Manufacture.

We speak not of our facilities for purchasing at Auction Sales, of Manufacturers, Importers and Commission Houses, but offer our goods at prices beyond competition in this or our neighboring Cities, not excepting New York or Boston.
SEXTON BRO & CO.,
oct18 147 East Water Street

300 BALES BRO. SHEETINGS, Stripe Shirtings, Tickings and Brown Drills, for sale by
SEXTON BRO & CO.,
oct18 147 East Water street.

50 CASES SATINETS, Cassimeres, Sheep Grey, Overcoating, and Broadcloths, for sale by
SEXTON BRO & CO.,
oct18 147 East Water street.

100 CASES Cocheco, American, Philip Allen, Spragues, Carlisle, and other styles American and English Prints, for sale by
SEXTON BRO & CO.,
oct18 147 East Water street.

40 CASES DE LAINES, MERINOS, ALPACAS, COburgs, and other Dress Goods, for sale by
SEXTON BRO & CO.,
oct18 147 East Water street.

LATEST AND CHEAPEST!

NEW GOODS

SELLING OFF TO MAKE ROOM FOR OTHERS.

R. D. JENNINGS,

EXPECTING a large reinforcement of Goods about the 1st of November, offers better bargains in Dry Goods than can be found in the city. This is no humbug,—we mean what we say, and invite all purchasers to examine our Goods before buying.
Silk plaids 1s to 5 shillings
Wool Plaids 5 to 7 shillings
French Merinoes for 5s.
Cashmeres, Coburgs, DeLaines, Alpaccas, Plain and Dress Silks for 5s.
Black silks as low as 4s
Ladies' Cloak Cloths, Embroideries, Ribbons, Trimmings, &c, and every kind of Staple Goods equally low
All Goods cheerfully shown. Call and buy cheaper than you ever bought before.
R. D JENNINGS,
No 11 Spring Street
Milwaukee Oct 9 oct10

FOR SALE!

A desirable Two Story Dwelling nearly new, and pleasantly situated on Sycamore near Sixth Street, with Lot 5[illegible] by 150, under a fine state of cultivation.

Also—Two desirable Dwellings and Lot on Fifth near Clybourn Street. Apply to
J H CRAMPTON,
oct25 Real Estate Agent

VALUABLE

Water Power & Milling Property

FOR SALE!

WITH A LARGE STONE BUILDING, PERMAnently built, 80 feet long by 38 feet wide, Four Stories high, situated on the South side of the village of

BURLINGTON, RACINE COUNTY,

Below the Junction of the Fox and White Rivers, by which the Power of the Rock River is secured to the property, and within the vicinity of the Beloit, Racine and Mississippi Railroad Depot.

The above Building has now in it Four Wheels and Two Run of Stone in operation.

The Widow of the late deceased John Appleyard, offers the above property for Sale at a GREAT BARGAIN.
Apply to TURTON & SERCOMB, Milwaukee, or
JAS CATTON, Burlington, Racine Co.
Burlington, Sept. 19, 1854 sep15d&wtf

Vulcan Foundry,

OPPOSITE THE

Checkered Warehouse, Walker's Point,

MILWAUKEE.

THE SUBSCRIBER will devote his attention to Making all kinds of AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, and will keep constantly on hand the celebrated

PEEKSKILL PLOWS,

Long's Ohio Plows, Steel Tooth Cultivators, Corn Shellers, Corn Planters, Fanning Mills, Road Scrapers, Hand Trucks, Cauldron Kettles, Pipe Skeln Boxes, Pipe and other Wagon Boxes, Cast Axles, Potash Kettles made bottom down in dry loam moulds, superior to any ever offered in this City.

Orders solicited for all kinds of Iron and Brass Castings Ship and other Blacksmith Work.

, All Work Warranted and done in a superior manner with punctuality and dispatch
ja27 1yrd&w JAMES SHERIFFS & CO.

Wisconsin Trunk Manufactory.

---121---

East Water Street, Milwaukee

AND

PEMIUM STORE,

---23---

CLARK STREET, CHICAGO.

W & G WRIGHT, manufacturers of Trunks and Valises, of every description. Country Dealers and others supplied with Travelling and Packing Trunks, at the [illegible] ices, at wholesale and retail feb1tw

MISCELLANEOUS.

BOSTON

BOOT AND SHOE STORE.

Wholesale and Retail.

B. P. HUTCHINSON

HAVING TAKEN THE STORE NO 113 EAST Water Street, invites the attention of the public to his large and fresh stock of fashionable BOOTS & SHOES, Ladies' and Misses Boots and Shoes of the latest styles. A good supply of nice French Slippers and Buskins. Gentlemens Boots and Shoes of every description, from a stout Stoga Boot to a Jersey Toilet.

The Subscriber is prepared to sell Boots and Shoes at LOWER PRICES than can be found at any Store in the West.

To convince yourselves call and see before purchasing elsewhere, at the BOSTON CHEAP STORE,

No. 113 East Water Street.

☞ Country Traders and others are invited to examine his stock and prices.
Milwaukee, Sept 1st, 1854 sep2dtf

PAINTING!

JOHN LOWTHER,

(LATE LOWTHER & COLLINGBOURN,)

RETURNS his thanks to the friends of the old firm, and solicits the continuation of the patronage of the same, in his line of

House, Sign, Ornamental, and IMITATION OF WOOD & MARBLE

PAINTING,

and all the various branches of his business.

He will be found at the old stand (Nos 9 & 11 Michigan Street,) ready and willing to attend to the wants of the public.

TERMS LOW.
JOHN LOWTHER
Milwaukee, Jan 5th, 1853 jan6 1yr

GLUE! GLUE!! GLUE!!

CHRISTIAN WAHL, MANUFACTURER of GLUE, keeps constantly on hand a good assortment which he sells at New York prices.

☞ New York prices paid for Glue Stuff.
Milwaukee, Nov 1, 1853 nov1

SHIP CHANDLERY

AND

SAIL LOFT,

On Erie Street, next west of the Blue Warehouse.

THE undersigned still continues the business of Sail making and Ship Chandlery, at his stand on Erie Street, next west of the Blue Warehouse, where may be found 20,000 lbs of Manilla and Tarred Rope, all sizes, Tar, Pitch, Oakum, Chains, Anchors, Blocks, and all goods in his line, which he offers for sale on favorable terms.
aug 18 G. D NORRIS

LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Messrs R King & Co

Gents —Please inform the numerous readers of the Sentinel that we have received a large quantity of CHILDREN'S SHOES AND GAITERS of the latest styles, and that we shall hereafter receive by every boat large lots of Boots and Shoes, adapted to the wants of men, women and children. We shall depend upon you during the spring and summer, to keep the public informed that we shall have on hand at all times, as good an assortment of Goods in our line of our own custom manufacture as can be found in the Great West.
Yours &c.,
ATKINS & STEELE
ap21 171 East Water St Milwaukee

WAIT FOR THE WAGON!

MESSRS. BUTLER & BOWER

TAKE this method of informing their friends and the public, that owing to the HEAT AND DUST at their old quarters on Main Street, they have taken possession of, and removed their Livery Stable to, the convenient and FIRE PROOF BRICK STABLE, in front of the City Hotel, where they will be happy to serve their customers as usual aug28 tf

WILLIAM WOODRUFF,

MAKER of Awnings, Tents, Wagon Covers, Boat Sails, Bags, &c. Keeps always on hand material for making the above articles, at the shortest notice. Rope spliced with neatness and dispatch. Orders to be left at his residence, corner of Michigan and Jackson Sts 3d Ward

N B —Belting for Elevators made to order, and Steam Boilers covered with Canvass and Felt. m 28

EMPIRE

Trunk and Harness Manufactory.

SADDLES, HARNESS, TRUNKS, WHIPS, CARPET Bags, constantly on hand, or made to order in the BEST STYLE on Reasonable Terms. Trunks Wholesale and Retail as cheap as can be bought in New York City, at Nos 62 and 64 East Water Street. J T WALLS
Milwaukee, February 7, 1854 feb7

AUCTION & COMMISSION HOUSE.

J. HOOD,

Auction & Commission Merchant,

HAVING HAD LONG experience in the AUCTION BUSINESS, IN MILWAUKEE and well known to this community for several years has recently opened the

CHECKERED AUCTION ROOM,

No. 196, East Water Street,

for his Auction Rooms, where he will be ready, at all times, to make liberal Cash Advances on all kinds of Merchandise, Furniture, &c., for Auction or Private Sales.

Money loaned on Personal Securities.

Auction Sales made in any part of the City, on the most reasonable terms. dec12ly J HOOD, Auctioneer

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS!

THE UNDERSIGNED INVITES ATTENTION TO the very large and choice Stock of

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

of his own Importation, and mainly of his own selection, which he is now receiving and offers for sale. He has on hand 500,000 Cigars, ranging in price from $4,50 to 175 per thousand, of a quality never before offered in Wisconsin. Country Merchants and Pedlars will find it to their interests to look at them.

His stock of BRANDIES includes the well known brands of A. Seignette, Pinot, Castillon, Otard and Reine, (the latter new and very superior,) all of which he is enabled to sell at NEW YORK PRICES.

Among his wines are Lautoma, Claret, Port, Madeira, Sherry, Champagne, &c. His Wholesale Depot for Wines and Liquors is under C. Parsedial & Co's Bank. Families can be supplied with all the choicest qualities of Wines and Liquors.

Mr. FERNOW has imported Italian and Hungarian Burgundy, Sparkling Burgundy, 200 baskets of Champagne of new brands, the best ever imported in the United States. All these will be sold at modern prices.

A small lot of choice PARMESAN CHEESE for sale.
TITUS FERNOW,
Corner East Water and Mason street
Milwaukee, Oct 16 oct16 d f

PLATED GOODS!

F. J. BLAIR HAS ON HAND A GOOD assortment of Plated Castors, Candlesticks, Table and Tea Spoons, Forks, Sugar and Salt Shovels, Gravy Ladles, Soup Ladles, Snuffers and Trays, Butter Knives, &c., which will be sold at Low Prices oct 3

FOR SALE.

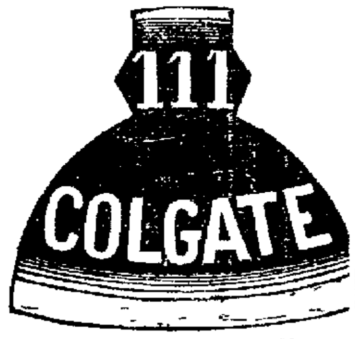
450 CORDS HARD WOOD, DELIVERED IN AND about the City, in large or small quantities.

154 cords for sale, 4 miles out on the Green Bay Plank Road.

125 cords 2 miles north Division St., on the east side of the River

150 cords 5½ miles from Walker's Point bridge, on the Loomis Road

Also, 4 000 Foot Oak Timber, in all lengths and sizes from 6 by 6 to 12 by 14 inches.
Enquire of DR. J SELBY,
oct6 275 Third St, 2d War[d]



JOHN COLGATE,

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

French, English and American

HARDWARE,

IRON, STEEL, NAILS, GLASS,

Mechanics' Tools,

Japanned Ware, Tinners' Stock, Tools and Materials, &c.

Sadlery Hardware, Draughting Instruments.

ALSO, AGENT FOR THE SALE OF

Colgate's Soaps and Starch.

AT THE SIGN OF THE BROAD AXE,

111 East Water Street, Milwaukee,

tly29

Law Books.

BARBOUR'S Supreme Court Reports of State of New York, 14th, 15th and 16th vols
Wendell's N Y Reports, from vols. 17 to 26,
Roscoe's Criminal Evidence, new edition,
American Criminal Law, by Francis Wharton, 2d edition,
Archibold's Criminal Pleadings, 3 vols, 6th edition,
Cowen's Treatise, 2 vols, new edition,
Waterman's Iowa and Wisconsin Justice, revised edition, received and for sale by ARCHIBALD WILSON
Dec 11, 1854 dec13 175 East Water st

New Publications.

HISTORY of the Origin, Formation and Adoption of the Constitution of the United States, with Notices of its Principal Framers.
Wood's Natural History, Illustrated.
Harper's Gazetteer of the World, 7th No. For sale by ARCHIBALD WILSON,
Dec 11, 1854 dec13 175 East Water st

MISCELLANEOUS.

BADGER IRON WORKS!

Corner Main & Chicago Streets,

THE UNDERSIGNED, having completed their large brick building and removed their Boiler Tools and fixtures into the same, they are now fully and much better prepared to manufacture

STEAM BOILERS,

Steam Heaters, Smoke Stacks and Breeches, Iron Doors for Bank Vaults, Prison and Jail Doors, Gasometers for Gas Works, Blacksmithing for Steamboats and Sail Vessels and Iron Work for Mills, or other Machinery.

Confident from our long experience in the business that we shall be able to execute orders left at the BADGER IRON WORKS in a workmanlike manner, and with promptness and dispatch.
JOHN CUMMINGS [illegible] JOHN C GOODRICH,

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD!

LOST—On January 2[illegible], on the Milwaukee and Watertown Cars, between the Junction and Milwaukee, a PORT MONAIE, marked "J H CUTTIN" on the bill folder. It contained thirteen $5 bills and six $3 bills, all Wisconsin money, and one $2,50 gold piece, a number of steel pens, and a darning needle, also one card, marked "Dixon House, Dixon Ill." Whoever has found the above described Port Monaie will receive the above reward by leaving it at this Office, or by giving information where it may be obtained
jan6-tf J H CUTTIN

Bathing and Hair Dressing SALOON!

No 17 WISCONSIN STREET

WM. B. HALL

HAS TAKEN THIS FAVORITE SALOON, recently occupied by Geo. R. Sykes, where he will be ready to wait on all the customers of the old firm, and give them a tip top SHAVE and dress their HAIR in the latest style, and also afford them the luxury of a

Warm, Cold or Shower Bath,

at all hours of the day, and evening too jan5 dtf

JAMES WILDE, Jr.,

MANUFACTURER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN

CLOTHING,

27 Park Place, and 24 & 26 Murray Street, Corner of Church Street, NEW YORK

JAMES WILDE, JR.,
JOHN S. WILDE, BENJAMIN H. PIERCE,
FREDERICK KIRTLAND, GEORGE B. DE FOREST
Jan5 d2m

OYSTERS!

HAVING COMPLETED OUR ARRANGEMENTS for the daily receipt of OYSTERS, we are now prepared to furnish our City and Country customers with those that we will warrant equal, if not superior to any in market.
CRAMPTON & DOWE

☞ All orders addressed to us, at the New York Auction House, will receive prompt attention.
dec5 C. & D.

OYSTERS! OYSTERS!

The very best kind of Shell and Can Oysters can always be found at the Store of

FRANK RAYMOND, No 17 Wisconsin Street,

Dealer in Oysters, Game of all kinds, Cheese, Flour, Butter, Eggs, Poultry, Oats, Corn, Tallow, Pork, Lard, &c

Cash will be advanced on any or all of the above articles entrusted to my care

☞ Always on hand, every kind of New York, GREEN AND DRIED FRUIT dec5 1yr

OYSTER DEPOT REMOVED.

THE OYSTER DEPOT OF

C. S. MALTBY,

(Late Holt & Maltby,)

Formerly kept at Durand & Lawrence's is removed to the Store of

A. B. Blanchard, No. 101 East Water-st.,

where those wishing to purchase a first rate quality of the best brand of Can, Keg and Shell Oysters can be sure of obtaining them. Our Oysters are brought on daily by Express, and I am confident there are none better in market.
H COOKE, Agent,
nov22 tf At A B Blanchard's, 101 East Water st

COLLINGBOURN,

HOUSE AND SIGN

PAINTER,

REMOVED TO

Main, North of Wisconsin St.

dec6

FLOUR.

SEVERAL BRANDS FAMILY FLOUR—fresh ground—for sale in the bbl. by
WM. BROWN & CO.,
dec 29, 1854 Erie st., foot of Main

For Sale Cheap.

AN EIGHT YEAR OLD HORSE, known to be one of the best horses in the City. For particulars, enquire at the New York Auction House dec27

Piano Forte for Sale.

THE UNDERSIGNED has a very fine 7 Octave PIANO FORTE for sale received lately from the celebrated Piano Factory of N. [illegible] & Co., Boston, Mass. H BILLMANTEL,
Organist of St John's Cathedral
Milwaukee, Jan 4, 1856 jan5 1f

FOR SALE.

THE SCHOONER D NEWHALL, 200 tons burthen.

The Schooner MYRA 190 tons burthen (New)

One half of Schooner SANDUSKY, 110 tons burthen

All the above Vessels will be sold cheap, and on reasonable terms if applied for before the 1st of February next
dec26 dtfeb1 JAMES M JONES

SLATE ROOFS.

HAWLEY & FROST,

OF CLEVELAND, OHIO,

AGREE TO FURNISH THE BEST OF VERMONT SLATE, and lay and fasten with Iron Nails for Eleven Dollars per Square—that is one hundred superficial feet—with Zinc or Galvanized Nails, for Eleven Dollars and Twenty-Five Cents per Square, and with Copper Nails for Eleven Dollars and Fifty Cents per Square.

☞ All work done by us will be warranted.

We will also sell Slate delivered at this place for Nine Dollars and Twenty-Five Cents per Square.

For further information enquire of G. W. MYGATT, Architect, who is our Agent, and any arrangements made with him will be fulfilled on our part.
A H HAWLEY L C FROST
Milwaukee, Nov 3, 1854 nov28

NEW YORK

MILLINERY STORE.

The Newest Styles of Patterns,

Millinery and Fancy Goods,

JUST RECEIVED AT

NO. 26 WISCONSIN STREET.

CONSISTING OF

Dress and Cloak Trimmings,

BUTTONS, BONNET RIBBONS,

FRENCH FLOWERS, SILKS, LACES, VELVETS &c.
S. MORRIS.

October 2nd 1854

N. B.—Two or three Good MILLINERS wanted. Apply immediately oct3

UNCLE BEN

HAS OPENED HIS FALL STOCK OF

Hats, Caps, Buffalo Robes, &c.,

AND as he has the Largest (and by far the best) Assortment of Goods in his line ever brought to this market, for

Fall and Winter Trade!

Offers them to all at Wholesale and Retail, at prices to defy competition.

TO COUNTRY MERCHANTS, we would say, that we can supply them at Eastern Prices, and at all times a full assortment to select from, and our Stock of

LADIES' FURS

Is complete. Stone Martin, Fitch, Sable, Queen's Sable, Siberian, Squirrel, Lynx, Badger, & Victorines, Cuffs, Capes, Collars, Mittens, Gloves and Fur Over-shoes.

Ladies who wish Winter Furs will find those here of all kinds, and at prices from $3 to $95 per sett.

FANCY ROBES AND FUR COATS.

A good lot of Fur Coats, Fancy Robes, Gents Fur Collars, Gloves, Buffalo Overshoes, Mittens, and everything in his line, for sale at great discount, for the Ready, or City acceptance.
THROOP & BAILEY,
oct21 180 East Water Street

WATER-LIME

AND

GROUND PLASTER

CONSTANTLY ON HAND, FOR WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BY

J. S. BUELL,

Forwarding and Commission Merchant,

apr6 BUFFALO NEW YORK.

House and Lot For Sale.

A GOOD TWO STORY HOUSE, pleasantly situated on Sycamore street. The above can be purchased CHEAP, if applied for soon. For particulars enquire of
J H CRAMPTON,
nov15 Real Estate Agent

CARRIAGE

REPOSITORY,

SPRING STREET.

OGDEN & SMITH,

HAVE NOW ON HAND nearly One Hundred Carriages, Rockaways, Buggies, &c., of the best Eastern Manufacture, and comprising almost every style, which we will sell at a very small advance from cost. We are manufacturing over one hundred and fifty Carriages per year, by Eastern workmen and of the best Eastern material. Orders for any particular kind of Carriage promptly attended to. Purchasers can rely upon doing better with us than at any other place, New York not excepted. Call and See.

Repairing, Painting, Varnishing and Trimming done at the shortest notice, and on reasonable terms. dec13

INDIANA MONEY

RECEIVED AT 75 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR FOR Goods.

WHEELING, Va., Money received at Par for Goods.
JOHN COLGATE,
dec8 111 East Water St.

WHITE IRON STONE WARE, the best in market, at dec9 S. J. MATHER'S.

HARDWARE, &C.

PRIZE COOKING STOVE

MAYFLOWER.

THIS celebrated Double Oven Air tight Cooking Stove, which took the FIRST PRIZE at the Late State Fair, is for sale at No 98 East Water st, where also may be had all the newest and most approved Cooking and Parlor Stoves.

ALSO.

A General Assortment of SHELF HARDWARE, Brittania & Japan Ware, House Keeping articles, Cutlery &c., &c
C P HEWITT,
No 98 East Water St
Milwaukee Oct 17th 1854 oct19

LATE IMPORTATIONS OF

Hardware and Stoves.

W. H. NEWTON,

AT THE OLD STORE OF W. H BYRON & CO

153 East Water St.,

SIGN OF THE ANVIL.

HARDWARE OF EVERY DESCRIPTIONS

Carpenter and Coopers' Tools,

Brittania and Japanned Wares,

GUNS AND PISTOLS.

I AM IN READINESS to furnish Stove Dealers with Rathbone & Co's ALBANY, COOK, BOX and PARLOR STOVES, at Manufacturer's Prices—Freight added.

I continue to sell that good

BROTHER JONATHAN

COOK STOVE,

I have sold the B J for the past three years. It has been thoroughly tested by thousands who will testify that it is the most complete Cook Stove that can be. I have four sizes of B J. There is a summer attachment to the stove which will make half difference of the amount of fuel used in the Summer season and does away with all unnecessary heat which other stoves make that have not the attachment. The oven is much larger than any other stove of the same size furniture. I warrant the stove to give complete satisfaction, if not, to be returned and money refunded. I will refer you to hundreds of the citizens of Milwaukee that are using the Stove.

Also—the Manufacture of

Tin, Copper, & Sheet Iron Wares.

☞ Jobbing done on the shortest notice. Highest cash price paid for old Copper and Brass. je23tf

Eagle Steam Power Foundry.

WEST WATER STREET,

MILWAUKEE,.... ......WISCONSIN

TURTON & SERCOMB,

Proprietors,

RESPECTFULLY beg to inform their friends and the public generally, that they continue to manufacture all kinds of

ENGINES,

Cast and Wrought Iron Works,

for Grist and Saw Mills. Also, all kinds of Machinery, their well known establishment, Nos 298 and 300 West Water Street.

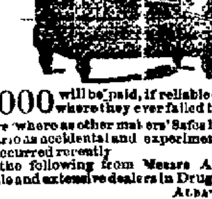
They are themselves both practical mechanics, the one a pattern maker of twenty years' experience; the other a moulder of thirty year's experience. They likewise employ none but the very best workmen that can be obtained.

Their stock of patterns cannot be equalled—they have all been made in this city, expressly for the wants of this State —and they can and will do better than any similar establishment in this State, and on the shortest notice.

☞ They respectfully call the attention of the public to their ENGINE DEPARTMENT.

☞ CASH PAID FOR OLD COPPER.
THOMAS TURTON JOHN SERCOMB.
apr4

FireKing Safe, again Triumphant.



$1,000 will be paid, if reliable evidence is shown where they ever failed to protect valuable from Fire where as other makers' Safes have proved worthless in various accidental and experimental tests, some of which occurred recently.

Read the following from Messrs A. McClure & Co., wholesale and extensive dealers in Drugs, Medicines, &c.
ALBANY, July 27, 1852

This is to certify, that on the 23d day of July, 1852, our entire Stock, composed of Turpentine, Alcohol, Oil, Patent Medicines, &c., was consumed by fire; so rapid and severe was the fire that we were unable to close one safe until Mr Pohlman subsequently entered at the peril of his life and closed the doors.

After forcing the safe open after all this exposure and fire, which made us so careful for the safety of its contents, its valuables were found uninjured.

We have so much confidence in the security of the Fire King, that we shall have it immediately replaced.
A McCLURE & CO
ALBANY, Dec 19, 1852

This is to certify, that on the 7th day of May, 1851, I purchased of J McB Davidson, No 7, single flange Safe, and that the same was subjected to a severe test on the 18th of December, 1851. After the fire was extinguished, its contents (books and papers,) were examined, and found to be perfectly preserved—not a safe of my books being scorched.
P J CLAASSEN,
Importer of Wines, Cigars, &c., Broadway, Albany.

After an examination of P J Claassen's Safe and papers, we are convinced of the superiority of Davidson's Safes over all others.
FRANCIS S. LOW,
HORACE L EMERY,
M L WADLEY,
L J. LLOYD,
H J DOWE,
Assistant Agents Hartford Insurance Companies
BUTTERFIELD & WALKER,
Palmyra.

J. McB. DAVIDSON'S FIRE KING SAFE—Fire Proof, and free from Dampness.
W. A. NEEF, Agent, Chicago.

This Safe received the highest premium—a silver medal at the Fair of the New York State Agricultural Society which was held at Albany, September 1850. Also a medal and diploma for the best burglar and fire proof safe at the same Fair held at Utica, 1852.

Raymond, Ward Co will receive orders for [illegible] Fire and Thief Proof Bank and Vault Doors dol8

This is to certify that on the 25th of September last we purchased of H. D Rice Esq., one of Mr. J. McB Davidson's Fire Kings (No 4 Single Flange); that on the 14th of November past it was subjected to a very severe test in the burning of our warehouse, in which was stored a large quantity of whisky and other combustible materials. On opening the safe we found all our papers, consisting notes letters and receipts, perfect and entirely legible.
feb14 Signed, BRADLEY.
S. SHEPARD. Agent. 189 East Water St.

FALL TRADE,

1854.

WEBSTER & AVERELLS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN

WINES, LIQUORS AND SEGARS,

196. } WEST WATER STREET, { 196.

WOULD respectfully inform their customers and the public generally, that we are receiving and will continue to do so until the close of navigation, large additions to our already heavy stock of WINES and LIQUORS, which for quality and price is without example in this city. Thankful for past favors, we shall strive so to conduct our business as to induce a continuation of the same, and pledge ourselves to give to every one who purchases of us, the worth of his money. Our stock of

IMPORTED LIQUORS

is large, and to all who will give us a call, we shall offer them at such prices as cannot fail to suit. Among our

BRANDIES

may be found the following brands

OTARD, DUPUY & CO., COGNAC		PALE
do do do	do	Dark.
MARETTE,	do	Pale
do	do	Dark
PINET, CASTILLON & CO.,	do	do
HENNESSEY,	do	do
LONDON DOCK,	do	do
A SEIGNETTE,	do	do
ARZAC do,	do	do
UNITED PROPRIETORS,	do	do

HOLLAND GIN,

of our own importation, and which we will guarantee to be PURE. Also

American Gin at New York Prices.

Old Jamaica, St Croix, and New England Rums, Peach Brandy, Scotch, Irish and Monongahela WHISKEY, and Rectified Whiskey by the single or one hundred Barrels.

WINES

Of every quality. WOODHOUSE, SICILY, BRAZENDE, COLLI MADEIRA, Sherry, Pale and Brown, Pure Juice Port, Burgundy, Harris Port, Red and White Sauternes Wines.

LONDON PORTER,

and a large quantity of Brandies and Wines in glass, of various vintages.

Some of these articles were purchased before the recent great advance in prices, and we assure our customers that we will duplicate any bill purchased this fall in New York, without any charge for expenses of transportation. We are desirous of reducing our large stock the coming winter, and to those who are making purchases in our line we shall be glad to show our goods, and will convince them of the truth of what we say.
jl29 WEBSTER & AVERELLS

LECTURES ON THE EVIDENCES OF CHRISTIANITY, delivered in Philadelphia, by Clergymen of the Protestant Episcopal Church, in the Fall and Winter of 1853–54, with an Introduction by Bishop Potter, D. D.
For sale by ARCHIBALD WILSON,
dec4 175 East Water st

SAUSAGE CUTTERS AND STUFFERS—A new article, just received and for sale by
dec23 HENRY J NAZRO & CO

LAMPS, CHANDELIERS, &c.

PARLOR, CHURCH AND HALL LAMPS, Glass and Britannia Hand Lamps, for sale by S. J. MATHER,
dec8 59 East Water St. next to W. P. Young's.

JUST RECEIVED,

A FINE LOT OF FRESH DRUM FIGS, at
A. B. BLANCHARD'S,
dec13 101 East Water-st.

SWEET HAVANA ORANGES,

NEW CROP—A large lot, in fine order, just received at
A B BLANCHARD'S,
dec13 101 East Water-st.

CHINA.

GOLD BAND and White French China Dinner and Tea Setts, at HURD'S,
dec22 207 East Water street.

PATENT MEDICINES.

MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT

THIS EXTRAORDINARY MEDICINE IS STILL working wonders throughout the World—eradicating everything in the form of disease that comes within the circle of its influence

The People Themselves

have long since adopted it as the only external remedy they could rely upon, and the indisputable testimony of thousands is fast sweeping away

The Prejudices of the Faculty.

It is extensively used by the Ladies,
It is used by Mechanics and Laboring men,
It is used in families and factories,
It is used expressly by all Express Companies,
It is used by Farmers and Livery stable keepers,
It is used by everybody, and all speak in its praise,
Where it is used, pain cannot exist,
The benumbed limbs are made elastic,
The deep ulcers and frightful sores are healed,
The unstrung nerves are made to vibrate with joy

Use the Mustang Liniment.

is the spontaneous advice of all

It has cured more cases of

Rheumatism

than any other medicine ever used. Its efficacy in this terrible disease is acknowledged by all who have used it. It not only cures the complaint, but appears to give vigor and elasticity to the limbs, before unknown—thus performing a double office.

For contractions of the limbs, stiffness of the joints and muscles, hard lumps, swellings and inflammations, it is unrivaled in the power and efficacy of its operations.

For Bruises, Sprains, Cuts, Scalds and Burns, but a few applications are necessary in order to effect a total cure.

Cancer, or Scrofulous Sores, Tetter, Ringworms, Salt Rheum, Scurvy, Erysipelas, Boils, and Eruptions,

can generally be removed in a few days—and the worst cases can be cured in a few weeks at the farthest. Persons afflicted with these diseases, should be careful in getting the right article to cure them.

Use it upon Your Horses,

for spavin, splint, ring bone, fistula windgalls, big heads, bruises, strains, string halt, scratches, cracked heels, sweeney, saddle, collar, or harness galls, hard lumps or tumors, film or other diseases of the eye, poll-evil, &c.

The finest horses in the city of New York will be found in the stables of the various Express Companies—and they all use

The Mustang Liniment,

totally discarding any other preparations of the kind, and have all given their certificate in its favor

This we presume will be a sufficient guarantee to induce every one who owns a horse, to give the Mustang a trial

THERE is no Druggist or Country Store keeper
Who pretends to keep medicine at all,
But what keeps a constant supply of the

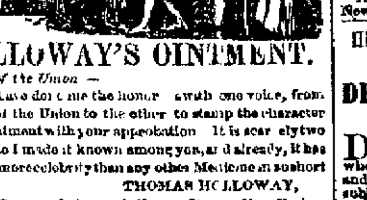
Mexican Mustang Liniment.

The small size retail for 25 cents per bottle,
The medium sized retail for 50 cents per bottle,
The large sized retail for one dollar per bottle,
The medium hold three times as much as the small
The large holds nearly three times as much as the medium,
Therefore the largest bottles are the cheapest
GEO W WESTBROOK
(successor to A. G Bragg & Co.)
Originator and Sole Proprietor.

Principal Offices, 304 Broadway, New York, and corner of Third and Market Sts. St Louis, Mo

☞ THE MUSTANG LINIMENT is sold at all of the Drug Stores in Milwaukee, and by storekeepers and druggists generally all over the State of Wisconsin. Principal Wholesale Agents in Milwaukee—Lake & Hopkins, Seth Johnson, Jr, Bosworth & Son, H Fess Jr, and A. F. Clark dec28-dwtf

A CURE FOR ALL!!



HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT.

Citizens of the Union —

You have done me the honor with one voice, from one end of the Union to the other to stamp the character of my Ointment with your approbation. It is scarcely two years since I made it known among you, and already, it has obtained more celebrity than any other Medicine in so short a period.
THOMAS HOLLOWAY,
39, Corner of Ann and Nassau Streets, New York

CURE OF SORE LEGS, AFTER 9 YEARS' STANDING

Mr W J Langley, of Huntsville, Yadkin, North Carolina, suffered for nine years with one of the most painful and troublesome sore legs that ever fell to the lot of man, and after trying every medicine he had ever heard of, he resigned in despair all hope of being cured, but a friend brought him a couple of Pots of Holloway's Ointment, which caused the sores on his legs to heal and he entirely regained his health, to the astonishment of his acquaintances and friends

CURE OF A BAD BREAST, WHEN THE PATIENT WAS AT DEATH'S DOOR.

Mr R DURANT, of New Orleans, addressed Professor Holloway as follows —For 7 years my wife had a bad breast, with ten running wounds, (not of a cancerous nature,) I was told that nothing could save her; she was then induced to use your Ointment and Pills, when in the short space of three months, they effected a perfect cure, to the astonishment of all who knew us. We obtained your Medicines from Messrs Wright & Co., of Chartres st., New Orleans. I send this from "Hotel des Princes," Paris, although I had written it at New Orleans, before we finally left, not knowing your address at New York.
Nov 9th, 1853 (Signed) R DURANT

The Pills should be used conjointly with the Ointment in most of the following cases —

Bad Legs
Bad Breasts
Burns
Bunions
Chilblains
Chapped hands
Contracted and Stiff Joints
Fistulas
Gout
Glandular swellings
Lumbago
Piles
Rheumatism
Salt Rheum
Scalds
Sore nipples
Sore throat
Skin-diseases
Scurvy
Sore heads
Ulcers
Wounds.

, Sold at the establishment of Professor HOLLOWAY, 39, Corner of Ann and Nassau Streets, New York, also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines throughout the United states, in Pots, at 37½ cents, 87 cents, and $1,50 cents each. To be had Wholesale of the principal Drug Houses in the Union

☞ There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes

N B. Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each Pot

S. JOHNSON, Jr, Wholesale Agent for Holloway's medicines, for the State of Wisconsin, 151 East water st., Milwaukee, jly24d&w

New Blades put in Old Handles,

AND WARRANTED, AT

J. HARDY'S!

DEALER IN ALL KINDS OF

SHEFFIELD CUTLERY!

239 East Water Street, Milwaukee.

Britannia Ware Plated and Metal Goods,

SHIP BUILDERS AND CARPENTERS TOOLS,

FILES, STEEL, &c.

J HARDY has now on hand the largest and best selected stock of Goods of the above kind, ever brought to this City, Imported direct from Sheffield
nov29 d&wlyr

CITY LAND OFFICE!

LAW BUILDINGS, WISCONSIN ST.

THIS IS THE TIME FOR BARGAINS. I have now several valuable Lots in the First Ward, and particularly three adjoining John Nazro, Esq., on the North.—They are beautiful lots, and will be sold at a bargain.

Also, several Houses and Lots in the 1st Ward.

Also, Forty Acres of beautiful Land, half timber nearly opposite Henry Williams, Esq., on the Mukwonago Plank Road.

Also, Thirty Acres on the Beloit Road, with good improvements, with a good frame House and barn, one mile from Mr Mabbett's

Also, Twenty five Acres on the Lisbon Plank Road, ½ mile from City limits. Next Thursday I will give a list of property I have for sale, in the 2d, 3d, 4th and 5th Wards. Those who wish to have their property advertised will please send in their list by Saturday if possible.
CALEB WALL,
General Land Agent, Law Buildings, Wisconsin st
nov13

NATIVE WINES.

WE HAVE RECEIVED FROM LONGWORTH & ZIMMERMAN'S, in Cincinnati,
100 Boxes Dry Catawba,
100 Boxes Sparkling Catawba,
100 Boxes Ladies' Sweet Catawba,
Of the vintage of 1850.

We would also call attention to our large and superior stock of

French and German Wines and Liquors

OF OUR OWN IMPORTATION

All our Goods were selected by Mr Mahler himself, when on his last visit to France and Germany.
MAHLER & WENDT,
No 98 East Water street
Milwaukee, Dec 5, 1854 dec7

SILVER PLATED CAKE BASKETS, a fine lot for sale by nov30 ROOD & GOODRICH,

JUST RECEIVED,

A SECOND SUPPLY of those beautiful JET BRACELETS, of entirely new Patterns, at
nov9 C J GILBERT'S, No 17 Wisconsin st

By Express!

TWO CASES LADIES' VELVET HATS, received this day. Also 1 case Felt for Ladies' and Misses' Bonnet Frames, Crowns, &c., Velvet for Hats, in all colors. L BLAKE.
Milwaukee, Dec. 4, 1854. dec5

WATCH REPAIRING—Done up by Mr. Jones and Darron in the best style, and warranted
dec14 ROOD & GOODRICH

LOOKING GLASSES, at Great Bargains, for sale by dec7 ROOD & GOODRICH.

City Land Office.

I WANT TO PURCHASE for a friend of mine, a comfortable House and Lot or Half Lot, situated somewhere between Michigan and Martin sts., and Cass and Main sts, not to cost over two thousand dollars. He wants to pay one third down, balance in one and two years, with 7 per cent interest. Any one having such a place call at my office. jan9 CALEB WALL.

BY EXPRESS, THIS MORNING,

10 DOZ LADIES' DRESS CAPS, 50 DOZ MOHAIR Head Dresses, Childrens' Hosiery, &c.
L. BLAKE, 26 Wisconsin-st,
November 1. nov2

PATENT MEDICINES

MEDICATED INHALATION

A NEW METHOD.

A MOST WONDERFUL DISCOVERY has recently been made by Dr. CURTIS, for the cure of Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Coughs, Colds, and all Lung Complaints, by Medicated Inhalation. Dr. CURTIS'S HYGEANA, or INHALING HYGEAN VAPOR and CHERRY SYRUP, has accomplished the most wonderful cures of Asthma and Consumption in the City of New York and vicinity for a few months past, ever known to man.—It is producing an impression on Diseases of the Lungs never before witnessed by the medical profession. [See certificates in hands of Agents.]

The Inhaler is worn on the breast, under the linen, without the least inconvenience, the heat of the body being sufficient to evaporate the fluid,—supplying the lungs constantly with a healing and agreeable vapor, passing into all the air cells and passages of the lungs that cannot possibly be reached by any other medicine. Here is a case of

ASTHMA CURED.

BROOKLYN, N. Y., Dec. 28th, 1853

For about eight years I have been severely afflicted with the Asthma; for the last two years I have suffered beyond all my powers of description; months at a time I have not been able to sleep in a bed, getting what rest I could sitting in my chair. My difficulty of breathing, and my sufferings, were so great at times, that for hours together my friends expected each hour would be my last. During the past six years I have had the aid and attendance of some of the most celebrated physicians, but have received no permanent benefit, and but little relief. I at length had the good fortune to procure Dr. Curtis's Hygeana or Inhaling Hygean Vapor and Cherry Syrup. At the time I first obtained it, I was suffering under one of my most violent attacks, and was in great distress, almost suffering for want of breath. In less than ten minutes from the time I applied the Inhaler to my stomach, and took a teaspoonful of the Cherry Syrup, I was relieved in a great measure from the difficulty of breathing, and had a comfortable night. I have since continued it with the greatest possible benefit, and am now comparatively well. God only knows the amount of suffering this medicine has relieved me from. My advice to the suffering is,—TRY IT

CONSUMPTION CURED.

NEW YORK, Dec 27th, 1853.

I came to New York in the ship Telegraph; my native place is St John, New Brunswick; when I reached this city, my health was very poor, had a very bad cough, raised a great deal of matter, which was frequently mixed with blood, had pain in my left side, and was very weak and emaciated. My friends and physician pronounced my case Consumption, and beyond the reach of medicine. I accidentally heard of Dr. Curtis's Hygeana, or Inhaling Hygean Vapor and Cherry Syrup, and obtained a package, which I verily believe was the means of saving my life.—Soon after wearing the Inhaler, I found it relieved the pressure on my lungs, and after a while the disease made its appearance upon the surface under the Inhaler. I took the Cherry Syrup as directed, and continued to do so, my cough gradually growing better, until it entirely left me, and I now consider myself cured. I still wear the Inhaler, as the use of it is rather pleasant, and believing it strengthening and purifying to the lungs, I feel unwilling at present to dispense with it.
JOHN WOOD.

Sold by BOYD & PAUL, No 40 Cortlandt street, C. H. RING, corner of John street and Broadway, N. Y. Price $3 a package.

N. B.—Any person inclosing $3 to Boyd & Paul, or Curtis & Perkins, New York, will receive a package containing a bottle of Hygean Vapor, one of Cherry Syrup, and an Inhaler, in a neat box, by express, free to any part of the United States; or four packages for $10. feb2-1yd&w

For Sale in Milwaukee by
SETH JOHNSON, Jr.

MEDICATED INHALATION!

CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED, AS TREATED BY

DR. E. N. TRIST,

WITH HIS CELEBRATED

HYGEN & OXYGENIC VAPOR!

DR. TRIST, Graduate of the Royal College of Surgeons in London, and the recipient of diplomas from the Lung Institution of Edinburgh, and Hotel des Invalides of Paris, having settled permanently in New York for the practice of his profession, begs leave to suggest to the citizens of the United States that several years of study and successful experiments in England and Scotland, as well as other parts of Europe, with Consumption in all its forms, enable him to warrant, not only relief, but a complete cure to all those suffering with this great national disease.

Dr. TRIST deems it unprofessional to advertise, but others having represented themselves as the originators of the Inhalation Treatment, he would say to the afflicted that he alone is entitled to its first introduction, and would caution all against using the useless and dangerous compounds advertised by incompetent persons.

"Take up thy bed and walk!"

Dr. TRIST would say to those interested, that he has had manufactured, for the use of his patrons, his "Patent Inhaling Tubes," through which the vapor is conveyed to the parts affected, and which he earnestly commends for the cheering results which have attended their use; and the fact that they may be used by the most feeble invalid without any unpleasant symptoms.

To those residing out of the city, Dr Trist will forward one of the Inhaling Tubes, together with a package of the Vapor, sufficient to last for three months, accompanied with ample directions for use, on receipt of a letter containing Ten Dollars, and describing symptoms.

A cure is warranted in all stages of Consumption, Bronchitis, Asthma, and all other affections of the Throat, Lungs, and Air Passages. In case of failure, the money will be returned.

Address (post paid) DR. E. N. TRIST, 68 Grand st., New York City dec21 dtmar1'55

HIGHLY IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

To the Afflicted Everywhere,

DR. A. L. ADAMS' LIVER BALSAM

COMES GREETING!

DR. A. L. ADAMS' NEW CURE FOR DISEASE is awakening the inquiry in the minds of all who read it. How is it that Americans have been so long and so lavishly immured in darkness and ignorance on the subject of disease.

DR. A. L. ADAMS' LIVER BALSAM.

The great Panacea of Disease is offered to the [illegible] of the States and Territories for the entire cure of Liver Complaints in all stages, Bilious Fever, Ague and Fever, Chronic Lung Fever, Dropsical Affections, Coughs, Consumption, Asthma, Jaundice, Bowel Complaints, Diarrhoea, Dysentery, Rheumatism, Piles, Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, General Debility, Nervousness, Costiveness, Indigestion, Female Complaints, &c.

Dr A L Adams' Liver Balsam now sustains the highest reputation of any remedy before the public and has proved to the most skeptical, beyond a shadow of doubt that it is the only reliable medicine ever discovered! (being purely vegetable) for the permanent cure of the above disease. The most skeptical have become its most sanguine votaries, and pronounce the Liver Balsam to be the only reliable harbinger of health to the afflicted everywhere.

Testimonials come up from every track it has made, swollen with expressions of gratitude for the relief received by its use. And, in submitting this, the Liver Balsam is recommended to those suffering under the iron grasp of the monster disease, and at once procure one bottle of Dr A. L. Adams' Liver Balsam.

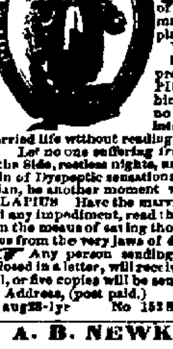
The reader's attention is called to the perusal of the Medical Circular, which can be obtained of every agent throughout the United States, giving a clear epitome of the causes and cure of disease; also, of certificates of those who have tested its unparalleled ascendency over the diseases to which we are all subject.

G E Scott, General Agent, No. 57 Randolph st., Chicago, Ill., to whom all orders must be addressed to receive prompt attention. Sold by
mr4 A. F. CLARK, Agent.

DOCTOR YOURSELF.

THE POCKET ÆSCULAPIUS,

OR, EVERY ONE HIS OWN PHYSICIAN.

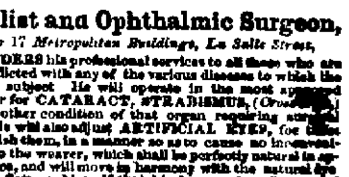


THE FIFTIETH Edition with One Hundred Engravings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the Human System in every shape and form.—To which is added a Treatise on the Diseases of Females, being of the highest importance to married people or those contemplating marriage. By
WILLIAM YOUNG, M.D.

Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the ÆSCULAPIUS to his child. It may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life without reading the POCKET ÆSCULAPIUS. Let no one suffering from a hackneyed Cough, Pain in the Side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their Physician, be another moment without consulting the ÆSCULAPIUS. Have the married, or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

☞ Any person sending TWENTY FIVE CENTS enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this work by mail, or five copies will be sent for One Dollar.
Address, (post paid,) DR WM YOUNG,
aug28-1yr No 152 Spruce Street, Philadelphia

A. B. NEWKIRK, M. D.,



Oculist and Ophthalmic Surgeon,

No 17 Metropolitan Buildings, La Salle Street,

TENDERS his professional services to all those who are afflicted with any of the various diseases to which the Eye is subject. He will operate in the most approved manner for CATARACT, STRABISMUS, (Cross Eyes,) or any other condition of that organ requiring surgical aid. He will also adjust ARTIFICIAL EYES, for those who wish them, in a manner so as to cause no inconvenience to the wearer, which shall be perfectly natural in appearance, and will move in harmony with the natural Eye. Dr. N. flatters himself that his long and well directed clinical experience—the advantages afforded him while connected with the New York Eye Infirmary, (the largest institution of the kind in the United States,) and also his hitherto successful treatment of the many cases to which his attention has been called while in this city, enables him to warrant entire satisfaction to all who may avail themselves of his professional services.

Office hours from 8 to 9 A. M., and 1 to 3 P. M. Residence 149 State-st., Chicago, Ill. apl9-1yd&w

NEW

Yankee Notion Establishment.

COWAN & SEXTON,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FANCY GOODS,

Laces, Embroidery, Ribbons.

TRIMMINGS, WOOL WRAPPERS,

DRAWERS AND COMFORTERS,

GLOVES, HOSIERY, PLATED WARE AND

JEWELRY, CIGARS, &c.,

No. 17 Spring Street, - - - Wisconsin

WE ARE NOW OPENING AN ENTIRE FRESH Stock of Goods in the above line, to the examination of which we would respectfully solicit the attention of Country Dealers, before purchasing elsewhere, having confidence that we can offer such inducements as will merit a share of their patronage.
J. S. COWAN. J. M. SEXTON.
oct5dtf

DISSOLUTION.

THE COPARTNERSHIP heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and style of TAYLOR & LEWIS, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, and all debts and claims against said firm will be [illegible] paid by said Taylor.
J. TAYLOR,
ALLISON LEWIS.
oct11

CHURCH & SCHOOL HOUSE BELLS.

THE subscribers have on hand a small assortment of SCHOOL HOUSE and FOUNDRY BELLS, and have made arrangements with the best Factory in the country to furnish CHURCH BELLS of any size.

We respectfully solicit orders for the above of any weight, which can be furnished on short notice, at Factory cost and expenses added. HENRY J. NAZRO & CO.
aug9